



annual report **2012**

Heathcote & District
Financial Services Limited

ABN 46 086 749 886

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2012

The Heathcote & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch has continued to grow steadily in the past financial year, bringing further benefits to the local community.

Our shareholders, customers and the community in general all are reaping the rewards of the hard work which has gone into the establishment of this great community enterprise.

Like many communities throughout Australia, Heathcote and district continues to be served well by its locally owned, **Community Bank**[®] branch which is operated as a franchise of the Bendigo Bank.

Again, the Board of Directors of Heathcote and District Financial Services Ltd, the operators of the Heathcote & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch, have been able to declare a dividend for our shareholders this year.

To the end of the financial year 2011/12, Heathcote & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch reported a profit of \$82,994 after tax, after \$190,526 was placed into the Bendigo Bank's Community Enterprise Foundation™. About \$50,000 of this will go to the local community in community grants during the next six months and the balance being held for a major district community project.

Our Manager Les Owens has achieved remarkable results in the past 12 months. At the end of the financial year, balances were \$82.655 million, up from \$71.754 million a year earlier. That is a growth rate of 15.2% for the financial year – a fantastic result.

As a result of the profit announcement, the Directors have decided to declare a dividend of 10 cents per share.

It is the fourth year in a row that an increased dividend has been declared.

This is a significant achievement for the Directors, the Manager, the staff, and of course the shareholders.

This Annual Report covers the seventh year of trading by your **Community Bank**[®] branch.

The steady growth we have experienced in recent years has been in defiance of turbulent times in the world of finance.

The Directors have continued to strive for the best outcomes for our shareholders and the community. Unfortunately during the 12 month period we lost the services of one of our original Directors, Keith Chambers, who had relocated to Bendigo from his previous home at Redesdale. Keith had been a stalwart of the company, well remembered as Principal of the primary school, and certainly highly respected for the role he played in the establishment and continuing success of this **Community Bank**[®] branch. Keith had fulfilled a number of roles as a Director and his knowledge of the district and its people, combined with his enthusiasm for the **Community Bank**[®] branch means he will be missed at the Board table. We also lost the services of local winegrower Richie Condie from the Board, due to business commitments. However we did gain the services of new Directors Hannah McCarthy, David Smith and Velvet Kay. All bring individual assets to the Board table through their experience and abilities in business and the community.

It is appropriate that I emphasise and applaud the outstanding performance of our manager Les Owens, who has been able to meet major budgetary challenges in difficult trading conditions, and his staff, who are the face of our **Community Bank**[®] branch in the community.

Again, Heathcote & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch has supported a wide range of local organisations with donations and sponsorships – and we are excited at the prospect of increasing our contributions to the community in the coming year.

Chairman's report (continued)

The operation of Heathcote & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch would not be possible without our partners, the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, and I personally thank our Regional Manager Wayne Tobin for his commitment to our branch, as well as the staff of State Support at Head Office.

As always, I conclude by urging our shareholders to be customers and our customers to ambassadors for their **Community Bank**[®] branch .

The **Community Bank**[®] concept is a powerful force and only the community can make it happen.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Barry Cail', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Barry Cail
Chairman

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2012

I am proud to announce our seventh full year trading results.

In a very competitive environment the branch's total business grew by an impressive 15.2%, continuing along with similar results over the past couple of years. Balances to 30 June 2012 now stand at \$82.655 million, increased growth of \$10.901 million, the same dollar growth as last year's result, an excellent effort by all the staff, well done.

Customer numbers continue to increase, we now have 2,109 customers. It is very pleasing that our products per customer have now exceeded two per customer, a long term target for the branch to achieve. Together with an everyday account, our customers are now utilising other products the branch offers. Our over-the-counter transactions average around 2,000 per month, down on last year, but with customer awareness of internet banking, this was to be expected.

Our ATM (automatic teller machine) is operational 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and continues to average 5,000 transactions per month, even with other bank ATMs operational in town.

Tim Tremain, Dip FS (FP), a qualified Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Financial Planner, offers financial planning in our branch as well as assisting new clients. Tim's knowledge and experience in financial planning is a great asset for the branch, just pop into the branch or give us a ring and we will make an appointment for you. Thanks Tim.

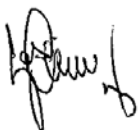
We have had one staff change since my last report. Heidi has returned from maternity leave replacing Tania Perry who has taken up a position in Bendigo. Thanks Tania for all your efforts at Heathcote. Welcome back Heidi.

Michael and his wife Joanne continue to operate our agency in Nagambie. Account numbers have increased to 142 with total account balances now at \$2.750 million. Well done Michael and Joanne.

Thank you from all the staff to our **Community Bank®** Board members and our State Support Team in Bendigo for their continued support; this has enabled the branch to achieve our team goals. I would also like to congratulate my staff on their professional approach to our customers and their duties.

As the Chairman has mentioned in his report, continuing support from existing customers and potential new customers will only make your **Community Bank®** branch further grow the balances, which will in turn benefit the community in the form of donations, sponsorships and our Community Grants Program, a tremendous result for all concerned.

As always, I would like to thank the people of Heathcote and district for their continuing support which has made your **Community Bank®** branch a success.



Les Owens
Branch Manager

Directors' report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Barry Maxwell Cail

Chairman

Age: 59

Occupation: Journalist/Business Owner

Experience & expertise: Career in journalism

Interests in shares: 2,001

Joseph Zurek

Deputy Chairman

Age: 64

Occupation: Retired

Experience & expertise: Corporate accountant, Supermarket proprietor

Interests in shares: 10,001

Simon Osicka

Director

Age: 36

Occupation: Wine maker

Experience & expertise: Many years experience in the field of business management including extensive winemaking and associate business processes.

Involved in the marketing sub-committee.

Interest in shares: Nil

Gregory Ian Speirs

Director

Age: 62

Occupation: Retired

Experience & expertise: Local Government Lions club treasurer, bowls club president, lions club member Licensed surveyor, town planner, Justice of the peace

Interests in shares: 5,000

Rachel Alice Patterson

Director

Age: 40

Occupation: Public Relations Consultant

Experience & expertise: Public Relations, Event planning Principal of Paterson PR, Grad Diploma PR, community engagement

Interests in shares: Nil

Velvet Emma-Louise Kay

Director (Appointed 25 June 2012)

Age:

Occupation: Experience & expertise: Bachelor of Science, secretary of the Heathcote tennis club and journalist.

Interest in shares: Nil

Ian Rohde

Director

Age: 57

Occupation: Company Director

Experience & expertise: Over 20 years in the investment industry, following a period of 11 years with the former State Electricity Commission of Victoria. Previous Board member of the following charities; Jigsaw Foundation, Old Colonists

Association, Council for children with impaired hearing

Interest in shares: Nil

Hannah Faith McCarthy

Director (Appointed 3 October 2011)

Age: 25

Occupation: Garden Supplies manager

Experience & expertise: Hannah has employment skills the areas of managing accounts and also in customer service. She holds responsibilities in marketing

Interest in shares: Nil

Directors' report (continued)

Directors (continued)

David John Smith

Director (Appointed 7 November 2011)

Age: 59

Occupation: Managerial Consultant

Experience & expertise: Certified practicing risk manager with experience in governance, risk management, business continuity and emergency management.

Interest in shares: Nil

Keith Macpherson Chambers

Director (Resigned 28 May 2012)

Age: 59

Occupation: Retired

Experience & expertise: Education
Chairperson of the Human Resources sub-committee
Member of sponsorship community grants sub - committee.

Interests in shares: 1,001

Richie John Condie

Director (Resigned 27 February 2012)

Age: 49

Occupation: Wine maker

Experience & expertise: Manger of risk, Chairman food industry board, Trustee food industry superannuation trust.

Interest in shares: Nil

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

There is currently no company secretary. Helen Bethune resigned from the position as at 30 July 2012 and had occupied the role since 1 July 2010. The board of directors are currently seeking out a replacement for this position.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

	Year ended 30 June 2012 \$	Year ended 30 June 2011 \$
	82,994	52,574

Remuneration Report

No director of the Company receives remuneration for services as a Company Director or Committee Member.

The Board's policy in respect of the Branch Manager is to maintain remuneration at parity within the **Community Bank®** network and local market rates for comparable roles.

There are no Company executives who are directly accountable and responsible for the strategic direction of the entity. This is wholly a Board role (who act in a voluntary capacity).

Directors' report (continued)

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely Developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental Regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' Benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Directors' Meetings

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

	Number of Board Meetings	
	Eligible to Attend	Number Attended
Barry Maxwell Cail	12	11
Joseph Zurek	12	8
Simon Osicka	12	9
Gregory Ian Speirs	12	5
Rachel Alice Patterson	12	9
Ian Rohde	12	10

Directors' report (continued)

Directors' Meetings (continued)

	Number of Board Meetings	
	Eligible to Attend	Number Attended
Hannah Faith McCarthy (Appointed 3 October 2011)	9	7
David John Smith (Appointed 7 November 2011)	8	7
Velvet Emma-Louise Kay (Appointed 25 June 2012)	1	1
Keith Macpherson Chambers (Resigned 28 May 2012)	11	8
Richie John Condie (Resigned 27 February 2012)	8	3

The Board has sub-committees for Audit & Governance, Marketing & Human Resources and Risk & Strategy. Sub-committees met on an adhoc basis and do not maintain official records and report to Board meetings as required.

Non Audit Services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 9.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Heathcote, Victoria on 24 September 2012.



Barry Maxwell Cail,
Chairman

Auditor's independence declaration



Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the directors of Heathcote & District Financial Services Limited

I declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2012 there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Graeme Stewart'.

Graeme Stewart
Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 24 September 2012

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. ABN: 51 061 795 337.

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Financial statements

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
Revenues from ordinary activities	4	825,620	713,933
Employee benefits expense		(298,772)	(321,559)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(216,186)	(132,401)
Occupancy and associated costs		(47,272)	(36,965)
Systems costs		(19,832)	(20,019)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(26,550)	(26,476)
General administration expenses		(104,394)	(95,428)
Profit before income tax expense		112,614	81,085
Income tax expense	6	(29,620)	(28,511)
Profit after income tax expense		82,994	52,574
Total comprehensive income for the year		82,994	52,574
Earnings per share (cents per share)		c	c
- basic profit for the year	22	13.95	8.84

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	328,566	281,133
Trade and other receivables	8	63,030	35,773
Total Current Assets		391,596	316,906
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	70,737	82,931
Intangible assets	10	50,253	64,203
Total Non-Current Assets		120,990	147,134
Total Assets		512,586	464,040
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	8,455	8,628
Current tax liabilities	11	13,669	-
Provisions	13	3,962	4,213
Total Current Liabilities		26,086	12,841
Non-Current Liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	11	420	520
Total Non-Current Liabilities		420	520
Total Liabilities		26,506	13,361
Net Assets		486,080	450,679
Equity			
Issued capital	14	558,357	558,357
Accumulated losses	15	(72,277)	(107,678)
Total Equity		486,080	450,679

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Issued Capital \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2010	558,357	(118,609)	439,748
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	52,574	52,574
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	(41,643)	(41,643)
Balance at 30 June 2011	558,357	(107,678)	450,679
Balance at 1 July 2011	558,357	(107,678)	450,679
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	82,994	82,994
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	(47,593)	(47,593)
Balance at 30 June 2012	558,357	(72,277)	486,080

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of Cashflows for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers		861,898	700,380
Payments to suppliers and employees		(770,805)	(614,277)
Interest received		20,390	15,885
Income taxes paid		(16,051)	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	16	95,432	101,988
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(406)	(24,618)
Net cash used in investing activities		(406)	(24,618)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Dividends paid		(47,593)	(41,643)
Net cash used in financing activities		(47,593)	(41,643)
Net increase/ in cash held		47,433	35,727
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		281,133	245,406
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	328,566	281,133

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For year ended 30 June 2012

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2011 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. The adoption of the revised AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures has not resulted in the disclosure of any additional related party transactions in the current period or any prior period and is not likely to affect future periods. The adoption of AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures and AASB 2011-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Trans-Tasman Convergence Project have not affected the disclosure of any items in the financial statements.

The company has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their mandatory operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2011.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the **Community Bank®** branch at Heathcote, Victoria.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Preparation (continued)

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (continued)

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name “Bendigo Bank” and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the **Community Bank®** branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the **Community Bank®** branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the **Community Bank®** branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the **Community Bank®** branch;
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services;
- security and cash logistic controls;
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides for three types of revenue earned by the company. First, the company is entitled to 50% of the monthly gross margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on products and services provided through the company that are regarded as “day to day” banking business (ie ‘margin business’). This arrangement also means that if the gross margin reflects a loss (that is, the gross margin is a negative amount), the company effectively incurs, and must bear, 50% of that loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Revenue (continued)

Revenue calculation (continued)

The second source of revenue is commission paid by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on the other products and services provided through the company (ie 'commission business'). The commission is currently payable on various specified products and services, including insurance, financial planning, common fund, Sandhurst Select, superannuation, commercial loan referrals, products referred by Rural Bank, leasing referrals, fixed loans and certain term deposits (>90 days). The amount of commission payable can be varied in accordance with the Franchise Agreement (which, in some cases, permits commissions to be varied at the discretion of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited). This discretion has been exercised on several occasions previously. For example in February 2011 Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited reduced commissions on two core banking products to ensure a more even distribution of income between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and its **Community Bank®** partners. The revenue share model is subject to regular review to ensure that the interests of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and **Community Bank®** companies remain balanced.

The third source of revenue is a proportion of the fees and charges (ie, what are commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges') charged to customers. This proportion, determined by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, may vary between products and services and may be amended by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited from time to time.

c) Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c) Income Tax (continued)

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

d) Employee Entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

f) Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements 40 years
- plant and equipment 2.5 - 40 years
- furniture and fittings 4 - 40 years

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The renewal processing fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

i) Payment Terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

k) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

l) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the balance sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

(i) the distribution limit is the greater of:

(a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and

(b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period; and

(ii) the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(vi) Capital management (continued)

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2012 can be seen in the statement of comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the statement of comprehensive income.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The calculations require the use of assumptions.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Note 4. Revenue from Ordinary Activities		
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	805,230	697,997
Total revenue from operating activities	805,230	697,997
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	20,390	15,936
Total revenue from non-operating activities	20,390	15,936
Total revenues from ordinary activities	825,620	713,933

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Note 5. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	6,818	6,303
- leasehold improvements	5,782	6,223
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	2,325	2,325
- franchise renewal fee	11,625	11,625
	26,550	26,476
Bad debts	203	196

Note 6. Income Tax Expense

The components of tax expense comprise:

- Current tax	29,720	-
- Movement in deferred tax	(464)	(803)
- Recoupment of prior year tax loss	4,549	29,314
- Adjustments to tax expense of prior periods	(4,185)	-
	29,620	28,511

The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:

Operating profit	112,615	81,085
Prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities at 30%	33,784	24,326
Add tax effect of:		
- non-deductible expenses	21	4,185
- timing difference expenses	464	803
- other deductible expenses	-	-
	34,269	29,314
Movement in deferred tax	(464)	(803)
Adjustments to tax expense of prior periods	(4,185)	-
	29,620	28,511

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Note 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank and on hand	156,998	39,777
Term deposits	171,568	241,356
	328,566	281,133

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:

Note 7(a) Reconciliation of cash

Cash at bank and on hand	156,998	39,777
Term deposits	171,568	241,356
	328,566	281,133

Note 8. Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables	50,756	28,310
Other receivables and accruals	8,794	3,014
Prepayments	3,480	4,449
	63,030	35,773

Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment

At cost	46,967	
46,562		
Less accumulated depreciation	(31,531)	(27,728)
	15,436	18,834

Leasehold improvements

At cost	74,553	74,553
Less accumulated depreciation	(37,723)	(31,941)
	36,830	42,612

Motor vehicle

At cost	24,046	24,046
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,575)	(2,561)
	18,471	21,485

Total written down amount	70,737	82,931
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)		
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	18,834	22,004
Additions	405	572
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(3,803)	(3,742)
Carrying amount at end	15,436	18,834
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	42,612	48,835
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(5,782)	(6,223)
Carrying amount at end	36,830	42,612
Motor vehicle		
Carrying amount at beginning	21,485	-
Additions	-	24,046
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(3,014)	(2,561)
Carrying amount at end	18,471	21,485
Total written down amount	70,737	82,931

Note 10. Intangible Assets

Franchise fee		
At cost	71,625	71,625
Less: accumulated amortisation	(64,650)	(62,325)
	6,975	9,300
Renewal processing fee		
At cost	58,126	58,126
Less: accumulated amortisation	(23,250)	(11,625)
	34,876	46,501

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
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Note 10. Intangible Assets (continued)

Goodwill

At cost	8,402	8,402
	8,402	8,402
Total written down amount	50,253	64,203

Note 11. Tax

Current:

Income tax payable	13,669	-
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Non Current:

Deferred tax assets

- employee provisions	1,189	1,264
- tax losses carried forward	-	364
	1,189	1,628

Deferred tax liability

- accruals	565	813
- deductible prepayments	1,044	1,335
	1,609	2,148

Net deferred tax liability	(420)	(520)
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Note 12. Trade and Other Payables

Trade creditors	4,122	5,328
Other creditors and accruals	4,333	3,300
	8,455	8,628

Note 13. Provisions

Provision for annual leave	3,962	4,213
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Note 14. Contributed Equity

594,910 Ordinary shares fully paid (2011: 594,910)	594,910	594,910
Less: equity raising expenses	(36,553)	(36,553)
	558,357	558,357

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 14. Contributed Equity (continued)

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 14. Contributed Equity (continued)

Prohibited shareholding interest (continued)

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
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Note 15. Accumulated Losses

Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(107,678)	(118,609)
Net profit from ordinary activities after income tax	82,994	52,574
Dividends paid or provided for	(47,593)	(41,643)
Balance at the end of the financial year	(72,277)	(107,678)

Note 16. Statement of Cashflows

Reconciliation of profit from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities

Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	82,994	52,574
Non cash items:		
- depreciation	12,600	12,526
- amortisation	13,950	13,950
- loss on disposal of non-current assets	-	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables	(20,346)	131
- decrease in other assets	-	28,511
- (decrease) in payables	(7,084)	(8,209)
- increase in tax provisions	13,569	-
- (increase)/decrease in provisions	(251)	2,505
Net cashflows provided by operating activities	95,432	101,988

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Note 17. Leases		
Operating lease commitments		
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements		
Payable - minimum lease payments		
- not later than 12 months	23,199	22,523
- between 12 months and 5 years	69,611	92,810
- greater than 5 years	-	-
	92,810	115,333

The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. The extension option has been taken up in June 2010, there is one more 5 year option available.

Note 18. Auditor's Remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:

- audit and review services	4,500	4,850
- share registry services	3,659	2,968
- non audit services	1,970	1,291
	10,129	9,109

Note 19. Director and Related Party Disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Barry Maxwell Cail
 Joseph Zurek
 Simon Osicka
 Gregory Ian Speirs
 Rachel Alice Patterson
 Ian Rohde
 Hannah Faith McCarthy (Appointed 3 October 2011)
 David John Smith (Appointed 7 November 2011)
 Velvet Emma-Louise Kay (Appointed 25 June 2012)
 Keith Macpherson Chambers (Resigned 28 May 2012)
 Richie John Condie (Resigned 27 February 2012)

The Company has entered into an agreement with Mitbro Trust to lease the property at 2/119 High St. Heathcote for a five year period terminating on 25 August 2010. Director Joseph Zurek is a trustee of the Mitbro Trust. The contract was approved by the Board with Mr Zurek declaring a pecuniary interest and excluding himself from board discussions and approval processes undertaken by the Board. Total payments made under this contract were \$22,523 (2011: \$21,920).

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
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Note 19. Director and Related Party Disclosures (continued)

Barry Cail, in the capacity of Part-owner of Bendigo Copy Centre, supplied printing services to the value of

875 500

No other director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Directors' Shareholdings	2012	2011
Barry Maxwell Cail	2,001	2,001
Joseph Zurek	10,001	10,001
Simon Osicka	1,001	1,001
Gregory Ian Speirs	5,000	5,000
Rachel Alice Patterson	-	-
Ian Rohde	-	-
Hannah Faith McCarthy (Appointed 3 October 2011)	-	-
David John Smith (Appointed 7 November 2011)	-	-
Velvet Emma-Louise Kay (Appointed 25 June 2012)	-	-
Keith Macpherson Chambers (Resigned 28 May 2012)	1,001	1,001
Richie John Condie (Resigned 27 February 2012)	-	-

There was no movement in directors' shareholdings during the year.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
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Note 20. Dividends Paid or Provided

a. Dividends paid during the year

Unfranked dividend - 8 cents (2011: 7 cents) per share	47,593	41,643
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b. Franking account balance

Franking credits available for subsequent reporting periods are:		
- franking account balance as at the end of the financial year	16,051	-
- franking credits that will arise from payment of income tax payable as at the end of the financial year	13,669	-
- franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the end of the financial year	-	-
Franking credits available for future financial reporting periods:	29,720	-

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Note 20. Dividends Paid or Provided (continued)		
b. Franking account balance (continued)		
- franking debits that will arise from payment of dividends proposed or declared before the financial report was authorised for use but not recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period	-	-
Net franking credits available	29,720	-

Note 21. Key Management Personnel Disclosures

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Note 22. Earnings Per Share

(a) Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	82,994	52,574
	Number	Number
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	594,910	594,910

Note 23. Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 24. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 25. Segment Reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank®** services in Heathcote and Nagambie and their surrounding districts, Victoria pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 26. Registered Office/Principal Place of Business

The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office
Shop 2, 119 High Street
Heathcote VIC 3523

Principal Place of Business
Shop 2, 119 High Street
Heathcote VIC 3523

Note 27. Financial Instruments

Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

Financial instrument	Floating interest rate		Fixed interest rate maturing in						Non interest bearing		Weighted average effective interest rate	
			1 year or less		Over 1 to 5 years		Over 5 years					
	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2011 \$	2012 %	2011 %
Financial Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	52,099	39,777	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.89	6.19
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,756	28,612	N/A	N/A
Financial Liabilities												
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,122	5,328	N/A	N/A

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Heathcote & District Financial Service Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.



Barry Maxwell Cail,
Chairman

Signed on 24 September 2012.

Independent audit report



Independent auditor's report to the members of Heathcote & District Financial Services Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Heathcote & District Financial Services Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2012, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. ABN: 51 061 795 337.

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Independent audit report (continued)

Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the company a written auditor's independence declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's opinion on the financial report

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report of Heathcote & District Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2) The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Heathcote & District Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Graeme Stewart
Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 24 September 2012



Heathcote & District **Community Bank®** Branch
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 Phone: (03) 5433 3115

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 Shop 2/119 High Street, Heathcote VIC 3523
 ABN: 46 086 749 886
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