

# Annual Report 2015

Healesville & District Community Enterprise Ltd ACN 143 284 182

Healesville Community Bank® Branch

### **Contents**

Chairman's report 3
Manager's report 7

#### Healesville & District Community Enterprise Ltd Financial Statements

Directors Report	1
Auditor's independence declaration	6
Statement of profit & loss	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Statement of cashflows	10
Notes to the financial statements	11
Directors' declaration	29
Independent auditors report to members	45

### **Chairman's Report**

For year ending 30<sup>th</sup> June 2015

#### "Our Community - Empowered and Thriving"

It is my pleasure to present the 2014 Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited Annual Report.

We opened the door of the doors Healesville **Community Bank**® Branch in February 2011 and have grown slowly but steadily since. The economic landscape remains a persistent challenge of a low growth environment and strong competition, initially for retail deposits then latterly for loans. Disappointedly, we again have to report a full financial year loss. However the branch has performed well over the last 12 months despite the lackluster economy, and whilst borrowers have been rejoicing in historically low rates, this means of course the depositors are having historical low returns. Frustratingly our community understands the **Community Bank**® model, where the more they support us, the more we can support our community, but are still conservative about moving their banking. Whilst we recognise that the delivery of another financial year loss is concerning, it is down from the previous year and so we are satisfied that it reflects our disciplined approach to expense management and continued growth by our hard work on the Business Strategy.

The **Community Bank**® model is unique. Being connected to our community means that we understand that successful customers assist to create a successful community... this community involvement is our point of difference.

Thanks to the support of **Community Bank**® branch customers and shareholders, the Australia-wide network has now returned more than \$130 million to support and strengthen local communities. This enormous achievement came as the **Community Bank**® network celebrated the opening of its 305th branch just 16 years after the **Community Bank**® concept was born in the Western Victorian farming townships of Rupanyup and Minyip in 1998. We are a robust and maturing banking network where valued partnerships enhance banking services, taking the profits their banking business generates and reinvesting that funding into initiatives that will ultimately strengthen their community.

Our Healesville **Community Bank**® Company has played its role in this milestone, supporting many projects and community groups to help Healesville grow and thrive. These community grants and sponsorships have made a significant difference to a number of local organisations including Healesville Music Festival, Yarra Valley Open Studios, Healesville Football & Netball club, Save Healesville Hospital Group, Historical Society and all the Healesville High and Primary Schools to name just a few. We look forward to continuing to support these groups and others as more people bank with us and we become more successful.

#### Ratings upgrade:

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited remains one of the few banks globally to be awarded an upgraded credit rating since the onset of the Global Financial Crisis. This means the Bank continues to be rated at least "A-" by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch in recognition of its strong performance in the face of what continues to be a challenging economic environment.

#### Government guarantee:

In September 2011, the Federal Government announced changes to its Financial Claims Scheme (FCS), also known as the "government guarantee", lowering it from \$1 million to a permanent guarantee cap of \$250,000 per account holder per Authorised Deposit-taking Institution (ADI) effective 1 February 2012.

All **Community Bank**® branches operate under Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's banking licence, and as such the first \$250,000 of a depositor's funds held with a **Community Bank**® branch are guaranteed by the Federal Government, free of charge, and supported by the capital base and financial strength of their franchise partner, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. Lowering the cap is an indication of the strength of Australian banks, including Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and the combination of healthy, profitable banks and strong prudential regulation is the best guarantee our customers have that their money is safe in our bank.

#### Income:

Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited is reporting a full financial year loss of \$196,743 for 2014/15. In addition the Board, with the support of Bendigo Bank, was required to extend the terms of our existing overdraft. The business is growing, albeit at a slower rate than we would like. Each year we are progressing towards profit with the Staff, Board and Bendigo Bank working hard in the community and on our business growth strategies.

#### Operating Expenses:

Over the past year, we have maintained a strong reign on expenses whilst trying to improve growth and we have a highly engaged staff. Together these factors place us in a sound position to benefit from market opportunities that may be presented as well as any improvement in market sentiment and the general operating environment.

#### Your Board:

The Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited Board of Directors is drawn from the local community and each Director is skilled in their area of expertise and passionate about our community. They volunteer their time to guide and grow the business. They support the branch staff and work tirelessly in the community promoting the Healesville **Community Bank**® Branch.

May I express my appreciation to your 2014/15 Board of Directors – Kath Gannaway, Bruce Argyle, Sandra Schoffer, Nikola Sanders (Treasurer), Kath Holton, Bob Gannaway, Walter Skilton (Secretary), David Hill and Michael Thompson for the work they do on our various committees and in the community. At last year's November Annual General Meeting David Purcell and Jesse Graham resigned and we thank them both for their valuable contribution. Coming on to the Board at this meeting were David Hill, Michael Thompson and Walter Skilton. Walter, who as a part of our succession planning process, undertook the role of Secretary.

#### Our Staff:

Our Branch Manager Wilma Gibson and her team have continued to deliver excellent customer service and produce good results. They do this by providing local residents, traders and businesses with professional and friendly face-to-face banking and other financial services which are highly valued and appreciated by our community. During the year we welcomed Shelli Johanson and Meg Charlwood to join Cheryl McGeorge, Amanda Parry and Nicole Manuell as our great banking team. We sadly bid farewell to Jayne Mathews who departed to take up a business opportunity.

#### **Finance & Audit Committee:**

This committee and particularly the Treasurer, Nikola Sanders has provided timely and accurate financials on which the Board can base their assessment of business performance. This committee has also been instrumental in managing business finances, regular auditing and supporting the Community Investment Committee in regard to community commitments to enable us to grow the business. Thanks go to Chair, Sandra Schoffer and her committee.

#### **Community Investment Committee:**

This year the Directors and management team focussed directly on connecting and maintaining contact with all the community entities that have benefited from our grants and sponsorships. We aim to develop stronger relationships with these recipients, ensuring they have a key understanding of the importance of supporting the **Community Bank**® branch that in turn supports them in their endeavours.

We have also continued spreading the story of the **Community Bank**® model creating greater awareness among the community and through this, improving our business. We have developed a "Pop Up" **Community Bank**® branch presence at a wide range of community events in Healesville and have developed this further to partner key business supporters in providing a **Community Bank**® branch "Pop Up" in their business premises. Many thanks to Kath Gannaway and her committee for their efforts in this vitally important area of our business.

#### **Property Committee:**

Our property committee of Sandra Schoffer, Bob Gannaway and David Hill worked on improving facilities within the branch and importantly generating further revenues through leasing out the top floor of the building to a long term tenant commencing business in the latter half of 2015.

#### **Business Development Committee:**

The Business Development Committee arose from the strategic review. Its charter is to specifically develop and implement activities and events focussed on growing small to medium business customers. This committee chaired, by Bruce Argyle has developed a number of initiatives that have already proved fruitful for our business growth.

#### **Governance & HR Committee:**

The Governance & HR Committee continued its good work on, succession planning for the Board.

During the year Directors attended State and Regional Bendigo Bank Conferences, undertook professional development courses in Low Volume Share Trading, Understanding Profit Share, The Effective Board and Marketing. The Directors and staff also participated in a strategic plan review to identify the key partners and chart a growth course for our business.

#### **Challenges and Opportunities**

We anticipate that the operating environment will again be challenging given subdued consumer and business sentiment and the high level of competition. The Healesville community understands our banking model and what that means for the community into the future however it is our challenge to get them to move their banking. The opportunity for us is to make it easier for customers to do business with us. It is also just as important for us to continue to remain competitive in pricing and continue to develop and deliver innovative and relevant banking products and services. Our strategic plan and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's support will deliver continued growth in 2015/16.

Our core focus is meeting the needs and expectations of our customers as they change. Increasing the level of business activity and engagement thereby deepening our relationship with our customers is our key point of difference. On behalf of the Board of Directors I would like you, our shareholders, to become our ambassadors to the community at large. You can help your community company achieve greater success by encouraging members of your family, friends and acquaintances to bank with us.

And finally, we look forward to seeing as many shareholders as possible at our Annual General Meeting which will be conducted at the Healesville RSL at 2:00pm on Saturday 28 November 2015.

Yours sincerely,

Gary Slater

Chairman

### **Managers Report**

For year ending 30<sup>th</sup> June 2015

#### "Our Community - Empowered and Thriving"

Dear shareholders,

I have now been the Manager of the branch for two and a half years and still enjoy the challenge. We have had good year in regard to productivity and growth for 2014/15. It seems the community is now starting to understand the benefits of banking with the Healesville **Community Bank®** Branch.

Last year we saw minimal growth overall, and I am pleased to say we had overall growth this year of over \$9 million. Our lending moved forward by \$3.6 million and the deposits grew by \$6 million. So an improvement on the year before. The number of customers increased by 400, and transactions per month are now 1,650 on average, so we had quite a busy year.

The Bendigo and Adelaide Bank have been continually listening to their customers' needs and as a result a few new products and services have been launched during the financial year. The most prominent were:

- Mobile Banking App, which allows customers to access their internet banking on their mobile phone with a four digit pin.
- Easysaver Account, which is an account that has no service fee, free unlimited internet transactions (excluding telegraphic transfers), allows two withdrawals over the counter per month with no cost and generates credit interest.

Again the branch staff have assisted the Board in attending functions throughout the year to raise the profile of the branch and grow the business. These were, but not limited to: Train Ride at the Yarra Valley Railway, Women's Wealth Seminar held at the RACV, Life Education Luncheon, Healesville Hoopers Basketball Presentation, Freedom By Design Sponsors Function, Assisting CFA on Good Friday. We have also presented to the members of a few organisations, to discuss the benefits of banking with the Healesville **Community Bank®** Branch.

A few staff changes have been made throughout the year, with the resignation of a full-time staff member so they could pursue their own business. To replace the full time position we employed two part-time staff members to give us more flexibility to cover absences and allow for better training. This will benefit the Branch and customers as there will be more skilled staff available. So we have welcomed Shelli and Meg to the team. All the team have worked tirelessly to continue to bring new customers to the Branch and provide the best service possible to all who visit the branch.

As always, a big thank you to our customers and shareholders for supporting us throughout 2014/15.

I would also like to thank the staff that have worked with me for 2014/15 as it would not be possible to achieve what we have without them. So thank you very much to Cheryl, Jayne, Amanda, Nicole, Shelli, Meg and Caitlin (who was with us for a short time).

The Board have also been a great support in assisting the branch in gaining business, and all their time is donated as they are a volunteer Board. So thank you to Gary, Kath, Bob, Kath, Bruce, Nikola, Sandra, Michael, David and Walter. Also a thank you to the support staff of the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank for being available to myself and the staff whenever needed.

To the shareholders who are not customers, please call into the branch to meet with myself and the great staff. We can discuss how your banking can also benefit you and the local community.

We can continue to grow and be a successful **Community Bank®** branch with the support of the Healesville and District community.

Let us all make a difference in our community.

Regards

Wilma Gibson

Branch Manager



Healesville & District
Community Enterprise Limited

**Financial Statements** 

30 June 2015

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

#### Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Gary James Slater

Chairman

Occupation: General Manager

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Yarra Rangers economic recovery committee, Former Chair and Committee Member of Healesville Chamber of Commerce, Former Manager of Healesville Sanctuary, Manager of Healesville RSL and Former President of the

Australian Society of Zoo keeping

Special responsibilities: Finance Committee.

Interest in shares: 16,002

Sandra Alma Schoffer

Treasurer

Occupation: Retired

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Currently a committee member of the Healesville RSL, Former committee member of the Relay For Life – Cancer Council. Advanced Certificate of Accounting. Employed as a payroll officer and accounts clerk.

Special responsibilities: Finance and Property Committees.

Interest in shares: 50,002

#### Robert James Gannaway

Director

Occupation: Graphic Designer

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Past CFA volunteer firefighter, past vickick coordinator, Cert.2 in Information Technology (Computer Applications). 25 years in sales both wholesale and retail. Past Secretary Healesville RSL, Communications Officer RSL, member of Badger Creek Old School Building Committee of Management. Currently the Commemorations Officer of the Healesville RSL Sub-Branch

Special responsibilities: Property Committee and Website Administrator.

Interest in shares: 2,004 (Joint)

#### Kathleen Therese Gannaway

Director

Occupation: Journalist

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Journalist with Mail Newspaper Group. Resident of Healesville since 1983. Current Member and Office-bearer of Healesville Toastmasters Club. Previously active volunteer with Gateway Festivak and Relay For Life, Former Member of Badger Creek CFA and Former Secretary of Badger Creek Old School Building Committee of Management.

Special responsibilities: Community Investment Committee.

Interest in shares: 2,004 (Joint)

#### Kathleen Ann Holton

Director

Occupation: Program Manager

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Chairperson of Township Group - Community 3777. Certificate III in Aged Care. Diploma of

Teaching and a Graduate Diploma in Student Welfare.

Special responsibilities: Community Investment Committee.

Interest in shares: 6,102

#### Nikola Sanders

Director

Occupation: Registered BAS Agent/Bookkeeper

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Nikola is a director of Your Office Wizards Pty Ltd, registered BAS Agent, full member of ICB, certified consultant MYOB, partner with Xero and accredited partner with Reckon. She has a Diploma of Accounting and Cert IV in Business Management. In the past she ran a small Strawberry Farm, was Treasurer for Yarra Ranges Children's Choir, Woori Yallock Cricket Club and Healesville Spanners and Weavers.

Special responsibilities: Finance Committee.

Interest in shares: Nil

#### Directors (continued)

Bruce Leonard Argyle

Director

Occupation: Business/Not For Profit

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Bruce has been CEO/Director of various community/Not-for-profit groups over the past 25 years, member of Australian Charities Not-for-profit Commission (ACNC) Reference Group, Chair Community Sector Banking Social Investment Grants Program, Director Uniting Age Well, actively involved in Chamber of Commerce, Toastmasters, Uniting Church and Healesville Hospital. Bruce is also a director of family business (hospitality and vineyard). He holds a Masters (Dispute Resolution), B.Sc (Hons), DipEd, Assoc. Dip Business, AIM. Bruce is also Director and Board Chair of Interact Australia and Director and Deputy Chair of Kinglake Ranges Foundation.

Special responsibilities: Business Development Committee.

Interest in shares: Nil

Other current directorships: Interact Australia.

Walter Calvin Skilton

Secretary (Appointed 26 November 2014)

Occupation: IT and Business Management Consultant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Walter is an experienced and professionally qualified Project Manager with over 25 years' experience managing projects and portfolios for small, medium and large businesses. He has qualifications in Project Management and holds a Graduate Certificate in Management and Master of Information Technology. Walter is currently working as an IT and Business Management Consultant, primarily for local businesses. He is a Church Council member, assistant Treasurer and Sunday School Teacher for Healesville Uniting Church and Executive member for Healesville Toastmasters Club. He has previously been School Council President and involved with a number of other community groups.

Special responsibilities: Nil. Interest in shares: 3,000

Michael Brian Thompson

Director (Appointed 26 November 2014)

Occupation: Retail Manager

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Michael has significant experience in the retail sector managing large retail outlets up to \$44 million turnover per annum and teams of up to 130 employees including the management of his own retail business. Michael is a current Committee Member of the Healesville Chambers of Commerce.

Special responsibilities: Business Development Committee.

Interest in shares: 10,000

David Harold Hill

Director (Appointed 26 November 2014)

Occupation:

Qualifications, experience and expertise: David has a wealth of experience gained in many years of study and work in the health industry. David completed studies at Muriel Yarrington School of Psychiatric Nursing and Disability Studies at Swineburn University which later progressed in further studies in Pharmacology at RMIT Bundoora Campus. David has more recently completed further training in OH&S Audit Methodology, WorkCover and State OH&S Compliance and Civil Works - Asphalt Resurfacing. David is a former honouree member of the Victoria Public Service Board, former member of the Disciplinary Appeals Tribunal V.P.S, former member Human Services OH&S Co-ordinating Committee and former elected Victorian State Psychiatric Services Representative Committee.

Special responsibilities: Community Investment and Property Committees.

Interest in shares: 1,000

Jesse Daniel Graham

Director (Resigned 26 November 2014)

Occupation: Journalist

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Journalism, photography, media relations, writing, professional writing and multimedia

Special responsibilities: Nil Interest in shares: Nil

David Frederick Purcell

Director (Resigned 26 November 2014)

Occupation: Public Accountant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: David is a public accountant. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Melbourne University)

Special responsibilities: Nil Interest in shares: Nil

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

#### **Company Secretary**

The company secretary is Walter Calvin Skilton. Walter commenced his role as company secretary in November 2014. Walter is an experienced and professionally qualified Project Manager with over 25 years' experience managing projects and portfolios for small, medium and large businesses. He has qualifications in Project Management and holds a Graduate Certificate in Management and Master of Information Technology. Walter is currently working as an IT and Business Management Consultant, primarily for local Healesville businesses.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were facilitating **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

#### Operating results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The loss of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended	Year ended
30 June 2015	30 June 2014
\$	\$
(196,743)	(218,088)

Changes

Balance

#### Remuneration report

Directors' remuneration

No Director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or Committee member.

Transactions with directors

Directors' shareholdings

Gary Slater provided relief cleaning (2014: \$180).

**\$** 500

Balance

	at start of	during the	at end of
	the year	year	the year
Gary James Slater	16,503	-	16,503
Sandra Alma Schoffer	50,002	-	50,002
Robert James Gannaway #	2,004	-	2,004
Kathleen Therese Gannaway #	2,004	-	2,004
Kathleen Ann Holton	6,102	<u>-</u>	6,102
Nikola Sanders	-	-	-
Bruce Leonard Argyle	-	-	-
Walter Skilton (Appointed 26 November 2014)	3,000	-	3,000
Michael Thompson (Appointed 26 November 2014)	10,000	-	10,000
David Hill (Appointed 26 November 2014)	1,000	-	1,000
Jesse Daniel Graham (Resigned 26 November 2014)	-	-	-
David Frederick Purcell (Resigned 26 November 2014)	_	-	-
# Robert and Kathleen Gannaway own 1,002 share each.			

#### **Dividends**

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

#### Events since the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

#### Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

#### **Environmental regulation**

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

#### Indemnification and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

#### Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

	Board Meetings Attende	
	<u>Eligible</u>	<u> Attended</u>
Gary James Slater	11	8
Sandra Alma Schoffer	11	10
Robert James Gannaway	11	7
Kathleen Therese Gannaway	11	10
Kathleen Ann Holton	11	9
Nikola Sanders	11	7
Bruce Leonard Argyle	11	9
Walter Skilton (Appointed 26 November 2014)	6	6
Michael Thompson (Appointed 26 November 2014)	6	5
David Hill (Appointed 26 November 2014)	6	6
Jesse Daniel Graham (Resigned 26 November 2014)	5	-
David Frederick Purcell (Resigned 26 November 2014)	5	-

#### Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### Non audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

#### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 6.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Healesville, Victoria on 21 September 2015.

Gary James Slater, Chairman



# Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations*Act 2001 to the directors of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

 i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and

ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**Andrew Frewin Stewart** 

61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 21 September 2015

David Hutchings

Lead Auditor

# Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182

# Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenue from ordinary activities	4	321,055	268,689
Employee benefits expense		(269,061)	(265,994)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(33,399)	(18,031)
Occupancy and associated costs		(61,453)	(60,327)
Systems costs		(32,953)	(34,768)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(35,807)	(36,285)
Finance costs	5	(20,750)	(9,651)
General administration expenses		(64,375)	(61,721)
Loss before income tax		(196,743)	(218,088)
Income tax expense	6	-	-
Profit after income tax		(196,743)	(218,088)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(196,743)	(218,088)
Earnings per share for loss attributable to the ordinary		¢	¢
shareholders of the company:		*	*
Basic earnings per share	20	(21.88)	(24.26)

# Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	7 8	11 32,770	121 33,273
Total Current Assets		32,781	33,394
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	9 10	154,847 27,030	168,654 49,028
Total Non-Current Assets		181,877	217,682
Total Assets		214,658	251,076
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Borrowings Provisions	11 12 13	23,259 493,300 12,183	19,720 339,697 10,930
Total Current Liabilities		528,742	370,347
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	13	5,292	3,362
Total Non-Current Liabilities		5,292	3,362
Total Liabilities		534,034	373,709
Net Liabilities		(319,376)	(122,633)
Equity			
Issued capital Accumulated losses	14 15	872,080 (1,191,456)	872,080 (994,713)
Total Equity		(319,376)	(122,633)

# Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182 Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2013	872,080	(776,625)	95,455
Total comprehensive income for the year		(218,088)	(218,088)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	· -	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2014	872,080	(994,713)	(122,633)
Balance at 1 July 2014	872,080	(994,713)	(122,633)
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	(196,743)	(196,743)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2015	872,080	(1,191,456)	(319,376)

# Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182 Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest paid		352,248 (485,211) (20,750)	280,016 (462,726) (9,651)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	16	(153,713)	(192,361)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(153,713)	(192,361)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(339,576)	(147,215)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	(493,289)	(339,576)

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

#### Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

#### Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

#### Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Application of new and amended accounting standards

The following amendments to accounting standards and a new interpretation issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year.

- AASB 2012-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 132) Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.
- AASB 2013-3 Amendments to AASB 136 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets.
- AASB 2013-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 139) Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting.
- AASB 2013-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 10) Investment Entities.
- AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part A: Annual Improvements 2010-2012 and 2011-2013 Cycles).
- AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part B: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions Amendments to AASB 119).
- Interpretation 21 Levies.
- AASB 1031 Materiality, AASB 2013-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Conceptual Framework, Materiality and Financial Instruments (Part B: Materiality), AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part C: Materiality).

None of the amendments to accounting standards or the new interpretation issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, materially affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Application of new and amended accounting standards (continued)

The following accounting standards and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) become effective in future accounting periods.

		Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after
•	AASB 9 Financial Instruments, and the relevant amending standards.	1 January 2018
•	AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 2014-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15.	1 January 2017
•	AASB 2014-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2014-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2014-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Agriculture: Bearer Plants.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2014-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2015-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012-2014 Cycle.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101.	1 January 2016
•	AASB 2015-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality.	1 July 2015
•	AASB 2015-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Financial Reporting Requirements for Australian Groups with a Foreign Parent.	1 July 2015
•	AASB 2015-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception.	1 January 2016

The company has not elected to apply any accounting standards or interpretations before their mandatory operative date for the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2014. Therefore the abovementioned accounting standards or interpretations have no impact on amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the **Community Bank®** branch at Healesville, Victoria.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the **Community Bank®** branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the **Community Bank®** branch are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

#### **Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited** ABN 64 143 284 182 Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2015

#### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (continued)

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for the relevant Bendigo and Adelaide Group entity to bear as long as the Company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank® branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank® branch
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

#### Goina concern

The net liabilities of the company as at 30 June 2015 were \$319,376 and the loss made for the year was \$196,743, bringing accumulated losses to \$1,191,456.

In addition:	\$
Total assets were	214,658
T . IP LPC	504.004

Total liabilities were 534,034 Operating cash flows were (153,713)

There was a 7% decrease in the loss recorded for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 when compared to the prior year.

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility that is due for renewal on 30 September 2016. The overdraft has an approved limit of \$600,000 and was drawn to \$493,300 as at 30 June 2015.

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the directors' report on pages 1 to 5. The financial position of the company, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities are described in the financial statements.

The current economic environment is difficult and while revenue continues to increase the company has again reported an operating loss for the year. The directors consider that the outlook presents significant challenges in terms of banking business volume and pricing as well as for operating costs. Whilst the directors have instituted measures to preserve cash and secure additional finance, these circumstances create material uncertainties over future trading results and cash flows.

The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance. show that the company will be required to seek an increase in its overdraft facility.

The company has held discussions with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited about its future borrowing needs. It is likely that these discussions will not be completed for some time but no matters have been drawn to its attention to suggest that renewal may not be forthcoming on acceptable terms. The company has also obtained an undertaking of support from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that it will continue to support the company and its operations for the 2015/16 financial year. This support is provided on the basis that the company continues to fulfil its obligations under the franchise agreement and continues to work closely with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to further develop its business.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Going concern (continued)

The directors have concluded that the combination of the circumstances above represents a material uncertainty that casts significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern and that, therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Nevertheless, after making enquiries and considering the uncertainties described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

#### b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

#### Revenue calculation

Over the period from September 2013 to February 2015, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited conducted a review of the **Community Bank**® model, known as 'Project Horizon'. This was conducted in consultation with the community banking network. The objective of the review was to develop a shared vision of the **Community Bank**® model that positions it for success now and for the future.

The outcome of that review is that the fundamental franchise model and community participation remain unchanged. Changes to be implemented over a three year period reflect a number of themes, including a culture of innovation, agility and flexibility, network collaboration, director and staff development and a sustainable financial model. This will include changes to the financial return for **Community Bank®** companies from 1 July 2016. A funds transfer pricing model will be used for the method of calculation of the cost of funds, deposit return and margin. All revenue paid on core banking products will be through margin share. Margin on core banking products will be shared on a 50/50 basis.

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company – margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services.

The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

#### Core banking products

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has identified some Bendigo Bank Group products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days' notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

#### Margin

Margin is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits plus any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for a deposit, minus any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to fund a loan.

Note: In very simplified terms, currently, deposit return means the interest Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited gets when it invests the money the customer deposits with it. The cost of funds means the interest Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited pays when it borrows the money to give a customer a loan. From 1 July 2016, both will mean the cost for Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to borrow the money in the market.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### b) Revenue (continued)

Margin (continued)

Products and services on which margin is paid include variable rate deposits and variable rate home loans. From 1 July 2016, examples include Bendigo Bank branded at call deposits, term deposits and home loans.

For those products and services on which margin is paid, the company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (i.e. income adjusted for Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's interest expense and interest income return). However, if this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

#### Commission

Commission is a fee paid for products and services sold. It may be paid on the initial sale or on an ongoing basis. Commission is payable on the sale of an insurance product such as home contents. Examples of products and services on which ongoing commissions are paid include leasing and Sandhurst Trustees Limited products. This currently also includes Bendigo Bank branded fixed rate home loans and term deposits of more than 90 days, but these will become margin products from 1 July 2016.

#### Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank Group entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

#### Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change the form and amount of financial return that the Company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service. The effect of the change on the revenue earned by the company is entirely dependent on the change.

If Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited makes a change to the margin or commission on core banking products and services, it must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited attributes to the company to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may make.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited must give the company 30 days' notice before it changes the products and services on which margin, commission or fee income is paid, the method of calculation of margin and the amount of margin, commission or fee income.

#### Monitoring and changing financial return

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited monitors the distribution of financial return between **Community Bank®** companies and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on an ongoing basis.

Overall, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has made it clear that the **Community Bank®** model is based on the principle of shared reward for shared effort. In particular, in relation to core banking products and services, the aim is to achieve an equal share of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin.

As discussed above in relation to Project Horizon, among other things, there will be changes in the financial return for **Community Bank®** companies from 1 July 2016. This includes 50% share of margin on core banking products, all core banking products become margin products and a funds transfer pricing model will be used for the method of calculation of the cost of funds, deposit return and margin.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### c) Income tax

#### Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

#### d) Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

#### e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Balance Sheet.

#### f) Trade receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### g) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

<ul> <li>leasehold improvements</li> </ul>	40	years
<ul> <li>plant and equipment</li> </ul>	2.5 - 40	years
<ul> <li>furniture and fittings</li> </ul>	4 - 40	years

#### h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The renewal processing fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

#### i) Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

#### j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

#### k) Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### k) Financial instruments (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement

- (i) Loans and receivables
  - Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (ii) Held-to-maturity investments
  - Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets
  - Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.
    - They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets except where that are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other financial assets are classified as current assets.
- (iv) Financial liabilities
  - Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

#### I) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

#### m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

#### n) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### o) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

#### Note 2. Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

#### (i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

#### (ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

#### (iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

#### (iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

#### (v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

#### (vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit:

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

#### Note 2. Financial risk management (continued)

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2015 can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

#### Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

#### **Taxation**

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty. There is therefore a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

#### Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The calculations require the use of assumptions.

#### Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

#### Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Note 4. Revenue from ordinary activities	2015 \$	2014 \$
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	320,198	258,597
- other revenue	-	2,263
Total revenue from operating activities	320,198	260,860
Non-operating activities:		
- rental revenue	857	7,829
Total revenue from non-operating activities	857	7,829
Total revenues from ordinary activities	321,055	268,689
Note 5. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	2,230	2,660
- leasehold improvements	11,577	11,625
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	2,000	2,000
- franchise establishment fee	20,000	20,000
	35,807	36,285
Finance costs:		
- interest paid	20,750	9,651
Bad debts	2,264	2_

### Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Note 6. Income tax expense	2015 \$	2014 \$
The components of tax expense comprise: - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses - Movement in deferred tax	(49,006) (5,034)	(60,332) (112)
- Adjustment to deferred tax to reflect change to tax rate in future periods	54,040	60,444
The prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows		
Operating loss	(196,743)	(218,088)
Prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities at 30%	(59,023)	(65,427)
Add tax effect of: - non-deductible expenses	6,600	6,600
<ul><li>- timing difference expenses</li><li>- other deductible expenses</li></ul>	5,034 (1,617)	112 (1,617)
	(49,006)	(60,332)
Movement in deferred tax	(5,034)	(112)
Tax losses not brought to account	54,040	60,444
Income tax losses		
Future income tax benefits arising form tax losses are not recognised at reporting date as a realisation of the benefit is not regarded as virtually certain. Future income tax benefit carried forward is:	(321,956)	284,861
Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank and on hand	11_	121
Note 7.(a) Reconciliation to cash flow statement		
The above figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the statement of cash flows at the end of the financial year as follows:		
Cash at bank and on hand	11	121
Bank overdraft 12	(493,300)	(339,697)
	<u>(493,289)</u>	(339,576)
Note 8. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	22,259	19,666
Prepayments Other receivables and accruals	6,753 3,758	9,849 3,758
	32,770	33,273
Current trade receivables are generally on 30 day terms. The receivables		

Current trade receivables are generally on 30-day terms. The receivables are assessed for recoverability and a provision for impairment recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade receivable is impaired. The amount of \$2,252 identified at 30 June 2014 as past due, but not impaired, was written off as unrecoverable in this reporting period. At 30 June 2015 there were no trade receivables considered as impaired.

Note 9. Property, plant and equipment	2015 \$	2014 \$
Leasehold improvements	102 863	102 062
At cost Less accumulated depreciation	193,863 (49,795)	193,863 (38,218)
	144,068	155,645
Plant and equipment At cost	37,135	37,135
Less accumulated depreciation	(26,356)	(24,126)
	10,779	13,009
Total written down amount	154,847	168,654
Total writeri down amount	104,047	100,001
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	155,645	167,271
Additions Disposals	<del>-</del> -	-
Less: depreciation expense	(11,577)	(11,626)
Carrying amount at end	144,068	155,645
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	13,010	13,751
Additions Disposals	-	1,919
Less: depreciation expense	(2,230)	(2,660)
Carrying amount at end	10,780	13,010
Tatal written dawn anaunt	154,847	168,654
Total written down amount	134,647	100,034
Note 10. Intangible assets		
Franchise fee	10.000	40.000
At cost Less: accumulated amortisation	10,000 (8,665)	10,000 (6,666)
	1,335	3,334
Establishment fee At cost	100,000	100,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(86,665)	(66,666)
	13,335	33,334
Redomicile fee	12,360	12,360
Total written down amount	27,030	49,028
Note 11. Trade and other payables		
Trade creditors	8,857	8,691
Other creditors and accruals	14,402	11,029
	23,259	19,720

### Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Note 12. Borrowings	2015 \$	2014 \$
Bank overdrafts	493,300	339,697
The Bendigo Bank Business Solutions overdraft facility limit is \$600,000. The variable interest rate on the overdraft facility at 30 June 2015 was 4.225%. The overdraft is secured by fixed and floating charge over the company's assets.		
Note 13. Provisions		
Current:		
Provision for annual leave	12,183	10,930
Non-Current:		
Provision for long service leave	5,292	3,362
Note 14. Contributed equity		
899,026 ordinary shares fully paid (2014: 899,026) Less: equity raising expenses	899,026 (26,946)	899,026 (26,946)
	872,080	872,080

#### Rights attached to shares

#### (a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

#### (b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

#### Note 15. Contributed equity (continued)

Rights attached to shares (continued)

#### (c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 259. As at the date of this report, the company had 288 shareholders.

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 15. Accumulated losses	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(994,713)	(776,625)
Net loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(196,743)	(218,088)
Balance at the end of the financial year	(1,191,456)	(994,713)

# Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Note 16. Statement of cash flows	2015 \$	2014 \$
Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after tax to net cash used in operating activities	•	•
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(196,743)	(218,088)
Non cash items:		
- depreciation - amortisation	13,807 22,000	14,285 22,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables - increase in other assets - increase/(decrease) in payables - increase in provisions	501 - 3,539 3,183	(10,775) (1,918) (3,496) 5,631
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(153,713)	(192,361)
Note 17. Leases		
Operating lease commitments  Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial stateme Payable - minimum lease payments:	ents	
- not later than 12 months	15,988	46,118
- between 12 months and 5 years - greater than 5 years	-	15,373 -
	15,988	61,491
The business lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. The current lease expires on 1 October 2015 with the option of another 5 year term.		
The company is currently negotiating the renewal of the lease for a further five year term, in line with the renewal of the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank.		
Note 18. Auditor's remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the		
auditor of the company for: - audit and review services	3,950	4,350
- non audit services	2,155	1,707
	6,105	6,057
Note 19. Director and related party disclosures		

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the remuneration report, included as part of the directors' report.

Transactions with Key Management Personnel	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Gary Slater provided relief cleaning services to the company during the period under review.	500	180	
Key Management Personnel Shareholdings	2015	2014	
Ordinary shares fully paid	90,615	76,615	

Detailed shareholding disclosures are provided in the remuneration report, included as part of the directors' report.

Note 20.	Earnings per share	2015 *	2014
(a)	Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	(196,743)	(218,088)
(b)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the	Number	Number
(~)	denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	899,026	899,026

#### Note 21. Events occurring after the reporting date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

#### Note 22. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

#### Note 23. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank®** services in Healesville, Victoria pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

#### Note 24. Registered office/Principal place of business

The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office 205 Maroondah Highway HEALESVILLE VIC 3777 Principal Place of Business 205 Maroondah Highway HEALESVILLE VIC 3777

# Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited ABN 64 143 284 182

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

#### Note 25. Financial instruments

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

The table below reflects the undiscounted contractual settlement terms for all financial instruments, as well as the settlement period for instruments with a fixed period of maturity and interest rate.

	Floating interest		Fixed interest rate maturing in								No. 1 alexand	
Financial instrument			1 year or less		Over 1 to 5 years		Over 5 years		Non interest bearing		Weighted average	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2014 \$	2015 %	2014 %
Financial assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	11	121	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	0.01	0.01
Receivables	-	-	-	- [	-	-	-	-	22,259	19,666	N/A	N/A
Financial liabilities									•			1
Interest bearing liabilities	493,300	339,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.41	3.79
Payables	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	8,857	8,691	N/A	N/A

#### Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

#### Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from the interest bearing financial assets and liabilities in place subject to variable interest rates, as outlined above.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The company has performed sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in interest rates.

As at 30 June 2015, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Change in profit/(loss)		
Increase in interest rate by 1%	(4,933)	(3,396)
Decrease in interest rate by 1%	4,933	3,396
Change in equity		
Increase in interest rate by 1%	(4,933)	(3,396)
Decrease in interest rate by 1%	4,933	3,396

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Gary James Slater, Chairman

Signed on the 21st of September 2015.



# Independent auditor's report to the members of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited

#### Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2015, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

#### Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. ABN: 51 061 795 337.

P: (03) 5443 0344

F: (03) 5443 5304

61-65 Bull St./PO Box 454 Bendigo Vic. 3552

afs@afsbendigo.com.au

www.afsbendigo.com.au

#### Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written auditor's independence declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report.

#### Auditor's opinion on the financial report

In our opinion:

- 1. The financial report of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- **2.** The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Emphasis of matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that the company incurred a net loss before tax of \$196,743 during the year ended 30 June 2015, and as of that date, the company's liabilities exceeded its total assets by \$319,376. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

#### Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

#### Auditor's opinion on the remuneration report

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Healesville & District Community Enterprise Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

**Andrew Frewin Stewart** 

61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 21 September 2015

David Hutchings Lead Auditor Healesville Community Bank® branch

205 Maroondah Highway, Healesville VIC 3777

Phone: (03) 5062 5131

www.bendigobank.com.au/public/community/
our-branches/healesville

www.facebook.com/pages/Healesville Community-Bank-Branch/

2033 1336635 1460?fref=ts

Franchisee: Healesville & District Community Enterprise Ltd 205 Maroondh Highway. Healesville VIC 3777 Phone: 0418 694 418 ABN: 64 143 284 182

http://www.healesvillecommunitybank.com

