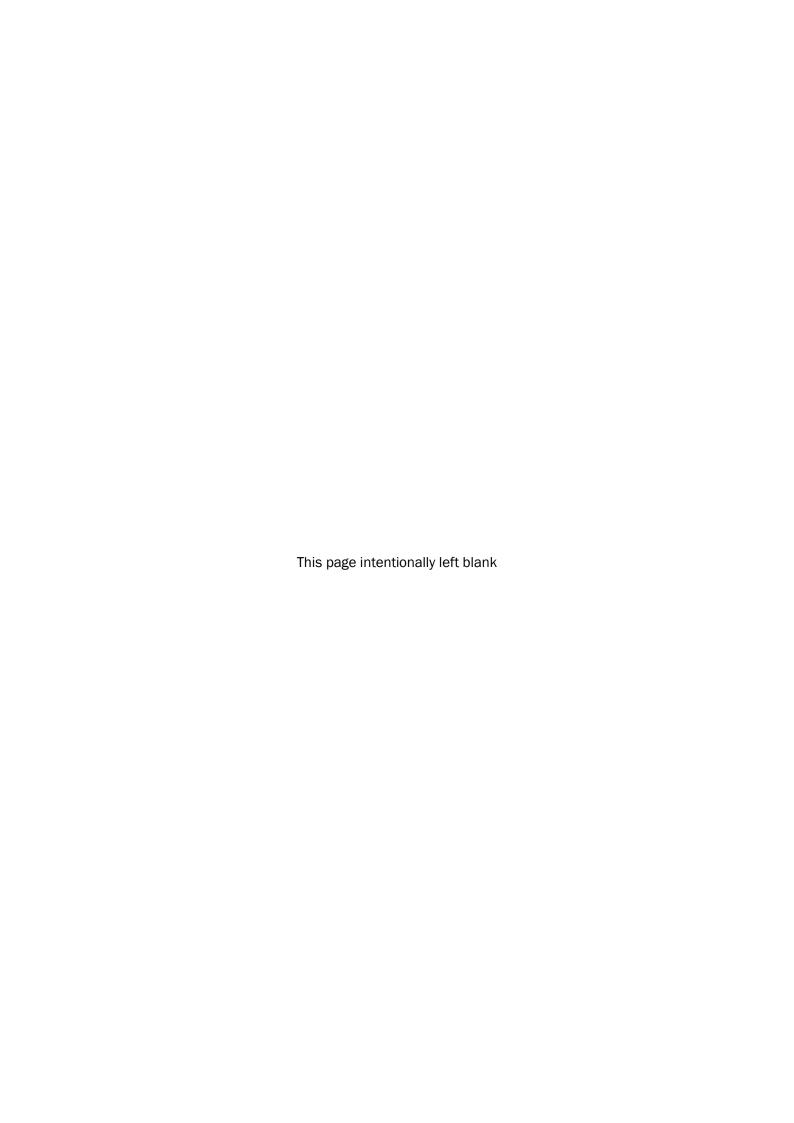
Adelaide Cash Management Trust

ARSN 088 786 681

Annual Report 2025

The responsible entity and issuer of this product is Sandhurst Trustees Limited ABN 16 004 030 737 AFSL 237906 a subsidiary of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited ABN 11 068 049 178 AFSL 237879



ADELAIDE CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST ARSN 088 786 681	
Annual Financial Report For the year ended 30 June 2025	

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		ABN 16 004 030 737
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		Telephone: (03) 5485 6776
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		Ernst & Young
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		8 Exhibition Street
		Melbourne, VIC, 3000

Administration and Registry

Sandhurst Trustees Limited Level 4, 555 Collins Street Melbourne, VIC, 3000 Telephone: 1800 634 969 Facsimile: 1800 835 800

Adelaide Cash Management Trust ARSN 088 786 681

Directors' Report

In accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001(Cth)*, the directors of Sandhurst Trustees Limited (ABN 16 004 030 737), the 'Responsible Entity', 'Manager' and 'Trustee' of the Adelaide Cash Management Trust ('the Trust'), submit their report for the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Directors

The name of each person who has been a director of Sandhurst Trustees Limited, during the financial year and to the date of this report are:

Vicki Carter Patricia Margaret Payn Richard John Baker Alexandra Maris Tullio Luke Davidson Chair (Resigned 15 August 2024) Chair (Appointed 15 August 2024)

Company Secretary

The name of the Company Secretary at the end of the financial year and at the date of this report is: Susan Kamler

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Trust is the pooling of investors' funds and the investment of these funds.

The Trust did not have any employees during the year ended 30 June 2025.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the financial year.

Managed investment scheme

The Trust is an Australian registered managed investment scheme, and was constituted on 25 June 1998. Sandhurst Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Trust is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

Net assets attributable to unitholders

Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified and disclosed as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. Consequently, the Trust has recognised distributions to unitholders as a finance cost in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Review of results and operations

In accordance with its Constitution (in the form of a trust deed), the Trust maintained its entire investment on deposit with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

The revenue earned by the Trust is derived solely as interest from the investment with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Results and distributions

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Total interest income	7,816	8,418
Distributions to unitholders for the financial year were:		
Interim distributions paid	6,387	6,849
Final distribution payable	506	580
	6,893	7,429

Performance

The performance of the Trust during the year is summarised in the following table:

2025	1 year	3 years	5 years
	%	%	%
	3.80	3.36	2.07
2024	1 year	3 years	5 years
	%	%	%
	3.84	2.16	1.36

Units on issue

The movement in the units on issue of the Trust for the year was as follows:

	2025	2024
	Units '000	Units '000
Units issued	355,480	344,599
Units redeemed	(354,351)	(362,063)
Units on issue as at 30 June	185,049	183,920

Directors' Report (Cont).

Units on issue (Cont).

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Value of total Trust assets	185.636	184.581

The basis for valuation of the Trust's assets is disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements

Environmental, social and governance (ESG)

Sandhurst Trustees Limited does not take into account labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations in the selection, retention or realisation of investments relating to the Trust.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

No significant changes in the Trust's state of affairs occurred during the year.

Significant events after the reporting date

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affected, or may affect, the Trust's operations in future financial years, the results of those operations or the Trust's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results

The investment strategy of the Trust will be maintained in accordance with the Trust Constitution and investment objectives as detailed in the most recent Product Disclosure Statement.

Options

No options over units in the Tust were granted during or since the end of the year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

Indemnities and insurance premiums of officers or directors

Under the Trust's Constitution, the Responsible Entity, including its officers and employees, is indemnified out of the Trust's assets for any loss, damage, expense or other liability incurred by it in properly performing or exercising any of its powers, duties or rights in relation to the Trust.

The Trust has not indemnified any auditor of the Trust.

During the financial year each director and officer of the Responsible Entity was insured against liability and legal expenses incurred in their respective capacities. This insures against certain liability (subject to specified exclusions) for persons who are or have been directors of the Responsible Entity or executive officers of the Responsible Entity.

The Responsible Entity has not provided any insurance to a related body corporate or to an auditor of the Responsible Entity.

Interests of the Responsible Entity

The interests in the Trust held by the Responsible Entity at the end on the year are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

The following fees were paid to Sandhurst Trustees Limited and its associates out of the Trust during the financial year:

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Management fees paid/payable to the Responsible Entity	923	989

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on the following page.

Rounding

The amounts contained in the financial report and the Directors' Report have been rounded under the option available to the Trust under the ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191. The Trust is an entity to which the Instrument applies, and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the Directors' Report and the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (where rounding is appropriate).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Patricia Margaret Payn

group

Chair Adelaide



Ernst & Young 8 Exhibition Street Melbourne VIC 3000 Australia GPO Box 67 Melbourne VIC 3001 Tel: +61 3 9288 8000 Fax: +61 3 8650 7777 ey.com/au

Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Sandhurst Trustees Limited, as Responsible Entity for Adelaide Cash Management Trust

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Adelaide Cash Management Trust for the financial year ended 30 June 2025, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c. No non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Emma Reekie Partner

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
Income	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Interest income	3(a)	7,816	8,418
Expenses			
Manager's fees	3(b)	923	989
Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs)		6,893	7,429
Finance costs			
Distributions to unitholders	3(c)	6,893	7,429
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders		-	

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	185,049	183,920
Other receivables	6	587	661
Total assets		185,636	184,581
Liabilities			
Other payables	7	587	661
Total liabilities excluding net assets attributable to unitholders	_		
		587	661
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	8	185,049	183,920

 $The above \, Statement \, of \, Financial \, Position \, should \, be \, read \, in \, conjunction \, with \, the \, accompanying \, notes \, to \, the \, financial \, statements.$

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance		183,920	201,384
Net profit attibutable to unitholders (before finance costs)		6,893	7,429
Distribution to unitholders	3(c)	(6,893)	(7,429)
Application for units		355,480	344,599
Redemption of units	8	(354,351)	(362,063)
Closing balance	_	185,049	183,920

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		7,890	8,448
Fees paid to Manager/Related Entity and Trustee/Custodian		(923)	(998)
Net cash flows from operating activities	5(b)	6,967	7,450
Cash flows from financing activities			
Applications for units		348,513	337,149
Redemption of units		(354,351)	(362,063)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(5,838)	(24,914)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,129	(17,464)
Cash and cash equivalents held at the beginning of the year		183,920	201,384
Cash and cash equivalents held	_		
at the end of the year	4	185,049	183,920

 $The above \, Statement \, of \, Cash \, Flows \, should \, be \, read \, in \, conjunction \, with \, the \, accompanying \, notes \, to \, the \, financial \, statements.$

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Corporate information

The financial report of Adelaide Cash Management Trust (the Trust) for the year ended 30 June 2025 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors of the Responsible Entity on 22 September 2025. The Trust is an Australian registered managed investment scheme, constituted on 25 June 1998. Sandhurst Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Trust, is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

2. Summary of material accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB).

The financial report has been prepared on a historical cost basis. The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. Additional information regarding this is included in the relevant notes. The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000) under the option available to the Fund under ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 unless otherwise stated.

The Trust is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing financial statements. The directors have the power to amend the financial statements after issue

(b) Statement of compliance

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the AASB and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(c) Changes in accounting policies

New and amended standards and interpretations

A number of new and amended standards and interpretations issued by the AASB and IASB became effective for the financial year ended 30 June 2025. These did not result in material changes to the Trust's accounting policies.

Recently issued or amended standards not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been published but are not mandatory for the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025. These have not been applied by the Trust in preparing these financial statements. Unless otherwise indicated below, these are not expected to have a material impact on the Trust's financial statements.

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements was issued in June 2024 and will be effective for the Trust on 1 July 2027. AASB 18 replaces AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements as the standard describing financial statements and setting out requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information in financial statements. Amongst other changes, it introduces the concept of the "management-defined performance measures" to financial statements and requires the classification of transactions presented within the statement of profit or loss within one of five categories – operating, investing, financing, income taxes, and discontinued operations. Although the new Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the recognition or measurement policies of the Trust, it is expected to have an impact on how the Trust presents and discloses financial performance in its financial statements.

(d) Comparative revisions

In certain circumstances, reclassifications or changes in accounting policies may require a restatement of comparative information. No changes to comparative information have been made to the current year.

(e) Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets

The Trust classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The Trust classifies its assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

For cash and cash equivalents and other receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows. The contractual terms of these assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (distributions payable and management fees payable).

Recognition and derecognition

The Trust recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Trust has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

2. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Financial instruments (continued)

Measurement

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Trust measures financial assets and financial liabilities at their fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as part of administration fees by the Responsible Entity.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise. Interest earned on these instruments is recorded separately in interest revenue in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured according to their classification using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the assets and liabilities are derecognised, as well as through the amortisation process.

The effective interest method (EIR) is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating and recognising the interest income or interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Trust estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments, but does not consider expected credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

When an investment is disposed, the cumulative gain or loss, net of tax thereon, is recognised as realised gains and losses from the sale of financial instruments in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Impairmen

At each reporting date, the Trust shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash and cash equivalents and other receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Trust shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that credit risk may have significantly increased. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when the Trust has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the Statement of Financial Position

(f) Interest income

Interest income is recognised when control of the right to receive consideration has been attained. Interest income comprises interest earned on deposits held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and is recognised as the interest accrues using the effective interest rate method.

(g) Distribution to unitholders

Income is credited monthly to unitholders' accounts in accordance with the Trust's product disclosure statement.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position is comprised of cash at bank and on hand, and short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash on hand and at bank and short-term investments are stated at nominal value.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and at bank, short-term money market investments readily convertible into cash within two business days, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(i) Income tax

Under current Income Tax Legislation, the Trust is not liable to pay income tax provided the unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Trust and the Trust fully distributes its net taxable income.

2. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

(i) Economic dependency

The Trust invests its entire assets wholly with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(k) Terms and conditions on units

Each unit confers upon the unitholder an equal interest in the Trust (subject to income entitlements), and is of equal value. A unit does not confer an interest in any particular asset or investment of the Trust. Unitholders have various rights under the Constitution and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), including the right to:

- have their units redeemed:
- receive income distributions;
- attend and vote at meetings of unitholders; and
- participate in the termination and winding up of the Trust.

As unitholders have the ability to redeem units from the Trust, all unitholders' funds have been classified as liabilities of the Trust. All distributions paid and payable are classified as finance costs in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(l) Other receivables

Receivables include amounts where settlement has not yet occurred. Receivables are carried at original amounts less any provision for expected credit loss. Interest is accrued at the balance date from the last payment. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables. Due to the short term nature of these receivables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

(m) Other payables

Payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Trust, and include outstanding settlements on the purchase of investments and distributions payable. The carrying period is dictated by market conditions and is generally less than 30 days. Payables are measured at amortised cost. Due to the short term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

(n) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Net assets attributable to unitholders are represented by the residual interest in the assets of the Trust after deducting its liabilities.

It is represented by units to be issued and undistributed income attributable to unitholders (otherwise termed as Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders). Costs directly attributable to the issue of units are shown in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds of issuance.

(o) Unit prices

Unit prices are determined in accordance with the Trust's Constitution.

The value of each unit is fixed at \$1.00.

(p) Expenses

 ${\bf All\ expenses\ are\ recognised\ in\ the\ Statement\ of\ Comprehensive\ Income\ on\ an\ accruals\ basis.}$

(q) Capital management

The manager manages the net assets attributable to unitholders as capital; not withstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Trust is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Responsible Entity monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Trust. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Responsible Entity may return capital to unitholders. The Trust is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

(r) Goods and services tax (GST)

Expenses incurred by the Trust are recognised net of the amount of GST that can be recovered from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts recognised as receivables and payables at balance date are inclusive of GST. Reduced input tax credits (RITC) recoverable by the Trust from the ATO are recognised as receivables in the Statement of Financial Position.

(s) Material accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of the Trust's financial statement does not require management to make any material judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

The material accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current financial year and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated. Where necessary, comparative information has been re-presented to be consistent with current period disclosures.

(t) Functional and presentation currency

The Trust's functional and presentation currency is the Australian Dollar, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. The Trust's performance is evaluated and its liquidity is managed in Australian Dollars. Therefore, the Australian Dollar is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

3. Interest income, expenses and distribution to unitholders

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Interest income			
Interest from deposits		7,816	8,418
(In) Frances	_	7,816	8,418
(b) Expenses Manager's fees		923	989
Tuninger 3 lees		923	989
(c) Finance costs - distribution to unitholders			
Accrued distribution at the beginning of the year		(580)	(601)
Distributions paid for 30 June 2025		6,967	7,450
Accrued distribution as at 30 June 2025		506	580
	_	6,893	7,429
4. Cash and cash equivalents		2025	2024
		2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Deposit with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited		185,049	183,920
Dopoole Man Borrango ama / lastialas Barrie Emiliosa		100,010	100,020
Average balance		184,815	197,427
Average interest rate		4.23%	4.26%
5. Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows			
		2025	2024
		\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents			
Deposit with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited		185,049	183,920
		,	,
net cash flows from operating activities			
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs)		6,893	7,429
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net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable		- 74 -	1 30 (10)
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable		· -	1 30
(b) Reconciliation of net profit attributable to unitholders to net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities 6. Other receivables		- 74 -	1 30 (10)
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities	=	- 74 -	1 30 (10)
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities	=	- 74 - 6,967	1 30 (10) 7,450
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities 6. Other receivables	=	- 74 - 6,967	1 30 (10) 7,450
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities 6. Other receivables	_	- 74 - 6,967 2025 \$'000 6 581	1 30 (10) 7,450 2024 \$'000 6 655
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net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities 6. Other receivables Other receivables Receivables due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited Maturity analysis based on remaining term to maturity at 30 June	<u>-</u>	- 74 - 6,967 2025 \$'000 6 581 587	1 30 (10) 7,450 2024 \$'000 6 655 661
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities 6. Other receivables Other receivables Receivables due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited Maturity analysis based on remaining term to maturity at 30 June	=	- 74 - 6,967 2025 \$'000 6 581	1 30 (10) 7,450 2024 \$'000 6 655
net cash flows from operating activities Net profit attributable to unitholders (before finance costs) Changes in assets and liabilities: GST receivable Interest receivable Fees payable Net cash flows from operating activities 6. Other receivables Other receivables Receivables due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited Maturity analysis based on remaining term to maturity at 30 June Less than 3 months	=	- 74 - 6,967 2025 \$'000 6 581 587	1 30 (10) 7,450 2024 \$'000 6 655 661
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8. Net assets attributable to unitholders

	2025	2024
	Units '000	Units '000
Units on issue		
Opening balance	183,920	201,384
Gross movement		
Units issued	348,513	337,149
Units redeemed	(354,351)	(362,063)
Reinvested distributions	6,967	7,450
Closing balance	185,049	183,920

9. Financial risk management objectives and policies

(a) Net fair values

The Trust's other receivables assets are valued in accordance with Note 2(l).

The Trust's other payables are valued in accordance with Note 2(m).

The Trust's financial assets are valued in accordance with Note 2(e). Due to their short term nature, the net fair values of these assets are equivalent to the carrying value as at 30 June 2025.

(b) Market risk

The risk of the carrying value of the Trust's investment being affected by movements in interest rates is managed by ensuring all transactions are within defined, approved limits.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Trust is exposed to interest rate risk through its cash and cash equivalents invested with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

	Weighted average		
	effective interest		
Financial asset	rate	2025	2024
	% p.a.	\$'000	\$'000

Floating rate deposit with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited 4.23% 185,049 183,920

The effective interest rate on the cash and cash equivalents during the year was 4.23% (2024: 4.26%)

	Increase in	Sensitivity of interest	Decrease in	Sensitivity ofinterest
	interest rate	income	interest rate	income
2025	%	\$'000	%	\$'000
Financial asset cash	0.25%	463	-1.25%	(2,313)

	Increase in	Sensitivity of interest	Decrease in	Sensitivity of interest
	interest rate	income	interest rate	income
2024	%	\$'000	%	\$'000
Financial asset cash	0.25%	460	-0.25%	(460)

(d) Liquidity and cash flow risk

The Trust's investment with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited is treated like any other bank deposit liability, as such the deposit will have the same protection as is afforded to deposit liabilities under the Banking Act 1959 (Cth) (as amended). This means that the Trust is expected to have the capacity at all times to meet withdrawals on an at call basis at face value. This controls the liquidity risks of satisfying unitholders' redemption requests.

Maturity profile of liabilities:

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	2025	2024
	Less than 3 months	Less than 3 months
	\$'000	\$'000
Manager's/Custodian/Trustee's fees accrued	81	81
Distribution payable to unitholders	506	580
Unitholders' funds	185,049	183,920
Total	185,636	184,581

Units in the Trust are generally redeemable within 24 hours, subject to the determination of the Responsible Entity.

9. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(e) Credit risk

Total credit risk exposure of the Trust is limited to the carrying value of assets on the Statement of Financial Position. The Trust is exposed to credit risk through its cash and cash equivalents with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(f) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Trust is not subject to currency risk as it does not hold foreign currency financial instruments.

10. Related party Disclosures

(a) Responsible entity

The Responsible Entity of the Trust is Sandhurst Trustees Limited.

The controlling entity of Sandhurst Trustees Limited is Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (ABN 11 068 049 178).

(b) Details of key management personnel

The Trust does not employ personnel in its own right. The Trust is required to have a Responsible Entity to manage the activity and strategic direction of the Trust, therefore the Directors of the Responsible Entity are deemed to be key management personnel. Directors of the Responsible Entity during or since the end of the financial year are:

Vicki Carter

Chair (Resigned 15 August 2024) Chair (Appointed 15 August 2024)

Patricia Margaret Payn Richard John Baker

Alexandra Maris Tullio

Luke Davidson

The parent entity of Sandhurst Trustees Limited, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited is the Custodian of the Trust.

		2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
(c)	Fees and other related party transactions		
	Trustee's Fees paid/payable to Sandhurst Trustees Limited as the Responsible Entity as at 30 June 2025	923	989
	Total fees paid	923	989

The Trust has not made or given, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans, shares, options and other equity holdings to the directors or their personally-related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(d) Related party transactions

Cash assets of the Trust are held in a floating rate deposit with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, the parent entity of Sandhurst Trustees Limited as Responsible Entity of the Trust. All interest earned as disclosed in Note 3 to the accounts is derived from this account.

11. Auditors' remuneration

	2025	2024
Amounts received or due and receivable by Ernst & Young for:	\$'000	\$1000
- an audit and review of the financial report of the Trust	18	16
- compliance plan audit	9	6
	27	23

12. Contingent assets, liabilities and commitments

There are no contingent assets, liabilities and commitments as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

${\bf 13. \ Events \ after \ the \ reporting \ date}$

Since 30 June 2025 there has not been any matter or circumstance not otherwise dealt with in the financial report that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the Trust.

Responsible Entity's declaration to the Unitholders of the Adelaide Cash Management Trust

The Directors of the Responsible Entity declare that:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the Trust have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust as at 30 June 2025 and its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- $\textbf{(c)} \qquad \text{the financial statements are in accordance with the provisions of the Trust's Constitution; and} \\$
- $\textbf{(d)} \qquad \text{the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2.} \\$

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors of the Responsible Entity.

Patricia Margaret Payn

group

Chair Adelaide



Ernst & Young 8 Exhibition Street Melbourne VIC 3000 Australia GPO Box 67 Melbourne VIC 3001 Tel: +61 3 9288 8000 Fax: +61 3 8650 7777

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Independent auditor's report to the Unitholders of Adelaide Cash Management Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Adelaide Cash Management Trust (the Trust), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and the declaration to unitholders.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Trust is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a. Giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors of Sandhurst Trustees Limited, as the responsible entity of the Trust, are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of Sandhurst Trustees Limited, as the responsible entity of the Trust, are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control.
- ► Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ► Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Emma Reekie

Partner Melbourne

