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Security Information

You must notify us as soon as possible of the loss, theft or misuse of a card, security code or cheque. Please refer to the terms and conditions in this document for details on how to keep these items safe.

Any delay or failure to notify us will significantly increase the risk that fraudulent cheques could be written and/or unauthorised transactions performed on your account, for which you may be personally liable.

To report a lost/stolen card, cheque or unauthorised use or lost/stolen/disclosed PIN/OBP/other code, telephone:

- 1800 224 124 within Australia
- +618 8300 6000 outside Australia.

You can call us 24 hours a day.

Please be careful when performing transactions on your account because if you provide incorrect account information or details such as an incorrect BPAY biller code, account number or reference number, your transaction may be rejected or not received by the intended recipient.

Contacting us

For additional details regarding the services under this Guide:

- Call 1800 224 124
- Write to Adelaide Cash Management Trust, GPO Box 1048, Adelaide SA 5001.

You should also contact us to report:

- A lost or stolen cheque or card or unauthorised use of a cheque or card
- A lost, stolen or disclosed PIN, OBP or other code or unauthorised use of any such codes.

For more general information regarding the Adelaide Cash Management Trust please visit our website www.bendigobank.com.au/managedfundsforms

Issuer

This Guide is issued by Adelaide Bank. A division of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited ABN 11 068 049 178, AFSL 237879.

The Adelaide Cash Management Trust is issued by Sandhurst Trustees Limited ABN 16 004 030 737, AFSL 237906.

About this guide

This Transaction Services Guide (Guide) contains general information, fees and charges and terms and conditions about transaction services provided by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (ABN 11 068 049 178, AFSL No. 237879) ('the Bank', 'we' or 'our' or 'us') that may be available on the Adelaide Cash Management Trust which is issued by Sandhurst. This Guide must be read in conjunction with the Adelaide Cash Management Trust Product Disclosure Statement.

The transaction services offered are governed by the terms and conditions set out within this Guide. You should read and understand these terms and conditions before using a transaction service.

The latest version of this Guide must be read if you wish to use the Bank's transaction services. This is available on the website

www.bendigobank.com.au/managedfundsforms or you can obtain a copy of this Guide and any updated information free of charge by contacting your licensed financial adviser or by calling us on 1800 224 124. Information is subject to change from time to time.

1. Part A – Banker and customer relationship

1.1 Our relationship

These *terms* and *conditions* govern the banker-customer relationship between *you* and *us*. As well as these express written *terms* and *conditions*, there may be implied terms relating to everyday banking matters.

Where you are not already bound by the terms and conditions in this Guide, the first use of any the transaction services by you or an authorised operator of your account will be taken as acceptance of these terms and conditions.

If you have appointed an *authorised operator* to *your account*, each use of *your account* by an *authorised operator* is subject to *terms and conditions* of this *Guide* as if *you* had used the *account*.

When you allow an authorised operator to use your account (including use of a transaction service) you are bound by and liable for any such use (including for any fees and charges) as if your account had been used by you. However, you will not be liable if the authorised operator's rights to use your account were previously withdrawn in accordance with the following paragraph.

An authorised operator's rights to use your account will be withdrawn from when you have notified us in writing when you want that to happen, and whether any card issued to that authorised operator has been returned to us or you have taken reasonable steps to return the card to us. If you are a joint account holder, all of your signatures are required. If you are unable to return to us a card issued to an authorised operator you may ask us to place a temporary stop on the access that the authorised operator has to your account. However, unless and until the card issued to the authorised operator is returned to us the stop will not necessarily prevent the authorised operator from using the card. Unless you have taken reasonable steps to return the card to us, you will incur liability for all transactions arising from use of the card by the authorised operator. We may require you to make a written statement outlining the steps you have taken in attempting to return the card to us. You may place a temporary stop on the authorised operator's access by visiting a branch or sending us a request in writing.

Your relationship with us may also automatically stop in some cases. For example, if you close your account, if you become bankrupt or insolvent, or if you die. If we wish to end your relationship with us, in most cases we will give you reasonable notice.

Part B –Banking with us

2.1 How to change your details

If you change your address, telephone number or other relevant details you must notify us promptly so we can update your information. If you change your name, all you have to do is show us the documentation that supports the change, for example a marriage certificate if you have changed to a new married name.

Please note that unless *you* give *us* reasonable notification of such changes *we* cannot be held responsible for any resulting errors or losses.

All changes to *your* details are required to be submitted in writing.

2.2 Information influencing your account

If you provide us with incomplete or incorrect information we may not be able to meet your needs in the best possible way. Also, if you refuse to tell us some information we request, we may not be able to provide you with a banking service.

2.3 Statements

Your statement is an easy-to-read record of all transactions you have made over the statement period. A statement is provided monthly. Every statement is worth keeping as it provides an invaluable record of all transactions, income distribution and government charges as well as the current balance. You should check each statement carefully and contact us immediately if you find any error or unauthorised transaction.

2.4 Communication between us

Notices, certificates, consents, approvals and other communications must be in writing.

Communications from *us* may be signed by any of *our* authorised employees.

Communications to us may be:

- Given personally to one of *our* employees or *officers* at:
- any branch
- our registered office: The Bendigo Centre, Bendigo VIC 3550
- such other places as we advise you from time to time
- Sent by post or electronically to any of these places or to GPO Box 1048 Adelaide SA 5001 (as applicable)
- Given by any other means permitted by law.

We may communicate information to any one of you (which will be taken to be notice to all of you) by:

- Delivering it to you personally
- For individuals, leaving it at *your* residential or business address last known to *us*
- For bodies corporate, leaving it at *your* registered office by leaving it with one of *your* officers

- Sending it by post or electronically to any of these places
- Any other means permitted by law.

A notice or other document is taken to be given when:

- Given personally on the date of the document or the date it is received by the addressee, whichever is the later.
- Sent by post (other than a card or security code) on the date of the document or the date when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, whichever is the later.
- Sent electronically on the date of the document or the date on which the computer from which the information was sent produces evidence that the document was sent.

Communications given by newspaper advertisement are taken to be received on the date they are first published.

If you are a company, all communications from you must be signed by a director or authorised operator in certain circumstances.

We may serve any document in a court action (including a writ of summons, other originating process or third or other party notice) on you by delivering it to your residential or business address last known to us or by leaving it there. This does not prevent any other method of service.

2.5 Changes to information contained in this Guide

2.5.1 Changes to terms and conditions

Subject to the following, we may change the terms and conditions that apply to your account (including the fees and charges that apply) at our discretion at any time. We may also change the terms and conditions that apply specifically to EFT transactions; please refer to clause 4.19 for further details of how those changes can be made.

We can only make changes to the extent reasonably necessary to protect our legitimate interests, or to benefit you, including:

- changes because of changes to our cost of funds or other costs of doing business or to ensure that we receive an adequate return on assets;
- changes because of requirements of laws or industry codes of practice, prudential standards, court decisions, decisions of our dispute resolution scheme, guidance or directions from regulators, and similar reasons;
- changes due to changes in the way we operate our business or our systems;
- changes we think are necessary to fix errors or to make things clearer;
- changes for information security or similar purposes;
- changes to reflect market practice or standards or to keep our products competitive and meeting customer expectations and needs; or
- changes made for other good reasons.

We will notify you of changes to this Guide that impact your account in the following way:

Change	Minimum Days notification	Method of notification
Introduce a new fee or charge (other than a government charge)	30 days	In writing
Increase the amount of a fee or charge (other than a government charge)	30 days	In writing or by press advertisement
Vary the method by which a fee or charge is calculated	30 days	In writing
Introduce or vary any government charge that directly or indirectly affects you, unless the government, government agency or representative body has already publicised the change	Day of change	In writing or by press advertisement
Change any other term or condition	Day of change	In writing or by press advertisement

You agree that we may notify you of these changes by the methods described above.

2.5.2 Other changes

We will advise you of any other changes or significant events affecting the content of this Guide. We will generally notify you of such matters before, or as soon as practicable after, the change or event occurs. You agree that we may notify you of this information in writing or by press advertisement.

For information in this *Guide* that is not materially adverse and is subject to change, you can obtain up-to-date information by:

- Visiting the website at www.bendigobank.com.au/managedfundsforms
- Contacting your adviser
- Calling us on 1800 224 124.

A copy of any updated information will also be provided free of charge upon request.

2.6 Privacy

We are committed to ensuring your privacy is protected and understand your concerns regarding the confidentiality and security of personal information you provide to us.

Our privacy policy and further details of how we handle your personal information is available from www.adelaidebank.com.au

Please refer to the beginning of this *Guide* for *our* contact details.

2.6.1 Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing (AML/CTF)

We are committed to the regulatory requirements for antimoney laundering and counter-terrorism financing.

To comply with these requirements we may:

- Require *you* to provide *us*, or otherwise obtain, any additional documentation or other information
- Suspend, block or delay transactions on *your account*, or refuse to provide services to *you*
- Report any, or any proposed, transaction or activity to any body authorised to accept such reports relating to AML/CTF or any other law.

2.7 Banking Code of Practice

We have adopted the Banking Code of Practice.

The Banking Code of Practice will apply to the *transaction* services if you are an individual or a small business. In this Guide, and if you ask, we will provide you with general descriptive information concerning our banking services.

This includes:

- · Account opening procedures
- *Our* obligations regarding the confidentiality of *your* information
- Complaint handling procedures
- Bank cheques
- Information on fees and charges
- The advisability of *you* reading this *Guide*, which includes *terms and conditions* applicable to the *transaction services*.

If there is any inconsistency between this agreement and the Banking Code of Practice *we* will follow the Banking Code of Practice.

2.8 ePayments Code

In relation to personal *account* holders *we* warrant that *we* will comply with the *ePayments Code*. The *terms and conditions* in this *Guide* are not effective to create liabilities and responsibilities of *users* which exceed those set out in the *ePayments Code*.

2.9 Other regulations

As well as these *terms* and *conditions*, industry codes of practice and legislation may provide further rights or obligations. Key sources of regulation which may apply include:

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- Banking Code of Practice a voluntary code of conduct which sets standards of good banking practice for banks to follow
- *ePayments Code* a voluntary code of conduct which applies to certain *accounts* and electronic transactions carried out by individuals
- Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) privacy legislation governing activities such as the collection, use and disclosure of personal information
- Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) legislation which, among other things, regulates a wide range of activities relating to certain financial products.
- Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 (Cth) – legislation which, among other things, prohibits misleading, deceptive and unconscionable conduct in relation to financial services
- Cheques Act 1986 (Cth) legislation that deals with matters such as payment and collection of cheques as well as fraud and other unauthorised transactions
- Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (Cth) legislation designed to combat money laundering and the financing of terrorism.

2.10 Resolving a complaint

We consider internal dispute resolution to be an important and necessary first step in the complaint handling process as it gives us an opportunity to hear when we do not meet our customers' expectations and address them genuinely, efficiently and effectively.

You can raise your concern or complaint with us by:

- (a) speaking to a member of our staff directly;
- (b) by telephoning 1800 224 124;
- (c) website www.bendigobank.com.au/public/contact-us
- (d) secure email by logging into e-banking
- (e) social media
- (f) contacting the Customer Feedback Team at: Reply Paid PO Box 480

Bendigo VIC 3552

Telephone: 1300 361 911 (8.30am - 5.00pm (AEST/ADST)

Monday to Friday)

Email: feedback@bendigoadelaide.com.au

Alternatively, you may refer your complaint directly to the appropriate External Dispute Resolution scheme.

We are a member of the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA). You can contact AFCA at: Australian Financial Complaints Authority GPO Box 3 Melbourne Vic 3001

Telephone: 1800 931 678

Email: info@afca.org.auwww.afca.org.au

Time limits may apply to complain to AFCA and so you should act promptly or otherwise consult the AFCA website to find out if or when the time limit relevant to your circumstances expire.

If your complaint relates to how we handle your personal information you can also contact the Office of the Australian Information Commissioner (OAIC):

GPO Box 5218 Sydney NSW 2001

Telephone: 1300 363 992 Email: enquiries@oaic.gov.au Web: www.oaic.gov.au

2.11 Account Switching

If you have opened your account as an individual i.e. not as a company or superannuation account, you have access to an easy payments switching service. This service enables you to switch your regular direct debits and credits from your old account to your new account with us. For more information about this service please speak to your adviser or contact us.

3. Part C – Using *your* account

3.1 Overdrawn accounts and interest charges

There should not be a balance owing on your account.

If there is a balance owing on your account then that amount is immediately due and payable.

It is your responsibility to ensure that there are sufficient cleared funds available in your account, or that you have made the necessary arrangements with us, to allow a payment to be made. If you overdraw the account and we dishonour the transaction, a fee will be charged to your account.

Interest may be charged on any overdrawn amount. Interest will be charged to your account on the last day of each statement period and on the day that our relationship with you ends. If, however, the day we debit interest charges is not a banking day we may debit interest charges on the preceding banking day.

Interest charges are calculated daily from the date your account is overdrawn up to and including the date we are paid. Depending on how long before you repay the money to us, interest may be capitalised at the end of the periods we choose. Please contact us to find out how to obtain the current interest charges applicable to your account.

You may also be charged a fee to reimburse us for any costs we incur in the recovery of our money.

3.2 Amounts which can be debited to your account

You agree that we may debit to your account without notifying you each drawing you, or an authorised operator, make or authorise on your account and you agree to pay us fees and charges debited as described in clause 5.1 and any other amount you must pay in connection with these terms and conditions on the date it becomes due.

4. Part D - Transaction services

4.1 About the transaction services

The transaction services are provided directly by us.

To the extent that the ePayments Code applies to transactions covered by these terms and conditions, these terms and conditions reflect the requirements of the ePayments Code. The ePayments Code is a voluntary code that is designed to give you protection in conducting funds transfers through electronic means. The ePayments Code does not apply to certain business accounts (see clause 4.18 for details).

The types of electronic transactions that are available using a card include ATM withdrawals, transfers, balance enquiries, and deposits, EFTPOS payments and withdrawals, Bank@Post.

Home Banking Services may be used to access your account where we have agreed to make such access available to you. The types of transactions that are available using Home Banking Services include BPAY payments and deposits, and Online Banking transfers and payments (including AnyPay and BatchPay payments).

4.2 Summary of transaction services

You or an authorised operator can access your account by using the following transaction services:

Transaction service	Ways of using the transaction services	Reference in this <i>Guide</i>
Cheques	Personal cheque withdrawalBank cheque withdrawal	Clause 4.8
Cards	 Branch deposits and withdrawals ATM transfers, deposits and withdrawals EFTPOS payments and withdrawals Bank@Post deposits and withdrawals 	Clause 4.10
Home Banking Services ₂	Online BankingBPAYAnyPayBatchPay	Clauses 4.11 and 4.12
Regular payments and third party direct debits	 Regular Payment Plan Automatic deduction Periodical payment Third party direct debits 	Clause 4.14

1 ATM deposits and transfers available at selected Bendigo Bank ATMs. 2 Online Banking services are not available to *your* financial *adviser* or stockbroker unless *you* have appointed them as a full access *authorised operator*.

Please note: Transaction services are not available to platform investors.

4.3 How much can you access?

In relation to any access method, we may set and vary dollar limits (maximum and minimum) for certain categories of transaction, each transaction within a category, cumulative transactions in a category or combination of categories (either at all or over a specified period of time), or on any other basis we determine. Without limiting the above we may set dollar limits for:

- Cash withdrawals
- Home Banking Service transfers or payments
- All *online banking payments* including AnyPay and BatchPay to a specified *payee* or group of *payees*
- BPAY payments
- Any other type or types of *Home Banking Service*.

In addition to the above, a limit may be placed on withdrawals made using a *transaction service*:

- Whether in cash or by cheque or otherwise
- Whether by number or amount or otherwise
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• Where in relation to a particular period of time or otherwise.

Withdrawals or transfers from *your account using the transaction services* may only be made in a manner permitted by *us*. New limits for withdrawals may be introduced in the future. The limits may also be subject to change.

Limits applicable to *your account* in respect of each *transaction service* are set out in this *Guide*.

These limits are subject to change from time to time.

4.4 When can you access your account?

The hours during which *you* can use an *access method* may be varied from time to time without notice.

4.5 Malfunctions

If an *electronic banking device* malfunctions, alternative manual procedures may be available from the merchant for retail point of sale transactions by using a *card* and signing *your* authorisation of the transaction.

We are not liable for any loss or inconvenience whatsoever, where *electronic equipment* or an *electronic banking device* does not accept a transaction for any reason.

4.6 Authorisation

When a *user* uses an *access method*, *you* authorise *us t* o act on the instructions given or entered.

When a *user* authorises an *EFT transaction* which *we* accept, *we* will issue a receipt (which for a *Home banking Service* transaction may be an electronic receipt) as required by the *ePayments Code* (to the extent that it applies to the transaction). However, the transaction may not be processed until the next day on which *we* process such transactions.

4.7 Processing of transactions

Transactions will be processed as soon as practicable.

4.8 Cheques

It is important that *you* read this general information about cheques, and familiarise yourself with *your* obligations and responsibilities.

If you fail to observe your obligations and responsibilities you will not be able to make a claim in relation to any loss or damage that may occur, and you may be required to indemnify us in respect of any loss or damage.

4.8.1 General information about cheques (excluding bank cheques)

What is a cheque?

A cheque is a written order to a bank to pay a sum of money on demand. Banks provide cheque forms and generally insist on the use of these forms.

Cheque clearing process

In order to provide this convenient facility to *you* there is a fairly complicated and time consuming process involved, which may take a number of days. *You* should ask *us* for an estimate of the time it will take, if *you* need to know, although the process generally takes three *business days*.

To help you understand how this works we have set out the process step by step:

- First, you deposit into your account a cheque you have received, then
- We will seek payment of the cheque from the bank on which the cheque is drawn (the two banks could be the same), then
- That bank will pay the proceeds of the cheque to us. Only then will funds from the cheque be cleared and made available to you.

Normally you will not be able to withdraw the value of a cheque you deposit until the cheque is cleared, even though your account may be credited with the proceeds of the cheque. This rule applies even to cheques made payable to 'cash'.

It will usually take three business days for a domestic cheque to clear.

What is the effect of crossing a cheque?

If you cross a cheque you are telling a bank not to cash it across the counter. The cheque must be paid to a bank (for example into a customer's account). If a bank does cash the cheque in favour of someone who is not the true owner, it may be liable for any loss suffered by the true owner.

Crossing a cheque means drawing across the face of the cheque from top to bottom two parallel lines, with or without the words 'not negotiable' between them.

A crossing may be added by you when you make out a cheque or by any person who obtains possession of your cheque.

What is the meaning of 'not negotiable'?

The words 'not negotiable' between two parallel lines across the face of a cheque mean that, where the cheque is transferred, the person who obtains the cheque has no greater rights than the person who transferred it to him or her.

For example, your cheque might be stolen and then passed on by the thief to another person. That person might then obtain payment of the cheque. In this example, if the cheque was crossed and marked 'not negotiable', the person from whom the cheque was stolen might recover the amount of the cheque from the person who obtains payment of the cheque, even though that person may not have done anything wrong.

What is the meaning of 'account payee only'?

These words on a cheque are a warning to a bank with which the cheque is deposited that the cheque should be paid only to the *person* named in the cheque as *payee*.

If that bank pays a different person, it may be liable to the true owner unless the bank acted in good faith and without negligence (for example, by making enquiries and receiving a reasonable explanation).

The words 'account payee only' do not prevent the transfer of a cheque. However, as a matter of policy, we will not usually accept such cheques into an account other than that of the payee.

What is the significance of deleting 'or bearer'?

Cheques are generally printed with the words 'or bearer' appearing at the end of the line on which you put the name of the *person* to be paid.

The words 'or bearer' mean that (except in cases where the cheque is crossed and must therefore be collected by a bank) the bank on which the cheque is drawn has authority to pay it to any person in possession of it, even if that person found it or stole it, unless the bank has reason to suspect that the cheque might have fallen into the wrong hands. We generally require that bearer cheques are endorsed if they are to be paid other than to the named payee. If you wish to alter this position by making the cheque an 'order' cheque, the simplest way is to cross out the words 'or bearer' which are printed on the cheque.

If so desired the words 'to the order of' may also be inserted before the name of the payee, but if this is done the words 'or bearer' must still be crossed out.

If a cheque is an 'order' cheque then (except in cases where the cheque is crossed and must therefore be collected by a bank) the bank on which the cheque is drawn should only pay it:

- To the named payee, or
- To any other person to whom the named payee,

by endorsing the cheque on the reverse side, has ordered it to be paid.

How and when a cheque may be stopped

You may stop payment on a cheque you have written by notifying us before the cheque is paid by us.

Speed is important. You may notify us by telephone. Please ensure all account signatories are available to authorise the stop. Alternatively, you may visit any Bendigo Bank branch or send written instructions.

You should identify the cheque clearly to us by giving the amount, cheque number, date of the cheque and to whom it is payable.

Reducing the risk of unauthorised alteration

When you write a cheque, you should take care to reduce the opportunity for forgery or fraud. You have a duty to fill out the cheque so as not to mislead us or make it easy for someone else to alter your cheque.

You should:

- Not leave gaps between the words or figures
- Begin the amount in words as close as possible to the lefthand side
- Begin the amount in figures as close as possible to the dollar sign (\$)
- Never write a cheque in pencil or ink that can be rubbed
- Never sign a cheque before it is used or filled out
- Always write the amount of the cheque in words as well as figures, because words are harder to alter.

Cheques returned unpaid or 'dishonoured'

Your cheque may be returned unpaid or 'dishonoured' in certain circumstances, such as where:

- There is not enough money in your account
- There is some irregularity with *your* cheque, for example if *your* cheque is unsigned, is more than 15 *months* old, is post-dated (i.e. bears a date that has not arrived), or has been materially altered (for example, by a change of the amount originally stated in it) and *you* have not signed the alteration
- You have instructed us to stop payment of your cheque
- We have received notice of your mental incapacity, or of your death (and certain conditions have been met).

If we dishonour your cheque it means this cheque will not be paid by us.

If a cheque you have deposited is dishonoured, we will advise you of this. The balance of your account will be reduced by the amount of the cheque if it has already been credited to your account.

Lost or stolen cheques

You must notify us as soon as possible of the loss, theft or misuse of your cheques. You can do this by contacting us. If you do not do this, you take the risk of someone forging your signature and drawing cheques on your account.

4.8.2 General information about bank cheques

This clause gives *you* general information about bank cheques. It is general information only.

What is a bank cheque?

The term 'bank cheque' describes a cheque which is to be paid by the bank itself, rather than from a customer's account.

Bank cheques are generally treated by the law in the same manner as ordinary cheques. Although many people regard bank cheques as cash, *you* should be aware that in certain circumstances a bank cheque may not be paid by the bank that issues it.

To clarify this position, the banks who are members of the Australian Bankers' Association have adopted the procedures set out below in relation to bank cheques.

Forged or unauthorised bank cheques

If the signature of an *officer* of a bank is forged or placed on a bank cheque without the bank's authority, the bank is not legally liable for it.

Bank cheque materially altered

A bank will dishonour a bank cheque which has been fraudulently and materially altered. A bank will cooperate with any holder of a cheque, or a *person* who is about to receive it, who may want to verify that the cheque is a valid bank cheque.

Bank cheque reported stolen or lost

Where a bank is told that a bank cheque is lost or stolen and is satisfied that this is the case, the bank will not honour it if it is presented for payment by a *person* who has no right to it. The bank may provide a replacement bank cheque. The

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bank may require an indemnity and other documentation in this situation.

Court order restraining payment

A bank must observe an order of a court restraining the bank from paying its bank cheque which is presented for payment while the order is in force.

Failure of payment for the issue of a bank cheque

Where a bank has not received payment for issuing a bank cheque to a customer (for example, the customer's cheque to the bank in payment for the bank cheque is dishonoured), the bank will refuse to pay the bank cheque only if the person presenting the bank cheque for payment:

- Has not given value for it (for example, the bank cheque is stolen)
- Has given value for it but at the time of doing so he or she knew the bank had not been paid for the bank cheque (for example, that the cheque in favour of the bank had been dishonoured).

Again, an indemnity and other documentation may be required in this situation.

4.9 Rules relating to cheques

- 4.9.1 These terms and conditions apply to any cheque issued by us to enable you or an authorised operator to draw on your account.
- Each cheque issued by *us* in connection with *your account* is *our* property and must be immediately returned to *us* on demand.
- If the amount in words on any cheque varies from the amount expressed in figures then the lower amount prevails.
- When you draw a cheque on us it will, when the cheque is handed to us:
 - be taken to be a request by *you* to *us* to withdraw funds from *your account* for the amount shown on the chaque
 - constitute an authority to remit those funds to the *payee* of the cheque or the *payee*'s bank.
- The person signing a cheque must initial an alterations, date the cheque on the date when it was signed and complete all details.
- You must take reasonable care in the management of your affairs to ensure that:
 - only authorised persons sign cheques
 - each cheque is completed properly and with due care so as to prevent unauthorised, stolen, forged or fraudulently altered cheques being presented for payment
 - each cheque is properly and correctly accounted for in *your* records.
- If, when checking any cheque or particulars of any cheque, we find on it any irregularity or omission, we may dishonour or stop payment of the cheque on your behalf.
- You must keep cheque forms issued to you in a safe place and notify us immediately in writing if they are lost or stolen.

- You must notify us immediately if you suspect your cheque has been forged or fraudulently altered or has been drawn in whole or in part without authority from you.
- On receipt of each statement of account, you should check the entries carefully and promptly notify us if you have any cause to suspect that there is any cheque or transaction recorded on the statement that is incorrect or that you did not authorise.
- The indemnities contained in clause 4.25 apply to any loss or damage suffered in relation to the matters referred to in clause 4.8.

4.9.2 If you lose, deface or destroy any cheque issued to you or it is stolen or misused then:

- You must notify us of that fact immediately in writing
- You must give us any information or documents we reasonably request in relation to that event.

4.10 *Cards*

4.10.1 Cashcard access

You can use a Cashcard to access your account.

If you request a Cashcard, you can use your Cashcard and PIN

- Withdraw funds and check your account balance at any Bendigo Bank ATM, or at any other ATM displaying the Cashcard sign
- Purchase goods or withdraw funds (in most cases) at more than 18,000 EFTPOS terminals and 28,000 ATMs Australiawide
- Withdraw funds at any Australia Post outlet displaying the Bank@Post symbol.

Please be aware that your card is magnetically encoded.

If the card is exposed to a strong magnetic field or comes into contact with a plastic security access card, the encoded information may be destroyed. The card may then be unusable as an electronic banking device.

4.10.2 Applying for a card

You may apply for a card or request us to issue a card to an authorised operator by such means as we permit from time to time. We may accept or decline any such application or request at our discretion.

Each authorised operator who has been issued a card must use their card on the same terms and conditions as apply to уои.

4.10.3 Receiving a card

When a user's application for a card is approved, we will advise the users of their PIN and:

- Where to collect the card in which case the user must attend at that place to collect the card and sign an acknowledgement of receipt of the card
- Subsequently send the card to the user by post. You should refer to clause 4.17 of this Guide in relation to our requirements for the security of your PIN.

Things to remember when a <i>user</i> gets a <i>card</i>		
Sign it	Sign the <i>card</i> as soon as it is received	
Valid from	A card is only valid from the 'valid from' date shown on it (if any, and if not, from when the card is issued by us) until the 'until end' date shown on it	
Who can use a card?	A <i>card</i> must only be used by the <i>person</i> named on it	
When will a card transaction be processed?	Transactions that are made using a card are processed as soon as possible	
Replacement card	We may issue a replacement card at any time	
Lost, defaced, destroyed, misused or stolen <i>card</i>	You or the relevant operator must notify us immediately in relation to any lost, defaced, destroyed, misused or stolen card, either in writing, in person at a branch, or by telephone (in which case written confirmation will be required) and must give us any information or documents we require in relation to that event. See clause 4.10.12 for further details on lost, stolen or misused cards.	
Forgotten your PIN?	If you forget your PIN you can contact us with proof of your identity and we will arrange for a new PIN to be issued within a few days	

4.10.4 Using a card for purchases

You can use your card to access your account to pay for goods and services, and even withdraw cash at some locations. Your PIN is used to authorise transactions on your account. You can normally use a card to obtain goods and services at merchants (such as shops, restaurants and theatres) in Australia.

EFTPOS simply transfers the value approved by *you* from your selected account into the account held by the merchant.

Where a transaction that would otherwise be a purchase is processed via an EFTPOS facility you will be able to select the appropriate CHQ or SAV button and then your account will be debited and the transaction will be treated as a cash withdrawal from the relevant account.

The fact that the EFTPOS symbol is displayed at a merchant's premises does not mean that we guarantee that any or all

goods and services available there may be obtained using a *card. We* are not responsible if a merchant refuses to accept the *card*, does not allow cash withdrawals or places other limitations on using the *card*.

We have no control over the hours a merchant may be open for business. The hours during which a terminal will be available may therefore vary in accordance with the merchant's opening hours. We are not responsible for goods or services obtained by using a card, unless the law makes us liable.

Therefore, if you have any complaints about goods or services you must take them up with the merchant.

4.10.5 Authorising a payment

It is *your* responsibility to check that the correct amount is entered in a terminal or written in the 'total' box on a voucher or appears on any other record of a transaction before *you* authorise the transaction or sign the voucher. Some transactions also need authorisation from *us. We* may choose not to authorise a proposed transaction (e.g. where we reasonably believe a transaction may be fraudulent).

4.10.6 Sales vouchers

You agree that any request by a user to a person authorised to display or use the Cashcard sign for the supply of goods or services is authority for such person to issue a sales voucher for the amount shown on the face of the voucher.

You agree that the amounts shown on each sales voucher are sufficient evidence of the cash price of the goods and services to which the voucher relates (whether or not the voucher is signed by you). We do not have to forward to you copies of sales vouchers for transactions effected by use of a card.

4.10.7 Using a card to obtain cash

To withdraw cash from *your account* at a *branch*, simply present *your card* at the counter. *You* may be asked to show suitable identification such as a photographic driver's licence or passport to identify that *you* are the authorised holder of the *card*. If *you* do not have *your card*, *you* may still be able to withdraw cash from *your account* at a *branch*, subject to producing suitable identification and any other requirements that *we* wish to impose. The amount of cash *you* can withdraw from a *branch* is subject to the amount of cleared funds in the *account*.

If you want to withdraw more than \$5,000 from a branch you will need to give us notice of at least 24 hours prior to the withdrawal.

You may, subject to available funds in your account, obtain cash from an account up to the withdrawal limit set for the account by using a card in combination with your PIN at any of our electronic banking devices or any electronic banking devices of any other institution displaying the relevant symbol.

Some merchants who have an *electronic banking device* may also allow *you* to withdraw cash from an *account* at the same time as *you* pay for goods and services.

You can withdraw cash from an account with us using Bank@Post. You may be asked to enter your PIN into an electronic banking device to make a Bank@Post transaction.

The amount of cash *you* can obtain using a *card* may vary depending on where *you* use the *card*.

Withdrawals made using ATMs, via EFTPOS and through Bank@Post are currently subject to a combined daily withdrawal limit of \$2,000.

The cash withdrawn from an *electronic banking device* will be in the denominations that the *electronic banking device* allows. When the money comes out of the *electronic banking device* it is at *your* risk and *we* are not responsible if it is lost or stolen. We do not warrant that an *electronic banking device* will always have money available. Other financial institutions can determine from time to time what transactions can be carried out at their *electronic banking devices*. We may charge *you* a fee for using *our electronic banking device*. Please refer to clause 5.1 for the fees and charges applicable to *your account. You* must not put any matter or substance of an explosive, dangerous, damaging or offensive nature in an *electronic banking device*.

4.10.8 Refunds

Your account will only be credited with a refund for a card transaction if we receive a refund voucher or other refund verification acceptable to us. A refund due to you will be applied to your account as if the refund were a payment. Please note that this sub-clause applies to refunds only and does not apply to any readjustment of the balance of an account as a result of an unauthorised transaction where you are not liable. Please refer to Part D of this Guide for those readjustments.

4.10.9 Use of a card

For the purposes of these card terms and conditions 'use' in relation to a card includes any physical use of the card (such as in an ATM) and any notification of use of the card number or any identifying number issued by us in relation to the card or an account.

4.10.10 Cancellation, return, loss and misuse of cards

We may at our option or at your request suspend or cancel the use of a card or retain a card presented to us or any other person.

A card issued in respect of an account must not be used after the account is closed or after the use of the card has been suspended or cancelled, and must be immediately returned as soon as we advise you the account is closed or the card use has been suspended or cancelled or you request that the account be closed or the card use be suspended or cancelled.

4.10.11 Return of cards

Each *card* issued by *us* is *our* property and must be immediately returned to *us* on demand.

4.10.12 Lost, stolen, misused or unauthorised use of cards

It is vitally important for you to contact us as soon as possible if

- A card is lost or stolen
- Someone has fraudulently placed a telephone, internet or direct mail order against *your card*

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• You suspect that a PIN is known to someone else or you suspect any unauthorised telephone, internet or mail use of an account or other type of unauthorised use involving a card.

Immediate notification may prevent an unauthorised person from using your card. If you do not tell us that your card has gone missing or if you disclose the PIN to someone else or leave a record of it with your card or act with carelessness in failing to protect PIN security, you may be liable for the bill arising from an unauthorised use of your account. For this reason, it is extremely important that you do not leave a record of your PIN either with your card or in a place where it can be easily found. However, you are not liable for losses resulting from an unauthorised transaction if that transaction took place after you notified us of the loss or theft of your card or where a card and PIN are used if it is clear that you did not contribute to such losses.

You should refer to clause 4.17 of this Guide for our requirements for the security of your PIN and other codes and in relation to your liability.

You will need to give us all relevant information you may have, so that we can suspend card access to the account. You may be required to confirm in writing any notice you give us by telephone. When you report the matter you may be given a notification number (or other form of acknowledgment). You should retain that number as confirmation of the date and time of your report.

If you recover a card that has been reported lost or stolen, the card must not be used again. Instead you should report the recovery to us. The card should then be cut in half and sent to us by security post.

4.11. *Home Banking Services* (including *BPAY*)

4.11.1 Applying for Home Banking Services

You may apply for access to your account for you or an authorised operator using Home Banking Services by such means as we permit from time to time.

The Home Banking Services available to you will be determined by us from time to time.

Each authorised operator who has Home Banking Service access must use the Home Banking Services on the same terms and conditions as apply to you.

Contact us to apply to access your account via any or all of our Home Banking Services.

We may accept or decline any such application at our discretion.

Some Home Banking Services may not be available where more than one signature is needed to operate your account.

4.11.2 Equipment for Home Banking Services

You need to supply and maintain your own equipment to use our Home Banking Services, including any electronic equipment and software necessary to enable you to use Online Banking which may include continuance of an account with a telecommunications network provider.

Customers using Online Banking are encouraged to take all reasonable steps to protect the security of their *electronic*

equipment by ensuring that it is free from viruses and/or any form of program or mechanism capable of recording personal information.

4.11.3 Online Banking Password (OBP)

When an application for access to an account via a Home Banking Service is approved, we will advise the user of their Online Banking Password (OBP). The user will be issued an OBP for Online Banking.

Things to remember about your OBP		
Lost, stolen or misused <i>OBP</i> or <i>OBP</i> disclosed to another <i>person</i>	If you or an authorised operator lose your OBP or have any reason to believe that it has been lost, stolen, misused or disclosed to another <i>person</i> , <i>you</i> or the relevant <i>authorised operator</i> must notify <i>us</i> immediately either in writing, in <i>person</i> at a <i>branch</i> , or by telephone (in which case written confirmation will be required) and must give <i>us</i> any information or documents <i>we</i> reasonably require in relation to that event.	
Forgotten your OBP?	If you or an authorised operator forget your OBP, you or the relevant authorised operator can contact us with proof of your identity and we will arrange for a new OBP to be issued as soon as possible.	

Things to remember about your OBP

Where a new OBP is requested, or we reissue or change an OBP (which we may do at any time by notifying the user), then we may deliver the OBP to the user by SMS (short message service) to the user's mobile telephone or via an automated telephone service.

You should refer to clause 4.17 for more information on the security of your OBP.

4.11.4 Use of Home Banking Services

Using their customer number, OBP and electronic equipment with internet access, a user can have access to Online Banking to:

- Pay bills using BPAY
- Check your account balances
- Transfer funds between your accounts with us
- View and print transaction records
- Make payments to other bank accounts by using AnyPay or send multiple payments (for example, by using BatchPay)
- Download/export your transaction data into other formats if needed

• Reconcile *your* records with *your account balances*, *your* transactions and the amount of interest for the financial year.

If a *user* accesses Online Banking using *mobile banking* the *user* can access Online Banking to:

- Pay bills using BPAY
- Check your account balances
- Transfer funds between your accounts with us
- View transaction records
- Make payments to other bank accounts by using AnyPay to existing AnyPay payees only
- Reconcile *your* records with *your account balances* and *your* transactions.

Online Banking should only be accessed through *our* homepage at www.adelaidebank.com.au. Failure to check this may cause *you* loss.

We do not have to accept any Home Banking Service instruction given to us and we do not have to notify a user if we have not accepted such an instruction.

We will make reasonable efforts to ensure that any request made through a *Home Banking Service* is dealt with promptly.

Except as provided in clause 4.12.8 we are under no obligation to notify you or an authorised operator if any Home Banking Service payment is successful or unsuccessful. However, this sub-clause does not limit our obligation to provide a receipt where this is required by the ePayments Code.

You must ensure that your account from which a transfer or payment is to be made has sufficient available funds to enable the transaction to be performed by us.

Where we have instructions for more than one transfer or payment from your account we may determine the order of priority in which transfers or payments from your account are made.

4.11.5 Misuse or unauthorised use of *Home Banking Services*

We will accept and act on *Home Banking Service* instructions where a *person* or *persons* enter or quote:

- A *user*'s customer number or, if required by *us*, a combination of customer numbers
- The appropriate *OBP* (whether or not disguised using an alphabetical security coding as notified by *us* to the *person* at the time) or, if required by *us*, a combination of *OBP* (whether or not so disguised).

Subject to any contrary *terms* and conditions in this *Guide*, any transfer or payment of funds made in the circumstances described in this subclause will be valid and constitute a permissible debit to the relevant *account*.

4.11.6 Suspension or cancellation of Home Banking Services

We may suspend or cancel a user's OBP or access to any or all Home Banking Services at any time without notice. We will cancel an authorised operator's access to any Home

Banking Service on receipt of a written request by you. In the case of suspension, we may reinstate a user's OBP at any time without notice. We may also require the user to contact us before we reinstate a OBP or access, but we are not obliged to do this.

4.12 BPAY and our online banking payment service

BPAY enables customers to transfer payments to other parties via a central interbank processing system as cleared effects

We are a member of BPAY.

With BPAY payments, you can (subject to any restrictions we impose) have 24 hour 7 day access through Home Banking Services or any other electronic means that we permit and a biller accepts to pay bills and get a receipt.

We are a biller. You may also be able to transfer funds from an account you have at another financial institution which is a member of BPAY, to an account with us, through BPAY.

We will tell you if we are no longer a member of BPAY.

Our online banking payment service is our internet payment service including AnyPay and BatchPay:

- AnyPay allows an AnyPay *user* to debit their *account* and credit monies to another bank account
- BatchPay allows a *user* to make multiple payments to registered recipient accounts held with various financial institutions with only one debit being made from the nominated *account*.

4.12.1 Access to online banking payment service

Before we agree to allow you access to the online banking payment service for any payee we may require you to make an application to us regarding that payee in the form and containing such information as we require. We are under no obligation to agree to any or all payees nominated in any such application and we may make available payees who are not listed in any such application. We may suspend or terminate access to any payee at any time without notice.

We are under no obligation to check or confirm the identity of *payees* or other information provided about them (including their *account* number for receipt of payments).

You should note that if funds are sent to an incorrectly quoted account number then it may not be possible to retrieve those funds.

4.12.2 Information needed to use BPAY

When you tell us to make a BPAY payment, you must give us the following information:

- The biller code which is located on the bill you wish to pay
- Your customer reference number with the biller Code
- How much you want to pay
- Any other additional information we may require.

Once this information is received, we will debit your account with the amount of the BPAY payment as set out in clause 4.12.3.

You acknowledge that we are not obliged to effect a BPAY payment if we do not receive this information or the information is inaccurate.

4.12.3 When will a BPAY payment or online banking payment be received

- a. You may authorise a BPAY payment or an online banking payment from your account:
- i. With the funds to be drawn immediately in which case your account will be debited immediately; or
- ii. Through Online Banking, with the funds to be drawn on a future specified date in which case your account will be debited on that future date. If that future date is not a business day:
- the funds will be debited on the business day immediately preceding the nominated future date; or
- if after the date of authorisation and before the nominated future date there is no business day, the funds will be debited on the next business day after the nominated future date.
- b. For an online banking payment, regardless of the effective date (as determined by the terms and conditions of the account) on which you authorise funds to be drawn from an account, if:
- i. The day on which funds are drawn is a business day and the authorisation is complete:
- before 4.00 pm CST then the payment to the payee will generally be received by the payee on the next day that the Bulk Electronic Clearing System (BECS) is operating in the State or Territory where the payee's account is located; or
- after 4.00 pm and before midnight CST then the payee's account will generally receive the payment one business day later than if the authorisation had been completed before 4.00 pm – more precisely, the payee's account will generally receive the payment on the first day that BECS is operating in the State or Territory where the payee's account is located occurring immediately after the first business day after the calendar day on which funds are drawn;
- ii. Funds are to be drawn immediately and that day is not a business day then the payee's account will generally receive the payment on the first day that BECS is operating in the State or Territory where the payee's account is located occurring immediately after the first business day after the day on which funds are drawn;
- iii. Funds are to be drawn on a future date and that future date is not a business day, then the payee's account will generally receive the payment on the first day that BECS is operating in the State or Territory where the payee's account is located occurring immediately after the date of the debit under clause 4.12.3(a)(ii).
- c. For a BPAY payment, regardless of the effective date (as determined by the terms and conditions of the account) on which you authorise funds to be drawn from your account and subject to the fact that a payment may take longer to be credited to a biller if you tell us to make the payment on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday, or if another participant

- in BPAY does not process a payment as soon as they receive its details, if:
- i. The day on which funds are drawn is a BPAY day and the authorisation is completed:
- before 4.00 pm CST then the biller has agreed that the payment will be treated as received by the biller on that day;
- after 4.00 pm and before midnight CST then the biller has agreed that the payment will be treated as received by the biller on the next day that is a BPAY day;
- ii. Funds are to be drawn immediately and that day is not a BPAY day, then the biller has agreed that the payment will be treated as received by the biller on the next day that is a BPAY day;
- iii. Funds are to be drawn on a future date and that future date is not a BPAY day, then the payment will generally be treated as received by the biller on the first BPAY day occurring on or after the date of the debit under subclause 4.12.3(a)(ii).

4.12.4 BPAY payments may be delayed

A delay may occur in processing a BPAY payment where:

- There is a public or bank holiday on the day after you tell us to make a BPAY payment
- You tell us to make a BPAY payment on a day which is not a **BPAY** day
- You tell us to make a BPAY payment after 4.00 pm CST on a BPAY day
- Another financial institution participating in BPAY does not comply with its BPAY obligations
- A biller fails to comply with its BPAY obligations.

While it is expected that any delay in processing of a BPAY payment for any reason set out in this subclause will not continue for more than one BPAY day, any such delay may continue for a longer period.

We will attempt to make sure that your BPAY payments are processed promptly by participants in BPAY.

4.12.5 Variation of BPAY and online banking payment instructions

Any online banking payment service or BPAY instruction for funds to be drawn on a future date may be varied or revoked by any person who has complied with clause 4.11.3 where the new instruction is given and received by us prior to the account being debited.

Payments cannot be edited after 11.30am CST on the payment date. We will act on such new instruction as if it had been given by you. Otherwise, once we are instructed to make such a payment, we will not accept instructions to stop or vary an online banking payment or BPAY payment or to withdraw or vary an instruction to make such a payment.

4.12.6 Errors in your BPAY payment instructions to us

You should notify us immediately if you become aware that you may have made a mistake (except when you make an underpayment – for those errors see next paragraph) when instructing us to make a BPAY payment, or if you did not

authorise a *BPAY payment* that has been made from *your account*. Clause 4.13 describes when and how *we* will arrange for such a *BPAY payment* to be refunded to *you*.

You must be careful to ensure that you tell us the correct amount you wish to pay. If you instruct us to make a BPAY payment and you discover later that the amount you told us to pay was less than the amount you needed to pay, you can make another BPAY payment for the difference between the amount actually paid to a biller and the amount you needed to pay.

4.12.7 No authorisation

You are not authorised to give a biller code to any person in order to receive payments of any amount owing to you. Biller codes may only be used by the authorised biller to receive payment of bills issued by that biller. The terms and conditions of the use of BPAY will not apply to any use by you of biller codes in this way.

4.12.8 Other important points about BPAY

If we are advised that your BPAY payment cannot be processed by a biller we will advise you of this, credit the relevant account with the amount of the BPAY payment and take all reasonable steps to assist you in making the BPAY payment as quickly as possible.

You acknowledge that the receipt by a biller of a mistaken or erroneous BPAY payment does not or will not constitute under any circumstances part or whole satisfaction of an underlying debt owed between you and that biller.

You should check your account records carefully and must promptly notify us as soon as you become aware of an unauthorised or erroneous BPAY payment, any mistake or delay in processing a BPAY payment or the possibility that you have been fraudulently induced to make a BPAY payment.

4.12.9 Suspension and termination of access to BPAY

We may suspend your right to participate in BPAY at any time where we have suspended or cancelled your OBP or your access to any Home Banking Service or if you or someone acting on your behalf is suspected of being fraudulent.

4.12.10 Privacy and BPAY

You agree to us disclosing to billers nominated by you and if necessary the entity operating BPAY (BPAY Pty Ltd) or any other participant in BPAY and any agent appointed by any of them from time to time, including Cardlink Services Limited, that provides the electronic systems needed to implement BPAY:

- Such of *your* personal information (for example *your* name, email address and the fact that *you* are *our* customer) as is necessary to facilitate *your* registration for or use of *BPAY*
- Such of *your* transactional information as is necessary to process *your BPAY payments*. *Your BPAY payments* information will be disclosed by *BPAY* Pty Ltd through its agent to the *biller*'s financial institution.

If *your* personal information detailed above is not disclosed to *BPAY* Pty Ltd or its agent, it will not be possible to process *your* requested *BPAY* payment.

You must notify us if any of your personal information changes. You consent to us disclosing your updated personal information to all other participants in BPAY referred to in this clause as necessary.

4.12.11 How to access your personal information

Who to ask	For information held by <i>BPAY</i> Pty Ltd ABN 69 079 137 518	For information held by Cardlink Services Ltd ABN 60 003 311 644
Phone	(02) 9922 3511	(02) 9646 9222
Write	Level 9, 20 Berry Street, North Sydney NSW 2060	Corner Park Road and South Parade, Auburn NSW 2144

4.13 Liability and indemnity BPAY

This clause sets out information about liability and *BPAY*. *You* should also refer to clauses 4.21, 4.22, 4.23 and 4.24 for further information about liability.

4.13.1 Limitation of *your* liability if *ePayments Code* applies

If you are liable under this clause 4.13 for an unauthorised or fraudulent payment made on or after 1 April 2002 and the *ePayments Code* applies, then your liability will not exceed the amount determined according to clause 4.22.

In these circumstances we will be liable to you for the difference between the amount for which you are otherwise liable and the amount of the unauthorised or fraudulent payment.

This clause 4.13 also applies if your account is a business account.

4.13.2 Mistaken payments, unauthorised transactions and fraud

We will attempt to make sure that your BPAY payments are processed promptly by the participants in BPAY, including those billers to whom your BPAY payments are to be made. You must tell us promptly if:

- You become aware of any delays or mistakes in processing your BPAY payment
- You did not authorise a BPAY payment that has been made from your account
- You think that you have been fraudulently induced to make a BPAY payment.

We will attempt to rectify any such matters in relation to your BPAY payment in the way described in this clause. However, except as set out in this clause 4.13, we will not be liable for any loss or damage you suffer as a result of using BPAY. The longer the delay between when you tell us of the error and the date of your BPAY payment, the more difficult it may be to perform the error correction. For example, we or your biller may not have sufficient records or information available to us to investigate the error. If this is the case, you may need to demonstrate that an error has occurred, based on your own records, or liaise directly with the biller to correct the error.

4.13.3 Mistaken payments

If a BPAY payment is made to a person or for an amount which is not in accordance with your instructions (if any), and your account was debited for the amount of that payment, we will credit that amount to your account. However, you must pay us that amount if you were responsible for a mistake resulting in that payment and we cannot recover the amount of that payment from the person who received it within 20 BPAY days of us attempting to do so.

4.13.4 Unauthorised payments

If a BPAY payment is made in accordance with a payment direction which appeared to us to be from you or on your behalf but for which you did not give authority, we will credit your account with the amount of that unauthorised payment. However, you must pay us the amount of that unauthorised payment if the payment was made as a result of a payment direction which did not comply with our prescribed security procedures for such payment directions and we cannot recover within 20 BPAY days of us attempting to do so that amount from the person who received it.

4.13.5 Fraudulent payments

If a BPAY payment is induced by the fraud of a person involved in BPAY, then that person should refund you the amount of the fraud-induced payment. However, if that person does not refund you the amount of the fraud-induced payment, you must bear the loss unless some person involved in BPAY knew of the fraud or would have detected it with reasonable diligence, in which case that person must refund you the amount of the fraud-induced payment.

4.13.6 Resolution principles

If a BPAY payment you have made falls within the type described in clause 4.13.4 and either 4.13.3 or 4.13.5, then we will apply the principles stated in clause 4.13.4.

If a BPAY payment you have made falls within both types described in clause 4.13.3 and 4.13.5 then we will apply the principles stated in clause 4.13.5.

4.13.7 Information we need about unauthorised BPAY payments

If you tell us that a BPAY payment made from your account is unauthorised, you must give us your written consent addressed to the biller who received that BPAY payment, agreeing to us obtaining from the biller information about your account with that biller or the BPAY payment, including your customer reference number and such information as we reasonably require to investigate the BPAY payment. If you do not give us that consent, the biller may not be permitted under law to disclose to us the information we need to investigate or rectify that BPAY payment.

4.14 Regular payments and third party direct debits

DIRECT DEBIT REQUEST SERVICE AGREEMENT

4.14.1 Types of regular payments

Auto Payment Plan	Allows you to establish automatic transfers of a fixed amount from an account held with another financial institution to your account. This service is free of bank charges from us. Where we are debiting your account with another financial institution you may incur a fee from that financial
Automatic	Allows <i>you</i> to establish automatic transfers of a fixed amount
deduction	between <i>your</i> Adelaide Bank accounts.
Periodical payment	Allows you to establish automatic transfers of a fixed amount from your account to your accounts with other financial institutions.

Regular payments can be made provided there are sufficient funds in your nominated direct debit account and you comply with the applicable terms and conditions in this section.

The direct debit account you wish to make deductions from must be one that has funds available 'at call'.

You should note that regular payments may not be available on all accounts. If in doubt, please refer to the ledger financial institution.

Please note that you will be unable to access the amount of a regular payment we make for you from a direct debit account for three business days from the payment date.

We may, subject to any restrictions on the operation of the account, accept an instruction relating to regular payments from an authorised operator.

Any such instruction is subject to these terms and conditions as if the instruction had been given by you.

4.14.2 Fixed amount payment option

For all regular payments you can choose to have a fixed amount transferred weekly, fortnightly or monthly. The deduction amount will be the amount nominated by you and will be deducted at the frequency nominated by you. The regular payment and periodical payment options have the extra flexibility of quarterly, half-yearly or yearly deductions.

4.14.3 General terms applying to regular payments and third party direct debits

For the purpose of this clause you can contact us by:

Post to: Payment Systems, GPO Box 1048 Adelaide SA 5001

Any complaint that you have in relation to an unauthorised or otherwise irregular payment can be made by contacting us using the above options.

4.14.4 Applications

You may apply for a regular payment by filling out a Regular Payments Form and returning it to us.

Forms can be sent to *you* in the post or can be collected from *your adviser*.

We can only begin to make a regular payment once we have processed your form.

A regular payment can take up to and including 5 business days to process. If a payment is due during this period, you will need to arrange an alternative method of payment.

Once *you* authorise *us*, *we* will arrange for the agreed amount to be debited from the nominated *direct debit account* and paid in accordance with *your* request.

4.14.5 Sufficient funds must be available

For an automatic deduction or a periodical payment, you must agree to have a minimum available balance or available credit in your direct debit account from which the regular payment is to be made. The minimum available balance or available credit must be equal to the deduction amount plus charges not posted to the direct debit account plus any minimum balance required to be maintained in the direct debit account. This amount must be held in the direct debit account by 5.00pm CST on the banking day immediately preceding the day on which the deduction is to occur and you must retain such minimum balance in your direct debit account until the deduction has occurred.

4.14.6 The payment date

For a regular payment, where the payment date is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, if a month that does not contain these days, then we will make the payment or transfer on the first day of the next month. Where the payment date is not a banking day or if some financial institutions are not open for business on that day, then we will make the payment or transfer on the next banking day or when the financial institution is next open for business. For further information about when an automatic deduction will be debited to the account, you should contact the ledger financial institution.

For an automatic deduction and a periodical payment, where the day of deduction is not a *banking day your* deduction will occur on the preceding *banking day*.

4.14.7 Debiting your account

For a regular payment plan, you authorise the ledger financial institution to debit the direct debit account with any amounts that we may debit or charge you through the direct debit system.

Information in relation to you, your account and the regular payment may be disclosed by us to the ledger financial institution in connection with a claim relating to a regular payment. Information in relation to your direct debit account may be disclosed by the ledger financial institution to us in connection with a claim in relation to a regular payment.

For a regular payment plan, you authorise us on the payment date (or other day as determined under clause 4.14.6) to debit the direct debit account with an amount calculated in accordance with the nominated payment amount.

4.14.8 Deductions

All regular payments we make for you either from or to your account or direct debit account are treated as payments to you or by you.

4.14.9 Deduction amount may be changed by us

Where the *direct debit account* is with another financial institution, *we* may change the deduction amount through the *direct debit system*.

4.14.10 Stopping or cancelling your regular payments

When you have authorised us to make a regular payment either from or to your account or direct debit account and you want to cancel the regular payment, you must advise us in writing at least 2 business days prior to the next payment date.

You should direct all requests to stop, cancel, defer or vary a regular payment and all disputes to us. We also suggest that the same instruction is made in writing to the payee.

Cancellation will only take effect when we have processed your request. We will promptly process your request.

4.14.11 Changing your regular payments

You may change a regular payment by filling in a new application form which can be sent to you in the post.

Any signature restrictions on *your account* may apply to the authorisation of a *regular payment*. After *we* have received the application form, *we* require 2 *business days* to process the change. *You* must advise *us* in writing of the change at least 2 *business days* prior to the next *payment date*.

We will provide you with at least 14 days notice if we intend to vary terms and conditions of the direct debit request service agreement.

4.14.12 Terminating your regular payment

Any arrangement in relation to a *regular payment* will be terminated without notice to *you* if *we* decide, or the *payee* advises *us*, that no further payment is required.

We may at our discretion terminate any arrangement relating to a future regular payment at any time by notice in writing to you.

A request for a regular payment will remain effective for the protection of us in respect of regular payments made in good faith notwithstanding your death, bankruptcy, insolvency or revocation of any request for the regular payment. If we receive written notice that you have died or become bankrupt or insolvent or revoke your request, the regular payment will be cancelled once the notice is processed. This provision does not apply to a direct debit request.

4.14.13 Fees for regular payments

We may charge you a fee for effecting regular payments. For a direct debit request and a regular payment plan, we may also charge you a fee if a direct debit or automatic deduction is returned unpaid by the ledger financial institution. Please refer to Part E for details of fees and charges that apply to regular payments.

4.14.14 Ensuring accuracy of regular payments

To ensure accuracy for an auto payment plan, you should confirm direct debit account details by reference to a recent account statement issued by the ledger financial institution.

Before you arrange a regular payment to someone else check that they are able to receive the regular payment and that you are able to make a regular payment from your account with us.

4.14.15 Order of priority of payments

For a regular payment plan, the ledger financial institution may in its absolute discretion conclusively determine the order of priority of payment by it of any monies, pursuant to this or any other authority or withdrawal request which you have given or may give to the ledger financial institution in relation to your direct debit account.

For an automatic deduction and a periodical payment, we may at our absolute discretion conclusively determine the order of priority of payment by us of any monies, pursuant to this or any other authority or withdrawal request which you have given or may give to us in relation to your account.

4.14.16 Liability for loss

For all regular payments we are not responsible or liable for any loss or damage suffered by you or anyone else if a regular payment is not made, is late, or is not made in accordance with instructions, except where the loss or damage is caused or contributed by fraud, wilful default or a negligent act or omission on our part.

4.14.17 Inconsistency

For a periodical payment and an automatic deduction, where there is an inconsistency between these conditions and the terms and conditions on any application form or other document(s) in relation to a direct debit account the terms and conditions on that application form or other document will prevail.

For the purposes of this sub-clause, 'conditions' means the terms and conditions in this Guide as amended from time to time or any terms and conditions adopted in substitution and where the context permits includes all other conditions (including any conditions appearing on an application form) relating to a direct debit request authority and an automatic deduction authority.

4.14.18 What are third party direct debits?

Third party direct debits allow you to arrange with a third party (such as your health fund) for that third party to debit amounts directly from your account on your behalf. You will need to apply to the third party to arrange a third party direct debit, and this arrangement is between you and the third party.

4.14.19 Third party direct debits

All third party direct debits made from your account are treated as payments by you. Before you arrange a third party direct debit you must check that you are able to make the direct debit from your account held with us.

When arranging a third party direct debit, you should also ensure your account details are correct by reference to a recent account statement issued by us.

A third party direct debit can be made provided there are sufficient funds in your account. We may charge you a fee for processing a third party direct debit.

Such fee will be deducted from the account from which the debit is made at or after the time the debit is made. In the case of you having insufficient funds in your account, we may dishonour the third party direct debit and you may incur a ffee. Please refer to Part E for details of the fees and charges that apply to third party direct debits.

You must check your account statement and notify us as soon as possible if you think that an amount debited to your account by a third party was unauthorised or incorrect. Any complaint that you have in relation to an unauthorised or otherwise irregular third party direct debit can be made by contacting us. We will promptly process your request.

You should also contact the relevant third party in relation to any disputed amounts.

You may cancel a third party direct debit at any time by giving written notice to us.

You must advise us in writing at least 2 business days prior to the next payment date to ensure your next payment is not processed. Cancellation is not effective until we have processed your request. We also suggest that the same instruction be made in writing to the third party.

You should be aware that there is a risk that the third party may continue to debit amounts from your account even after you have cancelled the third party direct debit.

Without limiting any other provision in these terms and conditions, if you arrange a third party direct debit you agree to indemnify and release us from all liability which we may incur if a third party direct debit is not made, a third party direct debit is made late or is not made in accordance with your instructions or a cancellation request is given too late to enable a third party direct debit to be cancelled.

You authorise us to debit your account with the amount of the indemnity. This indemnity and release will not apply to the extent that the liability is caused or contributed by fraud, wilful default or a negligent act or omission on our part.

We may at our absolute discretion conclusively determine the order of priority of payment by us of any monies pursuant to any third party direct debit authority given by you in relation to your account.

4.15 Deposits

4.15.1 Where are deposits accepted?

Deposits of cash may be made at:

- A branch
- Some of our electronic banking devices
- Post offices displaying the Bank@Post symbol using your Cashcard.

Other parties may also make a deposit to your account via various electronic and other means available to them. When advising another party to credit your account you will need to provide them with our BSB number (610-101) and your

direct debit/credit number (as shown on *your statement of account*).

4.15.2 Deposits into your account

For an *EFT transaction* which is a deposit of cash into an *account* such deposit is subject to receipt and subsequent verification by *us* and where there is a discrepancy between the amount recorded by the *electronic equipment* or *access method* as having been deposited and the amount recorded by *us* as having been received, *you* will be notified of the difference as soon as possible and will be advised of the actual amount which has been credited to the nominated *account*. The security of deposits received at *our equipment* is *our* responsibility from the time the *EFT transaction* at *our equipment* is completed (subject to verification of the amount(s) deposited).

4.15.3 Deposits via direct debit

Any request for a direct debit must be signed by the end client/account holder. Only where the end client/account holder has signed the original application can a direct debit request be accepted and processed. Both account names (account being debited and Adelaide Bank account being credited) must be held in the same name. This form must be signed by you or your power of attorney.

Authorisation given by companies must be signed in one of the following ways:

- i. by two directors of the company
- ii. by a director and by a secretary of the company
- iii. for a proprietary company that has a sole director who is also the sole company secretary by the director
- iv. by a duly authorised attorney
- v. under seal (if required). *Accounts* held jointly must be signed by, or on behalf of, all *account* holders.
- We may vary any details of this agreement or direct debit request at any time by giving you at least fourteen (14) days
- written notice. You may change, stop or defer a debit payment, or terminate this agreement by providing us with at least 14 days notification by writing to your adviser or us.
- Direct debit dishonour may occur where both *accounts* are not held in the same name. Direct debit dishonour will occur where funds are not cleared and available in the corresponding institution. Direct debit dishonour fees may be charged by the corresponding institution where funds are not cleared and available or where *accounts* vary in name.
- The *account* will only generate interest from the day the funds are deposited (please allow minimum 3 days).
- If the debit day falls on a day that is not a banking day, we may direct your financial institution to debit your account on the following banking day. If you are unsure about which day your account has or will be debited you should ask your financial institution.
- It is *your* responsibility to ensure that there are sufficient cleared funds available in *your account* to allow a debit payment to be made in accordance with the direct debit request. If there are insufficient clear funds in *your account* to meet a debit payment:

- you may be charged a fee and/or interest by your financial institution
- you may also incur fees or charges imposed or incurred by us
- you must arrange for the debit payment to be made by another method or arrange for sufficient clear funds to be in your account by an agreed time so that we can process the debit payment
- you should check your account statement to verify that the amounts debited from your account are correct.

You should check:

- with *your* financial institution whether direct debiting is available from *your account* as direct debiting is not available on all accounts offered by financial institutions
- your account details which you have provided to us are correct by checking them against a recent account statement; and with your financial institution before completing the direct debit request.
- We will keep any information (including your account details) in your direct debit request confidential. We will make reasonable efforts to keep any such information that we have about you secure and to ensure that any of our employees or agents who have access to information about you do not make any unauthorised use, modification, reproduction or disclosure of that information.

We will only disclose information that we have about you:

- to the extent specifically required by law
- for the purposes of this *agreement* (including disclosing information in connection with any query or claim).
- We will also accept and promptly process any complaint from you that a direct debit payment transaction was unauthorised or irregular. In the case of direct debit transaction, again, we may suggest that you also contact the debit user.

4.15.4 Lost deposits

To the full extent permitted by law we are not liable for any loss arising from the loss or theft of any cheque, payment order or bill of exchange deposited with us. In addition to other rights, we may recover the amount of any such cheque, payment order or bill of exchange by debiting an account to which the amount of the cheque, payment order or bill of exchange had been credited. If we do, we will notify you as soon as possible.

4.16 Safeguarding payment instruments

You should safeguard payment instruments such as cards, cheques and bank cheques. Subject to clauses 4.10.10, 4.10.11, 4.10.12 and 4.22 you will be liable for all transactions arising from the use of a payment instrument until you have advised us of its loss, theft or misuse. If any of the above payment instruments are lost, stolen or misused, you should contact us immediately.

For circumstances in which you are liable for losses resulting from 'unauthorised *EFT transactions'*, see clause 4.22. Your liability for losses resulting from unauthorised *EFT transactions* will be determined under the *ePayments Code*

(as reflected in clause 4.22) rather than clause 4.17, except where your account is a business account in which case your liability for such losses will be determined under clause 4.22.1.

You should ensure that authorised operators are familiar with these guidelines as you may be liable for losses those authorised operators incur in relation to your account.

You should also refer to clause 4.24 in relation to your liability for other unauthorised transactions.

4.17 Guidelines – access method security

This clause sets out guidelines for users on ensuring the security of an access method. These are guidelines only.

4.17.1 Keeping your cards and codes secure

You may be provided with two types of security code numbers which you will need to access your account using a card or Home Banking Service. The PIN must be used to access your account through ATMs and EFTPOS retailers. An OBP must be used to access your account through Home Banking Services.

The security of access methods, in particular, cards, PINs and OBPs (or any other code) is very important. Users must make every effort to see that their card and any record of their PIN, OBP or other code are not misused, disclosed, lost or stolen. These guidelines are designed to assist you with security and to reduce the incidence of losses that you or we may incur.

4.17.2 Security guidelines generally

Users should:

- Sign a card as soon as it is received
- Not voluntarily disclose a PIN, OBP or other code to anyone (including to a family member or friend)
- Take reasonable steps to prevent another person observing the user entering their PIN, OBP or other code
- Not permit any other *person* to use any *card* that has been issued to the user
- If we permit the user to select or change a PIN, OBP or other code, not select a numeric code that represents the user's birth date or an alphabetical code which is a recognisable part of the user's name
- When using Online Banking exit the bank application before leaving the computer unattended and take reasonable steps to maintain the security of the user's hardware and software
- Not record their PIN on their card, or keep a record of their PIN on any article or articles normally carried with the card, or which are liable to loss or theft with the card
- Not record their OBP or other code used to access a Home Banking Service on a telephone or computer or keep a record of their OBP or any article or articles containing such other code which are liable to loss or theft with the record of the ORP

If a user requires a memory aid to recall their PIN, OBP, or other code, then if the user makes a record of that code they should make a reasonable attempt to protect the security of the code record.

For example, users should make a reasonable attempt to disguise the code within the record and take reasonable steps to prevent unauthorised access to the code record, for example by hiding or disguising the code record among other records or in places where a code record would not be expected to be found, by keeping the record of the code in a securely locked container or where the code is stored electronically and prevent unauthorised access to the relevant electronic record.

Users should not record a disguised PIN on their card or record a disguised OBP or other code used to access a Home Banking Service on a computer, disguise their code by reversing the number sequence, disguise a code using alphabetical characters or numbers (for example A=1, B=2, C=3, etc) or disguise a code using any of the following combinations (or parts of them):

- · Dates of birth
- Personal telephone numbers
- Car registration numbers
- Family members' names
- Social security numbers
- Licence numbers.

Users should not describe their disguised record as 'internet banking code', 'online code', 'access line code', 'PIN record', 'OBP record', or anything similar; or store their code in any low security electronic device of any kind, such as calculators, personal computers and electronic organisers.

Other means of disguise may also be inappropriate as they may allow someone else to ascertain the user's code. Users should exercise extreme care if they decide to record a memory aid for a code.

4.18 Business accounts and the ePayments Code

The ePayments Code does not apply to EFT transactions in relation to business accounts. If your account is a business account, then these terms and conditions are varied where expressly indicated in this section. Where it is indicated in this section that certain clauses do not apply in relation to business accounts, such clauses do not apply, despite them being referred to in other clauses (in which case such other clauses are to be read as if that reference to the clause that does not apply did not appear).

4.19 Changes to terms and conditions – transaction services

Subject to the conditions in clause 2.5.1, we may change these terms and conditions from time to time, including to:

- Impose or increase charges relating solely to the use of an access method, or the issue of an additional or replacement access method
- Increase your liability for losses relating to EFT transactions (subject to the liability limits in the ePayments Code to the extent that the ePayments Code applies)

• Impose, remove or adjust a daily transaction limit or other periodic transaction limit applying to the use of an *access method*, an *account* or *electronic equipment*.

We will give you such period of advance notice of any change as required by any applicable law, (including the applicable industry or other code of practice (including the ePayments Code and the Banking Code of Practice) or, if applicable to the change, the terms and conditions of your account. In the absence of any such requirement we will give you notice of any such change in advance of the date it takes effect. Any such notice will be given in writing, by advertisement in the national media or local media, or where permitted, electronically.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this clause, advance notice need not be given when changes are necessitated by an immediate need to restore or maintain the security of the system or individual *accounts*.

4.20 Complaints in relation to *transaction* services

4.20.1 Complaints in relation to EFT transactions

If a user has a complaint relating to an EFT transaction or any other matter covered by the ePayments Code, including any apparent error in a transaction or instances of unauthorised transactions or a query relating to an entry in, or an apparent error in, a statement of account, the following procedures will apply:

- a. The *user* must notify *us* promptly by telephoning *us* on the relevant numbers set out in the Contact details section of this *Guide* and must as soon as possible thereafter supply *us* with written confirmation of the complaint.
- b. If we are unable to resolve the matter immediately, the user will be given written advice of our procedures to investigate and handle the matter and will be required to give details of all relevant information regarding the complaint.
- c. Within 21 days of receiving the complaint, we will advise the user in writing of either the outcome of the investigation or the need for more time to complete our investigation.
- d. In all but exceptional cases, we will take less than 30 days to complete our investigation.
- e. If it is going to take longer than 30 days to resolve the complaint, we will:
- inform the user of the reasons for the delay
- provide the *user* with *monthly* updates on progress with the complaint
- specify a date when a decision can be reasonably expected, unless we are waiting for a response from the user and the user has been advised that we require such a response.
- inform the user the right to complain to AFCA If they are dissatisfied
- the contact details of AFCA
- f. When we complete our investigation, we will promptly inform the user of:
- the outcome

- *our* reasons for *our* decision, with reference to relevant provisions of the *ePayments Code*
- except where the complaint has been resolved completely in the *user*'s favour, the further action the *user* can take in respect of the *ePayments Code* including other avenues of dispute resolution that are available and the relevant contact details. This advice will be in writing unless the complaint is settled immediately to the satisfaction of the *user* and *us*.
- g. If we decide that an account has been incorrectly debited or credited, having regard to the provisions of the ePayments Code we will where appropriate adjust the balance of the account (including appropriate adjustments for any interest and/or charges) and tell you in writing of the amount by which the account has been debited or credited as a result.
- h. If we decide that you are liable under clauses 4.22 or 4.23 of this *Guide* for at least part of the amount of the transaction subject to complaint, we will make available to you copies of any document or other evidence (including information from the log or audit trail relating to the transaction) relevant to the outcome and will also advise you in writing whether there was a system or equipment malfunction at the time of the transaction.
- i. Where we decide to resolve a complaint concerning an 'unauthorised transaction' under clauses 4.22.2 or 4.22.3 and within 7 business days of receipt of the complaint, adjust your account pursuant to subclause (h) above to give effect to that decision and provide the user with the information required by subclauses (g) and (h) above, we are not required to comply with subclauses (b), (c) or (i) above in respect of the complaint concerning the unauthorised transaction.

4.20.2 Mistaken Internet Payments

If you have made a mistaken internet payment, you should report it to us as soon as possible. We will investigate your reported mistaken internet payment and inform you of the outcome in writing within 30 business days of your report.

If we are satisfied that a mistaken internet payment has occurred, we will contact the receiving bank. We are not required to take any further action if we are not satisfied that a mistaken internet payment has occurred.

If the *receiving bank* is also satisfied that a *mistaken internet* payment has occurred the next actions will depend on whether the *unintended recipient* has sufficient funds available in their account.

Where the *unintended recipient* has sufficient funds available in their account, the process depends on when *you* reported the *mistaken internet payment*.

- If you made the report within 10 business days, the receiving bank will withdraw the funds from the unintended recipients account.
- If you made the report between 10 business days and 7 months, the receiving bank will give the unintended recipient 10 business days to establish that they are entitled to those funds.

If the *unintended recipient* does not establish that they are entitled to the funds, the *receiving bank* will withdraw the funds from the *unintended recipients* account.

• If you made the report after 7 months, the receiving bank may try to get the consent of the unintended recipient to return the funds. If the unintended recipient consents, the receiving bank will withdraw those funds from the unintended recipients account.

Where the unintended recipient does not have sufficient funds available in their account, the receiving bank will use reasonable endeavours to retrieve the funds from the unintended recipient.

Where the *receiving bank* withdraws the funds from the unintended recipients account, the receiving bank will return the funds to us. We will then return the funds to you.

We are not required to credit your account for the amount of an incorrect 'pay anyone' payment pending investigation of your report.

We are not required to backdate funds to your account received from an unintended recipient, nor are we required to adjust interest applied to your account.

If the receiving bank is not satisfied that a mistaken internet payment has occurred the receiving bank may try to get the consent of the *unintended recipient* to return the funds.

You will be liable for losses arising from the mistaken internet payment if the receiving bank does not recover the funds from the unintended recipient.

If you are the unintended recipient of funds and if we are required to withdraw those funds from your account under the ePayments Code (as the receiving bank), you authorise us to withdraw those funds in accordance with the ePayments Code.

4.20.3 Business accounts

If your account is a business account, clause 4.20.1 will not apply. Any complaint in relation to a BPAY payment will be dealt with in accordance with the requirements of the BPAY scheme rules and operating procedures at that time. Other complaints will be dealt with in accordance with any industry or other code of practice which is applicable and which is binding on us, or will otherwise be dealt with as we see fit.

4.21 Your obligations

You are liable for all of your obligations under these terms and conditions both on your own and, for obligations in respect of your account and subject to the terms of that account, jointly with any one or more other persons who may hold the account jointly with you. Subject to any express

provisions in this section regarding liability, including liability under the ePayments Code or BPAY:

- We do not accept any liability or responsibility for disclosure of information relating to your account via any Home Banking Service where such information is obtained by or in conjunction with any person using your OBP
- We are not responsible or liable for any loss or damage suffered by you or any other person arising directly or indirectly from or in connection with Home Banking Services:
- should any Home Banking Service instruction (other than an instruction for an EFT transaction) not be performed, not be performed in its entirety, not be performed promptly, not be

performed in the way we have said it will perform, or is erroneous

- should our equipment refuse to accept an instruction at any time as a result of any loss, modification, damage or destruction of hardware or software including where caused by computer virus or program bugs or similar causes
- for any other reason where the law and any applicable code of practice (including the ePayments Code) do not provide that you are not so liable.

4.22 Liability for unauthorised EFT transactions

4.22.1 Application of this clause

This clause 4.22 deals with liability for EFT transactions which are not authorised by a user and does not apply to any transaction carried out by a user or by anyone performing a transaction with a user's knowledge and consent.

This clause 4.22 does not apply to any transaction relating to a business account. If you hold a business account, subject to clause 4.13, you will be liable for all transactions on your business account, whether authorised by a user, carried out by a user, by anyone performing a transaction with a user's knowledge and consent or by an unauthorised person.

4.22.2 When you are not liable for losses

You are not liable for losses resulting from unauthorised transactions:

- Occurring after notification to us that any card forming part of the access method has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of codes forming part of the access method has been breached
- Where it is clear that a user has not contributed to such losses. If a user is unable to report the loss, theft or unauthorised use of a card or breach of security by reason of our notification facilities being unavailable you are not liable for any losses occurring during the period in which such facilities were not available providing that notification is made to us within a reasonable time of the facility again becoming available.

You are also not liable for any losses:

- That are caused by the fraudulent or negligent conduct of our employees or agents or companies involved in networking arrangements or of merchants or of their agents or employees
- Relating to any component of an access method that is forged, faulty, expired or cancelled
- That arise from transactions which require the use of a card or code forming part of the user's access method and that occurred before the user has received any such card or code (including a reissued card or code),
- That are caused by the same transaction being incorrectly debited more than once to the same account.

4.22.3 When you are liable for losses

If clause 4.22.2 does not apply then *you* are liable for losses resulting from unauthorised transactions only as provided below:

- a. Where we can prove on the balance of probability that a user contributed to the losses through the user's fraud or the user's contravention of the rules for user codes in clause 4.22.4, you are liable for the actual losses which occur before we are notified that a card forming part of the access method has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of the codes forming part of the access method has been breached, but you are not liable for any loss that exceeds transaction or account limits as follows:
- i. that portion of the losses incurred on any one day which exceed the applicable daily transaction limit(s)
- ii. that portion of the losses incurred in a period which exceeds any other periodic transaction limit(s) applicable to that period
- iii. that portion of the total losses incurred on any *account* which exceeds the *balance* of that *account* (including, where the *ePayments Code* allows, any prearranged credit)
- iv. all losses incurred on any *accounts* which *you* and *we* had not agreed could be accessed using the *access method*.
- b. Where an access method includes more than one code and we prove that a user contravened the rules for user codes by voluntarily disclosing or by keeping a record of one or more codes but not all the codes in the access method, you are liable under this subclause:
- i. Only if we also prove on the balance of probability that the user's contravention of the rules for user codes was the dominant contributing cause of the losses.
- ii. The *user*'s unreasonable delay in giving notice where *we* can prove on the balance of probability that a *user* has contributed to losses resulting from unauthorised transactions by the *user*'s unreasonable delay in notifying *us* after becoming aware of the misuse, loss or theft of a *card* forming part of the *access method*, or that the security of all of the *codes* forming part of the *access method* has been breached, *you* are liable for the actual losses which occur between when the *user* became aware (or should reasonably have been aware in the case of a lost or stolen *card*) and when *we* were actually notified, but are not liable for any losses that exceed the transaction or *account* limits described above in paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of clause 4.22.3(a).
- c. Where a *code* was required to perform the unauthorised transactions and neither of clauses 4.22.3(a) or 4.22.3(b) apply, *you* are liable for the least of:

i. \$150

- ii. the *balance* of those *account*(s) (including any prearranged credit) from which value was transferred in the unauthorised transactions and which *you* and *we* have agreed may be accessed using the *access method*
- iii. the actual loss at the time *we* are notified (where relevant) that the *card* has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of *codes* has been breached (excluding that portion of the losses incurred on any one day which exceed any applicable daily transaction or other periodic transaction limit(s)).

d. If you have contributed to the loss by leaving a card in an ATM which incorporates reasonable safety standards that mitigate the risk of a card being left in the ATM.

4.22.4 Rules for user codes

Where an access method utilises a code or codes, a user must comply with the following rules:

- The *user* must not voluntarily disclose one or more of the *codes* to anyone, including a family member or friend
- Where the access method also utilises a card, the user must not indicate one or more of the codes on the card, or keep a record of one or more of the codes (without making any reasonable attempt to protect the security of the code records) on the one article, or on several articles, carried with the card or liable to loss or theft simultaneously with the card
- Where the access method comprises a code or codes without a card, the user must not keep a record of all the codes (without making any reasonable attempt to protect the security of the code records) on the one article, or on several articles so that they are liable to loss or theft simultaneously
- Where we permit the user to select or change a code and, immediately before the user's selection or change of the code, we specifically instruct the user not to select a numeric code which represents the user's date of birth or an alphabetical code which is a recognisable part of the user's name and warn the user of the consequences of such a selection, then the user must not select such a numeric or alphabetical code
- The *user* must not act with extreme carelessness in failing to protect the security of the *code*.

Where we expressly:

- Authorise particular conduct by a *user* (either generally or subject to conditions), the engaging in that conduct by the *user* (within any applicable conditions) is not a contravention of the *rules for user codes*
- Or impliedly promote, endorse or authorise the use of an account access service by a user (including the hosting of an account access service at our electronic address), disclosure, recording or storage of a code by a user that is required or recommended for the purpose of using that account access service is not a contravention of the rules for user codes.

For the purposes of the *rules for user codes*, a reasonable attempt to protect the security of a *code* record includes either or both of making any reasonable attempt to disguise the *code*(s) within the record and taking reasonable steps to prevent unauthorised access to the *code* record.

4.23 Liability in cases of system or equipment malfunction

We are responsible to users for loss caused by the failure of our system or our equipment to complete an EFT transaction accepted by our system or our equipment in accordance with the user's instructions.

A *user* is entitled to make claims for consequential damage in relation to an *EFT transaction* which may arise as a result of a malfunction of *our system* or *our equipment* however

caused, except where the user should have been aware that the system or equipment was unavailable for use or malfunctioning, in which case our responsibilities are limited to the correction of any errors in the account, and the refund of any charges or fees imposed on you as a result.

This clause does not apply to any transaction relating to a business account. If you hold a business account, subject to clause 4.13, you will be liable for all transactions on your business account, whether authorised by a user, carried out by a user, by anyone performing a transaction with a user's knowledge and consent or by an unauthorised person.

4.24 Liability - other transactions

You are liable for any card transaction:

- Which is not authorised by a user or which is not carried out by a user or by anyone performing a transaction with the user's knowledge or consent
- Which is not an EFT transaction (such as the use of a card to make a purchase where a PIN is not used and a voucher is signed to authorise the transaction), but you will not be liable for any such transaction that occurs after we receive notice from you that the card has been lost or stolen.

You are liable for transactions which are authorised by a user or which are carried out by a user or by anyone performing a transaction with a user's knowledge or consent.

This clause does not apply to any transaction relating to a business account. If your account is a business account, subject to clause 4.13, you will be liable for all transactions on your account whether authorised by a user, carried out by a user, by anyone performing a transaction with a user's knowledge and consent or by an unauthorised person.

4.25 Limits on indemnities and exclusions of liabilities

You are not liable to us under any indemnity contained in these terms and conditions in relation to any loss, damage, charge, expense, fee or claim suffered or incurred by us as a result of fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct of us, our employees or agents or a receiver appointed by us.

Any term in these terms and conditions which excludes our liability to you does not exclude any liability we may have to you directly as a result of fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct of us, our employees or agents or a receiver appointed by us.

Any indemnity or exclusion of liability only applies to the extent that it is lawful and consistent with the Banking Code of Practice and the ePayments Code.

4.26 Implied conditions and warranties

Some legislation (including the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 and the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001) implies conditions and warranties into particular types of contract, and some legislation does not permit such conditions and warranties to be excluded, restricted or modified. The terms and conditions contained in this section are limited such that they do not exclude, restrict or modify any of those rights.

5. Part E – Fees and charges

5.1 Fees and charges payable

You agree to pay us:

- All fees and charges described in this Guide plus any new fees and charges we impose under the terms and conditions,
- Government charges, including all additional government stamp and other duties and charges payable on receipts or withdrawals under these terms and conditions, including, where applicable, on credit business in Queensland (these duties and charges are payable by you at the time, as a matter of law, they are required to be paid), and
- Any expenses we incur in enforcing the terms and conditions of your account. You authorise us to debit any of these amounts to your account. We may do so on or after the date we pay them or the date they become due or payable by you or us (whichever is earlier).

We can at any time choose not to collect a fee or charge from you. This does not prejudice our right to collect the fee or charge in the future. The amount or frequency or time of payment of a fee or charge may change or a new fee or charge may be imposed in accordance with these terms and conditions.

Information about fees and charges is available on request by contacting us. Our contact details can be found in the contact details section of this Guide.

5.1.1 General fees and charges

Type of Transaction Service fee	What type of fee	Fee amount	When is the fee charged
ATM withdrawal, transfer or <i>balance</i> enquiry	Charged for each withdrawal, transfer or balance enquiry you make at a Bendigo Bank ATM or an ATM that forms part of a Bendigo Bank shared ATM network	Free	
EFTPOS purchase and/or withdrawal	Charged for each <i>purchase</i> and/or withdrawal <i>you</i> make via EFTPOS	\$0.70	Charged to your account on the last
Personal cheque withdrawal	Charged for each personal cheque you write and is drawn on your account	\$0.70	banking day of each month
Bank@Post withdrawal or deposit	Charged for each withdrawal or deposit <i>you</i> make via <i>Bank@Post</i>	\$4.00	
Branch withdrawal, transfer or encashment of a personal cheque	Charged for each <i>branch</i> withdrawal, transfer or encashment of a personal cheque	\$2	

5.1.2 Cheque fees

Cheque fees	What type of fee	Fee amount	When is the fee charged
Bank cheque withdrawal	Charged for each bank cheque that you request	\$10	
Cheque search fee	Charged when you request us to provide you with a copy of, or access to, a cleared personal or bank cheque drawn on your account	\$60 per hour (min charge \$15)	Charged immediately
Stop payment of personal cheque	Charged to your account when you request that a stop payment be placed on a personal cheque	\$10	to your account
Stop payment of Bank cheque	Charged to your account when you request that a stop payment be placed on a Bank cheque, which prevents anyone from cashing the cheque (only available in limited circumstances)	\$20	

5.1.3 Other fees

Other fees	What type of fee	Fee amount	When is the fee charged
Swift	Charged to <i>your account</i> when <i>you</i> request a same-day transfer of funds to be made electronically to a non-Adelaide Bank account	\$30	
Telegraphic transfer	Charged when <i>you</i> request <i>us</i> to electronically transfer foreign or Australian currency overseas	\$30	
Inward telegraphic transfer (domestic)	Acceptance of payment of an Australian financial institution for fast transfer to any Adelaide Bank account	\$2	
Inward telegraphic transfer (international)	Acceptance of payments in foreign currency for transfer to any Adelaide Bank account	\$10	
Coin counting fee	Payable if loose or incorrectly bagged coins are deposited to <i>your account</i> at a <i>branch</i>	\$1 per bag (min charge \$5 for non- customers)	Charged immediately to your account
Lost or damaged <i>card</i> replacement (within Australia)	Charged when <i>you</i> request <i>us</i> to replace each lost or damaged Cash <i>card</i> while within Australia	Nil	
Interbank credit transfer	Charged when <i>you</i> request a <i>branch</i> transfer of funds to a non-Adelaide Bank account	\$4	
Bank warrant	Charged when <i>you</i> request a same day transfer of funds to be made to a non-Adelaide Bank account	\$25	
Special service	Charged when <i>you</i> require <i>us</i> to perform a special service on <i>your</i> behalf. For example, this may be charged for non-standard time consuming activities that <i>you</i> request <i>us</i> to undertake	\$60 per hour (min charge \$30)	

5.1.4 Documentation and search fees

Documentation and search fees	What type of fee	Fee amount	When is the fee charged
Interim statement fee	Charged when you request an account statement to be produced before your next regularly scheduled statement	\$5 per statement	
Duplicate statement fee	Charged when you request a copy of a statement that we have previously provided to you	\$5 per statement	Charged immediately to your account
Closing details	Charged if you request a copy of details on a closed account	\$5 per request	to your account
Transaction summary	Charged when <i>you</i> request a summary of transactions performed on <i>your account</i>	\$5	

5.1.5 Default and dishonour fees

Default and dishonour fees	What type of fee	Fee amount	When is the fee charged
Direct Debit dishonour	Charged when there are insufficient funds in your account to cover an inward direct debit	\$10	Charged immediately to your account
Outward cheque dishonour	Charged when there are insufficient funds in your account to cover a cheque you have written	\$10	

5.2 How to minimise fees

Simple ways to reduce the fees and charges payable on your account can include the number of withdrawals you make. For example, if you currently withdraw small amounts of money a number of times a week, you may wish to withdraw a larger amount only once or twice a week. When making purchases via EFTPOS the retailer may allow you to take cash out at the same time. This will be considered as one transaction only.

Selecting free transactions or transactions that attract a lower fee. For example, if you currently visit a branch to make regular withdrawals, consider using your card at an ATM instead.

Transactions that are free of charge include:

- Bendigo Bank ATM withdrawals, transfers or balance enquiries
- Cash deposits (at any Bendigo Bank branch)
- Auto deductions (a transfer from one Adelaide Bank account to another Adelaide Bank account)
- Regular payment plan
- BPAY to Adelaide Bank accounts
- Direct credits
- Online Banking balance enquiries.

6. Part F – General matters

6.1 Adjustments

We may subsequently adjust debits and credits to your account so as to accurately reflect the legal obligations of you and us (for example, because of an error or a dishonour). If we do this we may make consequential adjustments (including to interest charges).

6.2 End of day

A day of the week ends for any purpose under this agreement at 5.00pm Central Standard Time (CST).

6.3 Variations and waivers

A provision of these terms and conditions, or a right created under it, may not be waived except in writing signed by the party or parties to be bound. We may agree to change these terms and conditions or defer or waive any of these terms and conditions without creating a new agreement.

6.4 Time

A reference to a time in this Guide is a reference to Central Standard Time (CST).

6.5 How we may exercise our rights

Acting reasonably at all times, we may exercise a right or remedy or give or refuse our consent in any way we consider appropriate including by imposing reasonable conditions. If we do not exercise a right or remedy fully or at a given time, we can still exercise it later. Our rights and remedies under these terms and conditions are in addition to other rights and remedies provided by law independently of it or by any other agreement.

We may only exercise our rights under a term in these terms and conditions to the extent (if any) reasonably necessary to protect our legitimate interests. This clause applies to a term in these terms and conditions, despite any other term, if it:

- is subject to unfair contract terms legislation; and
- is to our advantage; and
- causes a significant imbalance in the rights and obligations of you and us under these terms and conditions; and
- would cause detriment to you if we applied the term or relied on the term.

Words used in this clause have the meanings given to them in the unfair contract terms legislation.

Our rights and remedies under these terms and conditions may be exercised by any of our employees or any other person we authorise.

6.6 Our certificates

We may give you a certificate about a matter or about an amount payable in connection with these terms and conditions. We may use the certificate as evidence of the matter or amount, unless it is incorrect.

6.7 Assignment

We may assign our rights under these terms and conditions. You agree that we may disclose any information or documents we consider desirable to help us exercise this right. Your rights are personal to you and may not be assigned without our written consent.

6.8 Hold Authority

You acknowledge and agree that:

- Sandhurst may, acting reasonably and in its discretion, place, maintain and remove a hold on your account, for example, in the event of fraud, or on your instruction or the instruction of any authorised operator who has full access operator status, including your financial adviser or stockbroker.
- A hold will make the funds unavailable to you. This may prevent transactions from being processed and fees may be incurred (e.g. cheque dishonours, direct debit dishonours). Neither we, Sandhurst, your financial adviser or stockbroker, takes any responsibility for fees incurred by you as a result. This Guide sets out details of dishonour fees.

6.9 Inconsistent legislation

Where legislation applies to these terms and conditions then if that legislation would otherwise make a provision of these terms and conditions illegal, void or unenforceable, or a provision of these terms and conditions would otherwise contravene a requirement of that legislation or impose an obligation or liability that is prohibited by legislation, these terms and conditions are to be read as if that provision were varied to the extent necessary to comply with that legislation or, if necessary, omitted.

To the extent allowed by law and subject to the paragraph above, these terms and conditions prevail to the extent they are inconsistent with any law.

6.10 Applicable law

These terms and conditions are governed by the law in force in Victoria. You and we submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of that place.

7. Part G – Glossary and interpretation

Glossary

In this Guide the following expressions have the following meanings:

access method

- Means a method authorised by us for use by a user and accepted by us as authority for us to act on an instruction given through electronic equipment to debit or credit an EFT account, and
- Comprises the use of one or more components including cards, identifiers, codes or a combination of these, and
- Does not include a method requiring the user's manual signature where the comparison of the appearance of that manual signature with a written specimen signature is the principal intended means of authenticating a user's authority to give the instruction (whether or not that means is used in a particular transaction).

account means an account opened in accordance with the Adelaide Cash Management Product Disclosure Statement issued by Sandhurst and referred to within that document as a 'CMT account'. The account records all transactions in connection with this Guide.

account access service means a service for the purposes of which either or both of the following apply:

- The user must provide one or more codes to a service provider to enable the service provider or another person to access accounts on behalf of the user (for example, an account aggregator service), or
- The user must record or store one or more codes in a manner required by the service provider to facilitate the user, the service provider or another person acting on behalf of the user to access EFT accounts using that code or codes.

ADI has the same meaning as 'Authorised Deposit-taking Institution' in the Banking Act 1959 (Cth).

adviser includes a Financial Adviser, Stockbroker, Accountant, Solicitor, or Australian Financial Services Licence holder, with whom we have a distribution agreement.

authorised operator means any person who is appointed as an authorised operator in accordance with the Adelaide Cash Management Trust Product Disclosure Statement issued by Sandhurst and is able to operate your account as described in this Guide.

available balance means that amount of cleared funds in your account.

available credit means that amount of any credit limit not then advanced by us to you.

balance means the amount standing to the credit or debit of your account.

balance owing on your account means, at any time, the excess of all amounts debited over all amounts credited to your account under these terms and conditions at the time. When this amount is to be calculated at the end of a day, it includes all debits and credits assigned to that day.

banking day means a day other than a Sunday or national holiday in Australia.

Bank@Post means the facility made available at any participating Australia Post outlet to enable you to transact on your account.

biller means an organisation which tells you that you can make a payment to them through BPAY.

BPAY means the electronic payments scheme through which we can be asked to make payments on your behalf to billers.

BPAY day means any day on which banks in Melbourne or Sydney are able to effect settlement through the Reserve Bank of Australia.

BPAY payment means a payment made through BPAY.

branch means any branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

business account means an account which is designed primarily for use by a business and is established primarily for business purposes.

business day is a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a national holiday in Australia.

card means any Cashcard issued by us to you or to an authorised operator which bears the Cashcard symbol, and linked to an account.

cash advance means each amount:

- Of cash supplied by use of a card
- Transferred from an account to another account with us or another *person* by use of a *card* or by use of an *electronic* banking device
- Provided for refinancing another contract with us or another person, or
- Charged as a result of use of the card for a bill paying service other than a BPAY payment (whether through the Home Banking Service or otherwise) or to acquire a cash substitute (such as a traveller's cheque).

closing balance means, in relation to a statement period, the balance shown on the relevant statement of account as the closing balance.

code means information the content of which is known to the *user* and is intended to be known only to the *user* or only to the user and to us which we require the user to keep secret and which the user must provide (in any manner) to or through electronic equipment in order to access an EFT account.

costs means charges and expenses, including charges and expenses in connection with Legal and other advisers.

direct debit account means your account with a ledger financial institution.

direct debit system means the electronic payment system used by participating institutions to effect your transactions. EFT account means an account which we permit a user to initiate a funds transfer from or to using an access method through electronic equipment.

EFT transaction means a funds transfer initiated by giving an instruction, through electronic equipment and using an access method, to us (directly or indirectly) to debit or credit an EFT account maintained by us.

electronic banking device means an electronic device through which transactions on your account may be made using a card including an ATM or EFTPOS facility.

electronic equipment means an electronic device that allows access to Home Banking Services such as an electronic terminal, computer, tablet computer, television or telephone (mobile or landline).

ePayments Code means the ePayments Code published by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

Guide means this booklet.

Home Banking Service means any service we make available at any time through a communication network (Online Banking) so that you and we may transmit and receive information electronically (including in relation to accounts).

identifier means information the content of which is known to the user but not only to the user and which the user is not required to keep secret and which the user must provide (in any manner) to or through electronic equipment in order to access an EFT account (examples of an identifier include an account number, a card number and a card expiry date).

insolvent means being unable to pay debts when they fall due.

ledger financial institution means the financial institution with which the direct debit account is held (this may be us or another financial institution).

mistaken internet payment means a payment by a user through a 'pay anyone' internet banking facility and processed by an ADI through direct entry where funds are paid into the account of an unintended recipient because the user enters or selects a Bank/ State/ Branch (BSB) number and/or account number that does not belong to the named and/or intended recipient as a result of:

- The user's error; or
- The user being advised of the wrong BSB number and/or account number.

This does not include payments made using BPAY.

mobile banking means access to Online Banking in a format optimised for electronic equipment with smaller screens and with limited functionality.

month or monthly means calendar month.

OBP or Online Banking Password means a password which is issued to a user by us to enable the use of an Online Banking service through electronic equipment.

officer means any one of our directors, secretaries or managers and any other *person* empowered by the directors or these terms and conditions to give directions in relation to the management of our business.

online banking payment means a payment made using the online banking payment service.

online banking payment service means our internet payment service (including the features known as 'AnyPay' and 'BatchPay') but does not include BPAY.

our equipment means electronic equipment controlled or provided by us or on our behalf to facilitate EFT transactions.

our system means an electronic system, communications system or software controlled or provided by us or on our behalf to facilitate EFT transactions.

payee means the person receiving an online banking payment, a cheque payment or a regular payment.

payment date means that day nominated by you as the day on which a regular payment is to occur, commencing on the start date and at the nominated frequency thereafter.

payment option means the payment option nominated by you in relation to a regular payment facility and as varied by you from time to time.

person includes an individual, a firm, a body corporate, an association or an authority.

PIN means the personal identification number issued to a user by us for use with a card through any electronic banking device.

purchase means the amount charged by the supplier for the supply of any goods or services purchased by the use of a card, except for amounts which are cash advances.

receiving bank means an ADI who subscribes to the ePayment Code where their customer is the unintended recipient.

regular payment means a regular electronic payment as described in this Guide.

rules for user codes means the rules described in clause 4.22.4 of this Guide.

Sandhurst means Sandhurst Trustees Limited (ABN 16 004 030 737, AFSL No. 237906) who is the responsible entity of the Adelaide Cash Management Trust (ARSN 088 786 681, APIR AMF0100AU) ('the Trust')

statement of account means a statement of account issued to you, pursuant to the Adelaide Cash Management Trust Product Disclosure Statement.

statement period means the period described on a statement of account as the period to which the statement of account relates.

terms and conditions means the terms and conditions contained in this Guide.

transaction service means a method by which we allow you to access your account, and includes a Home Banking Service, a regular payment, a third party direct debit and a cheque or card facility linked to your account.

unintended recipient means the recipient of funds as a result of a mistaken internet payment.

user means you and an authorised operator, or either of these as the context requires.

we means Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited ABN 11 068 049 178 and its successors and assigns, including Adelaide Bank as a division of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and our and us has corresponding meaning.

you means the *person* who is the *account* holder and *your* has a corresponding meaning. The singular includes the plural and vice versa.

Interpretation

In this Guide, unless the context otherwise requires:

- Headings do not affect interpretation
- Words of one gender include any gender
- A reference to:

i. an access method includes a reference to each of the individual components that are part of the access method (including cards, identifiers and codes).

ii. a document includes any variation or replacement of it. iii. law means common law, principles of equity and laws made by Parliament (and laws made by Parliament include regulations and other instruments under them, and consolidations, amendments, re-enactments or replacements of them).

iv. any thing includes the whole and each part of it. v. a clause or part is to a clause of or part of this Guide.



Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited ABN 11 068 049 178 169 10/24