Annual Report 2021

Fraser Coast Community
Enterprise Ltd

Community Bank Hervey Bay
ABN 46 116 567 072



Annual Report 2020

Fraser Coast Community
Enterprise Ltd

Community Bank Hervey Bay Branch ABN 46 116 567 072

Contents

Chairman's report	2
Manager's report	3
Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Report	4
Directors' report	5
Auditor's independence declaration	11
Financial statements	12
Notes to the financial statements	16
Directors' declaration	52

Chair's report

For year ending 30 June 2021

In my first year as Chair and I would have to say what a pleasure it is to work with such an enthusiastic group of people. All involved are passionate and communicate well together, add in a geographic area that seems to not only be going strength to strength as it has been quite lucky with COVID impacts, and it's not a surprise to again see growth and a milestone of \$1m income achieved. Congratulations team.

The year seen turnover increase from \$1029760 to \$1060891 and profit go from \$113366 to \$173646 and the dividends returned to shareholders was once again \$24300 (\$0.03 per share). The company is continuing to trading favorably since opening and the Board is very proud of this fact, congratulations everyone, you should be proud.

This year we as a Board, with feedback from staff and community, have chosen to support a major legacy item and have allocated \$100,000 towards this project which will announced in the very near future. The Bank will continue to support smaller, worthy local projects via a regular monthly allocation by Branch staff. We believe this particular legacy project will have a greater impact on the local community and also provide a lasting benefit to the community.

All in all, I believe from dealings with fellow Board Members, Manager, Staff and Customers, that at this point in time The Bank is positioned with a positive and progress outlook and we will continue to grow and advance confidentially into the future.

I'd like to personally thank Tim and his team for a great year, Gerard for his mentorship in my first year as the Chair, Janelle and Sue for their support as Treasurer and Secretary the rest of the Board for their contribution and on going commitment.

Hayden Lyons

Chairman

Manager's Report

For year ending 30 June 2021

To our Shareholders and Customers,

I am proud to present my Manager's report for the 2020/2021 financial year.

As we are all acutely aware of the past financial year was one of many challenges and change. COVID 19 meant that our environment was one that changed daily and in many cases, resulted in a modification in the way we must do business.

These changes were not all negative with the bank implementing significant upgrades to our digital presence and offering our customers the opportunity to deal with us on a local level but utilising digital mediums.

Turning to our results, we have managed to navigate the stormy seas of COVID and produce some outstanding results across the board. Our business grew by a total of \$24,167mil across lending and deposits. These results have led to strong returns in an environment that is experiencing a significant tightening from a margin income perspective. This has been achieved through a focus on profitable growth, customer retention and cost reduction.

Looking to the future, our region is currently growing at a rapid pace resulting in significant increase in property prices. The effect of this is twofold, with our average loan size increasing, however many more of our customers are selling their properties to cash in on the increase in property prices. This will lead to a difficult environment to continue to grow in, however we do have plans in place to combat this effect.

The Branch Team

To deal with the increase in our business we have once again needed to increase our staffing. Over the last 12 months we have added Ben Brown as a Customer Relationship Officer, Natalie Otter as a Part Time Customer Service officer and Brooke Walker on a Traineeship.

We have also had an addition to our family with Danni Krohn our Customer Relationship Officer having her second child. Duke Carter Walsgott joined us in May this year and we are so happy for Tyler and Danni.

Another amazing milestone was Linda Brown achieving 15 years of service to our local community bank. Linda is now and has always been a cornerstone of the success of our business and we all thank her for her continued service professionalism, and the warmest smile in the region.

Our team are very focussed on working with you to achieve your personal financial goals. Please meet our dedicated, passionate, and friendly team who are there to ensure you have a smooth customer experience.

Tim Evans	Branch Manager
Kylie Hammond	Customer Relationship Manager
Alex Kruger	Customer Relationship Manager
Linda Brown	Senior Customer Service manager
Ben Brown	Customers Relationship Officer
Danni Krohn	Customer Relationship Officer
Callie Croxton	Customer Service Officer
Natalie Otter	Customer Service officer
Brooke Walker	Customer Service Officer (Trainee)

Manager's Report

For year ending 30 June 2021

Thank you

I need to extend a heartfelt thank you to the Board as part of the greater bank team. Their advice, trust and wiliness to support this business on a volunteer basis underpins our success and has enabled Community Bank Hervey Bay to report strong profitability despite a challenging year. I am eternally grateful for not only the assistance but the friendship they have offered me.

Lastly, I would like to thank our shareholders, who, without our business would not exist, nor would our community continue to benefit from our success. Because of you, we are on the cusp of delivering something truly substantial for the Fraser Coast.

Our Purpose has stood the test of time and drives us still:

"To feed into the prosperity of our customers and communities – not off it."

Thank you to everyone who has contributed to the ongoing success of the Community Bank Hervey Bay.

Best Regards,
Tim Evans
Branch Manager.

Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Report

26 August 2021

On behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, thank you! As a shareholder of your local Community Bank company, you are playing an important role in supporting your community.

It has been a tumultuous year for every community across Australia, and across the world. For our business, recognition that banking is an essential service has meant that we've kept the doors open, albeit with conditions that none of us could ever imagine having to work with.

Face masks, perspex screens, signed documents to cross state borders, checking in customers with QR codes and ensuring hand sanitiser stations are filled aren't what you would expect as a bank employee.

Then there's the fact that while communities have been, and continue to go in and out of lockdown, digital and online banking has become the norm.

So, what does that mean for Bendigo Bank and the Community Bank that you are invested in both as a shareholder, and a customer?

What we're seeing is that your Community Bank is still as important, if not more so, than when you first invested as a shareholder. If the pandemic has taught us anything, it has taught us the importance of place, of our local community, our local economy, our community-based organisations, the importance of social connection and the importance or your local Community Enterprise – your Community Bank in providing, leadership, support, and assistance in these difficult times.

As we continue to adapt to this rapidly changing world one thing that continues to be important to us all is supporting each other and our strong sense of community.

Your continued support as a shareholder is essential to the success of your local community. Thank you for continuing to back your Community Bank company and your community.

Collin Brady

Head of Community Development

The directors present their report together with the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Directors

The directors of the company who held office during the financial year and to the date of this report are:

Gerard Daniel O'Connell Non-executive director

Occupation: Commercial Manager

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Bachelor of Business (Accounting). Bachelor of Theology. Local Government Member. St Mary's Parish Finance Committee. Motor vehicle industry. Hospitality, retail and business consultancy. From May 2020 was appointed Director of Life Choice Wide Bay Burnett.

Special responsibilities: Governance & Audit Committee

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

David John Lewis

Non-executive director Occupation: Councillor

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Currently Councillor, Fraser Coast Regional Council and Consultant Lawyer. Previously solicitor in private practice in Hervey Bay and part-time member of QLD Civil and Administrative Tribunal, part-time lecturer USQ. Qualifications: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Laws. Member Hervey Bay Boat Club Yacht Squadron. Previously President Hervey Bay City Musicians Inc.

Special responsibilities: Human Resources Committee

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Justin Maxwell Geldard Non-executive director Occupation: Solicitor

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Bachelor Laws and Business (Banking & Finance) from Queensland University of Technology. Admitted as practitioner of Queensland Supreme Court, High Court of Australia. Member of Family Lawyers Association and Queensland Collaborative Lawyers. President of Hervey Bay Cricket Association. Manager of Harvey Bay OzTag Representative team and Chairperson of Hervey Bay Seagulls judicial tribunal.

Special responsibilities: Governance Committee

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Peter Donald Smith Non-executive director Occupation: Consultant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Bachelor of Business, 37 years experience in Local Government particularly in the areas

of governance, development and community. Special responsibilities: Company Secretary Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Michelle Nicole Jordan Non-executive director

Occupation: Small Business Operator

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Michelle has a Bachelor of Business Management as well as qualifications in Divisional Therapy and Child Care. Michelle has been a small business operator for the past 12 years in the mining industry and news agencies. Michelle also has extensive management experience in community nursing facilities and nursing homes. Michelle is an active participant as a volunteer in a range of community activities including Hervey Bay Basketball, Central Districts Representative Committee, Hervey Bay Netball Association and Cosmos Netball Club.

Social responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Directors (continued)

Janelle Margaret Shaw Non-executive director Occupation: Accountant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Janelle Shaw is a partner in the Ulton Group and has many years of experience providing corporate services and taxation advice to a wide range of clients, including prominent local companies and businesses. Janelle specialises in the fields of business development, creating innovative & effective financial strategies and planning for wealth creation, as well as information technology, superannuation planning and risk management. Janelle has resided in the Fraser Coast her entire life and through this has established many local contacts in the community, especially the business sector. Having also served on many not for profit associations throughout this time. Janelle's formal qualifications and memberships include a Bachelor of Business (Professional Accountancy / End User Computing), Fellow Member of the National Institute of Accountants, Associate Member of the Institute of Financial Services, Registered Tax Agent, Commissioner for Declarations and Affiliate Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Social responsibilities: Treasurer

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Hayden Leslie Roy Lyons Non-executive director

Occupation: Business Owner - Mechanic Workshop

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Owner of a Mechanic Workshop, Volunteer for a number of sporting events including speedway, touch footy and triathlons. Finished year 10, Certificate 3 in Heavy Commercial Vehicle Engineering, Certificate 3 in Electrical Automotive Technology and Certificate two in Automotive Air-conditioning Technology.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Susan Mary Gordon Non-executive director

Occupation: BAS Agent/Bookkeeper

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Susan is a registered BAS Agent, has an advanced Diploma in Accounting and is a fellow in

The Institute of Certified Bookkeepers. She is a Life Member of Hervey Bay Netball Association.

Special responsibilities: Network facilitator ICB - Wide Bay

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

David John Kimber Non-executive director Occupation: Plumber

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Licensed Plumber & Drainer. Involved with the Maryborough/Harvey Bay Ski Club and

Hervey Bay Triathlon Club. Director of Kimber Plumbing.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Directors (continued)

Neil Alexander Bradshaw

Non-executive director (appointed 24 February 2021)

Occupation: General Manager at Southern Cross Austereo

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Neil obtained a Bachelor of Business from the University of Southern Queensland, majoring in Accounting and Marketing. At Southern Cross Austereo Neil was the Account Manager from 1996-2001 (5 years), General Sales manager from 2001-2017 (16 years) and is the current General Manager. Neil is a Council Member of the Fraser Coast Anglican College and the current Vice President of the Harvey Bay Chamber of Commerce.

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interest in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Company Secretary

There have been two company secretaries holding the position during the financial year:

- Susan Mary Gordon was appointed company secretary on 25 November 2020.
- Peter Donald Smith was appointed as company secretary on 22 September 2017 and ceased on 25 November 2020.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Operating results

The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended
30 June 2021
\$ \$ \$

173,645 137,668

Directors' interests

Gerard Daniel O'Connell David John Lewis Justin Maxwell Geldard Peter Donald Smith Michelle Nicole Jordan Janelle Margaret Shaw Hayden Leslie Roy Lyons Susan Mary Gordon David John Kimber Neil Alexander Bradshaw

Fully paid ordinary shares		
Balance	Changes	Balance
at start of	during the	at end of
the year	year	the year
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
_	-	-

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

Cents per	Total amount
share	\$
3.00	24,300

Final unfranked dividend

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Since January 2020, COVID-19 has developed and spread globally. In response, the Commonwealth and State Government introduced a range of social isolation measures to limit the spread of the virus. Such measures have been revised, as appropriate, based on case numbers and the level of community transmission. Whilst their has been no significant changes on the companies financial performance so far, uncertainty remains on the future impact of COVID-19 to the company's operations.

In the opinion of the directors there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Events since the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest.

Indemnification and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

E - eligible to attend A - number attended	Board Meetings Attended	
	<u>E</u>	<u>A</u>
Gerard Daniel O'Connell	12	10
David John Lewis	12	6
Justin Maxwell Geldard	12	5
Peter Donald Smith	12	12
Michelle Nicole Jordan	12	6
Janelle Margaret Shaw	12	10
Hayden Leslie Roy Lyons	12	7
Susan Mary Gordon	12	12
David John Kimber	12	7
Neil Alexander Bradshaw	5	3

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Non audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in note 27 to the accounts.

- all non-audit services have been reviewed to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors at Hervey Bay, Queensland.

Gerard Deniel & Connell, Chair Hayden healie hyen

Dated this 25th day of August 2021



61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited for the year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550

Dated: 25 August 2021

Joshua Griffin Lead Auditor



Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 \$	2020 \$
		<u> </u>	
Revenue from contracts with customers	8	1,060,892	940,802
Other revenue	9	37,544	148,259
Employee benefit expenses	10c)	(528,505)	(492,376)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(25,765)	(50,464)
Occupancy and associated costs		(24,161)	(27,207)
Systems costs		(44,636)	(46,300)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	10a)	(101,638)	(107,154)
Finance costs	10b)	(35,713)	(42,864)
General administration expenses		(108,226)	(139,042)
Profit before income tax expense		229,792	183,654
Income tax expense	11a)	(56,147)	(45,986)
Profit after income tax expense		173,645	137,668
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the ordinary			
shareholders of the company:		173,645	137,668
Earnings per share		¢	¢
- Basic and diluted earnings per share:	30a)	21.44	17.00

Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	12a)	190,876	=
Trade and other receivables	13a)	79,409	65,235
Total current assets		270,285	65,235
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14a)	266,500	297,826
Right-of-use assets	15a)	627,103	689,319
Intangible assets	16a)	63,438	13,557
Deferred tax asset	17a)	120,195	176,342
Total non-current assets		1,077,236	1,177,044
Total assets		1,347,521	1,242,279
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18b)	79,545	53,232
Loans and borrowings	19a)	-	81,165
Lease liabilities	20a)	44,782	51,191
Employee benefits	22a)	56,731	55,732
Total current liabilities		181,058	241,320
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18a)	41,869	-
Lease liabilities	20b)	647,930	692,712
Employee benefits	22b)	29,937	12,019
Provisions	21a)	24,830	23,676
Total non-current liabilities		744,566	728,407
Total liabilities		925,624	969,727
Net assets		421,897	272,552
EQUITY			
Issued capital	23a)	789,732	789,732
Accumulated losses	24	(367,835)	(517,180)
Total equity		421,897	272,552

Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2021

		Issued	Accumulated	Total
	Notes	capital	losses	equity
		\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2019		789,732	(606,248)	183,484
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	137,668	137,668
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividends provided for or paid	29b)	-	(48,600)	(48,600)
Balance at 30 June 2020		789,732	(517,180)	272,552
Balance at 1 July 2020		789,732	(517,180)	272,552
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	173,645	173,645
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividends provided for or paid	29b)	-	(24,300)	(24,300)
Balance at 30 June 2021		789,732	(367,835)	421,897

Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		1,166,089	1,189,179
Payments to suppliers and employees		(783,896)	(796,008)
Interest paid		(411)	(4,954)
Lease payments (interest component)	10b)	(34,464)	(36,804)
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	10d)	(10,378)	(20,801)
Net cash provided by operating activities	25	336,940	330,612
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(2,135)	(322,348)
Payments for intangible assets		-	(13,556
Proceeds from sale of right-of-use assets		12,727	-
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		10,592	(335,904)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Lease payments (principal component)		(51,191)	(46,146)
Dividends paid	29a)	(24,300)	(24,300)
Net cash used in financing activities		(75,491)	(70,446)
Net cash increase/(decrease) in cash held		272,041	(75,738)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(81,165)	(5,427
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	12b)	190,876	(81,165)

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 1 Reporting entity

This is the financial report for Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited (the company). The company is a for profit entity limited by shares, and incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office

Principal Place of Business

Shop 9-55-59 Main Street Pialba QLD 4655 Shop 9-55-59 Main Street Pialba QLD 4655

Further information on the nature of the operations and principal activity of the company is provided in the directors' report. Information on the company's related party relationships is provided in Note 28.

Note 2 Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 25 August 2021.

Note 3 Changes in accounting policies, standards and interpretations

There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2020, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year. The amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement. Under AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15), revenue recognition for the company's revenue stream is as follows:

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Revenue	<u>Includes</u>	Performance obligation	Timing of recognition
Franchise	Margin,	When the company satisfies its	On completion of the provision of the
agreement	commission, and	obligation to arrange for the services	relevant service. Revenue is accrued
profit share	fee income	to be provided to the customer by	monthly and paid within 10 business
		the supplier (Bendigo Bank as	days after the end of each month.
		franchisor).	

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company – margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services.

The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

Margin

Margin is arrived at through the following calculation:

- Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
- plus any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit,
- minus any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission

Commission revenue is in the form of commission generated for products and services sold. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation.

The company receives trailing commission for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on receipt as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of income without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission income is outside the control of the company, and is a significant judgement area.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank Group entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

b) Other revenue

The company's activities include the generation of income from sources other than the core products under the franchise agreement. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and can be reliably measured.

Revenue	Revenue recognition policy
Discretionary financial contributions (also "Market Development Fund" or "MDF" income)	MDF income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established. MDF income is discretionary and provided and receivable at month-end and paid within 14 days after month-end.
Cash flow boost	Cash flow boost income is recognised when the right to the payment is established (e.g. monthly or quarterly in the activity statement).
Other income	All other revenues that did not contain contracts with customers are recognised as goods and services are provided.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Discretionary financial contributions

In addition to margin, commission and fee income, and separate from the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank has also made MDF payments to the company.

The amount has been based on the volume of business attributed to a branch. The purpose of the discretionary payments is to assist with local market development activities, including community sponsorships and grants. It is for the board to decide how to use the MDF.

The payments from Bendigo Bank are discretionary and may change the amount or stop making them at any time. The company retains control over the funds, the funds are not refundable to Bendigo Bank.

Cash flow boost

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, Boosting Cash Flow for Employers (Coronavirus Economic Response Package) Act 2020 (CFB Act) was enacted. The purpose was to provide temporary cash flow to small and medium sized businesses that employ staff and have been affected by the economic downturn associated with COVID-19.

The amounts received are in relation to amounts withheld as withholding tax reported in the activity statement. This essentially subsidises the company's obligation to remit withholding tax to the Australian Taxation Office. For reporting purposes, the amounts subsidised are recognised as revenue.

The amounts are not assessable for tax purposes and there is no obligation to repay the amounts.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

c) Economic dependency - Bendigo Bank

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank.

The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for the relevant Bendigo Bank entity to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- · methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- · calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.
- providing payroll services.

d) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for salary and wages where the employee has provided the service but payment has not yet occurred at the reporting date. They are measured at amounts expected to be paid, plus related on-costs. Non-accumulating sick leave is expensed when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

An annual leave liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The company's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised in employee benefits in the statement of financial position.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Employee benefits (continued)

Defined superannuation contribution plans

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Obligations for superannuation contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

Other long-term employee benefits

The company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior reporting periods.

That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels plus related on-costs, experience of employee departures, and years of service achieved. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

e) Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried-forward tax losses, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except when the amount of GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the revenue or expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of financial position and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held with banks. Bank overdrafts are shown as current liabilities within loans and borrowings in the statement of financial position.

g) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company.

Depreciation is calculated to write-off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is recognised in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset class	Method	<u>Useful life</u>
Leasehold improvements	Straight-line	1 to 15 years
Plant and equipment	Straight-line	1 to 40 years
Computer equipment	Straight-line	2 to 3 years
Motor vehicles	Straight-line	5 years

Depreciation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

h) Intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset class	Method	<u>Useful life</u>
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)
Franchise renewal process fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if required.

Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The company's financial instruments include trade debtors and creditors, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings, finance leases and lease liabilities.

Trade receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price when they originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus, transaction costs (where applicable) when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

i) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the rights are transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and rewards associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire. Any gain or loss on derecognision is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

j) Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Expected credit losses (ECL) are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received. At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the ECL (if any) as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end. Due to the reliance on Bendigo Bank the company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company. The company also performed a historical assessment of receivables from Bendigo Bank and found no instances of default. As a result no ECL has been made in relation to trade receivables as at 30 June 2021.

Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

k) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost.

m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the company assesses whether a contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration and obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of that asset.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

m) Leases (continued)

As a lessee

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate.

The company determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from funding sources and where necessary makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed or variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate and lease payments in a renewal option if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. For leases of property the company has elected to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if the company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

The company assesses at the lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise extension options. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

Where the company is a lessee for the premises to conduct its business, extension options are included in the lease term except when the company is reasonably certain not to exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the demised leased premises.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of short-term leases and low-value assets, including IT equipment. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

A short-term lease is a lease that, at commencement date, has a lease term of 12 months or less.

Note 5 Significant accounting judgements, estimates, and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of the company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 5 Significant accounting judgements, estimates, and assumptions (continued)

a) Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Not	<u>e</u>	Judg	ement
- Not	e 20 - leases:		
а)	control	a)	whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception by assessing whether the company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset and obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of that asset;
lo.\	laasa tarm	lo \	
b)	lease term	b)	whether the company is reasonably certain to exercise extension options, termination periods, and purchase options;
c)	discount rates	c)	judgement is required to determine the discount rate, where the discount rate is the company's incremental borrowing rate if the rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined. The incremental borrowing rate is determined with reference to factors specific to the company and underlying asset including the amount, the lease term, economic environment and other relevant factors.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 30 June 2021 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is included in the following notes:

	<u>Note</u>	Assumptions
-	Note 17 - recognition of deferred tax assets	availability of future taxable profit against which deductible temporary differences and carried-forward tax losses can be utilised; $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left($
-	Note 14 - estimation of useful lives of assets	key assumptions on historical experience and the condition of the asset;
-	Note 22 - long service leave provision	key assumptions on attrition rate and pay increases though promotion and inflation;
-	Note 21 - make-good provision	key assumptions on future cost estimates in restoring the leased premises in accordance with the lease agreement.

Note 6 Financial risk management

The company has exposure to credit, liquidity and market risk arising from financial instruments. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers.

The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings of the bank.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 6 Financial risk management (continued)

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flows amounts are gross and undiscounted.

30 June 2021

	Contractual cash flows			
Non-derivative financial liability	Corning amount	Not later than 12	Between 12 months	Greater than five
	Carrying amount	<u>months</u>	and five years	<u>years</u>
Lease liabilities	692,712	76,945	300,779	540,995
Trade and other payables	121,414	79,545	41,869	-
	814,126	156,490	342,648	540,995

30 June 2020

Non-derivative financial liability	Carrying amount	Not later than 12 months	Between 12 months and five years	
Bank overdraft	81,165	81,165	-	-
Lease liabilities	743,903	85,655	306,310	306,310
Trade and other payables	53,232	53,232	-	-
	878,300	220,052	306,310	306,310

The bank overdraft is repayable on demand and used for cash management purposes. It is reviewed annual by the lender, Bendigo Bank. As at balance date, the lender does not intend to reduce or end the overdraft facility within the next 12 months.

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo Bank and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk.

The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$190,876 at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$0). The cash and cash equivalents are held with Bendigo Bank, which are rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.

Contractual cash flavor

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 7 Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2021 can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 8 Revenue from contracts with customers		
	2021 \$	2020 \$
- Margin income	880,586	768,847
- Fee income	82,705	76,595
- Commission income	97,601	95,360
	1,060,892	940,802
Note 9 Other revenue		
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
- Market development fund income		21,250
- Cash flow boost	32,412	54,020
- Sale of property, plant and equipment	5,132	-
- Other income	-	72,989
	37,544	148,259

for the year ended 30 June 2021

a)	Depreciation and amortisation expense	2021 \$	2020 \$
Dep	reciation of non-current assets:	,	,
-	Leasehold improvements	17,703	18,937
-	Plant and equipment	15,032	14,680
-	Computer equipment	726	725
		33,461	34,342
Dep	reciation of right-of-use assets		
-	Leased land and buildings	48,760	48,760
-	Leased motor vehicles	5,860	10,497
		54,620	59,257
Am	ortisation of intangible assets:		
-	Franchise fee	2,260	2,259
-	Franchise renewal process fee	11,297	11,296
		13,557	13,555
Tota	al depreciation and amortisation expense	101,638	107,154
b)	Finance costs		
-	Bank overdraft interest paid or accrued	207	4,955
-	Lease interest expense	34,351	36,804
-	Unwinding of make-good provision	1,155	1,105
		35,713	42,864
Fina	nce costs are recognised as expenses when incurred using the effective interest rate.		
c)	Employee benefit expenses	2021	2020
		\$	\$
	ges and salaries	439,781	418,628
	-cash benefits	519	1,002
	tributions to defined contribution plans enses related to long service leave	42,972 19,652	38,415 5,680
	er expenses	25,581	28,651
		528,505	492,376

The company pays for the right to use information technology equipment. The underlying assets have been assessed as low value and exempted from recognition under AASB 16 accounting. Expenses relating to low-value exempt leases are included in system costs expenses.

		2021 \$	2020 \$
Exp	enses relating to low-value leases	21,076	20,801
e)	Other expenses		
-	Loss on disposal of non-current assets	-	12,140

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Not	e 11 Income tax expense		
a)	Amounts recognised in profit or loss	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cur	rent tax expense		
-	Recoupment of prior year tax losses	69,541	51,788
-	Movement in deferred tax	(18,202)	(32,238)
-	Adjustment to deferred tax on AASB 16 retrospective application	-	16,262
-	Reduction in company tax rate	4,808	10,174
		56,147	45,986

Progressive changes to the company tax rate have been enacted. Consequently, as of 1 July 2021, the company tax rate will be reduced from 26% to 25%. This change resulted in a loss \$4,745 related to the remeasurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities of the company.

b) Prima facie income tax reconciliation	2021 \$	2020 \$
Operating profit before taxation	229,792	183,654
Prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities at 26% (2020: 27.5%)	59,746	50,505
Tax effect of:		
 Non-deductible expenses Temporary differences Other assessable income Movement in deferred tax Adjustment to deferred tax to reflect reduction of tax rate in future periods Leases initial recognition 	20 16,590 (8,427) (16,590) 4,808 - 56,147	163 15,976 (14,856) (32,238) 10,174 16,262 45,986
Note 12 Cash and cash equivalents		
a) Cash and cash equivalents	2021 \$	2020
- Cash at bank and on hand	190,876	-

b) Reconciliation to statement of cash flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash held with financial and banking institutions net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are presented with loans and borrowings.

The below figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the Statement of Cash Flows at the end of the financial year as

		Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
-	Cash at bank and on hand Bank overdraft	19a)	190,876	- (81,165)
		-	190,876	(81,165)

for the year ended 30 June 2021

	2021	2020
a) Current assets	\$	\$
Trade receivables	75,051	58,585
Prepayments	3,558	5,850
Other receivables and accruals	800	800
	79,409	65,235
Note 14 Property, plant and equipment		
a) Carrying amounts	2021 \$	2020 \$
Leasehold improvements	Ş	Ş
At cost	246,402	246,402
Less: accumulated depreciation	(36,738)	(19,035)
	209,664	227,367
Plant and equipment		
At cost	123,432	121,297
Less: accumulated depreciation	(66,898)	(51,866)
	56,534	69,431
Computer equipment		
At cost	1,813	1,813
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,511)	(785)
	302	1,028
Total written down amount	266,500	297,826
b) Reconciliation of carrying amounts		
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	227,367	246,367
Additions	-	12,077
Disposals Depreciation	(17,703)	(12,140) (18,937)
Septectation	209,664	227,367
Plant and equipment	209,004	227,307
	60.421	90.220
Carrying amount at beginning Additions	69,431 2,135	80,230 3,881
Disposals	-	
Depreciation	(15,032)	(14,680)
	56,534	69,431

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)		
b) Reconciliation of carrying amounts (continued)	2021 \$	2020 \$
Motor vehicles		
Carrying amount at beginning	-	37,488
Lease asset transferred out - at cost		(77,843)
Lease asset transferred out - accumulated depreciation	-	40,355
	-	-
Computer equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	1,028	1,753
Depreciation	(726)	(725)
	302	1,028
Total written down amount	266,500	297,826

Following the adoption of AASB 16 in the previous financial year, the company now groups its leased assets previously recognised in 'property, plant and equipment' in 'right-of-use assets'.

c) Changes in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for property, plant and equipment including useful lives, residual values, and depreciation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Note 15 Right-of-use assets		
a) Carrying amounts	2021 2020 \$ \$	
Leased land and buildings		
At cost Less: accumulated depreciation	731,405 731,40 (117,837) (69,07	
	613,568 662,32	28
Leased motor vehicles		
At cost Less: accumulated depreciation	28,787 77,8 ⁴ (15,252) (50,85	
	13,535 26,99)1
Total written down amount	627,103 689,31	19

for the year ended 30 June 2021

	te 15 Right-of-use assets (continued)		
b)	Reconciliation of carrying amounts	2021 \$	2020 \$
Lea	ased land and buildings		
Car	rrying amount at beginning	662,328	-
niti	tial recognition on transition		731,405
	cumulated depreciation on adoption		(20,317
Dep	preciation	(48,760)	(48,760
.ea	ased motor vehicles	613,568	662,328
ea	ase assets transferred in - at cost	26,991	
	ase assets transferred in - accumulated depreciation	20,331	77,842
	cumulated depreciation on adoption	_	(40,354)
	posals	(7,596)	- (40,554
	preciation	(5,860)	(10,497)
		13,535	26,991
Total	industrition down arrayat		
101	al written down amount	627,103	689,319
Vot	te 16 Intangible assets		
a)	Carrying amounts	2021	2020
		\$	\$
rai	inchise fee		
۹t c	cost	21,870	11,297
Les:	ss: accumulated amortisation	(11,297)	(9,037)
		10,573	2,260
-rai	inchise renewal process fee		
	cost	109,349	56,484
Less	s: accumulated amortisation	(56,484)	(45,187)
		52,865	11,297
Tota	tal written down amount	63,438	13,557
Dur	ring the financial year, the Hervey Bay franchise fee was renewed. It is to be amortise	ed over the next five years to	June 2026.
0)	Reconciliation of carrying amounts		
rai	inchise fee		
Car	rrying amount at beginning	2,260	4,519
	ditions	10,573	-,,,,,,
	nortisation	(2,260)	(2,259)
		10,573	2,260
Frai	nchise renewal process fee		2,200
Car	rrying amount at beginning	11,297	22,593
	ditions	52,865	
	nortisation	(11,297)	(11,296)
		52,865	11,297
T	al written down amount	63,438	13,557

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 16 Intangible assets (continued)

c) Changes in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for intangible assets including useful lives, residual values, and amortisation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

a)	Deferred tax	2021 \$	2020 \$
Defei	red tax assets		
-	expense accruals	775	780
	employee provisions	21,667	17,615
	make-good provision	6,208	6,156
	lease liability	168,310	184,947
	carried-forward tax losses	93,484	166,765
otal	deferred tax assets	290,444	376,263
efei	red tax liabilities		
	property, plant and equipment	16,857	27,716
	right-of-use assets	153,392	172,205
otal	deferred tax liabilities	170,249	199,921
let d	eferred tax assets (liabilities)	120,195	176,342
/love	ement in deferred tax charged to Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive	(18,202)	(45,984
∕lov∈	ment in deferred tax charged to Statement of Changes in Equity	-	16,262

Where the company is liable to settle an amount within 12 months of reporting date, the liability is classified as current. All other obligations are classified as non-current.

a) Current liabilities	2021 \$	2020 \$
Trade creditors	3,518	2,248
Other creditors and accruals	76,027	50,984
	79,545	53,232
b) Non-current liabilities		
Trade creditors	41,869	-

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 19 Loans and borrowings		
a) Current liabilities	2021 \$	2020 \$
Bank overdraft	-	81,165

The company has an approved overdraft limit of \$100,000 which was not drawn upon at 30 June 2021.

Interest is recognised using the effective interest method, currently 2.0% (2020: 2.3%).

b) Terms and repayment schedule

	Nominal	Year of	30 Jur	ne 2021	30 Jun	e 2020
	interest rate	maturity	Face value	Carrying value	Face value	Carrying value
Bank overdraft	2.0%	Floating	-	-	81,165	81,165

Note 20 Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities were measured at amounts equal to the present value of enforceable future payments of the term reasonably expected to be exercised, discounted at the appropriate incremental borrowing rate on the adoption date. The discount rate used on recognition was 4.79%.

The company has applied judgement in estimating the remaining lease term including the effects of any extension options reasonably expected to be exercised, applying hindsight where appropriate.

The company's lease portfolio includes:

-	Hervey Bay branch	The lease agreement is a non-cancellable lease with an initial term of ten years which
		commenced in February 2019. The lease has a five year extension option available which for
		AASB 16: Leases purposes they are reasonably certain to exercise. As such, the lease term
		and data was discribed as leaded to a fight a larger Bahillanda Bahillanda 2004

end date used in the calculation of the lease liability is January 2034.

Toyota Rav 4 The lease agreement is a non-cancellable term of five years which commenced in December 2018. The lease includes a balloon payment in December 2023 at which time the registered security over the motor vehicles is removed.

security over the motor vehicles is removed.		
a) Current lease liabilities	2021 \$	2020 \$
Property lease liabilities Unexpired interest	71,340 (31,378)	71,340 (33,244)
	39,962	38,096
Motor Vehicle lease liabilities Unexpired interest	5,605 (785)	14,315 (1,220)
	4,820	13,095
	44,782	51,191

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 20 Lease liabilities (continued)		
b) Non-current lease liabilities	2021 \$	2020 \$
Property lease liabilities	826,355	897,695
Unexpired interest	(193,079)	(224,457)
	633,276	673,238
Motor Vehicle lease liabilities	15,419	20,950
Unexpired interest	(765)	(1,476)
	14,654	19,474
	647,930	692,712
c) Reconciliation of lease liabilities		
Balance at the beginning Initial recognition on AASB 16 transition	743,903	42,397 747,652
Lease interest expense	34,464	36,804
Lease payments - total cash outflow	(85,655)	(82,950)
	692,712	743,903
d) Maturity analysis		
- Not later than 12 months	76,945	85,655
- Between 12 months and 5 years	300,779	306,310
- Greater than 5 years	540,995	612,335
Total undiscounted lease payments	918,719	1,004,300
Unexpired interest	(226,007)	(260,397)
Present value of lease liabilities	692,712	743,903
Note 21 Provisions		
a) Non-current liabilities	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Make-good on leased premises	24,830	23,676

In accordance with the branch lease agreement, the company must restore the leased premises to the original condition before the expiry of the lease term. The company has estimated the provision to be \$45,320 based on experience and consideration of the expected future costs to remove all fittings and the ATM as well as cost to remedy any damages caused during the removal process. The lease is due to expire on 31 January 2034, at which time it is expected the face-value costs to restore the premises will fall due.

Note 22 Employee benefits		
a) Current liabilities	2021 \$	2020 \$
Provision for annual leave Provision for long service leave	45,553 11,178	44,033 11,699
	56,731	55,732

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 22 Employee benefits (continued)		
b) Non-current liabilities	2021 \$	2020 \$
Provision for long service leave	29,937	12,019

c) Key judgement and assumptions

The company uses historical employee attrition rates in determining the probability of an employee, at a given date, achieving continuous employment eligible for entitlement in accordance with long service leave legislation.

Note 23 Issued capital				
a) Issued capital	2021		2020	
	Number	\$	Number	\$
Ordinary shares - fully paid Less: equity raising costs	810,000	810,000 (20,268)	810,000	810,000 (20,268)
	810,000	789,732	810,000	789,732

b) Rights attached to issued capital

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act 2001.

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 23 Issued capital (continued)

b) Rights attached to issued capital (continued)

Transfer (continued)

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company
 predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 225. As at the date of this report, the company had 244 shareholders (2020: 244 shareholders).

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 24 Accumulated losses			
	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Balance at beginning of reporting period		(517,180)	(563,376)
Adjustment for transition to AASB 16		-	(42,872)
Net profit after tax from ordinary activities		173,645	137,668
Dividends provided for or paid	29b)	(24,300)	(48,600)
Balance at end of reporting period		(367,835)	(517,180)

for the year ended 30 June 2021

General advisory services

Share registry services

Total auditor's remuneration

		2021	2020
		\$	\$
Net profit after tax from ordinary activities		173,645	137,668
Adjustments for:			
- Depreciation		88,081	93,599
- Amortisation		13,556	13,555
- (Profit)/loss on disposal of non-current assets		(5,132)	12,140
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
 (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables 		(14,174)	(2,543
- (Increase)/decrease in other assets		56,147	59,543
 Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables 		4,746	(8,670
 Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits 		18,916	24,216
- Increase/(decrease) in provisions		1,155	1,106
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	_	336,940	330,612
Note 26 Financial instruments			
nformation for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair	value if the carrying amo	2021	2020
nformation for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value.		ount is a reasonab	le
nformation for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value.	value if the carrying amo	ount is a reasonab	2020
nformation for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables	value if the carrying amo Note 13	2021 \$ 75,851	2020 \$
nformation for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables	value if the carrying amo	2021 \$	2020
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Frade and other receivables	value if the carrying amo Note 13	2021 \$ 75,851	2020 \$ 59,385
nformation for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Frade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	value if the carrying amo Note 13	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876	2020 \$ 59,385
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities	value if the carrying amo Note 13	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876	2020 \$ 59,385 - 59,385
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Bank overdrafts	value if the carrying amo Note 13 12 —	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727	2020 \$ 59,385 - 59,385 53,232 81,165
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Bank overdrafts	Note 13 12 —	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727	2020 \$ 59,385 - 59,385 53,232 81,165
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Bank overdrafts	Note 13 12 - 18 19	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727	59,385 59,385 59,385 53,232 81,165 743,903
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Frade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities Frade and other payables Bank overdrafts Lease liabilities	Note 13 12 - 18 19	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727 121,414 - 692,712	59,385 59,385 59,385 53,232 81,165 743,903
rinancial assets Financial assets Frade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Frade and other payables Bank overdrafts Lease liabilities Note 27 Auditor's remuneration	Note 13 12 - 18 19 20	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727 121,414 - 692,712	2020 \$ 59,385 - 59,385
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Frade and other receivables Frade and other payables Frade and other payables Frade and other payables Frade and inabilities Frade and other payables Frade and other paya	Note 13 12 - 18 19 20	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727 121,414 - 692,712 814,126	59,385 59,385 59,385 53,232 81,165 743,903 878,300
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Frade and other receivables Financial liabilities Frade and other payables Bank overdrafts Lease liabilities Note 27 Auditor's remuneration Amount received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for the standard review services	Note 13 12 - 18 19 20	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727 121,414 - 692,712 814,126	2020 \$ 59,385 - 59,385 53,232 81,165 743,903 878,300
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Bank overdrafts Lease liabilities Note 27 Auditor's remuneration Amount received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for the sudit and review services - Audit and review services - Audit and review of financial statements	Note 13 12 - 18 19 20	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727 121,414 - 692,712 814,126	59,385 59,385 59,385 53,232 81,165 743,903 878,300
Information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair approximation of fair value. Financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Bank overdrafts Lease liabilities Note 27 Auditor's remuneration Amount received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for the said and review services	Note 13 12 - 18 19 20	2021 \$ 75,851 190,876 266,727 121,414 - 692,712 814,126	2020 \$ 59,383 - 59,383 81,163 743,903 878,300

3,840

3,125

13,265

4,300

3,514

15,139

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 28 Related parties

a) Details of key management personnel

The directors of the company during the financial year were:

Gerard Daniel O'Connell

David John Lewis

Justin Maxwell Geldard

Peter Donald Smith

Michelle Nicole Jordan

Janelle Margaret Shaw

Hayden Leslie Roy Lyons

ridydei'i Eesiie Noy Eyoris

Susan Mary Gordon Lisa Margaret Desmond

Neil Arthur Owen Canning

Key management personnel compensation

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

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Related party transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Transactions with related parties	2021 \$	2020 \$
 The company used the services of one its directors in relation to the removal and disposal of the old signage at the now closed Maryborough Agency. 	847	-
 The company used the radio and television services of a company one of the directors is the General Manager of. 	20,852	-
 The company used the bookkeeping services of one of its directors. 	16,590	-
Total transactions with related parties	38,289	-

Note 29 Dividends provided for or paid

a) Dividends paid during the period

The following dividends were paid to shareholders during the reporting period as presented in the Statement of Cash Flows

	30	June 2021	30 June 2020	
	Cents	\$	Cents	\$
ranked dividend	3.00	24,300	3.00	24,300

for the year ended 30 June 2021

Note 29 Dividends provided for or paid (continued)

b) Dividends provided for during the period

The following dividends were provided for during the reporting period as presented in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	Cents	\$	Cents	\$
Unfranked dividend - paid Unfranked dividend - provided	3.00	- 24,300	3.00 3.00	24,300 24,300
Total dividends provided for during the financial year	3.00	24,300	6.00	48,600

Note 30 Earnings per share

a) Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share has been based on the following profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	173,645	137,668
	Number	Number
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares	810,000	810,000
	Cents	Cents
Basic and diluted earnings per share	21.44	17.00

Note 31 Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 32 Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 33 Subsequent events

There have been no significant events occurring after the reporting period which may affect either the company's operations or the results of those operations or the company's state of affairs.

Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Gerard Daviel O'Connell, Chair

Hayden Leshe Lyons

Dated this 25th day of August 2021



61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited's (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- · Statement of changes in equity
- Statement of cash flows
- Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies
- The directors' declaration of the company.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





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Bendigo VIC 3550

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Other Information

The company usually prepares an annual report that will include the financial statements, directors' report and declaration and our independence declaration and audit report (the financial report). The annual report may also include "other information" on the entity's operations and financial results and financial position as set out in the financial report, typically in a Chairman's report and Manager's report, and reports covering governance and shareholder matters.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify that a material inconsistency appears to exist when we read the annual report (or become aware that the other information appears to be materially misstated), we will discuss the matter with the directors and where we believe that a material misstatement of the other information exists, we will request management to correct the other information.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.





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As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550

Dated: 25 August 2021

Joshua Griffin Lead Auditor

Community Bank Hervey Bay Branch

55 Main Street, Pialba. QLD. 4655

Phone: (07) 4124 6201 Fax (07) 4124 5306

Franchisee: Fraser Coast Community Enterprise Ltd

55 Main Street, Pialba. QLD. 4655

Phone: (07) 4124 6201 Fax (07) 4124 5306

ABN: 46 116 567 072

Email: secretary@bankcommunity.com.au

Share Registry:

www.bendigobank.com.au

(DATE: tbc)

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(DATE: tbc)



bendigobank.com.au

