Annual Report 2022

022 Annual Report

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited

Trentham & Districts ABN 14 147 009 158 Hand Station

Bendi

Unlock your home equity

A shared

our community

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Annual Report 2022

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Chairs' Report

Manager's Report

Community Investment

Directors' Report

Auditor's Independence Declaration

Financial Statements

Statement of Profit or Loss an

Statement of Financial Position

Statement of Changes in Equ

Statement of Cash Flows

Notes to the Financial Statem

Directors' Declaration

Independent Auditor's Report



Acknowledgment of Country: CCCE Ltd acknowledges the Traditional Custodians of Country of the land on which we work and learn, the peoples of the Dja Dja Wurrung, and we recognise their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We pay our respects to them and their cultures; and to Elders both past, present and emerging.

	4
	7
	8
	13
I	19
nd Other Comprehensive Income	20
on	21
uity	22
	23
nents	24
	53
	55



Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Chairs' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Welcome to the Cool Country Community Enterprises Ltd. Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022. On behalf of the Board of directors it gives us great pleasure to present this year's Annual Report. Your Board and the team at Community Bank Trentham and Districts continued to deliver excellent

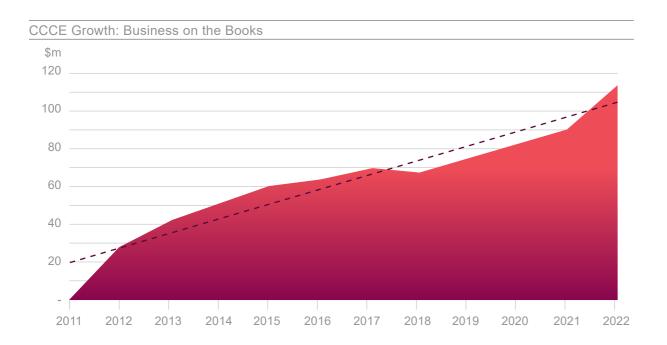
results in customer service and engagement, generation of profit and healthy levels of investment back into our community's clubs, organisations, and events throughout 2021/22.

Our Results

The generation of an after-tax profit of \$36,887 has enabled the Board to again achieve its dual objectives of creating value for its shareholders through declaring a 3 cent per share fully-franked dividend while also delivering impactful community investments to a wide range of community groups. This is the seventh consecutive year of paying fully-franked dividends which now cumulatively total \$265,000 or the equivalent of one-third of the company's initial equity raising - a commendable performance in the bank's first eleven years of operation.

Over the same period community investments now exceed \$250,000 - a significant contribution to our community's growth and wellbeing.

Our Business on the Books for the end of the year is \$113.868 million, a net increase of \$23.514 million, or 26%, from last financial year. This is yet again a remarkable achievement given the continued presence of Covid disruptions throughout the year and unfavourable economic conditions. Passing through the \$100 million milestone in only the company's eleventh year of operation is a very commendable achievement. It is a tribute to our hardworking staff, the Board's strategies and especially the ongoing loyalty of our customers and shareholders.



The Board continued to implement new processes for better operational efficiencies including moving management of the shareholder registry to online, managed by AFS & Associates.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Chairs' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Our Wonderful Team

We are proud of our branch team and the Board of Directors who all demonstrated great commitment and compassion in response to Covid-safe operations over the last two and half years.

Community Bank Team



The Board thanks Joel Condon, Corina Sabo, Cathy Main, and Charl Parris who continued to not only grow the banking business in the year, but who also continued to respond to Covid-19 challenges and to ensure Community Bank Trentham and Districts stayed operational for most of the year as an essential service and that it was always a safe and welcoming

place for our customers. We thank Charl Parris for her continual efforts in helping us tell the stories of the positive differences our Community Bank makes.

CCCE Board of Directors

Our thanks to the current Directors and Board Committees who freely give their time and expertise throughout the year. Your Board of Directors are deeply and authentically engaged in the communities in which they live, and the activity of the Board is reflective of this. During the year we said farewell to company secretary Mike Bartels who joined the board in early 2021. Brian Hood is acting company secretary until such time a suitable replacement is made. During the year the Board made a welcome return to face-to-face meetings interspersed with virtual attendance when required.



The Co-Chairs and Board engaged regularly

throughout the year with Bendigo Bank's corporate team including Justine Minne, State Manager- Regional Victoria & Tasmania, and Leanne Martin- Regional Manager-Central Victoria and Shaun Leech- former Regional Manager- Central Victoria. We successfully executed a new franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank for a 5-year term with two further options of 5 years each.

Our Community Contributions Impact

Impactful investment back into our communities remained a key focus of what we did this year. Many local community groups opportunities for fundraising/sponsorship continued to be adversely affected in the year due to Covid-19. We are proud to have made direct Community Investments of \$105,259 during FY21/22 - funded through a combination of operating profit and our Community Enterprise Foundation. These investments support local community groups, events, and individuals. Our Community Enterprise Foundation® account balance at

Customer service and engagement remained at exceptionally high levels, despite the continued disruption of Covid-19 restrictions impacting face to face engagement with Community Bank Trentham and Districts customers. The team navigated this situation with compassion and actively worked through banking solutions for many of our customers. Our continued good results are a direct result of the combined team efforts under the leadership of Joel Condon, Branch Manager.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Chairs' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

end of year is \$56,539. We thank Trish Madden and David Impey from the Community Enterprise Foundation® for supporting many of our Community Enterprise Foundation® applicants. We strive to achieve mutually beneficial partnerships and relationships and have actively sought to partner with others where we can. We care about the environment and the communities we serve as evidenced by our decision to partner with the Trentham Sustainability Group (TSG) in the Trentham Energy Resilient Project. The Feasibility Study has recently been completed and we are now contemplating our next steps together to make further progress.

Our Community Investment program contributed to the Woodend Winter Music & Arts Festival, Blackwood Annual Easter Festival Wood Chop, Blackwood and Barrys Reef Landcare; Trentham Sustainability Group; Trentham Primary School; Trentham Neighbourhood Centre; Tylden CFA; Woodend Golf Club; Woodend Heskett Football Netball Cricket club; Trentham Golf club; Trentham Bowling Club; Trentham Football Netball Cricket club; Trentham & Districts Historical Society; Trentham Trumpet; Trentham 2022 Spudfest; Bullarto Annual Tractor Pull Festival; various Education Scholarships for students; Karly Thaw Planting Guide for Cool Climate and the Big Storm Photography series produced by Sandy Scheltema.

Looking Ahead

While we have made great progress since 2011 there is still more to be done if we are to realise the company's potential. The 2021-23 strategic plan provides us with a framework for progress and is regularly reviewed and reported on at Board meetings, especially regarding opportunities for growth and diversification. We are guided by doing what is right and the company values. The Board of directors is optimistic about the impactful community investment we can make. Our budget for the current year reflects healthy levels of growth in banking margins that we have not seen for the past few years.

The Board continues to evolve and is actively recruiting new directors to join the Board so that we are better placed to deliver on the vision and ambitions of the 2021-23 Strategic plan.

We thank you

We also wish to take this opportunity to acknowledge the retirement of Helen van der Werf as a Director. We thank Helen for her outstanding contributions to the Board over the last four years, leading the HR Committee and as active member of the Community Investment Committee. On a personal level she has helped us enormously with her wise counsel and her passion for community. Helen retires with our sincere thanks and best wishes. We also farewell Simon Kriss who has led our Governance and Risk Committee since becoming a Director in 2021. Simon leaves with our warm wishes as he pursues other board roles. Both Simon and Helen will retire effective the 2022 AGM. In August 2022 we farewelled Joel Condon, Branch Manager, and we thank him for his three years of service with us. We have recently recruited a new Branch Manager who will join us in October 2022.



Finally, we thank our shareholders for your support as we continue to grow and prosper. We thank the many customers who choose to make a difference every day by banking with your local Community Bank branch, Community Bank Trentham and Districts.

Jane Williams and Brian Hood Co-Chairs



Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Manager's Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

I am privileged to present my fourth Branch Manager's report for the Cool Country Community Enterprises Ltd Annual Report.

On 30 June 2022 overall footings for Community Bank Trentham & Districts

were standing at \$113.868 million, an increase of \$23.514 million or 26% on the same time last year. Passing through the \$100 million mark is a significant milestone in the company's growth and to have achieved it in the eleventh year of operation is highly commendable.

This great result was secured in another very challenging year due to the ongoing Coronavirus epidemic and unfavourable economic conditions. Customers continue paying off debt quicker in the low interest rate environment. Historically low deposit interest rates are making term deposits less attractive than normal.

The Board of directors and all our staff, including Corina Sabo, Cathy Main and Charl Parris, have contributed significantly to what I deem to be a very successful 2021/22 financial year and I wish to thank them all for their ongoing commitment to our business.

Cathy Main has progressed into a Customer Relationship Officer role, and she has embraced the greater responsibilities very capably. Cathy is a strength within the branch. Charl Parris has been gracious in filling the gaps when staff are on leave and providing support to other branches, giving her the opportunity to broaden her knowledge of systems and products. Cathy and Charl continue to maintain the front counter with professionalism and genuine commitment to customers and the community.

Corina Sabo has continued to develop her understanding in the Residential & Business lending specialist role and has worked hard to build her network now she is a Customer Relationship Manager. A promotion that I was very proud to support. Corina has a great passion for providing exceptional customer service often going well above what is expected and her engagement with the community is outstanding. I look forward to supporting Corina as she progresses her career.

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the branch team for their commitment to Community Bank Trentham & Districts, particularly supporting each other through unexpected leave and supporting the board. This team is a resource that the branch and the shareholders are very lucky to have.

I'd also like to acknowledge the support given to the branch by the board of directors. They play a vital role in advocating for Community Bank Trentham & Districts in the community and supporting us with governance, strategic direction and as a sounding board for our ideas. Also, thanks to Shaun Leech and Leanne Martin, our Regional Managers, and the team at regional office in Bendigo for their support.

Finally, it's a big thank-you to the valued customers of Community Bank Trentham & Districts for everything they contribute to our success. Without them we wouldn't be here making such a positive impact in the community. Our customers are greatly valued, and I want to thank each one for the support they give us.

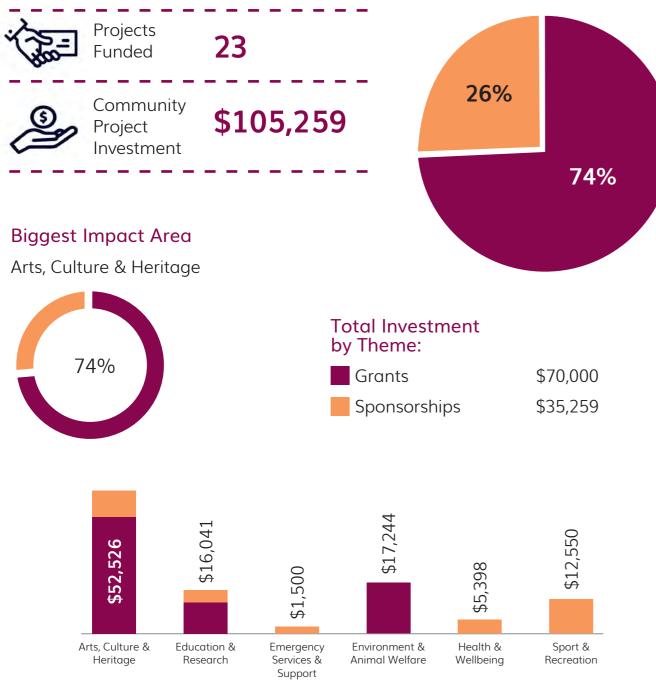
Joel Condon Branch Manager

Community Investment

Scorecard 2021/22



Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited



Branches Community Bank Trentham and Districts

CCCE Investment Contributions Trentham & Districts Community Festivals

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Lyonville Annual Wood Chop



Bullarto Annual Tractor Pull Festiva



Blackwood Easter Festival Wood Chop, Blackwood & Barrys Reef Landcare WaterBug Project, Karly Thaw Planting Guide



Trentham 2022 SpudFest Festival











Woodend Winter Music & Arts Festival



Trentham Sustainability Group Energy and Climate Feasibility Study



Trentham Primary School collaborated with Rural Australians for Refugees Trentham



Trentham & Districts Historical Society Portable Building



CCCE Investment Contributions Trentham & Districts Community Clubs

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Trentham Golf Club



Trentham Football Netball Cricket club and Woodend Heskett Football Netball Cricket club



Woodend Golf Club



Trentham Bowling Club













Stories of the Storm Photographic Series



Quarry Street Reserve Planting



TNC celebrating the Biggest Morning Tea and Wholetown Garage Sale with RAR on the BBQ



Happy to be a support act

When you choose to bank with Bendigo Bank, good things happen in your community. Feel good about who you bank with. Find out more. Call 5424 1608 or search Bendigo Bank Trentham.



📕 Bendigo Bank

Community Bank · Trentham & Districts

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Directors' Report**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Board of Directors

The following persons were Directors of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited during the whole of the financial year up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Brian Hood		
Title:	Co-Chair, acting Company Secretar	
Qualifications:	Bachelor of Business (Accounting)	
Experience & Expertise:	Brian worked in private and public Secretary. He is skilled in the areas Risk Management. Brian was elect period. He served as Deputy Mayo	
Jane Williams		
Title:	Co-Chair	
Qualifications:	BArch St Hons, BArch Hons University	
	Jane is a registered architect having	
Experience & Expertise:	is an experienced company director year term.	
	,	
Paul Podbury		
Title:	Treasurer	
Qualifications:	CPA Accountant	
Experience & Expertise:	Paul is an experienced finance pro industry roles over a broad range of firm based in Woodend where he i	
Mandy White		
Wendy White		
Title:	Non-Executive Director	
Qualifications:	Bachelor of Business (Accounting),	
Experience & Expertise:	Wendy has over 30 years experience chartered firm to her current roles as service provider. She has a broad e airports, aged care, manufacturing,	

sector as a CFO, Company Director and Company of Finance, Accounting, Corporate Governance and ed as Coliban ward councillor in 2020 for a four year r in 2021.

rsity of Adelaide, Registered Architect VIC g spent over twenty years in commercial practice. She r. Jane is an AIA National Councillor serving a three

fessional having worked in both public practice and of businesses. He is currently partner in an Accounting s also the president of the local football club.

, Master of Business Admin (MBA) and CPA

ice in various accounting based roles including Big 4 as Commercial Lead – Major Projects for a mining experience base in mining and construction, defence, not for profit, joint venture and rural business. Wendy Ider of the Trentham & District Community bank and a passionate volunteer in our communities.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Directors' Report**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Stan Falloon Title: Non-Executive Director Diploma of Building Construction and other qualifications in relation to the construction Qualifications: industry Stan has a distinguished 45 year career in the construction industry, responsible for many of Melbourne's largest buildings including the Rialto Office Tower, Telstra Headquarters, The Shell Building , SECV Headquarters, City square Hotel Apartments and Crown Casino. Early career highlights include several shopping centres -Greensborough, Altona Gate and Wendouree. He project managed 400 houses constructed in Darwin after Cyclone Tracey. Stan served on the Victorian Master Builders Board and was Vice Experience & Expertise: President for 2 years. He served on Property Council Australia committees. Stan served on Essendon North Primary School Council for over 12 years and was President for 4 years. Stan is a member of the Lions Club International. For over 15 years he has served on many committees and their cabinet. He served as District Governor in the years 2013-2014. He is the Chairman of the Lions Crime-Watch committee. He has been the PR representative for Lions Clubs Australia district and serves on national committee. Helen van der Werff

Simon Kriss	
Experience & Expertise:	Helen is a highly experienced Organisational Development Consultant, Corporate Conference Presenter & Trainer and Business Coach. She has run her own businesses for many years and is a past National President of Professional Speakers Australia. She is the Chair of the Quarry Street Reserve Committee of Management under DELWP, is a past President of the Trentham Community Forum and has convened The Great Trentham Spudfest for the past six years.
Qualifications:	BA (Psych)
Title:	Non-Executive Director

Title:	Non-Executive Director
Qualifications:	MVitWT (Masters of Viticulture and Wine Tech); GAICD
Experience & Expertise:	Simon has an extensive corporate career then spans the globe having managed customer operations in Europe, Asia, Australia and the Americas. Simon has moved between the corporate world (brands such as RBS, Cathay Pacific, Expedia) and leading his own consultancy businesses. He lived in Asia for over 15 years, and returned to Vic starting a Customer Innovation practice for a major global B2G outsourcer. In his spare time, Simon is Managing Director for a small house flipping business in Melbourne's western suburbs.

Charl Parris (Resigned 28 July 2021)

Title:	Non-Executive Director
Qualifications:	
Experience & Expertise:	TL news Community Newspaper - Business Development and Sales (2019 - 2020). Freelance Charl Parris Graphic Art Services (1997 - 2019). Trentham Primary School Trivia Night Committee (2014 - 2019). Digital Marketing & Communication Degree (2017 - Present). NSW Enterprise Workshop (2001). Australian Business Woman's Mentoring (2002). Graphic Arts Compositor Diploma (1989-1992).

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Directors' Report**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Mike Bartel (Resigned on 28 February 2022)			
Title:	Non-Executive Director		
Qualifications:	Bachelor of Science Degree		
Experience & Expertise:	Mike holds a Bachelor of Science D management positions in Australia, involved in B2B activities within the Director of a recently ASX listed Aus		

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Directors' Meetings

Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Director

Brian Hood
Jane Williams
Paul Podbury
Wendy White
Stan Falloon
Helen van der Werff
Simon Kriss
Charl Parris (Resigned 28 July 2021)
Mike Bartel (Resigned on 28 February 2022)
A - The number of meetings eligible to attend.

B - The number of meetings attended.

Company Secretary

The following person held the position of Company Secretary at the end of the financial year.

Brian Hood	
Qualifications:	Bachelor of Business (Accounting)
Experience & Expertise:	Brian worked in private and public s Secretary. He is skilled in the areas Risk Management. Brian was electe period. He served as Deputy Mayor

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in providing Community Bank branch services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. During the year directors renewed the company's franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank.

Degree, Applied Chemistry and has held senior Asia and Europe with global multinational companies Coatings industry. Mike is currently Managing stralian technology start up.

Board Meetings			
Α	В		
11	11		
11	11		
11	11		
11	10		
11	11		
11	9		
11	9		
0	0		
8	6		

sector as a CFO, Company Director and Company of Finance, Accounting, Corporate Governance and ed as Coliban ward councillor in 2020 for a four year r in 2021.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Directors' Report**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Operating Results

The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

	30 June 2022 (\$)	30 June 2021 (\$)	Movement
Profit After Tax	38,877	15,451	152%

Directors' Benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest.

Director's Interests

		Fully Paid Ordinary Shares		
Director	Balance at 1 July 2021	Changes During the Year	Balance at 30 June 2022	
Brian Hood	-	-	-	
Jane Williams	-	-	-	
Paul Podbury	-	-	-	
Wendy White	1,101	-	1,101	
Stan Falloon	20,000	-	20,000	
Helen van der Werff	9,500	-	9,500	
Simon Kriss	-	-	-	
Charl Parris (Resigned 28 July 2021)	7,000	-	7,000	
Mike Bartel (Resigned on 28 February 2022)	-	-	-	

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

	Cents per Share	Total Amount (\$)
Final fully franked dividend	3.00	23,700
Total Amount	3.00	23,700

Options

No options over issued shares were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding as at the date of this report.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Directors' Report**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

During the financial year, the Australian economy was greatly impacted by COVID-19. Bendigo Bank, as franchisor, announced a suite of measures aimed at providing relief to customers affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The uncertain economic conditions has not materially impacted the company's earnings for the financial year. As the pandemic continues to affect the economic environment, uncertainty remains on the future impact of COVID 19 to the company's operations.

In the opinion of the directors there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Events Since the end of the Financial Year

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly impact or may significantly impact the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future financial years.

Likely Developments

The company will continue to provide banking services to the community. Directors will explore opportunities to diversify and expand the company's activities in the best interests of creating value for our stakeholders with a strong focus on community and sustainability. Any such changes will be foreshadowed to shareholders and will be negotiated with Bendigo Bank consistent with the terms of the franchise agreement.

Environmental Regulations

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Indemnification & Insurance of Directors & Officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the managers in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or managers of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Directors' Report**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Non-audit Services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (RSD Audit) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 29 to the accounts.

The Board of Directors has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- · all non audit services are reviewed and approved by the Board prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 7 of this financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Cool Country Community Enterprise Limited

Tank Pellon

Paul Podbury Treasurer

Dated this 28th September, 2022

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Auditor's Independence Declaration

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Auditors Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Cool Country **Community Enterprises Limited**

In accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited. As the lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- The auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and (i)
- (ii) Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit

RSD Audit

Kathie Teasdale Partner 41A Breen Street Bendigo VIC 3550

Dated: 29 September 2022





41A Breen Street Bendigo, Victoria PO Box 448, Bendigo, VIC, 3552

> Ph: (03) 4435 3550 admin@rsdaudit.com.au www.rsdaudit.com.au

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue		Ψ	Ψ
Revenue from contracts with customers	7	568,986	549,480
Other revenue	8	21,091	42,500
Finance income	9	2,704	4,406
		592,781	596,386
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	10	(291,632)	(267,189)
Depreciation and amortisation	10	(54,243)	(49,127)
Finance costs	10	(16,116)	(9,972)
Administration and general costs		(73,190)	(73,502)
Occupancy expenses		(17,091)	(14,387)
IT expenses		(30,657)	(34,540)
Marketing and Advertising		(5,910)	(44,066)
		(488,839)	(492,783)
Operating profit before Community Investments and Spon	sorships	103,942	103,603
Community investments and sponsorships	10	(36,259)	(87,050)
Profit before income tax		67,683	16,553
Income tax expense	11	(28,806)	(1,102)
Profit for the year after income tax		38,877	15,451
Total comprehensive income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company		38,877	15,451
Earnings per share		¢	¢
- basic and diluted earnings per share	31	4.92	1.96

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	136,173	291,396
Trade and other receivables	13	52,118	30,431
Financial assets	14	526,963	420,104
Current tax asset	19	-	2,479
Other assets	15	344	249
Total current assets		715,598	744,659
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	82,354	86,953
Right-of-use assets	17	504,946	157,311
Intangible assets	18	54,696	1,787
Total non-current assets		641,996	246,051
Total assets		1,357,594	990,710
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	62,754	127,270
Current tax liability	19	14,893	-
Lease liabilities	21	18,636	29,305
Employee benefits	22	10,471	13,233
Total current liabilities		106,754	169,808
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	43,200	-
Lease liabilities	21	500,775	137,613
Deferred tax liability	19	11,574	3,175
Total non-current liabilities		555,549	140,788
Total liabilities		662,303	310,596
Net assets		695,291	680,114
Equity			
Issued capital	23	768,649	768,649
Retained earnings	24	191,293	152,416
Accumulated Dividends	25	(264,651)	(240,951)
Total equity		695,291	680,114

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	Issued Capital	Accumulated Dividends	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
Balance at 1 July 2020		768,649	<u>\$</u> (201,451)	\$ 136,965	\$ 704,163
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year		-	-	15,451	15,451
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Dividends paid or provided	30	-	(39,500)	-	(39,500)
Balance at 30 June 2021		768,649	(240,951)	152,416	680,114
Balance at 1 July 2021		768,649	(240,951)	152,416	680,114
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year		-	-	38,877	38,877
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Dividends paid or provided	30	-	(23,700)	-	(23,700)
Balance at 30 June 2022		768,649	(264,651)	191,293	695,291

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Cash flows from operating activities
Receipts from customers
Payments to suppliers and employees
Interest paid
Interest received
Income tax paid
Net cash flows provided by operating activities
Cash flows from investing activities
Proceeds from disposal of investments
Purchase of property, plant and equipment
Purchase of investments
Purchase of intangible assets
Net cash flows used in investing activities
Cash flows from financing activities
Repayment of lease liabilities
Dividends paid
Net cash flows used in financing activities
Net decrease in cash held

Net decrease in cash held

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year

Note	2022	2021
	\$	\$
	568,391	607,091
	(520,712)	(444,206)
	(16,116)	(9,972)
	2,704	4,406
	(3,036)	3,824
26b	31,231	161,143
	420,104	-
	(1,200)	-
	(526,963)	(420,104)
	(8,035)	-
	(116,094)	(420,104)
	(30,860)	(27,482)
	(39,500)	(31,600)
	(70,360)	(59,082)
	(155,223)	(318,043)
	291,396	609,439
26a	136,173	291,396

Note 1. Corporate Information

These financial statements and notes represent those of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited (the Company) as an individual entity. Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 28th September 2022.

Further information on the nature of the operations and principal activity of the company is provided in the directors' report. Information on the company's related party relationships is provided in Note 28.

Note 2. Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The Company is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, were applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements, except if mentioned otherwise.

(a) Economic Dependency

The Company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the following Community Banks branch:

37B High Street, Tentham VIC 3458

The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for the relevant Bendigo Bank entity to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- · the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- · sales techniques and proper customer relations.

(b) Revenue From Contracts With Customers

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement. Under AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15), revenue recognition for the company's revenue stream is as follows:

Revenue	Includes	Performance Obligation	Timing of Recognition
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission and fee income	arrange the servies to be	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days of month end

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

• training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface

calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company - margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services.

The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

Margin

Margin is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans, less interest paid to customers on deposits plus Deposit returns (i.e. interest return applied by BABL on deposits) minus Any costs of funds (i.e. interest applied by BABL to fund a loan)

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss

Commission

Commission revenue is in the form of commission generated for products and services sold. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation.

The company receives trailing commission for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on receipt as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of income without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission income is outside the control of the company, and is a significant judgement area.

Fee Income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core Banking Products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to Change Financial Return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank may change the form and amount of financial return that the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo and Adelaide Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service. The effect of the change on the revenue earned by the company is entirely dependent on the change.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo and Adelaide Bank may make.

(c) Other Revenue

The company's activities include the generation of income from sources other than the core products under the franchise agreement. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and can be reliably measured.

Revenue	Revenue Recognit
Discretionary financial contributions	MDF income is reco
(also "Market Development Fund"	established. MDF ir
or "MDF" income)	month-end and paid
Cash flow boost	Cash flow boost inc established (e.g. mo
Other income	All other revenues t recognised as good

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Discretionary Financial Contributions

In addition to margin, commission and fee income, and separate from the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank has also made MDF payments to the company.

The amount has been based on the volume of business attributed to a branch. The purpose of the discretionary payments is to assist with local market development activities, including community sponsorships and grants. It is for the board to decide how to use the MDF.

The payments from Bendigo Bank are discretionary and may change the amount or stop making them at any time. The company retains control over the funds, the funds are not refundable to Bendigo Bank.

Cash Flow Boost

During the financial year, in response to the COVID-19 outbreak, Boosting Cash Flow for Employers (Coronavirus Economic Response Package) Act 2020 (CFB Act) was enacted. The purpose was to provide temporary cash flow to small and medium businesses that employ staff and have been affected by the economic downturn associated with COVID-19.

The amounts received or receivable is in relation to amounts withheld as withholding tax reported in the activity statement. This essentially subsidises the company's obligation to remit withholding tax to the Australian Taxation Office. For reporting purposes, the amounts subsidised are recognised as revenue.

The amounts are not assessable for tax purposes and there is no obligation to repay the amounts when the cash flow of the company improves.

ition Policy

cognised when the right to receive the payment is income is discretionary and provided and receivable at id within 14 days after month-end.

come is recognised when the right to the payment is nonthly or quarterly in the activity statement).

that did not contain contracts with customers are ods and services are provided.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for salary and wages (including non-monetary benefits), annual leave, and sick leave which are expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of the reporting date. They are measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled, plus related on-costs. Expenses for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

An annual leave liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Other Long-term Employee Benefits

The company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior reporting periods.

That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels plus related on-costs, experience of employee departures, and years of service achieved. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimate future cash outflows.

Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(e) Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried-forward tax losses, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Goods & Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except:

- · when the amount of GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the revenue or expense item.
- · when receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

(f) Cash & Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of financial position and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise: cash on hand, deposits held with banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments (mainly money market funds) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(g) Property, Plant & Equipment

Recognition & Measurement

borrowings costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company.

Depreciation

values using diminishing value method over their estimated useful lives, and is recognised in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset Class	Method
Leasehold improvements	Diminishing value
Plant & equipment	Diminishing value

Depreciation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

- The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or
- Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows
- Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, which includes capitalised
- Depreciation is calculated to write-off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual

Useful Life
10 to 40 Years
5 to 35 years

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(h) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets of the company include the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank conveying the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Recognition & Measurement

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost.

Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Amortisation

Intangible assets are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset Class	Method	Useful Life
Establishment fee	Straight line	Franchise term (5 years)
Franchise fee	Straight line	Franchise term (5 years)

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(i) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The company's financial instruments include trade debtors and creditors, cash and cash equivalents, leases.

Sub-note (i) and (j) refer to the following acronyms:

Acronym	Meaning
FVTPL	Fair value through profit or loss
FVTOCI	Fair value through other comprehensive income
SPPI	Solely payments of principal and interest
ECL	Expected credit loss
CGU	Cash-generating unit

Recognition & Initial Measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Classification & Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost, FVTOCI - debt investment; FVTOCI - equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- and
- outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI as FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial Assets - Business Model Assessment

The company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed.

Financial Assets - Subsequent Measurement, Gains & Losses For financial assets at amortised cost, these assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities - Classification, Subsequent Measurement, Gains & Losses

Borrowings and other financial liabilities (including trade payables) are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

Financial Assets

· it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows;

· its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI on the principal amount

The company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

Where the company enters into transactions where it transfers assets recognised in the statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred asset, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Liabilities

The company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire. The company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(j) Impairment

Non-derivative Financial Instruments

The company recognises a loss allowance for estimated credit losses (ECL)'s on its trade receivables.

ECL's are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received.

In measuring the ECL, a provision matrix for trade receivables is used, taking into consideration various data to get to an ECL, (i.e. diversity of its customer base, appropriate groupings of its historical loss experience etc.).

Recognition of ECL in Financial Statements

At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the loss allowance as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, which is received 14 days post month end. Due to the reliance on Bendigo and Adelaide Bank the company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company. The company also performed a historical assessment of receivables from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank and found no instances of default. As a result no impairment loss allowance has been made in relation to trade receivables as at 30 June 2022.

Non-financial Assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its non-financial assets (other than investment property, contracts assets, and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

The company has assessed for impairment indicators and noted no material impacts on the carrying amount of non-financial assets

(k) Issued Capital

Ordinary Shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(I) Leases

As Lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of property the company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the company by the end of the lease term or the costs of the right-of-use asset reflects that the company will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the company's incremental borrowing rate.

The company determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from funding sources and where necessary makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- · fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- at the commencement date:
- · amounts expected to be payable under a residual guarantee; and
- early.

• variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as

. the exercise price under a purchase option the company is reasonable certain to exercise, lease payments in an option renewal period if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the company is reasonably certain not to terminate

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term Leases & Leases of Low-value Assets

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of short-term leases and low-value assets, including IT equipment. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

A short-term lease is a lease that, at commencement date, has a lease term of 12 months or less.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

As Lesso

The company has not been a party in an arrangement where it is a lessor.

(m) Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

There are no new standards effective for annual reporting periods beginning after 1 January 2021 that are expected to have a significant impact on the company's financial statements.

(n) Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Note 4. Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates & Assumptions

During preparation of the financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of the company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual outcomes and balances may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revisions to these estimates are recognised prospectively.

(a) Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note	Judgement
Note 7 - Revenue	Whether revenue is recognised over time or at a point in time
Note 21 - Leases:	

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

(a) Control	Whether a contract is or contains company has the right to direct th the economic benefits from the us
(b) Lease term	Whether the company is reasonal periods, and purchase options
(c) Discount rates	Judgement is required to determin the company's incremental borrow readily determined. The increment factors specific to the company an • the amount • the lease term • economic environment • any other relevant factors

(b) Assumptions & Estimation Uncertainty

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 30 June 2022 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is included in the following notes:

Note 4. Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates & Assumptions (continued)

Note	Assumption
Note 19 - Recognition of deferred tax assets	Availability of future taxable profit carried-forward tax losses can be
Note 16 - Estimation of asset useful lives	Key assumptions on historical exp
Note 22 - Long service leave provision	Key assumptions on attrition rate and inflation

Note 5. Financial Risk Management

The company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- · market risk

The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not utilise any derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers.

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank.

a lease at inception by assessing whether the ne use of the identified asset and obtain substantially all se of that asset

ably certain to exercise extension options, termination

ine the discount rate, where the discount rate is wing rate if the rate implicit in the lease cannot be ntal borrowing rate is determined with reference to nd underlying asset including:

t against which deductible temporary differences and e utilised

perience and the condition of the asset

of staff and expected pay increases though promotion

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

30 June 2022	Contractual Cash Flows			
Non-derivative Financial Liability	Carrying Amount	< 12 Months	1 - 5 Years	> 5 Years
Lease liabilities	519,411	36,727	162,198	476,617

(c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Note 5. Financial Risk Management (continued)

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

Price Risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. There is no exposure to the company in regard to commodity price risk.

Cash Flow & Fair Values Interest Rate Risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk.

The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$663,136 at 30 June 2022 (2021: \$291,396). The cash and cash equivalents are held with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank, which are rated BBB on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.

Note 6. Capital Management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

(a) 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

(b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2022 can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 7. Revenue From Contracts With Customers

Revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement with the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The revenue recognised is measured by reference to the fair value of consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes, rebates, and trade discounts.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue		
- Revenue from contracts with customers	568,986	549,480
	568,986	549,480
Disaggregation of Revenue From Contracts With Customers		
- Margin income	480,931	470,106
- Fee income	38,674	36,611
- Commission income	49,381	42,763
	568,986	549,480

All revenue from contracts customers shown above was recognised at a point in time. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Note 8. Other Revenue

The company generates other sources of revenue as outlined below.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Other Revenue		
- Market development fund income	20,000	35,000
- Cash flow boost	-	7,500
- Other Revenue	1,091	-
	21,091	42,500

Note 9. Finance Income

The company holds financial instruments measured at amortised cost. Interest income is recognised at the effective interest rate.

Term deposits which can be readily converted to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change may qualify as a cash equivalent.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Finance Income		
At amortised cost:		
- Interest from term deposits	2,704	4,406
	2,704	4,406

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 10. Expenses

Profit before income tax from continuing operations includes the following specific expenses:

(a) Employee Benefits Expense

E	Employee Benefits Expense
	- Wages & salaries
	- Superannuation costs
	- Other expenses related to employees
(b) Depreciation & Amortisation Expense

C	Depreciation of Non-current Assets
-	- leasehold improvements
-	- plant and equipment
C	Depreciation of Right-of-use Assets
	- leased buildings
Α	Amortisation of Intangible Assets
	- franchise fees
	- establishment costs
_	otal depreciation & amortisation expense

The non-current tangible and intangible assets listed above are depreciated and amortised in accordance with the company's accounting policy (see Note 3(g) and 3(h) for details).

(c) Finance Costs

Finance Costs

- Lease interest expense

Finance costs are recognised as expenses when incurred using the effective interest rate.

2022 \$	2021 \$
226,047	212,958
26,287	22,879
42,366	31,352
294,700	267,189

2022	2021
\$	\$
1,946	835
3,853	3,715
5,799	4,550
35,718	30,947
35,718	30,947
12,726	2,272
-	11,358
12,726	13,630
54,243	49,127

Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
	16,116	9,972
	16,116	9,972

Note 10. Expenses (continued)

(d) Community Investments & Sponsorship

The overarching philosophy of the Community Bank model, is to support the local community in which the company operates. This is achieved by circulating the flow of financial capital into the local economy through community contributions (such as donations and grants).

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Community Investments & Sponsorship			
- Direct sponsorship and grant payments		36,259	29,155
- Contribution to the Community Enterprise Foundation™	10(e)	-	57,895
		36,259	87,050

The funds contributed are held by the Community Enterprise Foundation (CEF) and are available for distribution as grants to eligible applicants for a specific purpose in consultation with the directors.

When the company pays a contributiion in to the CEF, the company can only then use the funds within the rules of the CEF. The directors are responsible for how the funds in the CEF are invested into community ventures however, the funds are not refundable to the company.

(e) Community Enterprise Foundation[™] Contributions

During the financial year the company contributed funds to the CEF, the philanthropic arm of the Bendigo Bank. These contributions paid in form part of community investments and sponsorship expenditure included in profit or loss.

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Disaggregation of CEF Funds			
Opening balance		74,993	108,326
Contributions paid	10(d)	57,895	900
Grants paid out		(69,000)	(34,900)
Interest received		546	667
Management fees incurred		(7,895)	-
Balance available for distribution		56,539	74,993

\$57,895 was taken up as a creditor as at 30 June 2021, as the balance had not cleared the bank account at this point in time. For disclosure purposes this has now been recognised as a CEF contribution in 30 June 2022.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 11. Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Attributable current and deferred tax expense is recognised in the other comprehensive income or directly in equity as appropriate.

(a) The Components of Tax Expense

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current tax expense	19,672	3,410
Deferred tax expense	8,400	(1,183)
Under / (over) provision of prior years	734	(1,125)
	28,806	1,102

(b) Prima Facie Tax Payable

The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% (2021: 26%)	16,921	4,304
Add Tax Effect Of:		
- Under / (over) provision of prior years	734	(1,125)
- Temporary differences	2,751	1,056
- Other assessable income	-	(1,950)
- Movement in deferred tax	8,862	(1,056)
- Reduction in company tax rate	(462)	(127)
Income tax attributable to the entity	28,806	1,102
The applicable weighted average effective tax rate is:	-42.56%	-6.66%

Note 12. Cash & Cash Equivalents

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	136,173	291,396
	136,173	291,396

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits available on demand with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Any bank overdrafts are reported within short-term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Note 13. Trade & Other Receivables

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade receivables	52,118	30,431
	52,118	30,431

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade and other receivables are due for settlement usually no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

The Company's main debtor relates to the Bendigo & Adelaide Bank monthly profit share distribution, which is deposited within a reasonable timeframe each month. There are no items that require the application of the lifetime expected credit loss model.

Note 14. Financial Assets

	2022 \$	2021 \$
At Amortised Cost		
Term deposits	-	420,104
Sandhurst Account	526,963	-
	526,963	420,104

Term deposits classified as financial assets include only those with a maturity period greater than three months. Where maturity periods are less than three months, these investments are recorded as cash and cash equivalents.

Note 15. Other Assets

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Prepayments	344	249
	344	249

Other assets represent items that will provide the entity with future economic benefits controlled by the entity as a result of past transactions or other past events.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 16. Property, Plant & Equipment

(a) Carrying Amounts

	2022 \$		2021 \$			
	At Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Written Down Value	At Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Written Down Value
Leasehold improvements	139,856	67,683	72,173	139,856	63,830	76,026
Plant & equipment	42,683	32,502	10,181	41,483	30,556	10,927
	182,539	100,185	82,354	181,339	94,386	86,953

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

2022	Leasehold Imp. \$	Plant & Equipment \$
Opening carrying value	76,026	10,927
Additions	-	1,200
Disposals	-	
Depreciation expense	(3,853) (1,94	
Closing carrying value	72,173	10,181

2021	Leasehold Imp. \$	Plant & Equipment \$
Opening carrying value	79,741	11,762
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	
Depreciation expense	(3,715) (83	
Closing carrying value	76,026	10,927

(c) Capital Expenditure Commitments

The entity does not have any capital expenditure commitments as at 30 June 2022 (2021: None).

(d) Changes in Estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for property, plant and equipment including useful lives, residual values, and depreciation methods.

There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Note 17. Right-of-use Assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at amounts equal to the present value of enforceable future payments on the adoption date, adjusted for lease incentives, make-good provisions, and initial direct costs.

The company derecognises right-of-use assets at the termination of the lease period or when no future economic benefits are expected to be derived from the use of the underlying asset.

The company's lease portfolio includes buildings, plant and equipment.

Options to Extend or Terminate

The option to extend or terminate are contained in the property lease of the Company. All extension or termination options are only exercisable by the Company. The extension options or termination options which were probable to be exercised have been included in the calculation of the right-of-use asset.

AASB 16 Amounts Recognised in the Statement of Financial Position

	Leased Buildings \$	Total ROU Asset \$
Leased asset	535,771	535,771
Depreciation	(30,825)	(30,825)
	504,946	504,946

Movements in carrying amounts:

	Leased Buildings \$	Total ROU Asset \$
Opening carrying value	157,311	157,311
Disposals	(152,418)	(152,418)
Additions	535,771	535,771
Depreciation expense	(35,718)	(35,718)
Net carrying amount	504,946	504,946

AASB 16 Amounts Recognised in the Statement of Financial Position

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Depreciation expense related to right-of-use assets	35,718	30,947
Interest expense on lease liabilities	16,116	9,972

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 18. Intangible Assets

(a) Carrying Amounts

		2022			2021	
	At Cost	Accumulated Amortisation	Written Down Value	At Cost	Accumulated Amortisation	Written Down Value
Franchise fee	65,635	10,939	54,696	21,297	20,999	298
Establishment fee	156,484	156,484	-	156,484	154,995	1,489
	225,301	170,605	54,696	180,963	179,176	1,787

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

2022	Franchise Fee \$		
Opening carrying value	298		
Additions	65,635		
Disposals	-		
Amortisation expense	(11,237)		
Closing carrying value	54,696		

2021	Franchise Fee \$		
Opening carrying value	2,570		
Additions	-		
Disposals	-		
Amortisation expense	(2,272)		
Closing carrying value	298		

Establishment Fe \$	е
1,	489
	-
	-
(1,	489)
	-
Establishment Fe \$	е
12,	847
12,	847 -
12,	847 - -
	847 - - 358)

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 19. Tax Assets & Liabilities

(a) Current Tax

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Income tax (refundable)	14,893	(2,479)

(b) Deferred Tax

Movement in the company's deferred tax balances for the year ended 30 June 2022:

	30 June 2021 \$	Recognised in P & L \$	30 June 2022 \$
Deferred Tax Assets			
- Expense accruals	1,163	(750)	413
- Lease Liability	2,402	(2,402)	-
- Employee provisions	3,308	(409)	2,899
Total deferred tax assets	6,873	(3,561)	3,312
Deferred Tax Liabilties			
- Right-of-use assets	48,947	(54,890)	5,943
- Accrued income	104	98	202
- Property, plant & equipment	10,835	(2,094)	8,741
Total deferred tax liabilities	59,886	(56,886)	14,886
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	(53,013)	53,325	(11,574)

Movement in the company's deferred tax balances for the year ended 30 June 2021:

	30 June 2020 \$	Recognised in P & L \$	30 June 2021 \$
Deferred Tax Assets			
- Expense accruals	130	1,033	1,163
- Lease Liability	50,544	(48,142)	2,402
- Employee provisions	3,730	(422)	3,308
Total deferred tax assets	54,404	(47,531)	6,873
Deferred Tax Liabilties			
- Right-of-use assets	48,947	(48,947)	-
- Accrued income	104	264	368
- Property, plant & equipment	10,835	(1,155)	9,680
Total deferred tax liabilities	59,886	(49,838)	10,048
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	(5,482)	2,307	(3,175)

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 20. Trade & Other Payables

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current		
Trade creditors	30,536	65,409
Other creditors and accruals	32,218	61,861
	62,754	127,270
Non-Current		
Trade creditors	43,200	-
	43,200	-

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the entity that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Note 21. Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities were measured at amounts equal to the present value of enforceable future payments of the term reasonably expected to be exercised, discounted at the appropriate incremental borrowing rate on the adoption date. The discount rate used on recognition was 4%.

The discount rate used in calculating the present value of enforceable future payments takes into account the particular circumstances applicable to the underlying leased assets (including the amount, lease term, economic environment, and other relevant factors).

The company has applied judgement in estimating the remaining lease term including the effects of any extension or termination options reasonably expected to be exercised, applying hindsight if appropriate.

(a) Lease Portfolio

The company's lease portfolio includes:

Details
The lease agreeme
five years which cor
futher 5 year extens

The company assesses at the lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise extension options. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

(b) Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

Current		
Non-current		

ent is a non-cancellable lease with an initial term of mmenced in August 2021. The lease has two sion options avaliable.

2022 \$	2021 \$
18,636	29,305
500,775	137,613
	\$ 18,636

Note 21. Lease Liabilities (continued)

(b) Lease Liabilities (continued)

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments at 30 June 2022 were as follows:

		Minimum	lease payme	nts due	
	< 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	3 - 5 Years	> 5 years	Total
30 June 2022					
Lease payments	36,727	38,196	124,002	476,617	675,542
Finance charges	(18,091)	(17,445)	(47,216)	(73,249)	(156,001)
Net present values	18,636	20,751	76,786	403,368	519,541
30 June 2021					
Lease payments	37,575	37,576	116,024	-	191,175
Finance charges	(8,270)	(6,652)	(9,335)	-	(24,257)
Net present values	29,305	30,924	106,689	-	166,918

Note 22. Employee Benefits

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current		
Provision for annual leave	4,041	3,103
Provision for long service leave	6,430	10,130
	10,471	13,233

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

Employee Attrition Rates

The company uses historical employee attrition rates in determining the probability of an employee, at a given date, achieving continuous employment eligible for entitlement in accordance with long service leave legislation.

Note 23. Issued Capital

(a) Issued Capital

	2022 2021		21	
	Number	\$	Number	\$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	790,009	790,009	790,009	790,009
Less: equity raising costs	-	(21,360)	-	(21,360)
	790,009	768,649	790,009	768,649

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 23. Issued Capital (continued)

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

(b) Movements in share capital

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Fully paid ordinary shares:		
At the beginning of the reporting period	790,009	790,009
At the end of the reporting period	790,009	790,009

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholders' meetings each shareholder is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, or on a show of hands. The company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid. All shares rank equally with regard to the company's residual assets.

Note 24. Retained Earnings

2021	2022	Note
\$	\$	Note
136,965	152,416	ance at the beginning of the reporting period
15,451	38,877	fit for the year after income tax
152,416	191,293	ance at the end of the reporting period
	191,293	ance at the end of the reporting period

Note 25. Accumulated Dividends

Balance at the end of the reporting period
Dividends paid
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period

The reserves represent undistributable gains recognised on the revaluation of non-current assets.

2022 \$	2021 \$
(240,951)	(201,451)
(23,700)	(39,500)
(264,651)	(240,951)

Note 26. Cash Flow Information

(a) Cash and cash equivalents balances as shown in the Statement of Financial Position can be reconciled to that shown in the Statement of Cash Flows as follows:

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	12	136,173	291,396
As per the Statement of Cash Flows		136,173	291,396

(b) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit after income tax

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Profit for the year after income tax	38,877	15,451
Non-cash flows in profit		
- Depreciation	41,517	35,496
- Amortisation	12,726	13,631
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- (Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	(21,686)	15,110
- (Increase) / decrease in prepayments and other assets	(95)	(249)
- (Increase) / decrease in deferred tax liability	8,400	(2,308)
- Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	(63,116)	77,890
- Increase / (decrease) in current tax assets	17,370	7,235
- Increase / (decrease) in provisions	(2,762)	(1,113)
Net cash flows from operating activities	31,231	161,143

Note 27. Financial Instruments

The following shows the carrying amounts for all financial instruments at amortised costs. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Financial Assets			
Trade and other receivables	13	52,118	30,431
Cash and cash equivalents	12	136,173	291,396
Term deposits	14	526,963	420,104
		715,254	741,931
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	105,954	127,270
Lease liabilities	21	519,411	166,918
		625,365	294,188

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 28. Related Parties

(a) Other Related Parties

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel, individually or collectively with their close family members.

(b) Transactions With Key Management Personnel & Related Parties

During the year, the company purchased goods and services under normal terms and conditions, from related parties as follows:

Name of Related Party	Description of Goods or Services Provided	Value \$
Rotallieo Pty Ltd (Paul Podbury)	Accounting Services	2,646
Charl Parris	Board Member (Contracted for Marketing)	700

(c) Key Management Personnel Shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in the company held by each key management personnel during the financial year has been disclosed in the Director's Report.

(d) Other Key Management Transactions

There has been no other transactions key management or related parties other than those described above.

Note 29. Auditor's Remuneration

The appointed auditor of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 is RSD Audit. Amounts paid or due and payable to the auditor are outlined below.

Audit and review of finan	cial statements (RSD Audit)
Non-Audit Services	

Other non-audit services

Total auditor's remuneration

2022 \$	2021 \$
5,450	5,300
5,450	5,300
1,700	1,700
1,000	1,000
2,700	2,700
8,150	8,000

Note 30. Dividends

The following dividends were provided for and paid to shareholders during the reporting period as presented in the statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows.

	2022		2021	
	Number	\$	Number	\$
Fully franked dividend	3.00	23,700	5.00	39,500
Dividends provided for and paid during the year	3.00	23,700	5.00	39,500

The tax rate at which dividends have been franked is 25% (2021: 26%).

Note 31. Earnings Per Share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share has been based on the following profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	38,877	15,451
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	790,009	790,009
	¢	¢
Basic and diluted earnings per share	4.92	1.96

Note 32. Events After the Reporting Period

There have been no significant events after the end of the financial year that would have a material impact on the financial statements or the company's state of affairs.

Note 33. Commitments & Contingencies

Any commitments for future expenditure associated with leases are recorded in Note 21. Details about any capital commitments are detailed in Note 16(d).

The company has no other commitments requiring disclosure.

There were no contingent liabilities or assets at the date of this report that would have an impact on the financial statements.

Note 34. Company Details

The registered office of the company is:

Cool Country Community Enterprises	37B High Street, Trentham VIC, 3458
Limited	

The principal place of business are:

Trentham

37B High Street, Trentham VIC, 3458

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited **Director's Declaration**

For the year ended 30 June 2022

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) The financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Paul Pellon

Paul Podbury Treasurer

Dated this 28th September, 2022

(i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its

Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited Independent Auditor's Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COOL COUNTRY COMMUNITY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii)

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements related to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Director's Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.





Bendigo, Victoria PO Box 448, Bendigo, VIC, 3552

> Ph: (03) 4435 3550 admin@rsdaudit.com.au www.rsdaudit.com.au

giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2022

complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001

Richmond Sinnott & Delahunty, trading as RSD Audit ABN 60 616 244 309 Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation



Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report.

The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements. We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information, we are required

to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RSD Audit Chartered Accountants

Kathie Teasdale Partner Bendigo Dated: 29 September 2022







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Franchisee: Cool Country Community Enterprises Limited ABN: 14 147 009 158 37B High Street Trentham VIC 3458 Phone: 5424 1608 Fax: 5424 1665 Email: companysecretary@tccce.com.au

Share Registry: AFS & Associates Pty Ltd PO Box 454, Bendigo VIC 3552 Phone: 5443 0344 Fax: 5443 5304 Email: shareregistry@afsbendigo.com.au

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