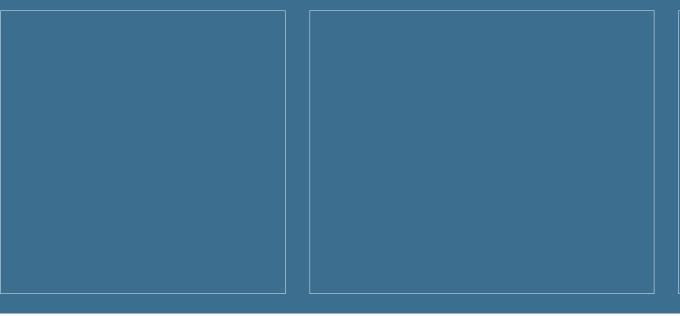
annual report | 2009



East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited ABN 18 096 939 507

East Keilor Community Bank® Branch

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2009

Welcome to our eighth Annual Report, This has been a challenging year as you will be aware, starting out with the horrific bush fires and the continuing Global Financial Crisis, we have managed to continue to grow the business but thanks to our shareholder and strong customer base we have continued in the right direction.

Our Manager and staff have continued to work with our customers to ensure that our customers received the best financial advice available.

In addition to the dividend payment last financial year we have earmarked part of that profit to put back into a Community Project in the future which is in line with Prospectus and the Franchise agreement.

We have also continued to support the local community through our Market Development Fund sponsoring community groups and building our customer relationship which helps increase the bottom line.

I was recently appointed as the shareholder Liaison Officer, if you have any queries please contact me through the branch, also if you have a change of address immediately contact me to register your change of address with the share registry.

Finally I would like to take this opportunity to again thank my fellow Directors, Manager and staff whom have worked tirelessly over the past year to deliver quality services to our customers and the community.

Trevor Sinclair J.P.

Board Chairman.

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2009

It is pleasing to report that business levels continue to grow at a strong rate. Funds under management as at 30 June exceeded \$67 million. Our number of customers has also increased to over 3,100. We receive great support from our shareholders and existing customers who continue to be a good source of business referrals.

Our Staff, Directors and Marketing Committee continue to promote the **Community Bank®** branch at every opportunity. Our strong relationships with local schools, clubs and community groups continue. These relationships lead to a greater understanding of our Community needs and assist us with forward planning.

We have the support of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd Business Banking Manager & Financial Planner enabling us to offer a wider and more diverse range of products and services to our customers.

Please continue to support our **Community Bank®** branch and encourage your family and friends to utilise our services and products.

I would like to thank my staff and the Board of Directors for their support.

Tom Hill

Branch Manager

Treasurer's report

For year ending 30 June 2009

The 2009 financial year has been effected by the global financial crisis and our **Community Bank®** branch was not spared. As interest rates were reduced by the Reserve Bank of Australia the margins generated by the branch were squeezed to a minimum which resulted in a smaller profit than anticipated. The branch generated net profit before income tax of \$128,830 which was 37% less than last year.

Despite this, the branch paid its maiden fully franked dividend of 6 cents to shareholders. Cash on hand at the end of June 2009 was \$409,824 and retained losses were almost recouped. We remain prudent with funds, but as long as the branch remains profitable we may be able to pay another dividend in the near future.

We are confident that in the next financial year we will achieve our budget and generate enough profits to pay our next dividend before 30 June 2010. The branch is becoming a valuable enterprise and we encourage everybody to support and promote our **Community Bank®** branch. It goes without saying the more business referred to our branch the more profit we make and the more the community benefits!

Funds under management increased from \$65.1 million to \$67.1 million from June 2008 illustrating that we have continued to win new business. We are expecting to grow and hopefully achieve our budgeted figure of \$77.1 million funds under management for the year end 2010.

The **Community Bank®** branch, together with the support of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, has shared its success with the East Keilor Community by providing various sponsorships. We also financially contributed towards the Bendigo Enterprise Foundation™, which gives us an opportunity to sponsor a major project in the local community.

I would also like to say thank you to Frank Magarelli, Rosemary McKenzie and John Fincher for their time and effort contributing to the Board. They have retired from the Board and wish them all the best in the future.

Finally, I would like to thank our shareholders, staff and customers of East Keilor **Community Bank®** Branch. We ask you to continue to refer new clients so they too, can experience the difference of our **Community Bank®** branch.

Hrisimir Borisov

Treasurer and Secretary

Directors' report

For year ending 30 June 2009

Your Directors submit the financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

Directors

The names and details of the Company's Directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Trevor Donald Sinclair JP

Chairman

Retired Moonee Valley Councillor

Interests in shares - 5,000

David Edward Todd

Deputy Chairman

Pharmacist / Investor

Interests in shares - 22,742

Jeffrey Hase (Appointed 25 May 2009)

Director Retiree

Interests in shares - Nil

Frank Magarelli (Resigned 1 April 2009)

Director

Retired Plumber / Committee Member

Interests in shares - 1,000

Rosemary McKenzie (Resigned 6 April 2009)

Director

Business Banker

Interests in shares - 1,000

Hrisimir Borisov

Treasurer/Company Secretary

Manager

Interests in shares - 2,000

Nicholas Michael Axarlis

Director

Accountant

Interest in shares - 1,000

Nancy Monforte (Reappointed 25 May 2009)

Director

Business Owner

Interests in shares - 3,000

Kenneth John Fincher (Resigned 6 April 2009)

Director

Retired Business Banker Interests in shares - Nil

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is Hrisimir Borisov. Hrisimir was appointed to the position of Secretary on 26 March 2007. Hrisimir has a Bachelor of Business and is currently employed as a Manager with Matthews Steer Chartered Accountants.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank**® services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Directors' report continued

Operating results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit of the Company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended 30 June 2009 \$	Year ended 30 June 2008 \$	
85,802	148,734	

	Year ended 3	30 June 2009
Dividends	Cents	\$
Dividends paid in the year:	6	38,452

Remuneration report

No Director of the Company receives remuneration for services as a Company Director or Committee member

There are no Executives within the Company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial report.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company, in future years.

Likely developments

The Company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The Company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' benefits

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the Company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Directors' report continued

Indemnification and insurance of Directors and Officers

The Company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Manager of the Company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The Company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the Company or a related body corporate.

Directors' meetings

The number of Directors' meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the year were:

	Number of Board meetings eligible to attend	Number attended
Trevor Donald Sinclair JP	10	10
Hrisimir Borisov	10	9
David Edward Todd	10	10
Nicholas Michael Axarlis	10	9
Frank Magarelli (Resigned 1 April 2009)	8	6
Rosemary McKenzie (Resigned 6 April 2009)	7	7
Kenneth John Fincher (Resigned 6 April 2009)	7	6
Jeffrey Hase (Appointed 25 May 2009)	2	2
Nancy Monforte (Reappointed 25 May 2009)	2	1

Non Audit services

The Company may decide to employ the Auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the Auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The Board of Directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for Auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

Directors' report continued

Non Audit services (continued)

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the Auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the Auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the Auditor;
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to Auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1, including reviewing or auditing the Auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' independence declaration

A copy of the Auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 9.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Essendon Fields House, Level 2, 7 English Street, Essendon Airport on 29 September 2009.

Trevor Donald Sinclair JP

Chairman

Hrisimir Borisov

Treasurer

Auditor's independence declaration



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Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited

I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2009 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- > no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

David Hutchings Auditor

Andrew Frewin & Stewart Bendigo, Victoria

Dated this 29th day of September 2009

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Financial statements

Income statement For year ending 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Revenues from ordinary activities	3	636,852	673,050
Salaries and employee benefits expense		(308,455)	(293,776)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising & promotion		(21,603)	(4,792)
Occupancy and associated costs		(53,711)	(48,551)
Systems costs		(20,232)	(21,084)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	4	(19,403)	(17,859)
General administration expenses		(84,618)	(83,316)
Profit before income tax expense		128,830	203,672
Income tax expense	5	(43,028)	(54,938)
Profit for the period		85,802	148,734
Profit attributable to members of the entity		85,802	148,734
Earnings per share (cents per share)		¢	¢
- basic for profit for the year	21	13.39	23.21
- dividends paid per share	19	6	-

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements continued

Balance sheet As at 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash assets	6	409,824	357,291
Trade, other receivables and prepayments	7	47,293	50,577
Total current assets		457,117	407,868
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	137,741	134,615
Intangible assets	9	23,370	33,370
Deferred tax assets	10	11,486	11,897
Total non-current assets		172,597	179,882
Total assets		629,714	587,750
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	19,208	19,617
Provisions	12	20,270	19,149
Current tax liability	13	11,117	21,174
Total current liabilities		50,595	59,940
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	12	19,727	15,768
Total non-current liabilities		19,727	15,768
Total liabilities		70,322	75,708
Net assets		559,392	512,042
Equity			
Issued capital	14	561,768	561,768
Retained earnings/accumulated losses	15	(2,376)	(49,726)
Total equity		559,392	512,042

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements continued

Statement of cash flows As at 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		619,403	655,082
Payments to suppliers and employees		(487,192)	(439,331)
Interest received		23,977	7,368
Income taxes paid		(52,674)	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	16	103,514	223,119
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(12,529)	(9,744)
Payments for intangible assets		-	(27,500)
Net cash used in investing activities		(12,529)	(37,244)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid		(38,452)	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(38,452)	-
Net increase in cash held		52,533	185,875
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		357,291	171,416
Cash at the end of the half-year	6(a)	409,824	357,291

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements continued

Statement of changes in equity As at 30 June 2009

Note	2009 \$	2008 \$	
Total equity at the beginning of the period	512,042	363,308	
Net profit for the period	85,802	148,734	
Total income and expense recognised by the entity for the year	85,802	148,734	
Dividends provided for or paid	(38,452)	-	
Total equity at the end of the period	559,392	512,042	

Notes to the financial statements

For year ending 30 June 2009

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS.

Historical cost convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost conventions on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue.

Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable for the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operation cash flows.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Income tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company/consolidated entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

Intangibles

The cost of the Company's franchise fee has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

leasehold improvements 40 years

• plant and equipment 2.5 - 40 years

furniture and fittings
 4 - 40 years

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

There are no estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

Trade receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that is transferred to entities in the entity are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Note 2. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

(i) Market risk

The Company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The Company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The Company's franchise agreement limits the Company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd.

Note 2. Financial risk management (continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd mitigates this risk significantly.

(vi) Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the Company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

- (i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:
 - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
 - (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the Company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2009 can be seen in the Income Statement.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 3. Revenue from ordinary activities		
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	150,964	124,217
- other revenue	460,520	541,465
Total revenue from operating activities	611,484	665,682
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	25,368	7,368
Total revenue from non-operating activities	25,368	7,368
Total revenues from ordinary activities	636,852	673,050
Note 4. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	6,123	4,764
- leasehold improvements	3,280	3,095
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	10,000	10,000
	19,403	17,859
Bad debts	551	636
Note 5. Income tax expense		
The components of tax expense comprise:		
- Current tax	42,617	66,835
- Deferred tax	411	(11,897)
	43,028	54,938
The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Operating profit	128,830	203,672

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 5. Income tax expense (continued)			
Add tax effect of:			
- non-deductible expenses		5,970	7,427
- timing difference expenses		(2,003)	(1,693)
Current tax		42,617	66,835
Movement in deferred tax	10	411	(11,897)
		43,028	54,938
Note 6. Cash assets			
Cash at bank and on hand		53,400	79,678
Term deposits		356,424	277,613
		409,824	357,291
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:			
6(a) Reconciliation of cash			
Cash at bank and on hand		53,400	79,678
Term deposit		356,424	277,612
		409,824	357,291
Note 7. Trade and other receivable	S		
Trade receivables		42,113	50,031
Prepayments		3,789	546
Accrued interest income		1,391	-
		47,293	50,577

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 8. Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment		
At cost	73,529	67,500
Less accumulated depreciation	(44,699)	(38,576)
	28,830	28,924
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	132,100	125,600
Less accumulated depreciation	(23,189)	(19,909)
	108,911	105,691
Total written down amount	137,741	134,615
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	28,924	29,888
Additions	6,029	3,800
Less: depreciation expense	(6,123)	(4,764)
Carrying amount at end	28,830	28,924
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	105,691	102,843
Additions	6,500	5,943
Less: depreciation expense	(3,280)	(3,095)
Carrying amount at end	108,911	105,691
Total written down amount	137,741	134,615
Note 9. Intangible assets		
At cost	100,000	100,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(76,630)	(66,630)
	23,370	33,370

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 10. Deferred tax		
Deferred tax		
Opening balance	11,897	45,661
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	-	(45,661)
Movement in deferred tax on provisions	(411)	11,897
Closing balance	11,486	11,897
Note 11. Trade and other payables		
Trade creditors	3,960	19,617
Other creditors & accruals	15,248	
Note 12. Provisions	19,208	19,617
	20,270	
Current: Provision for annual leave		19,149
Current: Provision for annual leave Non-current:	20,270	19,149 15,768
Current: Provision for annual leave Non-current: Provision for long service leave	20,270 19,727	19,149 15,768
Current: Provision for annual leave Non-current: Provision for long service leave Number of employees at year end	20,270 19,727	19,149 15,768 4
Current: Provision for annual leave Non-current: Provision for long service leave Number of employees at year end Note 13. Current tax liabilities	20,270 19,727 4	19,149 15,768 4
Current: Provision for annual leave Non-current: Provision for long service leave Number of employees at year end Note 13. Current tax liabilities Income tax payable	20,270 19,727 4	19,149 15,768 4
Current: Provision for annual leave Non-current: Provision for long service leave Number of employees at year end Note 13. Current tax liabilities Income tax payable Note 14. Contributed equity	20,270 19,727 4 11,117	19,149 15,768 4 21,174

^{# 46,470} bonus shares were issued during the initial setup period for costs incurred on the entity's behalf

Note 14. Contributed equity (continued)

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each shareholder has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each shareholder attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a shareholder and has also been appointed as proxy for another shareholder) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a shareholder and one vote for each other shareholder that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each shareholder only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the Company as a community based Company, by providing that all shareholders of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the Company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to shareholders in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The Franchise Agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the Directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the Company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the Company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

• They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the Company (the "10% limit").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the Company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

Note 14. Contributed equity (continued)

Prohibited shareholding interest (continued)

The Board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the Board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the Company or any voting power in the Company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the Board becomes aware that a shareholder has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the shareholder (or the shareholder's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the Board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the Board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the Board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the Constitution, shareholders acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the Board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual shareholders, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 15. Retained earnings/accumulated losses		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(49,726)	(198,460)
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	85,802	148,734
Dividends paid or provided for	(38,452)	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	(2,376)	(49,726)

Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities

Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	85,802	148,734	
Non cash items:			
- depreciation	9,403	7,859	
- amortisation	10,000	10,000	

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 16. Statement of cash flows (continued)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables	6,528	(10,600)
- (increase)/decrease in other assets	(2,831)	45,540
- increase/(decrease) in payables	(411)	2,837
-increase/(decrease) in provisions	5,080	9,470
-increase/(decrease) in provision for Company tax	(10,057)	9,279
Net cashflows provided by operating activities	103,514	223,119

Note 17. Auditors' remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the Auditor of the

Company for:

	5,431	3,000
- non audit services	2,231	
- audit & review services	3,200	3,000

Note 18. Director and related party disclosures

The names of Directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Trevor Donald Sinclair JP

Hrisimir Borisov

David Edward Todd

Nicholas Michael Axarlis

Jeffrey Hase (Appointed 25 May 2009)

Nancy Monforte (Reappointed 25 May 2009)

Frank Magarelli (Resigned 1 April 2009)

Kenneth John Fincher (Resigned 6 April 2009)

Rosemary McKenzie (Resigned 6 April 2009)

No Director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the Company. No Directors' fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Nancy Monforte received an \$800 benefit for the printing services.

Note 18. Director and related party disclosures (continued)

Directors' shareholdings	2009	2008
David Edward Todd	22,742	22,742
Trevor Donald Sinclair JP	5,000	5,000
Nancy Monforte (Reappointed 25 May 2009)	3,000	3,000
Hrisimir Borisov	2,000	2,000
Nicholas Michael Axarlis	1,000	1,000
Frank Magarelli (Resigned 1 April 2009)	1,000	1,000
Rosemary McKenzie (Resigned 6 April 2009)	1,000	1,000
Jeffrey Hase (Appointed 25 May 2009)	-	-
Kenneth John Fincher (Resigned 6 April 2009)	-	-

There was no movement in Directors' shareholdings during the year.

2009	2008	
\$	\$	

Note 19. Dividends paid or provided

Dividends paid during the year

100% franked dividend - 6 cents per share	38,452	-

The tax rate at which dividends have been franked is 30%.

Note 20. Key management personnel disclosures

No Director of the Company receives remuneration for services as a Company Director or Committee member.

There are no Executives within the Company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Note 21. Earnings per share		
(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company		
used in calculating earnings per share	85,802	148,734

	2009 Number	2008 Number	
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the			
denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	640,870	640,870	

Note 22. Events occurring after the balance sheet date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 23. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 24. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank®** services pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being East Keilor district, Victoria.

Note 25. Registered office/principal place of business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered office	Principal place of business
Essendon Fields House	53 Wyong Street,
Level 2, 7 English Street,	Keilor East VIC 3033
Essendon Airport VIC 3041	

Note 26. Financial instruments

Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Balance Sheet.

The Company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest rate risk

				Fixed	d interest r	ate maturir	ng in				Weighted		
Financial instrument	Floating interest rate		1 year	or less	Over 1 to	5 years	Over 5	years	Non in bea		aver effec interes	tive	
	2009	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 %	2008 %	
Financial assets													
Cash assets	53,400	79,678	356,424	277,613	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.032	7	
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,112	50,578	N/A	N/A	
Financial liabilities													
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,708	19,617	N/A	N/A	

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the Company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the Directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB174 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Trevor Donald Sinclair JP

Chairman

Hrisimir Borisov

Treasurer

Signed on 29 September 2009.

Independent audit report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited, which comprise the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Independent audit report continued

Independence

In conducting our audit we have met the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's Opinion on the Financial Report

In our opinion:

- The financial report of East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including
 - (a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and;
 - (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and;
- The financial statements and notes also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2009. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2009, complies with section 300A if the Corporations Act 2001.

DAVID HUTCHINGS ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART

61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

Dated this 29th day of September 2009

East Keilor **Community Bank®** Branch 53 Wyong Street, East Keilor VIC 3033 Phone: (03) 9331 5811

Franchisee: East Keilor Community Financial Services Limited

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