



Apollo Bay & District
Community Enterprises Limited

ABN 79 127 944 923

**ANNUAL
REPORT
2013**

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2013

I am pleased to present the sixth Annual Report of our **Community Bank**[®] branch on behalf of the Board of Directors to the shareholders of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited.

Thanks to the support of Apollo Bay & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch customers and shareholders, the Australia-wide network has now returned more than \$100 million to support and strengthen local communities.

This enormous achievement came as the **Community Bank**[®] network celebrated 15 years of operation. The **Community Bank**[®] concept was born in the western Victorian farming townships of Rupanyup and Minyip in 1998. The network has since grown to include 298 branches across Australia.

Our **Community Bank**[®] company has played a key role in this milestone, returning more than \$80,000 to our local community. These community grants and sponsorships have made a significant difference to a number of local organisations including the Apollo Bay Aquatic Centre Inc (Indoor Heated Pool), Apollo Bay Football Club (New Scoreboard), Otway Health & Community Services (After School Program), and Apollo Bay P-12 College (Stephanie Alexander Program & Community Garden). We look forward to continuing to support these groups and others as more people bank with us and we become more successful.

We continue to work hard to grow the business so we can reward the support of our local shareholders by paying them a dividend.

Interest rate movements:

Our **Community Bank**[®] company and our partner Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, encourage transparency when setting interest rates and fees. We believe it is our shared responsibility to ensure customers understand the environment banks operate in, so they can make educated judgement calls on who they choose to do their banking business with. There is no doubt that all banks face higher funding costs, following changes in the economic environment triggered by the Global Financial Crisis.

We support our partner Bendigo and Adelaide Bank in its decision making and believe it is committed to striking a fair balance between all key stakeholders – borrowers, depositors, shareholders, staff and the wider communities – when it sets interest rates.

Ratings upgrade

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank remains one of the few banks globally to be awarded an upgraded credit rating since the onset of the Global Financial Crisis. This means the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank continues to be rated at least "A-" by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch in recognition of its strong performance in the face of what continues to be a challenging economic environment.

Government guarantee

In September 2011, the Federal Government announced changes to its Financial Claims Scheme (FCS), also known as the "government guarantee", lowering it from \$1 million to \$250,000 effective 1 February 2012. All **Community Bank**[®] branches operate under Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's banking licence, and as such all deposits held with a **Community Bank**[®] branch are guaranteed by the Federal Government and supported by capital supplied by their franchise partner, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. Lowering the cap is an indication of the strength of Australian banks, including Bendigo and Adelaide Bank and the combination of healthy, profitable banks and strong prudential regulation is the best guarantee our customers have that their money is safe in our bank.

Chairman's report (continued)

Locally our **Community Bank**[®] branch continues to grow and has had substantial growth in the past financial year. As well we have established ourselves as an important community hub, promoting and developing opportunities for community members to express their concerns about issues important to them.

We have championed the cause for our own community Indoor Heated Pool and made great progress with our Colac Otway Shire agreeing to pay for the recurrent operating costs and by obtaining strong support from both Federal and State Government representatives.

We have also organised community forums to discuss topical issues; including broadband access problems over last summer; electricity Smart Meters; State Regulation of Incorporated Associations; and we firmly intend to continue to respond to the concerns of our community by facilitating future events.

Our Board continues to grow in depth of local experience as we welcome new associate Directors who will fill vacancies on our Board as they arise. Recently Bettina Terry and Andrea Deppeler have come on Board as future new Directors when vacancies arise.

I would like to thank my fellow volunteer Board members for their dedication toward the successful operation of the branch and for importantly communicating with our greater community the benefits that our **Community Bank**[®] branch brings to our community.

On behalf of the Board I would also like to thank our staff members for their fantastic efforts in providing great customer service. Our staff, the public face of our Apollo Bay & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch, place a high value not only on our customer's confidentiality, but also in ensuring that their needs are met in a professional, helpful and friendly manner.

A **Community Bank**[®] branch keeps community capital and profit in the community for the benefit of the whole community, with its strength and growth based firmly in the ongoing support of its community.

By owning our own banking business we all, shareholders, Directors, employees and account holders become, in part, the Directors of our own destiny.



Gary McPike
Chairman

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2013

The branch has continued to make steady progress over the year and all are hopeful the current momentum will translate to the branch being a profitable operation in the near future.

Lending has been a growth area for the branch over recent months where our home loan products are very competitive and have been well received. Our dedicated Business Banker, Luke Gibson, directly servicing Apollo Bay from Colac weekly, has enhanced our capabilities in this area.

It is our ongoing commitment to return funds to the Apollo Bay & District community and we are working towards achieving a profitable operation, when it is envisaged a substantial pool of funds will be available for community projects. In the meantime Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's Market Development Fund allows us to assist many community projects on an ongoing basis.

Our experienced staff continue to deliver excellent service much appreciated by our customer base and has enabled Bendigo and Adelaide Bank to receive such high customer satisfaction ratings.

Becky Johnston, our much valued part-time Customer Service Officer and her family, have left Apollo Bay to travel. We welcome two new part-time staff members who will share the role. Please call into the branch and make yourselves known to them.

The Apollo Bay & District **Community Bank**[®] company Board continues with its strong commitment and support on a voluntary basis in promoting awareness of the Apollo Bay & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch.

We look forward to the continuing support of our customers and shareholders, and a growing awareness of the significant long-term contribution the **Community Bank**[®] branch will make to the Apollo Bay and district community.



Graham Floyer
Manager

Directors' report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2013

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Gary William McPike

Chairman

Executive Officer

Experience & Expertise: Gary has been a 'local' for almost 30 years, firstly as a fire wood merchant and cartage contractor in the early 80's, this was followed by 16 years as the proprietor of the Sandy Feet Café. He has been the Executive Officer of the foreshore committee since 2002. Gary has also had a strong commitment to many facets of community life in Apollo Bay, being a founding member of the Apollo Bay Music Festival and President for 7 years until 2002, he has also been a president of the Rotary Club of Apollo Bay Otways and is currently president of the Apollo Bay Youth Club Inc.; Apollo Bay Community Website Inc. and is a member of the Apollo Bay Aquatic Centre Inc. Committee.

Interest in shares: 500

Patricia Lorraine Hokin

Secretary

Retired

Experience & Expertise: Trish has been with the company since its inception and was also part of the original Steering Committee. She is a retired business proprietor with both legal and company secretarial experience and is involved in many aspects of the Apollo Bay community.

Interest in shares: 10,002

Ian Malcolm Richardson

Treasurer

Semi-retired Accountant

Experience & Expertise: Ian is a CPA Qualified Accountant. He is currently on the Audit & Finance committee of Otway Health & Community Services and Treasurer of the Apollo Bay Golf Club Inc. Previously Finance Director of Croda Australia Group.

Interest in shares: Nil

Tony John Webber

Director

Farm Manager

Experience & Expertise: Tony is involved in a number of community groups such as the Apollo Bay & Otway Show, LandCare, Ratepayers Group, Youth Club Committee, Radio Station, Friends of National Park, Choir. Tony was a member of the Steering Committee and an inaugural member of the Board.

Interest in shares: 2,001

Directors' report (continued)

Directors (continued)

Allen James Hokin

Director

Retired

Experience & Expertise: Allen is the retired proprietor of a typesetting/publishing business who has been a member of the bank since its inception. An ex-Collingwood Councillor, Lion of 25 years holding every office, editor of the Apollo Bay News, past chair of the Apollo Bay Music Festival, past member of Otway Health & Community Services Board, involved in LandCare and the local radio station.

Interest in shares: 10,002

James Dominic Walters

Director

Electrical Contractor

Experience & Expertise: James has been involved in many of the community's organizations as a member of the school council and the youth club and brings an awareness of many local issues that impact on our community. James enjoys connecting with people in the area and the board welcomes his contribution to the **Community Bank**®.

Interest in shares: 1,000

Darren Brimacombe

Director (Appointed 24 July 2012)

Real Estate Agent

Experience & Expertise: Darren has been operating businesses for almost 25 years in Apollo Bay, Ballarat and along the coast. He has owned and operated food and hospitality businesses, a retail sporting goods store in Ballarat and is currently a Director of Great Ocean Road Real Estate and the Managing Director of Great Ocean Road Holidays. Past President and Committee Member of the Apollo Bay Football Club.

Interest in shares: Nil

Jane Gross

Director

Company Director/Farmer

Experience & Expertise: Bachelor of Arts degree, Director of a publishing business. Jane's voluntary community involvement includes being Secretary of the Arts Council for over 20 years and on its behalf, running the Gumboot Gallery for 7 years. Jane has also served on the Music Festival Committee, Youth Council, Swimming Pool and Skatepark Committees and School Council.

Interest in shares: 7,500

Robert George Hunt

Director

Consultant, Community Engagement Programs & Strategic Enterprises, Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Ltd Chairman, Treasury Corporation of Victoria

Experience & Expertise: Rob was the architect of Bendigo Bank's **Community Bank**® model and was Managing Director and C.E.O of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank 1990-2009. Among his numerous directorships are: Community Sector Enterprises Pty Ltd, Community Sector Banking Pty Ltd, Bendigo Community Telco and Community Telco Australia. He is also Patron-in-Chief of Community Enterprise Foundation and Patron of St Luke's Anglicare.

Interest in shares: Nil

Elizabeth Gilmore Riches

Director (Appointed 4 September 2012)

Facilitator, Southern Otway Landcare Network

Experience & Expertise: Libby has a PhD in archaeology and native title from La Trobe University and has subsequently worked closely with communities to help them protect their natural and cultural resources. Her current role with the Southern Otway Landcare Network is to engage community in conservation and sustainable agriculture. Libby is also Secretary of the Otways and Coast Permaculture Group and runs numerous community facebook pages.

Interest in shares: Nil

Directors' report (continued)

Directors (continued)

Bettina Terry

Alternate Director for Ian Richardson

(Appointed 10 July 2013 to 1 September 2013)

Company Director of Property Group

Experience & Expertise: Bettina runs a property development and investment company and holds a real estate licence. She has a Bachelor of Commerce and is in the final year of a Masters of Urban Horticulture. She is passionate about the local community and is the president of the school Parents and Friends Committee as well as being involved in landcare and local sporting clubs.

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

The company secretary is Patricia Hokin. Patricia was appointed to the position of secretary since its inception and was also part of the original Steering Committee. Patricia is a retired business proprietor with both legal and business secretarial experience.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank**[®] services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating Results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The loss of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

	Year ended 30 June 2013 \$	Year ended 30 June 2012 \$
	(69,147)	(94,451)

Remuneration Report

No Director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or Committee member.

Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprise Limited has accepted the **Community Bank**[®] Directors' Privileges package. The package is available to all directors who can elect to avail themselves of the benefits based on their personal banking with the Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprise Limited **Community Bank**[®] branch. There is no requirement to own Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shares and there is no qualification period to qualify to utilise the benefits. The package mirrors the benefits currently available to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank shareholders. No directors elected to avail themselves of the package during the period under review.

There are no Executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Directors' report (continued)

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely Developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental Regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' Benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Directors' report (continued)

Directors' Meetings

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

Director	Board Meetings Attended		Committee Meetings Attended					
			Finance & Governance		Strategic Planning		Marketing & Communication	
	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended
Gary William McPike	12	11	2	2	-	-	6	5
Ian Malcolm Richardson	12	11	2	2	-	-	-	-
Patricia Lorraine Hokin	12	12	2	2	-	-	6	5
Tony John Webber	12	10	-	-	9	4	-	-
Allen James Hokin	12	12	-	-	9	9	6	6
Jane Gross	12	9	-	-	9	9	6	6
James Dominic Walters	12	10	-	-	-	-	6	3
Robert George Hunt	12	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Libby Riches (Appointed 4/9/2012)	9	8	-	-	-	-	3	3
Darren Brimacombe (Appointed 24/7/2012)	12	7	-	-	5	4	-	-
Bettina Terry (Appointed 10/7/2013)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Non Audit Services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 11.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Apollo Bay, Victoria on 12 September 2013.



Gary William McPike,
Chairman

Auditor's independence declaration



Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the directors of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited

I declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'David Hutchings', is written over the second bullet point of the declaration.

David Hutchings
Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 12 September 2013

Financial statements

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Revenues from ordinary activities	4	382,794	322,601
Employee benefits expense		(240,996)	(228,427)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(37,847)	(17,395)
Occupancy and associated costs		(46,302)	(45,056)
Systems costs		(20,667)	(30,114)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(16,280)	(13,411)
Finance costs	5	(18,327)	(16,064)
General administration expenses		(71,522)	(66,585)
Loss before income tax expense		(69,147)	(94,451)
Income tax expense	6	-	-
Loss after income tax expense		(69,147)	(94,451)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(69,147)	(94,451)
Earnings per share (cents per share)		c	c
- basic for profit for the year	20	(9.58)	(13.09)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	200	200
Trade and other receivables	8	41,269	23,170
Total Current Assets		41,469	23,370
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	121,545	131,040
Intangible assets	10	65,760	1,500
Total Non-Current Assets		187,305	132,540
Total Assets		228,774	155,910
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	38,693	11,387
Borrowings	12	352,920	280,640
Provisions	13	9,106	15,258
Total Current Liabilities		400,719	307,285
Non-Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	45,686	-
Provisions	13	12,714	9,823
Total Non-Current Liabilities		58,400	9,823
Total Liabilities		459,119	317,108
Net Liabilities		(230,345)	(161,198)
Equity			
Issued capital	14	696,162	696,162
Accumulated losses	15	(926,507)	(857,360)
Total Equity		(230,345)	(161,198)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Issued Capital \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2011	696,162	(762,909)	(66,747)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(94,451)	(94,451)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2012	696,162	(857,360)	(161,198)
Balance at 1 July 2013	696,162	(857,360)	(161,198)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(69,147)	(69,147)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2013	696,162	(926,507)	(230,345)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of Cashflows for the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers		406,941	319,091
Payments to suppliers and employees		(446,738)	(379,193)
Interest paid		(16,815)	(16,064)
Net cash used in operating activities	16	(56,612)	(76,166)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(1,824)	-
Payment of intangible assets		(13,844)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(15,668)	-
Net decrease in cash held		(72,280)	(76,166)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(280,440)	(204,274)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	(352,720)	(280,440)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For year ended 30 June 2013

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2012 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. Amendments made to AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements effective 1 July 2012 now require the statement of comprehensive income to show the items of comprehensive income grouped into those that are not permitted to be reclassified to profit or loss in a future period and those that may have to be reclassified if certain conditions are met. This amendment has not affected the presentation of the statement of comprehensive income of the company in the current period and is not likely to affect future periods.

The company has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their mandatory operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2012.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Preparation (continued)

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the **Community Bank**[®] branch at Apollo Bay, Victoria.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the **Community Bank**[®] branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the **Community Bank**[®] branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the **Community Bank**[®] branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the **Community Bank**[®] branch;
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services;
- security and cash logistic controls;
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

Going concern

The net liabilities of the company as at 30 June 2013 were \$230,345 and the loss made for the year was \$69,147, bringing accumulated losses to \$926,507.

In addition:	\$
Total assets were	228,774
Total liabilities were	459,119
Operating cash flows were	(56,612)

There was a 26.79% decrease in the loss recorded for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 when compared to the prior year.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Preparation (continued)

Going concern (continued)

The overdraft has an approved limit of \$500,000 and was drawn to \$352,920 as at 30 June 2013. See Note 7.

An interest free period of two years has expired. As a result \$18,327 of interest expense was incurred during the 2013 financial year.

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Directors' Report on pages 1 to 4. The financial position of the company, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities are described in the financial statements.

The current economic environment is difficult and while revenue continues to increase the company has again reported an operating loss for the year. The directors' consider that the outlook presents significant challenges in terms of banking business volume and pricing as well as for operating costs. Whilst the directors have instituted measures to preserve cash and secure additional finance, these circumstances create material uncertainties over future trading results and cash flows.

The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company will be able to operate within its overdraft facility for the foreseeable future.

The company has held discussions with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited about its future borrowing needs. It is likely that these discussions will not be completed for some time but no matters have been drawn to its attention to suggest that renewal may not be forthcoming on acceptable terms. The company has also obtained an undertaking of support from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that it will continue to support the company and its operations for the 2013/14 financial year. This support is provided on the basis that the company continues to fulfill its obligations under the franchise agreement and continues to work closely with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to further develop its business.

The directors have concluded that the combination of the circumstances above represents a material uncertainty that casts doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern and that, therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Nevertheless, after making enquiries and considering the uncertainties described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides for three types of revenue earned by the company. First, the company is entitled to 50% of the monthly gross margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on products and services provided through the company that are regarded as "day to day" banking business (ie 'margin business'). This arrangement also means that if the gross margin reflects a loss (that is, the gross margin is a negative amount), the company effectively incurs, and must bear, 50% of that loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Revenue (continued)

Revenue calculation (continued)

The second source of revenue is commission paid by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on the other products and services provided through the company (i.e. 'commission business'). The commission is currently payable on various specified products and services, including insurance, financial planning, common fund, Sandhurst Select, superannuation, commercial loan referrals, products referred by Rural Bank, leasing referrals, fixed loans and certain term deposits (>90 days). The amount of commission payable can be varied in accordance with the Franchise Agreement (which, in some cases, permits commissions to be varied at the discretion of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited). This discretion has been exercised on several occasions previously. For example in February 2011 and February 2013 Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited reduced commissions on two core banking products to ensure a more even distribution of income between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and its **Community Bank**[®] partners. The revenue share model is subject to regular review to ensure that the interests of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and **Community Bank**[®] companies remain balanced.

The third source of revenue is a proportion of the fees and charges (ie, what are commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges') charged to customers. This proportion, determined by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, may vary between products and services and may be amended by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited from time to time.

c) Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c) Income Tax (continued)

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

d) Employee Entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

f) Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements 40 years
- plant and equipment 2.5 - 40 years
- furniture and fittings 4 - 40 years

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

i) Payment Terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

k) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

l) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the balance sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

(i) the distribution limit is the greater of:

(a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and

(b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period; and

(ii) the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

(vi) Capital management (continued)

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2013 can be seen in the statement of comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the statement of comprehensive income.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 4. Revenue from Ordinary Activities		
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	382,694	322,601
- other revenue	100	-
Total revenue from operating activities	382,794	322,601
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	-	-
Total revenue from non-operating activities	-	-
Total revenues from ordinary activities	382,794	322,601

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 5. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	2,946	3,053
- leasehold improvements	8,373	8,358
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	2,077	2,000
- franchise renewal fee	2,884	-
	16,280	13,411
Finance costs:		
- interest paid	18,327	16,064
Bad debts	18	91

Note 6. Income Tax Expense

The components of tax expense comprise:

- Current tax	-	-
- Future income tax benefit attributed to losses	(22,512)	(26,104)
- Movement in deferred tax	2,218	(2,431)
- Tax losses not brought to account	20,294	28,535
	-	-

The prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:

Operating loss	(69,147)	(94,451)
Prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities at 30%	(20,744)	(28,335)
Add tax effect of:		
- non-deductible expenses	450	600
- timing difference expenses	(2,218)	2,431
- other deductible expenses	-	(800)
	(22,512)	(26,104)
Movement in deferred tax	2,218	(2,431)
Tax losses not brought to account	20,294	28,535
	-	-

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 6. Income Tax Expense (continued)			
Income tax losses and deferred tax not brought to account			
Future income tax benefit not brought to account:		277,363	254,851
Deferred tax asset on timing differences not brought to account:		5,748	7,966
		283,111	262,817

Future income tax benefits arising from tax losses are not recognised at reporting date as realisation of the benefit is not regarded as virtually certain.

Note 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash at bank and on hand		200	200
		200	200

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:

Note 7.(a) Reconciliation of cash

Cash at bank and on hand		200	200
Bank overdraft	12	(352,920)	(280,640)
		(352,720)	(280,440)

Note 8. Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables		36,202	23,170
Prepayments		5,067	-
		41,269	23,170

Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment

At cost		49,850	49,636
Less accumulated depreciation		(30,916)	(27,970)
		18,934	21,666

Leasehold improvements

At cost		146,218	144,608
Less accumulated depreciation		(43,607)	(35,234)
		102,611	109,374
Total written down amount		121,545	131,040

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)		
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	21,666	24,719
Additions	214	-
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(2,946)	(3,053)
Carrying amount at end	18,934	21,666
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	109,374	117,732
Additions	1,610	-
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(8,373)	(8,358)
Carrying amount at end	102,611	109,374
Total written down amount	121,545	131,040

Note 10. Intangible Assets

Franchise fee

At cost	21,537	10,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(10,577)	(8,500)
	10,960	1,500

Renewal fee

At cost	57,684	-
Less: accumulated amortisation	(2,884)	-
	54,800	-
	65,760	1,500

Note 11. Trade and Other Payables

Current:

Trade creditors	18,609	7,715
Other creditors and accruals	20,084	3,672
	38,693	11,387

Non-Current:

Other creditors	45,686	-
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 12. Borrowings		
Current:		
Bank overdrafts	352,920	280,640
	352,920	280,640

The bank overdraft has an approved limit of \$500,000. Interest on the bank overdraft is calculated using a variable rate. The bank overdraft is secured by a Registered First Company Debenture Mortgage from Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited. Current interest rate is 5.37%

Note 13. Provisions

Current:		
Provision for annual leave	9,106	15,258
Non-Current:		
Provision for long service leave	12,714	9,823

Note 14. Contributed Equity

722,810 Ordinary shares fully paid (2012: 720,810)	722,810	722,810
Less: equity raising expenses	(26,648)	(26,648)
	696,162	696,162

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank**[®] branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 14. Contributed Equity (continued)

Rights attached to shares (continued)

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 270. As at the date of this report, the company had 298 shareholders.

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 15. Accumulated Losses		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(857,360)	(762,909)
Net loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(69,147)	(94,451)
Balance at the end of the financial year	(926,507)	(857,360)

Note 16. Statement of Cashflows

Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after tax to net cash used in operating activities

Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(69,147)	(94,451)
Non cash items:		
- depreciation	11,319	11,411
- amortisation	4,961	2,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- increase in receivables	(18,099)	(10,336)
- increase in payables	17,615	8,578
- increase/(decrease) in provisions	(3,261)	6,632
Net cashflows used in operating activities	(56,612)	(76,166)

Note 17. Auditor's Remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:

- audit and review services	3,600	3,400
- non audit services	1,752	1,760
	5,352	5,160

Note 18. Director and Related Party Disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Gary William McPike	Ian Malcolm Richardson
Patricia Lorraine Hokin	Tony John Webber
Allen James Hokin	Jane Gross
James Dominic Walters	Robert George Hunt
Darren Brimacombe (Appointed 24 July 2012)	Elizabeth Gilmore Riches (Appointed 4 September 2012)
Bettina Terry (Appointed 10 July 2013)	

Except for Ian Malcolm Richardson and James Dominic Walters, no director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 18. Director and Related Party Disclosures (continued)

Ian Malcolm Richardson provided bookkeeping services to Apollo Bay Community Enterprise Limited during the financial year. The total benefit received was \$4,200 (2012: \$4,350). James Dominic Walters provided lighting repairs to Apollo Bay Community Enterprises Limited during the financial year. The total benefit received was \$1,000 (2012: \$307).

Directors Shareholdings	2013	2012
Gary William McPike	500	-
Ian Malcolm Richardson	-	-
Patricia Lorraine Hokin ##	10,002	10,002
Tony John Webber	2,001	2,001
Allen James Hokin ##	10,002	10,002
Jane Gross	7,500	7,500
James Dominic Walters	1,000	1,000
Robert George Hunt	-	-
Darren Brimacombe (Appointed 24 July 2012)	-	-
Elizabeth Gilmore Riches (Appointed 4 September 2012)	-	-
Bettina Terry (Appointed 10 July 2013)	-	-

** Patricia and Allen Hoken both have 5,001 shares each.

Note 19. Key Management Personnel Disclosures

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

	2013	2012
	\$	\$

Note 20. Earnings Per Share

(a) Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	(69,147)	(94,451)
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	Number	Number
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	721,810	721,810

Note 21. Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 22. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 23. Segment Reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank**[®] services in Apollo Bay and surrounding districts, Victoria pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Note 24. Registered Office/Principal Place of Business

The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office 14 Pascoe Street Apollo Bay VIC 3233

Principal Place of Business 14 Pascoe Street Apollo Bay VIC 3233

Note 25. Financial Instruments

Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

Financial instrument	Floating interest rate		Fixed interest rate maturing in						Non interest bearing		Weighted average effective interest rate	
			1 year or less		Over 1 to 5 years		Over 5 years					
	2013 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2012 \$	2013 %	2012 %
Financial Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	200	Nil	Nil
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,269	23,170	N/A	N/A
Financial Liabilities												
Interest bearing liabilities	352,920	280,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.64	6.36
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84,379	11,388	N/A	N/A

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.



Gary William McPike,
Chairman

Signed on the 12th of September 2013.

Independent audit report



Independent auditor's report to the members of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2013, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Independent audit report (continued)

Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the company a written auditor's independence declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report.

Auditor's opinion on the financial report

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that the company incurred a net loss of \$69,147 during the year ended 30 June 2013, and as of that date, the company's liabilities exceeded its total assets by to \$230,345. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Apollo Bay & District Community Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



David Hutchings
Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 12 September 2013

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