Augusta & Districts

CommunityFinancial Services Limited

Financial Statements

as at

30 June 2012

Chairperson's Report - Year ending 30 June 2012

I am pleased to announce that we have passed the seven-year milestone. As such, I am pleased to write this report on behalf of the Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services, the company licensed to operate Augusta & Districts Community Bank® Branch as part of the Community Bank® network of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank,

The Global Financial crisis continues to provide uncertainty in the financial markets with our growth slowing as a result. Despite this we have achieved an improved result for the year.

Once again due to our excellent staff and the Augusta community we have achieved an operating profit. The Board has determined that we should distribute 25% of this profit by way of dividend to our shareholders.

This, as well as, our continued support for community projects including Augusta Men's Shed, Augusta Sea Search and Rescue, Augusta Yacht Club, Augusta Golf Club and Augusta Bowling Club to name a few.

Our challenge continues to grow the agency business and we are working with the management and staff to achieve this.

Finally I would like to offer my personal thanks to my fellow Directors for their support and continuing work in spreading the message throughout the community. My personal thanks to Doug and his staff who once again surpass all other banks in the provision of friendly service to our customers. Finally to the Augusta community, including our shareholders and customers, my congratulations in making the Augusta & Districts Community Bank® Branch the success that it is.

Ted Coulter Chairman

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For The Year Ending 30 June 2012

Manager's Report

It gives me a great deal of pleasure to be able to report our second full year of profit.

This year's profit has come in at \$50,682 and represents further growth from our first year of reported profit in 2011. Support for our **Community Bank**® branch over the past year has been strong and we continue to grow in what are still difficult and uncertain times. Our book at 30 June sat at \$62.3 million.

In the community we have continued to support local sporting clubs and other groups. We have successfully supported the local Men's Shed committee to realise their dream and have a new shed erected to enable them to meet and make and break things of interest.

In conjunction with our Agent in Margaret River, Jet Set Travel, we have also supported the Augusta Margaret River Pony Club with their "Riding for Disabled" program.

I would like to acknowledge the continued support of the board who work tirelessly promoting our branch and also our staff, Donna, Cassy, Katrina, Felicity and Erin for the excellent service they provide our customers.

Once again I would also like to thank the community for your continued support of our bank. Without your support we wouldn't be in the position we are now.

Doug Anderson Branch Manager

Hudred

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 **Directors' Report**

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Edward John Coutler

Chairman Age: 67

Occupation: Financial Director

Financial controller of a development company in the

tourism industry. Former Business Proprieter.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 1001

Barry Francis Godley

Director Age: 71

Occupation: Self Funded Retiree

Previous president of the Augusta Golf Club. Previous secretary of the Augusta Tennis Club. Committee member of the Augusta Centennial Hall. Former school principal, superintendent and regional director of the county south west and previous director of operation.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 5.001

Stephen Geoffrey illiams

Director Age: 60

Occupation: Builder (proprietor)

Current owner of local tourist accommodation since 1993. Involved in the building industry for over 30 years.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 12,001

Jasmin Shanelle Menzie Meagher

Director Age: 29

Occupation: Executive Officer - Marketing

BA of Mass Communication (Journalism & Tourism). Executive Officer of Australia's South West, Marketing AMRTA, Chair of the Augusta River Festival, Volunteer Coordinator of Anaconda Race Augusta.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: Nil

Phillip Forden Rogers

Director (Appounted 29 November 2011)

Age: 62

Occupation: Farming (Semi-retired)

Self emplyed for 25 years in retail for farm machinery, tyre business and irrigation farming. Justice of the Peace.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: Nil

Mervyn Hon Barrett

Treasurer/Secretary

Age: 65

Occupation: Retired Accountant

CPA member, Treasurer MIHO, former public

accountant and taxation practitioner.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: Nil

Russell James Simpson

Director Age: 69

Occupation: IT Consultant/Coordinator

Coordinator of Augusta CRC for 10 years, IT business proprietor, previously the president of the Augusta Chamber of Commerce and Augusta Margaret River Shire Councillor.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 501

Thomas Leonard Howells

Director Age: 66

Occupation: B&B Proprietor (Semi-retired)

Involved in the mining and contruction indutries and part time bed and breakfast operator. Committee member of Management for Augusta Margaret River Tourist Association (4 years) and committee member of Men's Sheds. Secretary of Augusta Chamber of Commerce (4

vears). Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 1,000

Alan James Rummer

Director Age: 69

Occupation: Pharmacist

Previously pharmacy business owner (15 years). Over 40 years experince as a pharmacist. Also a Lions member.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 4,000

Libby Oatricia Williams

Director (Resigned 29 November 2011)

Age: 47

Occupation: Business Proprietor

Resident of Augusta since 1991. Previously 11 years of bank experience, experienced roadhouse and caravan park manager. Current owner of IGA supermarket. Years of sporting group involvement and current board member of the Augusta Primary School.

Special responsibilities: Interest in shares: 2.000

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Directors' Report

Company Secretary

The company secretary is Mervyn John Barrett. Appointed to the position of secretary on 26 February 2007. Mervyn is a CPA member with a background as a Public Practitioner accountant and Taxation Practioner.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating Results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended 30 June 2012 30 June 2011 \$\frac{\\$}{2}\$ 39,017 248,332

Remuneration Report

(a) Remuneration of Directors

All Directors of the Company are on a voluntary basis, therefore no remuneration guidelines have been prepared.

(b) Remuneration of Executives

The Company aims to provide market-competitive compensation by offering a package of fixed pay benefits. There were no incentives in place at 30 June 2012.

Details of remuneration

Doug Anderson (Branch Manager) - remuneration range of \$90,000 to \$100,000 (2011: \$90,000 to \$100,000)

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous yer and the directors are reviewing and anticipating that a payment of a dividend will be made during the current year.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely Developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental Regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' Benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Directors' Report

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

Phillip Gordon Rogers (Appointed 29 November 2011)

Libby Patricia Williams (Resigned 29 November 2011)

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Board Meetings Attended

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Directors' Meetings

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

	Eligible to Attend	Number Attended
Edward John Coulter	11	10
Mervyn John Barrett	11	10
Barry Francis Godley	11	8
Russell James Simpson	11	11
Stephen Geoffrey Williams	11	9
Thomas Leonard Howells	11	8
Jasmine Shanelle Menzie Meagher	11	2
Alan James Rummer	11	9

The Board has an Audit & Finance sub-committee, it has elected Directors who meet on a regular, or as needs basis and present reports/recommendations to the monthly Board meetings where required.

6

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity
 of the auditor;
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics
 for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decisionmaking capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page \$.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Augusta, Western Australia on 27 August 2012.

Edward John Coutler, Chairman

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Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the directors of Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited

I declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2012 there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

David Hutchings Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 27 August 2012

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	<u>Notes</u>	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Revenues from ordinary activities	4	497,460	498,526
Employee benefits expense		(257,245)	(278,145)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(17,999)	(18,177)
Occupancy and associated costs		(47,152)	(46,502)
Systems costs		(19,963)	(20,746)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(24,175)	(23,975)
Finance costs	5	(15,675)	(20,966)
General administration expenses		(64,569)	(69,551)
Profit before income tax (expense)/credit		50,682	20,464
Income tax (expense)/credit	6	(11,665)	227,868
Profit after income tax (expense)/credit		39,017	248,332
Total comprehensive income for the year		39,017	248,332
Earnings per share (cents per share)		<u>c</u>	<u>c</u>
- basic for profit for the year	21	6.27	39.94

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2012

	<u>Notes</u>	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	40,564	35,861
Total Current Assets		40,564	35,861
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	8 9 10	39,296 43,745 216,203	48,381 57,628 227,868
Total Non-Current Assets		299,244	333,877
Total Assets		339,808	369,738
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Borrowings Provisions	11 12 13	33,535 195,383 23,169	34,403 257,891 21,832
Total Current Liabilities		252,087	314,126
Non-Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Provisions	12 13	30,546 14,140	45,819 5,775
Total Non-Current Liabilities		44,686	51,594
Total Liabilities		296,773	365,720
Net Assets		43,035	4,018
Equity			
Issued capital Accumulated losses	14 15	621,813 (578,778)	621,813 (617,795)
Total Equity		43,035	4,018

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Issued Capital <u>\$</u>	Retained Earnings <u>\$</u>	Total Equity <u>\$</u>
Balance at 1 July 2010	621,813	(866,127)	(244,314)
Total comprehensive income for the year		248,332	248,332
Transactions with owners in their capacity as ov	vners:		
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2011	621,813	(617,795)	4,018
Balance at 1 July 2011	621,813	(617,795)	4,018
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	39,017	39,017
Transactions with owners in their capacity as ov	vners:		
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2012	621,813	(578,778)	43,035

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Statement of Cashflows for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest paid Income taxes paid		546,227 (466,837) (15,675)	531,889 (448,918) (19,471)
Net cash provided by in operating activities	16	63,715	63,500
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for intangible assets		(1,207) -	- (20,314)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,207)	(20,314)
Net increase in cash held		62,508	43,186
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(257,891)	(301,077)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	12(a)	(195,383)	(257,891)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a forprofit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of noncurrent assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2011 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. The adoption of the revised AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures has not resulted in the disclosure of any additional related party transactions in the current period or any prior period and is not likely to affect future periods. The adoption of AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures and AASB 2011-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Trans-Tasman Convergence Project have not affected the disclosure of any items in the financial statements.

The company has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their mandatory operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2011.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank® branch at Augusta.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the Community Bank® branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank® branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (continued)

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank® branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- $\bullet \ \text{advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the \textbf{Community Bank} \textcircled{\textbf{B} branch;}\\$
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- · methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services;
- · security and cash logistic controls;
- \bullet calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides for three types of revenue earned by the company. First, the company is entitled to 50% of the monthly gross margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on products and services provided through the company that are regarded as "day to day" banking business (i.e. margin business'). This arrangement also means that if the gross margin reflects a loss (that is, the gross margin is a negative amount), the company effectively incurs, and must bear, 50% of that loss.

The second source of revenue is commission paid by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on the other products and services provided through the company (i.e. 'commission business'). The commission is currently payable on various specified products and services, including insurance, financial planning, common fund, Sandhurst Select, superannuation, commercial loan referrals, products referred by Rural Bank, leasing referrals, fixed loans and certain term deposits (>90 days). The amount of commission payable can be varied in accordance with the Franchise Agreement (which, in some cases, permits commissions to be varied at the discretion of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited). This discretion has been exercised on several occasions previously. For example in February 2011 Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited reduced commissions on two core banking products to ensure a more even distribution of income between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and its Community Bank® partners. The revenue share model is subject to regular review to ensure that the interests of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and Community Bank® companies remain balanced.

The third source of revenue is a proportion of the fees and charges (ie, what are commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges') charged to customers. This proportion, determined by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, may vary between products and services and may be amended by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited from time to time.

c) Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

d) Employee Entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f) Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements	40	years
- plant and equipment	2.5 - 40	years
- furniture and fittings	4 - 40	years

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The renewal processing fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

i) Payment Terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

k) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairmen

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Note 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mittigates this risk significantly.

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the balance sheet.

Note 2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

- (i) the distribution limit is the greater of:
- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2012 can be seen in the statement of comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the statement of comprehensive income.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-cenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Note 4. Revenue from Ordinary Activities	2012 \$	2011 \$
Operating activities: - services commissions - other revenue	497,036 424	495,910 2,616
Total revenue from operating activities	497,460	498,526
Non-operating activities: - interest received - rental revenue		
Total revenue from non-operating activities		
Total revenues from ordinary activities	497,460	498,526
Note 5. Expenses	2012 \$	2011 \$
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment - leasehold improvements	5,119 5,172	5,807 6,374
Amortisation of non-current assets: - franchise agreement	2 244	4.000
- franchise agreement	2,314 11,570	1,966 9,828
	24,175	23,975
Finance costs: - interest paid	15,675	20.966
Bad debts		
Note 6. Income Tax Expense/Credit		
The components of tax expense comprise: - Movement in deferred tax	(2,869)	(8,324)
- Recoup of prior year tax loss	18,073	18,022
 Adjustments to tax expense of prior periods Prior year tax losses not prevously brough to account 	(3,539) -	218,170
	11,665	227,868
The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Operating profit	50,682	20,464
Prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities at 30%	15,204	6,140
Add tax effect of: - non-deductible expenses - timing difference expenses - other deductible expenses	- 2,869	3,558 8,324
- viilei deducibile experioes	18,073	18,022
Movement in deferred tax	0 (2,869)	(8,324)
Prior year tax losses not previously brought to account	(3,539)	218,170
	11.665	227,868
Note 7. Trade and Other Receivables		
Trade receivables Other receivables and accruals Prepayments	36,727 3,837	35,485 376
	40,564	35,861

Note 8. Property, Plant and Equipment Plant and equipment 177,039 176,374 Less accumulated depreciation (137,743) (127,993) 48,381 39,296 Leasehold improvements At cost Less accumulated depreciation Total written down amount 39,296 48,381 Movements in carrying amounts: Plant and equipment Carrying amount at beginning 48,381 60,562 Additions 1,207 Disposals (10,292) (12,181) Less: depreciation expense 39,296 Carrying amount at end 48,381 Leasehold improvements Carrying amount at beginning Additions Disposals Less: depreciation expense Carrying amount at end Total written down amount 39,296 48,381 2012 2011 Note 9. Intangible Assets Franchise fee 71,570 71,570 Less: accumulated amortisation (64,280) (61,966) 7,290 9,604 Renewal processing fee 57,853 At cost 57,853 Less: accumulated amortisation (21,398)(9.829)36,455 48,024 43,745 57.628 Total written down amount Note 10. Tax Non-Current: Deferred tax assets 42 8.282 - accruals 11.193 - employee provisions - tax losses carried forward 205,010 219,544 216,203 227,868 Deferred tax liability - accruals - deductible prepayments Net deferred tax asset/(liability) 216,203 227,868 Movement in deferred tax charged to statement of comprehensive income (2.869)(8,324) Note 11. Trade and Other Payables Trade creditors 30,274 30,312

4,091

34,403

3,261 33.535

Other creditors and accruals

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

Note 12. Borrowings	2012 \$	2011 \$
Bank overdrafts	195,383 195,383	257,891 257.891
The Business Solutions Non-Residential Secured Overdraft facility limit is \$330,000. The Interest Rate is currently 5.52% varyng from time to time. The bank overdraft has a rolling renewal date and is secured by a floating change over the Company's assets.		
Note 12.(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand Bank overdraft	- (195,383)	- (257,891)
	(195,383)	(257,891)
Note 13. Provisions		
Current:		
Provision for annual leave	23,169	21,832
Non-Current:		
Provision for long service leave	14,140	5,775
Number of employees at year end		
Note 14. Contributed Equity		
	621.813	621.813
Dights attached to shares		

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfe

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Note 15. Contributed Equity (continued)

Prohibited shareholding interest

advance.

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if they control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company ("the 10% limit")

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 15. Retained Earnings/Accumulated Losses	2012 \$	2011 \$
Balance at the beginning of the financial year Net profit from ordinary activities after income tax Dividends paid or provided for	(617,795) 39,017	(866,127) 248,332
Balance at the end of the financial year	(578,778)	(617,795)
Note 16. Statement of Cashflows		
Reconciliation of profit from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		
Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	39,017	248,332
Non cash items:		
- depreciation	10,291	12,181
- amortisation	13,884	11,794
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- increase in receivables	(4,703)	(5,840)
- decrease in other assets	11,665	(227,868)
- decrease in payables -increase in provisions	(16,141) 9,702	9,807 15,094
Net cashflows provided by/(used in) operating activities	63.715	63,500
Note 17. Leases		
Operating lease commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements Payable - minimum lease payments		
- not later than 12 months	32,175	22,463
- between 12 months and 5 years	69,713	71,133
- greater than 5 years	101.888	93,596
The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, with rent payable monthly in		23,000

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

Note 18. Auditors' Remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:

- audit and review services 3,309 3,400 - non audit services 1.891 530 5.200 3.930

Note 19. Director and Related Party Disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Edward John Coulter

Mervyn John Barrett

Barry Francis Godley

Russell James Simpson

Stephen Geoffrey Williams

Thomas Leonard Howells

Jasmine Shanelle Menzie Meagher

Alan James Rummer

Phillip Gordon Rogers (Appointed 29 November 2011)

Libby Patirica Williams (Resigned 29 November 2011)

Thomas Howells is properitor of Mayflower Bed & Breakfast provide accommodation for relief branch staff. The expense to the compnay for these servics were \$Nil (2011: \$500)

No other director or related entity has entered inot a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Directors Shareholdings	2012	2011
Edward John Coulter	1,001	100
Mervyn John Barrett	-	-
Barry Francis Godley	5,001	5,001
Russell James Simpson	501	501
Stephen Geoffrey Williams	12,001	12,001
Thomas Leonard Howells	1,000	1,000
Jasmine Shanelle Menzie Meagher	-	-
Alan James Rummer	4,000	4,000
Phillip Gordon Rogers (Appointed 29 November 2011)	-	-
Libby Patirica Williams (Resigned 29 November 2011)	2,000	2,000

There was no movement in directors shareholdings during the year.

Note 20. Key Management Personnel Disclosures

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Note 21. Earnings Per Share	2012 \$	2011 \$
(a) Profit/(Loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	39,017	248,332
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the	Number	Number
denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	621 813	621 813

Note 22. Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 23. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 24. Segment Reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates Community Bank® services in Augusta pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Note 25. Registered Office/Principal Place of Business

The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office

Principal Place of Business

54 Blackwood Avenue Augusta WA 6290

54 Blackwood Avenue Augusta WA 6290

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

Note 26. Financial Instruments

Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

				Fixe	ed interest r	Fixed interest rate maturing in	ng in					
Financial instrument	Floating in rate	Floating interest rate	1 year	1 year or less	Over 1 to	Over 1 to 5 years	Over 5	Over 5 years	Non intere	Non interest bearing		Weighted average effective interest rate
	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011	2012 \$	2011	2012 %	2011 %
Financial Assets		,										
Cash and cash equivalents	ı	,	1	•	1	ī	1	1	1	-	0.00	0.00
Receivables	1	1	•	1	1	,	-	ı	40,564	35,861	N/A	N/A
Financial Liabilities									***************************************			
Interest bearing liabilities	195,383	257,891	•	-	-	t	-	ı	1	•	6.74	7.76
Payables	I	1	-	•	1	1	•	1	60,820	91,404	N/A	N/A

Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited ABN 64 110 946 168 Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Augusta & Districts Community Financial Serviced Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Edward John Coutler, Chairman

Signed on the 27th of August 2012.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2012, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. ABN: 51 061 795 337.

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Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the company a written auditor's independence declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's opinion on the financial report

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report of Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Augusta & Districts Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

David Hutchings
Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 27 August 2012