## Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited

ABN 23 103 003 416

### Financial Report - 30 June 2025





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#### Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Chairpersons Report 30 June 2025

The financial year ending 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025 has been a satisfactory year for Community Bank Donnybrook and Community Bank Capel. Profitability has stabilised from the "boom" profit year of 2023FY but we have maintained our policy of incrementally increasing the dividend each year with a full franking credit

We have once again been able to stage two successful pitch nights', and we have topped the \$1.2m mark in community grants and sponsorships since the community bank's inception within the 2025FY and we are now approaching \$1.3m at the time of writing this report.

We have some significant projects looming for the 2026 financial year which should lift Community Bank Donnybrook and Community Bank Capel up to the next tier of operation, profitability and servicing our community. We hope to reveal more details about these in the near future.

As always, if you have any additional banking needs you think we could help you with, do not hesitate to approach your local branch and equally don't hesitate to encourage your family and friends to do the same.

We are also deeply fortunate to have above and beyond committed staff in our two branches who bring a dedication far above that of "mere" employees as they are fully aware of the impact we are now having in our two communities and take as much pride as the Board does in that result.

Angelo Logiudice (Co Chair) and myself, would also like to thank our very dedicated team of directors who have worked hard to push the bank forward.

Mr Kingsley Smith Co Chairperson

# Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited 2024/2025 Sponsorships 30 June 2025

During the 2024/2025 financial year, you have supported a number of organisations in the community with many projects, and sponsorship to the value of \$114,673.00 some of which are listed below

Organisation	Outcome
Boyanup Progress Association	Fix shed, greenhouse for Boyanup PS Comm Garden
Capel Country Club	New Oven and kitchen upgrade
Capel Men's Shed	Upgrade Internal electrical
Capel Riders	Portable public address system
Capel Basketball Association	Uniforms 8 junior teams
Capel Regional Equestrian Park Inc	Fencing
Capel Soccer Club	80 Shirts
Dalyellup Cricket Club	Match cricket balls
Dalyellup Diamonds Tee ball & Softball	Softball batting cage
Riding for the Disabled Assoc	Replace riding helmets
Tuart Forest Toy Library Inc	Fit out current storage shed and soft play
Capel Community Garden	Mud kitchen/childrens garden
Capel Hockey Club	Face masks
SWARMS	Upgrade club room floors
Donnybrook Men's Shed	Bandsaw, power & hand tools, measuring tools
Donnybrook Scout Group	Sensory items & 110 years community celebration
Donnybrook Cricket Club	New tables and chairs
Donnybrook Football Club	Electronic scoreboard
Donnybrook Country Club	Replacement of green's mower
Donnybrook Golf Club	Wildflower weekend
Balingup Tourism Association	Freestanding 3x6 pod to house visitor centre
Donnybrook CWA	Fridge and freezer
Preston Valley Men's Group	Solar power for shed
Treehouse Childcare Centre	Replace toys
Preston Valley Artisan Trail	Annual art trail
Donnybrook Ladies Hockey Club	Fit out equipment shed



The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2025.

#### **Directors**

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name: Kingsley Smith
Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Accountant Special responsibilities: Chair

Name: John Ridgway

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Senior Management in Government. BA political Science/Economics.

Special responsibilities: Company Secretary

Name: Lynda Klein

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Director/Secretary - Engineering Company, Director - Retail Hardware Store, BEC -

Business Development Advisor, Registered Nurse

Name: Angelo Logiudice
Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Certificate IV Workplace Training, Business proprietor newsagent, Director of Family

Company.

Name: Walter Bruce Hearman Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Previously Director/Chairman of DCCFSL, various involvement in community groups

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Name: Geoff Box

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Chairman/President/Treasurer of Various community groups.

Name: Nicola Banks

Title: Non-executive director (resigned 30 June 2025)

Experience and expertise: B.Com (Accounting & Commercial Law), MBA, Chartered Accountant, Senior

Management - Medium - Large Unlisted Company.

Name: Mike Pilling

Title: Non-executive director (resigned 30 June 2025)

Experience and expertise: 30+ years employment in engineering and management.

#### Company secretary

The Company secretary is John Ridgway. John was appointed to the position of Company secretary on 15 December 2020.

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

#### **Review of operations**

The profit for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$216,160 (30 June 2024: \$230,773).

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations.

## Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Directors' report 30 June 2025

#### **Dividends**

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Fully franked dividend of 12 cents per share (2024: 10 cents)	79,252	66,044

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

#### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

#### Likely developments and expected results of operations

No matter, circumstance or likely development in operations has arisen during or since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company.

#### **Environmental regulation**

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

#### **Meetings of directors**

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors' of the company during the financial year were:

	Вс	Board	
	Eligible	Attended	
Kingsley Smith	10	7	
John Ridgway	10	9	
Lynda Klein	10	8	
Angelo Logiudice	10	9	
Walter Bruce Hearman	10	7	
Geoff Box	9	6	
Nicola Banks	<u>-</u>	-	
Mike Pilling	-	_	

#### **Directors' benefits**

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

### Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Directors' report 30 June 2025

#### **Directors' interests**

The interest in company shareholdings for each director are:

	Balance at the start of the year	Changes	Balance at the end of the year
Kingsley Smith	6,000	-	6,000
John Ridgway	1,000	-	1,000
Lynda Klein	3,000	-	3,000
Angelo Logiudice	500	-	500
Walter Bruce Hearman	1,000	-	1,000
Geoff Box	500	-	500
Nicola Banks	-	-	-
Mike Pilling	-	-	-

#### Shares under option

There were no unissued ordinary shares of the company under option outstanding at the date of this report.

#### Shares issued on the exercise of options

There were no ordinary shares of the company issued on the exercise of options during the year ended 30 June 2025 and up to the date of this report.

#### Indemnity and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and management in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or management of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

#### Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

#### Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 24 to the accounts.

#### Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Directors' report 30 June 2025

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor
- The non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in
  APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own
  work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or
  jointly sharing risks and rewards.

#### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Kingsley Smith

Chair

15 September 2025

### Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Auditor's independence declaration



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited

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As lead auditor for the audit of Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited for the year <u>ended</u> 30 June 2025, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550 Dated:15 September 2025 Joshua Griffin Lead Auditor

# Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	7	1,680,673	1,662,156
Other revenue Finance revenue		1,441 21,928	30,416
Total revenue		1,704,042	1,692,572
Employee benefits expense Advertising and marketing costs Occupancy and associated costs System costs	8	(874,533) (44,541) (90,927) (40,303)	(785,820) (38,899) (90,598) (33,503)
Depreciation and amortisation expense Finance costs General administration expenses	8 8	(82,899) (8,077) (158,461)	(91,218) (9,566) (160,587) (1,210,191
Total expenses before community contributions and income tax		(1,299,741)	
Profit before community contributions and income tax expense		404,301	482,381
Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense	8	(114,673)	(175,097)
Profit before income tax expense		289,628	307,284
Income tax expense	9	(73,468)	(76,511)
Profit after income tax expense for the year		216,160	230,773
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		216,160	230,773
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	26 26	32.73 32.73	34.94 34.94

# Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	549,751	425,669
Trade and other receivables	11	108,654	129,096
Investments	12	417,582	400,000
Total current assets		1,075,987	954,765
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	26,885	55,306
Right-of-use assets	14	143,016	160,355
Intangible assets	15	77,024	105,634
Deferred tax assets	9	25,482	26,986
Total non-current assets		272,407	348,281
Total assets		1,348,394	1,303,046
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	147,121	129,154
Lease liabilities	17	34,330	25,218
Current tax liabilities	9	7,703	74,986
Employee benefits		72,588	74,343
Total current liabilities		261,742	303,701
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	29,049	52,817
Lease liabilities	17	126,937	154,127
Employee benefits		5,119	3,762
Total non-current liabilities		161,105	210,706
Total liabilities		422,847	514,407
Net assets		925,547	788,639
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Equity			
Issued capital	18	660,435	660,435
Retained earnings		265,112	128,204
Total equity		925,547	788,639
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# Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2023	-	660,435	(36,525)	623,910
Profit after income tax expense Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income	- -	- - -	230,773	230,773
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Dividends provided for or paid	20	<u>-</u>	(66,044)	(66,044)
Balance at 30 June 2024	=	660,435	128,204	788,639
	Note	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2024	=	660,435	128,204	788,639
Profit after income tax expense Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income	_		216,160 - 216,160	216,160 - 216,160
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Dividends provided for or paid	20	<u>-</u>	(79,252)	(79,252)
Balance at 30 June 2025	=	660,435	265,112	925,547

#### Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2025

Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST) Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST) Interest and other finance costs paid Income taxes paid		1,949,249 (1,471,441) (321) (214,337)	1,718,829 (1,259,371) (321) (65,885)
Net cash provided by operating activities	25	263,150	393,252
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for investments Payments for intangibles		(26,407)	(400,000) (26,407)
Net cash used in investing activities		(26,407)	(426,407)
Cash flows from financing activities Interest and other finance costs paid Dividends paid Repayment of lease liabilities	20	(7,756) (79,252) (25,653)	(9,245) (66,044) (19,556)
Net cash used in financing activities		(112,661)	(94,845)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		124,082 425,669	(128,000) 553,669
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	10	549,751	425,669

#### Note 1. Reporting entity

The financial statements cover Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited (the company) as an individual entity, which is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

#### Registered office

#### Principal place of business

70 Southwest Hwy, Donnybrook WA 6239

70 Southwest Hwy, Donnybrook WA 6239 Unit 1/34 Forrest Road, Capel WA 6271

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

#### Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to pay its debts as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 15 September 2025. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

#### Note 3. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the company are set out either in the respective notes or below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

#### Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

#### **Current and non-current classification**

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

#### Investments and other financial assets

Investments includes non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities where the company has the positive intention and ability to hold the financial asset to maturity. This category excludes financial assets that are held for an undefined period. Investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method adjusted for any principal repayments. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are measured at amortised cost. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the company's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

#### Note 3. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding expense through profit or loss. In all other cases, the loss allowance reduces the asset's carrying value with a corresponding expense through profit or loss.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

#### Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. The directors continually evaluate their judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses.

The directors base their judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### **Judgements**

#### Timing of revenue recognition associated with trail commission

The company receives trailing commission from Bendigo Bank for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on a monthly basis when earned as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of revenue without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission revenue is outside the control of the company.

#### Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

#### Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables for the following reasons:

- The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.
- The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit. The directors are not aware of any such non-compliance at balance date.
- The company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company.
- The company has not experienced any instances of default in relation to receivables owed to the company from Bendigo Bank.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions. The directors did not identify any impairment indications during the financial year.

#### Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

#### Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term.

In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the company's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

The company includes extension options applicable to the lease of branch premises in its calculations of both the right-ofuse asset and lease liability except where the company is reasonably certain it will not exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the leased premises.

#### **Estimates and assumptions**

#### Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

#### Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for the company's lease agreements, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. This rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

#### Note 5. Economic dependency

The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry in July 2028

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

#### Note 6. Change to comparative figures

#### Classification of term deposits

During the year the directors reviewed the requirements of AASB 107 *Statement of Cash Flows* and noted term deposits normally qualify as a cash and cash equivalent only when they have initial investment periods of three months or less. In previous financial years the company classified all term deposits as cash and cash equivalents in the preparation of the even if they had initial investment periods greater than three months.

In the preparation of the financial statements for the current financial year, the directors updated its accounting policy to align to the requirements of AASB 107, restating comparatives figures to reclassify term deposits with initial investment periods greater than three months as current investments instead of cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of financial position.

The change in classification had the following impacts on comparative figures:

- Opening and closing cash balances were reduced to exclude term deposits with initial investment periods greater than three months as reported in the Statement of cash flows.
- Investments in and redemptions of term deposits with initial investment periods greater than three months are now classified within investment activities as reported in the Statement of cash flows.

The change in classification had no impact on the company's net profit or net asset position.

#### Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Margin income Fee income	1,491,491 119,206	1,467,789 122,881
Commission income	69,976	71,486
	1,680,673	1,662,156

#### Accounting policy for revenue from contracts with customers

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement, as follows:

Revenue stream Franchise agreement profit share	Includes Margin, commission, and fee income	Performance obligation When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier	Timing of recognition On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10
		the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as	monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end
		franchisor).	of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

#### Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates.

#### Margin income

Margin income on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits

**plus:** any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

#### Commission income

Commission income is generated from the sale of products and services. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation. Refer to note 4 for further information regarding key judgements applied by the directors in relation to the timing of revenue recognition from trail commission.

#### Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

#### Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

#### Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

#### Note 8. Expenses

Employee benefits expense  2025 \$  Wages and salaries  744,317  670,86	
Wages and salaries 7// 217 670 96	
Non-cash benefits 20,690 7,03	31
Superannuation 90,509 76,04 Expenses related to long service leave (6,659) 6,63 Other expenses 25,676 25,25	34
<u>874,533</u> <u>785,82</u>	
Depreciation and amortisation expense 2025 2024	
\$ \$ 	
Depreciation of non-current assets Improvements Motor vehicles 28,421 29,80 - 9,26	
28,421 39,07	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets  Leased land and buildings  25,868 25,73	38
Amortisation of intangible assets Franchise fee 28,610 26,40	08
82,899 91,21	18
Finance costs 2025 2024	
<b>\$ \$</b>	
Bank loan interest paid or accrued  Lease interest expense  321 32 7,756 9,24	
8,077 9,56	36
Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense  2025 \$ \$	
Direct donation, sponsorship and grant payments 114,673 175,09	97

Note 9. Income tax		
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Income tax expense		
Current tax	71,016	80,548
Movement in deferred tax	1,505	(4,674)
Under/over provision in respect to prior years	947	637
Aggregate income tax expense	73,468	76,511
Prima facie income tax reconciliation		
Profit before income tax expense	289,628	307,284
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	72,407	76,821
Tax effect of:		
Non-deductible expenses	114	(947)
Under/over provision in respect to prior years	947	637
Income tax expense	73,468	76,511
modific tax expense	70,100	70,011
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)		
Property, plant and equipment	2,669	_
Employee benefits	19,427	19,526
Accrued expenses	-	5,830
Accrued income	(1,087)	-
Lease liabilities	40,317	44,837
Right-of-use assets Prepayments	(35,754) (90)	(40,089) (3,118)
i ropaymonto	(90)	(5,116)
Deferred tax asset	25,482	26,986

#### Accounting policy for income tax

Provision for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

#### Accounting policy for current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### Accounting policy for deferred tax

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

2025

\$

7,703

2024

\$

74,986

Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents		
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	549,751	425,669
Note 11. Trade and other receivables		
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Trade receivables	103,948	116,628
Accrued income Prepayments	4,346 360 4,706	12,468 12,468
	108,654	129,096

#### Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.

#### Note 12. Investments

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current assets Term deposits	417,582	400,000
Note 13. Property, plant and equipment		
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Leasehold improvements - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	366,077 (339,192) 26,885	366,077 (310,771) 55,306
Motor vehicles - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	58,105 (58,105)	58,105 (58,105)
	26,885	55,306

#### Note 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Improvement s \$	Motor Vehicles \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2023 Depreciation	85,113 (29,807)	9,265 (9,265)	94,378 (39,072)
Balance at 30 June 2024 Depreciation	55,306 (28,421)	<u>-</u>	55,306 (28,421)
Balance at 30 June 2025	26,885		26,885

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Improvements 5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

#### Note 14. Right-of-use assets

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Land and buildings - right-of-use Less: Accumulated depreciation	426,840 (283,824)	417,626 (257,271)
	143,016	160,355

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings \$
Balance at 1 July 2023 Remeasurement adjustments Depreciation expense	138,070 48,023 (25,738)
Balance at 30 June 2024 Remeasurement adjustments Depreciation expense	160,355 8,529 (25,868)
Balance at 30 June 2025	143,016

#### Note 14. Right-of-use assets (continued)

#### Accounting policy for right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment and are adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Refer to note 17 for more information on lease arrangements.

#### Note 15. Intangible assets

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Franchise fee Less: Accumulated amortisation	132,042 (55,018)	132,042 (26,408)
	77,024	105,634

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Franchise fee \$
Balance at 1 July 2023 Additions Amortisation expense	132,042 (26,408)
Balance at 30 June 2024 Amortisation expense	105,634 (28,610)
Balance at 30 June 2025	77,024

#### Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset class Method Useful life Expiry/renewal date Franchise fee Straight-line Over the franchise term (5 years)

July 2028

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Note 16. Trade and of	ther payables						
					2025 \$		2024 \$
Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables and ac	cruals				147,	- 121	3,370 125,784
				<u> </u>	147,	121	129,154
Non-current liabilities Other payables and ac	cruals				29,0	049	52,817
					2025 \$		2024 \$
Financial liabilities at a Total trade and other p Less GST payable to tl	ayables				176, (37,9		181,971 (40,952)
				_	138,2	250	141,019
Note 17. Lease liabilit	ies						
					2025 \$		2024 \$
Current liabilities Land and buildings lea	se liabilities			_	34,	330	25,218
Non-current liabilities Land and buildings lea	se liabilities			_	126,9	937	154,127
Reconciliation of lease	liabilities				2025 \$		2024 \$
Opening balance Remeasurement adjus Lease interest expense Lease payments - total	e			_	179,: 7,:	573 756	150,878 48,023 9,245 (28,801)
				=	161,2	267	179,345
Lease	Discount rate	Non-cancellable term	Renewal options available	Reasonabl certain to exercise o	-	date u	term end sed in ations
Capel Branch	4.79%	5 years	1 x 5 years	Yes		Septer	mber 2030

#### Accounting policy for lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, including renewal options if the company is reasonably certain to exercise such options, discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate.

#### Note 18. Issued capital

	2025	2024	2025	2024
	Shares	Shares	\$	\$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	660,435	660,435	660,435	660,435

#### Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being the payment received at the time of issue. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### Rights attached to issued capital

#### Ordinary shares

#### Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

#### Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

#### <u>Transfer</u>

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

#### Note 18. Issued capital (continued)

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

#### Note 19. Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period;
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

#### Note 20. Dividends

Dividends provided for and paid during the period

The following dividends were provided for and paid to shareholders during the financial year as presented in the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Fully franked dividend of 12 cents per share (2024: 10 cents)	79,252	66,044

#### Note 20. Dividends (continued)

Franking credits
------------------

Franking credits	2025 \$	2024 \$
Franking account balance at the beginning of the financial year Franking credits (debits) arising from income taxes paid (refunded) Franking debits from the payment of franked distributions	56,019 214,337 (26,417) 243,939	11,382 66,742 (22,015) 56,109
Franking transactions that will arise subsequent to the financial year end: Balance at the end of the financial year Franking credits (debits) that will arise from payment (refund) of income tax Franking credits available for future reporting periods	243,939 7,703 251,642	56,109 74,986 131,095

The ability to utilise franking credits is dependent upon the company's ability to declare dividends. The tax rate at which future dividends will be franked is 25%.

#### Accounting policy for dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### Note 21. Financial risk management

The company's financial instruments include trade receivables and payables, cash and cash equivalents, investments, borrowings and lease liabilities. The company does not have any derivatives.

The directors are responsible for monitoring and managing the financial risk exposure of the company, to which end it monitors the financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions within the scope of its authority.

The directors have identified that the only significant financial risk exposures of the company are liquidity and market (price) risk. Other financial risks are not significant to the company due to the following factors:

- The company has no foreign exchange risk as all of its account balances and transactions are in Australian Dollars.
- The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings, Bendigo Bank is rated A- on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.
- The company has no direct exposure to movements in commodity prices.
- The company's interest-bearing instruments are held at amortised cost which have fair values that approximate their carrying value since all cash and payables have maturity dates within 12 months.
- The company has no borrowings.

Further details regarding the categories of financial instruments held by the company that hold such exposure are detailed below.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 10)	549,751	425,669
Trade and other receivables excluding prepayments (note 11)	108,294	116,628
Investments (note 12)	417,582	400,000
	1,075,627	942,297
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables (note 16)	138,250	141,019
Lease liabilities (note 17)	161,267	179,345
· ,	299,517	320,364

#### Note 21. Financial risk management (continued)

At balance date, the fair value of financial instruments approximated their carrying values.

Accounting policy for financial instruments

#### Financial assets

#### Classification

The company measures its financial assets at amortised cost.

Financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial asset.

The company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and investments.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the company's contractual right to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

#### Impairment of trade and other receivables

Impairment of trade receivables is determined using the simplified approach which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables. Refer to note 4 for further information.

#### Financial liabilities

#### Classification

The company measures its financial liabilities at amortised cost.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, cancelled or expires.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments.

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and earnings on those are subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk.

The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$549,751 and term deposits of \$417,582 at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$425,669 and \$400,000).

#### Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flow amounts are gross and undiscounted and therefore may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

2025	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities
Trade and other payables	109,201	29,049	-	138,250
Lease liabilities	35,133	140,530	5,856	181,519
Total non-derivatives	144,334	169,579	5,856	319,769
2024	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	88,202 33,612 121,814	52,817 133,108 185.925	41,542 41.542	141,019 208,262 349,281
Total non-derivatives				

#### Note 22. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were directors of Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements.

Kingsley Smith Walter Bruce Hearman
John Ridgway Geoff Box
Lynda Klein Nicola Banks
Angelo Logiudice Mike Pilling

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

#### Note 23. Related party transactions

#### Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 22.

#### Receivable from and payable to related parties

There were no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

#### Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

#### Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
The Company leases its branch premises from a trust in which a Director holds a one-third interest, with rent paid on normal commercial terms.	36,750	33,070
The company purchases stationary from Donnybrook Newsagency during the year which is owned by Angelo Logiudice and his wife.	1.536	222
The company provided various grants and sponsorships to entities of which a number of	1,550	222
directors have involvement in. The total benefit received was:	14,950	-

#### Note 24. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Andrew Frewin Stewart, the auditor of the company:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Audit services Audit or review of the financial statements (RSD Audit) Audit or review of the financial statements (AFS)	3,800	6,400 - -
Other services General advisory services (RSD Audit) General advisory services (AFS)	- - 4,478	4,300
	8,278	10,700
Note 25. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash provided by operating activ	rities	
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Profit after income tax expense for the year	216,160	230,773
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Accrued income	82,899 4,346	91,218 -
Change in operating assets and liabilities:  Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables  Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets Increase in prepayments Increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in provision for income tax Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	(2,440) 1,504 - 28,362 (67,283) (398)	26,257 (322) (114) 29,981 10,948 4,511
Net cash provided by operating activities	263,150	393,252
Note 26. Earnings per share		
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Profit after income tax	216,160	230,773
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	660,435	660,435
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	660,435	660,435
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	32.73 32.73	34.94 34.94

#### Note 27. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

#### Note 28. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

#### Note 29. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

## Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited Directors' declaration 30 June 2025

#### In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the notes to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the company does not have any controlled entities and is not required by the Accounting Standards to prepare consolidated financial statements. Therefore, a consolidated entity disclosure statement has not been included as section 295(3A)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001* does not apply to the entity.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Kingsley Smith

Chair

15 September 2025



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

#### Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited

#### Report on the audit of the financial report

#### **Qualified Opinion**

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 of Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited were not audited by Andrew Frewin Stewart. It has not been practical for us to verify or otherwise obtain sufficient information concerning the company's opening balances at 1 July 2024. Since the opening balances impact directly on the determination of the results of operations, we were unable to ascertain whether adjustments to the results of operations might be necessary for the year ended 30 June 2025 as a consequence of any potential misstatement of the opening balances. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the comparative balances for the year ended 30 June 2025, as a result of this, no opinion on these comparative amounts is expressed.

#### What we have audited

We have audited the financial report of Donnybrook Capel Districts Community Financial Services Limited (the company), which comprises the:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- Statement of changes in equity
- Statement of cash flows
- Notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies, and the
- Directors' declaration.

#### Basis for a Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

#### Independence

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="http://www.auasb.gov.au/home.aspx">http://www.auasb.gov.au/home.aspx</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**Andrew Frewin Stewart** 

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550 Dated:15 September 2025 Joshua Griffin Lead Auditor