Annual Report 2024

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited



Community Bank East Ivanhoe

ABN 62 095 312 744

LOOKS DIFFERENT FEELS DIFFERENT IS DIFFERENT

WELCOME TO BENDIGO BANK EAST IVANHOE A BETTER PLACE TO BANK

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HDCE Chair Report 2023-24

Over recent years Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited (HDCEL) has focussed on consolidation in response to the difficult COVID years and the challenging economic environment. The 2023-24 financial year saw us move forward from consolidation with exceptional business growth and a significant financial outcome that resulted in a profit after tax of \$1.08m. Community Bank East Ivanhoe showed excellent outcomes against all key business metrics with excellent lending growth and retention of customers. Underpinning these results is a balance sheet with net assets of \$4.39m that places HDCEL in a strong financial position.

Our leadership and branch teams with the support of Regional Manager Daryl Ellis continue to rise to the challenges of the changing banking landscape. Syed Zaidi, Mobile Relationship Manager; and James Fernandes, Business Development Manager consistently find lending and new business opportunities in an extremely competitive market. A new Branch Manager, Jon Hyatt commenced late in the financial year following the resignation of Adi Kedia. We said goodbye to branch team members Julie Bullen, Sylvia Watson, and Pinky Yadav. The 20+ year contributions that Julie and Sylvia made to HDCEL were acknowledged with well-earned farewell events. New team members Ryan Alves and Rose Hanratty have joined existing branch team members Kamna Madan, Adam Greenland and James Clayton. Our team's capability and commitment to excellent customer service has been the major contributor to our outstanding results. Board support provided by Pam Tremlett, bookkeeper, and administrative support; Carly Kluge, Community Relationship Manager; and Michelle Baker, Company Secretary is exceptional with dependable, informed, and timely support always provided.

HDCEL's mission is to be a sustainable community-built business that contributes to community prosperity. Our Community Impact Strategy with four impact pillars – sustainability and environment; health and wellbeing; profit for purpose collaboration; and disability, diversity, and inclusion; guides our annual contributions to community organisations and programs. Our community contribution in 2023/24 was \$412,830, bringing HDCEL's total contribution to our community to \$4.35m. An amount of \$270,000 was added to the Community Enterprise Foundation for future grant allocations. Our community contributions support a wide range of organisations and programs across our four pillars. A fully funded vehicle was provided to the L2P program conducted by the Banyule Nillumbik Local Learning & Employment Network. The program provides learner driver training to young people, many of whom do not have access to a family driver or car. The North East Neighbourhood House Network was supported to run the Money Matters - Building Financial Capability program. Delivered by an accredited Financial Counsellor, the series of seven workshops provided participants with the skills needed to avoid scams and build financial well-being. The SES Heidelberg Unit was provided with a grant to purchase battery powered lights and lighting stands for each of their five emergency vehicles. The lights will be used to support conduct of emergency and rescue services that are often undertaken at night or in remote locations.

In July 2023, HDCEL proudly led the way and became the first Community Bank company to gain social enterprise certification. Since then, we have been joined by 25 other community enterprises who have followed our lead. This formal recognition highlights our long-standing commitment to making a positive impact within our community and underscores our dedication as a 'business for good.' It is affirmed by our mission to be a substantial, sustainable community-built business that contributes to community prosperity. Certification has strengthened our relationship with Banyule Council, with whom we are exploring joint ventures for 2025; and has created opportunities to explore partnership and business opportunities across the social enterprise network.

The Board remains committed to the operation of a successful community enterprise with a current focus on enhancing governance practice, growing banking business, building a capable and stable workforce, and exploring the opportunities arising from social enterprise certification. The current Board consists of Nan Caple, Jason Talbot, Anne Rogan, and Paul Thia who recently joined the Board. Former Board member Tara O'Brien resigned during the year after five years of service. I am grateful for the commitment and contribution that all Directors have made to the governance of HDCEL and to the promotion of the community banking model; and for the support they have shown me as Chair. The Board of Directors acknowledges the role that all staff and contractors have played in growing the business and in enhancing the reputation of Community Bank East Ivanhoe. We recognise the importance of our valuable relationship with Bendigo Bank that supports our on-going operations and planning for the future, particularly through the involvements of our Regional Manager, Daryl Ellis; and Area Manager Mobile, Lawrence Longato.

HDCE Chair Report (continued)

Our shareholders are the foundation of our presence in our community. You provide us with a true connection to our community and your continued support reinforces our purpose. I encourage you all to share in HDCEL's success and to share our story with others whenever you can. In our 24th year of operation, the Board has announced a positive and deserving dividend of 10¢ per share fully franked. This is our 21st successive dividend allocation.

We look forward with confidence to continued success and growth of our banking operation and to exploration of the opportunities that arise from our participation in the growing Social Enterprise sector.

Jeremy McAuliffe

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Chair

Making an impact in our local community

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise continued its support of a diverse range of clubs, sporting groups, charitable organisations and social enterprises through the grant and sponsorship programs in 2023/24. Here is a snapshot of some project highlights.



- Ocmmunity Bank East Ivanhoe sponsors many football clubs across the region and this year we provided further support with new goal post pads for the two home grounds of the Banyule Junior Football Club.
- ♦ Abby and Blythe from the Ivanhoe Northcote Canoe Club on the Yarra River. Community Bank East Ivanhoe proudly supports local paddling clubs.



- Chairman Jeremy McAuliffe and Bendiqo Bank's Managing Director Marnie Baker for a tour of the facilities at their Thomastown warehouse. HDCE provides annual grants to offset their rental costs for the space that houses the material aid that is distributed to families in need.
- Community Bank East Ivanhoe proudly donated a new trailer to the Friends of Eaglemont Village, who work to beautify the



♦ The Lower Plenty Dance Group runs weekly discos for adults with disabilities and their carers to socialise and have a dance! Branch Manager Jon Hyatt joined the crew at their Christmas in July function at the Lower Plenty Hotel.





- Carpentry Australia provides opportunities for carpenters to connect and to improve the carpentry industry. Community Bank East Ivanhoe partnered with them to support their Helping Hands Days, where volunteer members donate their time to provide small renovations to community members doing it tough.
- It was a pleasure to present the Banyule Nillumbik Local Learning & Employment Network (BNLLEN) with a brand new car for their L2P program. The program supports young people to have access to volunteer driving supervisors to get their 120 hours of driving time required to sit their drivers licence test.



It was great to have Bendigo Bank's Chief Economist, David Robertson, back in Banyule at our 2024 Business Breakfast. Held at the Old England Hotel the event was attended by 120 guests.







- ◆ The Macleod Football Netball Club had AFL premiership player Isaac Smith at their annual lunch. Community Bank East Ivanhoe has sponsored the club for many years and it was a great opportunity to network with their other key sponsors and key people around the club.
- Female participation in sport continues to be a focus area of support and the Parkside Junior Football Club's Youth Girls team enjoyed every moment on the field in 2024!
- Community Bank East Ivanhoe presented the Macleod Preschool with a grant to upgrade their technology to enhance the learning of the 3 and 4 year olds that attend the centre.



- ♠ The Money Matters program provides educational sessions through the Northern Network of Neighbourhood Houses. Run by local financial counsellor Robyn Angus, the sessions cover "Building Financial Capability" and "Scam Awareness" and are free of charge to participants.
- Community Bank East Ivanhoe contributed \$20,000 to support the Heidelberg West Football Netball Club to purchase an electronic scoreboard.



Community Engagement



The SES Heidelberg Unit do an outstanding job in times of need and Community Bank East Ivanhoe is thrilled to support them with much needed equipment. We donated eight of these portable light stands that are light to carry, battery operated and incredibly powerful.



- Our partnership with Banyule City Council's Women in Business lunch continues, and in 2024 we were thrilled to hear the words of wisdom from Dr Louise Mahler at The Centre Ivanhoe.
- Local members of the Ivanhoe Northcote Canoe Club scored a podium finish at the Sydney International Competition.





- The Ivanhoe Park Croquet Club is one of our longest partnerships!
- Grassroots local clubs continue to be a focus of our community investment, as they play an important role in connecting our communities, keeping people fit and engaged.



Community Bank East Ivanhoe's long term support of the BANSIC Food Hub continues to strengthen. In 2024 Chairman Jeremy McAuliffe proudly handed over the keys to a Mazda CX-5 to BANSIC's Kate Farrelly. The vehicle was fully funded by the Community Bank, to support the many volunteers at the Food Hub in food collection and delivery to those in need.





Community Bank East Ivanhoe continues to support the work of Open House, specifically the Backyard Sports program run each Thursday at Malahang Reserve. Activities include bike repair workshops, a coffee van, sports and games.









- © Community Bank East Ivanhoe proudly supported Mother Tongue Poetry's "Voices in the Street" project to share the poetry in the community. The coffee cups with snapshots of the poetry and QR codes to access more were distributed throughout cafes in Banyule.
- Mobile lender James Fernandes was presented with the 2024 Heidelberg Football Club women's football guernsey by Club President John Sheahan.

Community Engagement



Community Bank East Ivanhoe was excited to hand over the keys to a Mazda CX-5 to Banyule Support and Information Centre (BANSIC) to assist in the operation of their Food Hub. The increase in demand for emergency food relief is dramatically increasing and the vehicle will assist their expansive network of volunteer with food collection and distribution.



Branch Manager Jon Hyatt accepts a token of appreciation from Araluen for the grant provided to assist with the refurbishment of Araluen's Big Group Rosanna site. The venue provides support and training to individuals with disabilities and their carers.



- © Community Bank East Ivanhoe proudly supported the Watsonia North Primary School Christmas Carols – attracting over 500 people to celebrate Christmas and raise funds for the school.
- The Youth Foundation's Parkville College students presented an exhibition of their works at an art gallery in Melbourne's CBD. This project instilled significant pride for all who spent time and energy on their works, many of which were sold during the exhibition.



Shay O'Brien from the Ivanhoe Cricket Club proudly presents Pinky and Kamna from the Community Bank East Ivanhoe with a plaque of appreciation for the sponsorship of the club throughout the summer season.



Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Report

Year ending 30th June 2024

Community Bank Report 2024 BEN Message

This past year has been particularly significant for Bendigo Bank and the Community Bank network. After five years apart, we had the opportunity to come together in person and connect in Bendigo at our National Conference in September.

It was lovely to see so many familiar faces and to meet many directors who haven't attended previously. We feel proud to support such an amazing network.

We are committed to our strategy and the qualities that make Bendigo Bank unique, by staying true to our connection with communities, our regional roots, and our position as Australia's most trusted bank.

As Bendigo Bank adapts to the evolving digital landscape and changing customer expectations, the Community Bank Network is organically evolving in response.

Over the past 12 months, we have seen Community Bank companies seek to enhance their presence within their communities more than ever.

This has been through expanding or consolidating branch sites, collaborating with local, state, and national governments to support community initiatives, or by prioritising social value alongside financial performance through Social Trader accreditation.

The anniversary of the Community Bank model, along with changing environmental factors, provides an opportunity to reset and establish a clear pathway towards the next 25 years.

Bendigo Bank's purpose, to feed into the prosperity of communities, and our willingness to ensure our purpose is relevant to the needs of communities in which we are present, is a key contributor to our commercial success.

When we utilise our combined strengths, exercise our imaginations and have the courage to commit to creating our own opportunities, we will be the partner of choice for customers and communities regardless of location or cause.

Community, regional presence, and trust are the distinctive attributes of Bendigo Bank that we have maintained and plan to uphold in the future.

While Bendigo Bank emphasises commercial success, our foundation remains in community values. Our aim is to generate mutual value by providing solutions to local challenges.

On behalf of Bendigo Bank, thank you for being a shareholder in your local Community Bank. Your contribution helps foster economic growth, creates employment opportunities, and provides essential financial services to the members of your community.

Your dedication and support is making a positive impact on your community.

Justine Minne

Head of Community Banking.

CBNC Report

Year ending 30th June 2024



Community Bank network: celebrating 26 years of empowering communities

This year our Community Bank network celebrated 26 years of providing grassroots support to metro, regional, rural and remote communities across Australia. It's a milestone that has been widely applauded by our customers and partners who recognise the significant role we play in the lives of everyday Australians. We're there when it matters – whether that be as second responders in times of natural disaster, crisis and need; or as community builders, providing resources and support; help and hope.

In the 2023-24 financial year, our Community Bank network gave back more than \$40 million in grants, sponsorships and donations to local community projects and initiatives. Over 26 years, we have returned more than \$364 million to local communities for emergency services; facilities and infrastructure; sport and recreation; education and research; health and wellbeing; art, culture and heritage as well as environment and animal welfare.

As a shareholder in your local Community Bank, you are part of this incredible social enterprise network that is playing an ever-important role in the Australian economy. With close working relationships with local, state and federal government, peak governing bodies, clubs and community organisations, we are integrally connected and in tune with the needs of everyday Australians.

Our Community Bank network is a first mover in Australia with our unique social enterprise model. The first Community Bank opened its doors in 1998, and since then, the network has grown to 305 Community Bank branches. Today we represent a diverse cross-section of Australia with more than 215 community enterprises, 70,000+ shareholders, 1500+ volunteer directors, 1700 staff and 950,000 customers.

Our Community Bank National Council (CBNC) plays a pivotal role in these relationships. The CBNC consists of both elected and appointed members from every state and territory. The role of council is to represent the network with its partners and to engage in strategic planning that delivers positive outcomes for our business and our communities.

The 2024 - 2026 Community Bank National Council Strategic Plan has four key focus areas:

- Impact a planned, deliberate approach with investments that enhance community prosperity.
- Leadership and advocacy to ensure the long-term sustainability of our enterprises.
- Network alignment enabling us to develop and nurture partnerships that align with our defined areas of social impact.
- Commercial prosperity supporting the commercial success of our enterprises.

It is through this strategic plan, which has a foundation built on connection and collaboration, that we will deliver a strong, and secure future for our directors, shareholders, staff and the communities we serve.

Warm regards

Lauren Bean General Manager Community Bank National Council

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Directors' Report

Year ending 30th June 2024

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Jeremy Frank McAuliffe

Chair and Non-executive director

Experience and expertise

Jeremy has over 30 years experience in community sector organisations in operational management and executive leadership roles. He currently operates a consulting business that provides governance, compliance and operational support to the aged care sector. He has qualifications in community services and business administration and is an alumnus of the Cranlana Centre for Ethical Leadership. He has lived in the Ivanhoe area for over 25 years and is a life member of two local sporting clubs.

Special Responsibilities

Committee member: Human Resources (Chair), Marketing and Business Development

Nancy Louise Caple

Deputy Chair and non-executive director

Experience and expertise

Nancy established and operated So Swish (retail business) from 1989-2016. She was instrumental in establishing the East Ivanhoe Community branch in 2000. She has a Bachelor of Education and taught prior to 1989. Nan currently holds an appointed position on the Community Bank National Council. She is also the Company Secretary for the family management consulting business. Nan is Deputy Chair of the Sycamore Tree Management committee, a social enterprise café located in Heidelberg.

Special Responsibilities

Committee member: Marketing and Business Development (Chair), Human Resources

Anne Marie Rogan

Non-executive director

Experience and expertise

Head of Examinations at the Royal Australian and New Zealand College of Radiologists. Experienced senior manager of large teams, managing complex high budget projects. Previous experience on Secondary School Boards. Extensive involvement in sporting clubs in the Ivanhoe district.

Special Responsibilities

Committee member: Human Resources, Audit and Governance (Chair)

Directors' Report (continued)

Directors (continued)

Jason Alexander Talbot

Non-executive director

Experience and expertise

Jason is the Managing Director of Graphite i2i, a consultancy firm specialising in strategy, governance and finance. Prior to founding Graphite i2i, Jason held senior roles at PwC, EY and NAB in their corporate finance divisions and worked in both Australia and the UK. His non-executive and advisory board portfolio includes private business, public companies and a variety of not-for-profit organisations both in Australia and the UK. He is also a lecturer at Macquarie University and facilitator for the Governance Institute of Australia (GIA). Jason is a fellow of the GIA and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants Australia. He holds a Masters of Applied Finance from Macquarie University and a Graduate Diploma in Accounting, a Doctor of Philosophy and a Bachelor of Science from Monash University.

Special Responsibilities

Committee member: Audit and Governance

Tara Jayne O'Brien

Non-executive director (resigned 7 June 2024)

Experience and expertise

Tara was previously involved in the Bendigo Bank Future Director program for two years. She holds a Bachelor of Laws (Honours) and Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) from La Trobe University. She has experience working in the not-for-profit and state and federal public sectors.

Special Responsibilities

Committee member: Audit and Governance, Marketing and Business Development

Paul Yong-Shan Thia

Non-executive director (appointed 15 August 2024)

Experience and expertise

Paul is the Inclusive Local Jobs Officer at Banyule City Council, committed to creating inclusive economic opportunities for residents facing barriers to employment. Previously, he led Council's Social Enterprise Strategy, driving innovative social impact solutions and partnerships. Paul has held various corporate strategy and business advisory roles, including positions at Social Traders and Telstra Corporation Limited. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce and Bachelor of Information Systems from the University of Melbourne. Paul has lived locally all his life.

Special Responsibilities

Committee member: Marketing and Business Development

Company secretary

The Company secretary is Michelle Louise Baker. Michelle was appointed to the position of Company secretary on 11 January 2023.

Experience and expertise

Michelle is an experienced Bookkeeper and holds a Bachelor of Arts and an Advanced Diploma of Business (Marketing).

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of operations

The profit for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$1,076,538 (30 June 2023: \$1,219,801).

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations.

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Fully franked dividend of 10 cents per share (2023: 4 cents)	226,067	90,527

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 1 July 2023, Bendigo Bank updated the Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) base rate on certain deposits which has reduced the income earned on these products.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

No matter, circumstance or likely development in operations has arisen during or since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2024, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were:

		Board Meetings		Committee Meetings Attended				
E - eligible to attend A - number attended		nded	Audit and (Governance	Human F	esources		nd Business opment
	Е	Α	Е	Α	Е	Α	Е	Α
Nancy Louise Caple	11	10	-	-	11	10	12	12
Anne Marie Rogan	11	9	8	8	11	9	-	-
Jeremy Frank McAuliffe	11	10	-	-	11	11	12	12
Jason Alexander Talbot	11	10	8	7	-	-	-	-
Tara Jayne O'Brien	10	6	7	5	-	-	8	3
Paul Yong-Shan Thia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Directors' benefits

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Directors' interests

The interest in company shareholdings for each Director are:

		Fully paid ordinary shares			
	Balance at start of the year	Changes during the year	Balance at the end of the year		
Nancy Louise Caple	27,077	-	27,077		
Anne Marie Rogan	-	-	-		
Jeremy Frank McAuliffe	3,450	-	3,450		
Jason Alexander Talbot	-	-	-		
Tara Jayne O'Brien	-	-	-		
Paul Yong-Shan Thia	-	-	-		

Shares under option

There were no unissued ordinary shares of the company under option outstanding at the date of this report.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

There were no ordinary shares of the company issued on the exercise of options during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report.

Indemnity and insurance of Directors and officers

The company has indemnified all Directors, officers and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors, officers or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has indemnified all Directors and management in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or management of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 27 to the accounts.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit and Governance Committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Directors' Report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this Directors' Report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the Directors

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Jeremy McAuliffe

Chair

16 September 2024

Auditor's Independence Declaration



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit, and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550 Dated this 16 day of September 2024 Jessica Ritchie Lead Auditor



Financial Statements

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Notes	2024	2023
	Notes	\$	\$
REVENUE			
Revenue from contracts with customers	7	3,163,435	3,593,493
Other revenue		136,326	68,367
Finance revenue		122,592	38,903
Total revenue		3,422,353	3,700,763
EXPENSES			
Employee benefits expense	8	(912,281)	(771,561)
Advertising and marketing costs		(198,558)	(158,548)
Occupancy and associated costs		(41,964)	(43,167)
System costs		(38,230)	(41,183)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	8	(78,575)	(91,726)
Finance costs	8	(5,852)	(9,259)
General administration expenses		(209,063)	(195,397)
Other expenses	8	-	(113,227)
Total expenses before community contribution and income tax expense		(1,484,523)	(1,424,068)
Profit before community contributions and income tax expense		1,937,830	2,276,695
Charitable donations, grants and sponsorship expense	8	(505,834)	(650,027)
Profit before income tax expense		1,431,996	1,626,668
Income tax expense	9	(355,458)	(406,867)
Profit after income tax expense for the year		1,076,538	1,219,801
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Gain on the revaluation of land and buildings, net of tax		-	91,844
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			91,844
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,076,538	1,311,645
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	29	47.38	53.68
Diluted earnings per share	29	47.38	53.68

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited **Statement of Financial Position**

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	Notes -	2024	2023
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	827,428	667,894
Trade and other receivables	11	339,853	354,794
Investments	12	2,650,000	1,800,000
Total current assets		3,817,281	2,822,688
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	15	1,380,000	1,379,593
Property, plant and equipment	13	95,563	54,421
Right-of-use assets	14	30,806	70,429
Intangible assets	16	61,217	13,275
Total non-current assets		1,567,586	1,517,718
Total assets		5,384,867	4,340,406
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	403,683	79,087
Lease liabilities	18	69,040	86,397
Deferred tax liabilities	9	250,479	376,845
Employee benefits		58,784	53,322
Provisions		46,767	-
Total current liabilities		828,753	595,651
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	50,562	-
Lease liabilities	18	-	68,829
Deferred tax liabilities	9	100,252	91,052
Employee benefits		18,599	3,525
Provisions		-	45,119
Total non-current liabilities		169,413	208,525
Total liabilities		998,166	804,176
Net assets		4,386,701	3,536,230
EQUITY			
Issued capital	19	1,614,384	1,614,384
Revaluation reserve	20	387,145	387,145
Retained earnings		2,385,172	1,534,701
Total equity		4,386,701	3,536,230
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Financial Statements (continued)

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

	Notes	Issued capital	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022		1,641,165	295,301	405,427	2,341,893
Profit after income tax expense		-	-	1,219,801	1,219,801
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	91,844	-	91,844
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	91,844	1,219,801	1,311,645
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Buy back of shares during period		(26,781)	-	-	(26,781)
Dividends provided for or paid	22		-	(90,527)	(90,527)
Balance at 30 June 2023		1,614,384	387,145	1,534,701	3,536,230
Balance at 1 July 2023		1,614,384	387,145	1,534,701	3,536,230
Profit after income tax expense		-	-	1,076,538	1,076,538
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	1,076,538	1,076,538
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Dividends provided for or paid	22	-	-	(226,067)	(226,067)
Balance at 30 June 2024		1,614,384	387,145	2,385,172	4,386,701

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited **Statement of Cash Flows**

		2024	2023
	Notes	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			· .
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		3,616,403	3,902,522
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(1,871,865)	(2,386,096)
Interest received		109,463	18,375
Interest and other finance costs paid		(432)	(75)
Income taxes refunded/(paid)		(472,624)	9,684
Net cash from operating activities	28	1,380,945	1,544,410
Cash flows from investing activities			
Investment in term deposits		(850,000)	(869,750)
Payments for property, plant and equipment	13	(67,742)	(16,876)
Payments for intangible assets		(12,963)	(12,963)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		26,364	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(904,341)	(899,589)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Return of capital	19	-	(26,781)
Repayment of borrowings		-	(1,495)
Interest and other finance costs paid		(3,817)	(7,178)
Dividends paid	22	(226,067)	(90,527)
Repayment of lease liabilities	18	(87,186)	(103,995)
Net cash used in financing activities		(317,070)	(229,976)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		159,534	414,845
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		667,894	253,049
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	6, 10	827,428	667,894

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Reporting entity

The Financial Statements cover Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited (the company) as an individual entity.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is 233-235 Lower Heidelberg Road, Ivanhoe East VIC 3079.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the Directors' Report, which is not part of the Financial Statements.

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The Financial Statements are general purpose Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Financial Statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The Financial Statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to pay its debts as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of Directors, on 16 September 2024. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the Financial Statements.

Note 3. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the company are set out either in the respective notes or below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are mandatory for the current financial year. A description of the impact of new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have had a material impact on the company during the current financial year is outlined below:

AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates is mandatory for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and was adopted by the company in the preparation of the 30 June 2024 financial statements.

AASB 2021-2 includes amendments to AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, requiring the company to disclose material accounting policy information in its financial statements rather than significant accounting policies which was required in previous financial years. Accounting policy information is material if it, when considered with other information, could reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users based on the financial statements.

Adoption of AASB 2021-2 has had no impact on the numerical information disclosed in the company's financial statements. Rather, adoption has required the company to remove significant accounting policy information from the notes to the financial statements that is not considered material.

Note 3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

An assessment of accounting standards and interpretations issued by the AASB that are not yet mandatorily applicable to the company has been performed. No new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not mandatory have been early adopted, nor are they expected to have a material impact on the company in future financial years.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the Statement of Financial Position based on current and non-current classification.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Financial Statements requires the Directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the Financial Statements. The Directors continually evaluate their judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses.

The Directors base their judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Judgements

Timing of revenue recognition associated with trail commission

The company receives trailing commission from Bendigo Bank for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on a monthly basis when earned as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of revenue without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission revenue is outside the control of the company.

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

Note 4 Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables (continued)

The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables for the following reasons:

- The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.
- The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit. The Directors are not aware of any such non-compliance at balance date.
- The company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company.
- The company has not experienced any instances of default in relation to receivables owed to the company from Bendigo Bank.

Fair value measurement hierarchy

The company is required to classify all assets and liabilities measured at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being:

- Level 1: inputs are based on the quoted market price at the close of business at the end of the reporting period
- Level 2: inputs are based on a valuation performed by a third party qualified valuer using quoted prices for similar assets in an active market
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Considerable judgement is required to determine what is significant to fair value and therefore which category the asset or liability is placed in can be subjective.

The fair value of assets and liabilities classified as level 3 is determined by the use of valuation models. These include discounted cash flow analysis or the use of observable inputs that require significant adjustments based on unobservable inputs.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the consolidated entity and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term.

In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the company's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

The company includes extension options applicable to the lease of branch premises in its calculations of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability except where the company is reasonably certain it will not exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the leased premises.

Note 4 Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Estimates and assumptions

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for the company's lease agreements, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. This rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Note 5. Economic dependency

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank. The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The Directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry in September 2029.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- · security and cash logistic controls
- · calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

Note 6. Change to comparative figures

Classification of term deposits

During the year the Directors reviewed the requirements of AASB 107 *Statement of Cash Flows* and noted term deposits normally qualify as a cash and cash equivalent only when they have initial investment periods of three months or less. In previous financial years the company classified all term deposits as cash and cash equivalents in the preparation of the financial statements even if they had initial investment periods greater than three months.

In the preparation of the Financial Statements for the current financial year, the Directors updated its accounting policy to align to the requirements of AASB 107, restating comparatives figures to reclassify term deposits with initial investment periods greater than three months as current investments instead of cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position.

The change in classification had the following impacts on comparative figures:

- Cash and cash equivalents decreased and investments increased by \$1,800,000 at 30 June 2023 as reported in the Statement of Financial Position.
- Opening and closing cash balances were reduced to exclude term deposits with initial investment periods greater than three months as reported in the Statement of Cash Flows.
- Investments in and redemptions of term deposits with initial investment periods greater than three months are now classified within investment activities as reported in the Statement of Cash Flows.

The change in classification had no impact on the company's net profit or net asset position.

Calculation of right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation

On adoption of AASB 16 Leases on 1 July 2019, the company recognised the right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation on a gross basis from the commencement of the lease as if AASB 16 had always been applied by the company.

During the financial year the company recorded a change in accounting policy, whereby it elected to recognise the right-of-use asset net of accumulated depreciation on initial adoption of AASB 16. The change in accounting policy had no impact on the company's net profit or net asset position, however it did reduce the company's right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023 by \$710,877. Refer to Note 14 for more information on right-of-use assets.

Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Margin income	2,953,026	3,423,942
Fee income	99,468	81,987
Commission income	110,941	87,564
	3,163,435	3,593,493

Accounting policy for revenue from contracts with customers

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Note 7 Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Accounting policy for revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement, as follows:

Revenue stream	Includes	Performance obligation	Timing of recognition
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission, and fee income	When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates, interest rates and funds transfer pricing and other factors, such as economic and local conditions.

Margin income

Margin income on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits

plus: any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit

minus: any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission income

Commission income is generated from the sale of products and services. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation. Refer to Note 4 for further information regarding key judgements applied by the Directors in relation to the timing of revenue recognition from trail commission.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

Note 8. Expenses

Employee benefits expense

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Wages and salaries	768,149	643,264
Non-cash benefits	10,966	4,704
Superannuation contributions	84,044	72,683
Expenses related to long service leave	22,858	(5,562)
Other expenses	26,264	56,472
	912,281	771,561

Depreciation and amortisation expense

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Depreciation of non-current assets		
Investment properties	-	18,614
Leasehold improvements	13,874	13,816
Plant and equipment	2,879	2,569
Motor vehicles	9,847	5,472
	26,600	40,471
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		
Leased land and buildings	40,988	40,269
Amortisation of intangible assets		
Franchise fee	2,198	2,197
Franchise renewal fee	8,789	8,789
	10,987	10,986
	78,575	91,726

Other Expenses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Procedural errors	-	113,227

Bendigo Bank recouped funds from the company during the prior period due to a procedural error. In the current year there was a recoupment of procedural errors recognised as other income.

Note 8 Expenses (continued)

Finance Costs

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Bank loan interest paid or accrued	432	75
Lease interest expense	3,817	7,178
Unwinding of make-good provision	1,603	2,006
	5,852	9,259

Charitable donations, grants and sponsorship expense

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Direct donation, sponsorship and grant costs	235,834	175,027
Contribution to the Community Enterprise Foundation™	270,000	475,000
	505,834	650,027

The funds contributed to and held by the Community Enterprise FoundationTM (CEF) are available for distribution as grants to eligible applicants for a specific purpose in consultation with the Directors.

When the company pays a contribution in to the CEF, the company loses control over the funds at that point. While the Directors are involved in the payment of grants, the funds are not refundable to the company.

During the financial year the company contributed funds to the Community Enterprise Foundation $^{\text{TM}}$ (CEF), the philanthropic arm of the Bendigo Bank. These contributions paid form part of charitable donations and sponsorship expenditure included in profit or loss.

Note 9. Income tax

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Income tax expense		
Current tax	349,487	376,845
Movement in deferred tax	9,200	60,637
Future income tax benefit attributable to losses	-	(30,615)
Under/over provision in respect to prior years	(3,229)	-
Aggregate income tax expense	355,458	406,867
Prima facie income tax reconciliation		
Profit before income tax expense	1,431,996	1,626,668
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	357,999	406,667
Tax effect of:		
Non-deductible expenses	688	200
Under/over provision in respect to prior years	(3,229)	-
Income tax expense	355,458	406,867
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment	133,555	133,682
Income accruals	8,593	5,311
Right-of-use assets	7,701	17,607
Lease liabilities	(17,260)	(38,807)
Employee benefits	(19,346)	(14,212)
Provision for lease make good	(11,692)	(11,280)
Accrued expenses	(1,299)	(1,249)
Deferred tax liability	100,252	91,052
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Provision for income tax	250,479	376,845

Accounting policy for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Accounting policy for current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	827,428	667,894

Note 11. Trade and other receivables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	283,029	317,805
Other receivables and accruals	3,667	3,667
Accrued income	34,372	21,243
Prepayments	18,785	12,079
	56,824	36,989
	339,853	354,794

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.

Note 12. Investments

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current assets		
Term Deposits	2,650,000	1,800,000

Note 13. Property, plant and equipment

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Leasehold improvements - at cost	234,797	234,797
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(206,713)	(192,839)
	28,084	41,958
Plant and equipment - at cost	57,618	57,618
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(48,034)	(45,155)
	9,584	12,463
Motor vehicles - at cost	67,742	39,950
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(9,847)	(39,950)
	57,895	-
	95,563	54,421

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	49,672	4,257	5,472	59,401
Additions	6,102	10,775	-	16,877
Depreciation	(13,816)	(2,569)	(5,472)	(21,857)
Balance at 30 June 2023	41,958	12,463	-	54,421
Additions	-	-	67,742	67,742
Depreciation	(13,874)	(2,879)	(9,847)	(26,600)
Balance at 30 June 2024	28,084	9,584	57,895	95,563

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a diminishing value and straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements3 to 12 yearsPlant and equipment5 to 12 yearsMotor vehicles5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss. Any revaluation surplus reserve relating to the item disposed of is transferred directly to retained profits.

Note 14. Right-of-use assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Land and buildings - right of use	401,367	400,002
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(370,561)	(329,573)
	30,806	70,429

Refer to Note 6 for more information on right-of-use assets.

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings
	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	110,698
Depreciation expense	(40,269)
Balance at 30 June 2023	70,429
Remeasurement adjustments	1,365
Depreciation expense	(40,988)
Balance at 30 June 2024	30,806

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment and are adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Refer to Note 18 for more information on lease arrangements.

Note 15. Investment properties

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Investment properties - at fair value	1,380,000	1,380,000
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(407)
	1,380,000	1,379,593

Reconciliation

Reconciliation of the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Opening amount	1,379,593	1,275,748
Revaluation increments	-	122,459
Reversal of prior year depreciation	407	-
Depreciation expense	-	(18,614)
Closing amount	1,380,000	1,379,593

Fair value

The fair value of investment properties was determined by external, independent property valuers, having recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued. Independent valuers provide the fair value of the company's investment properties portfolio every 3 to 5 years.

The company's 223-225 Lower Heidelberg Rd investment properties were independently valued effective 24 May 2023 by Miles Real Estate. The valuations resulted in a net increment to the carrying amount of the properties resulting in a revaluation gain of \$91,844 in the revaluation reserves in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

Refer to Note 24 for further information on fair value measurement.

Accounting policy for investment properties

Investment properties principally comprise of freehold land and buildings held for long-term rental and capital appreciation that are not occupied by the company. Investment properties are initially recognised at cost, including transaction costs, and are subsequently remeasured annually at fair value. Movements in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, specifically in the revaluation reserve within equity.

Investment properties are derecognised when disposed of or when there is no future economic benefit expected.

Note 16. Intangible assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Franchise fee	78,434	66,648
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(66,191)	(63,993)
	12,243	2,655
Franchise renewal fee	250,571	203,428
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(201,597)	(192,808)
	48,974	10,620
	61,217	13,275

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Franchise fee	Franchise renewal fee	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	4,852	19,409	24,261
Amortisation expense	(2,197)	(8,789)	(10,986)
Balance at 30 June 2023	2,655	10,620	13,275
Additions	11,786	47,143	58,929
Amortisation expense	(2,198)	(8,789)	(10,987)
Balance at 30 June 2024	12,243	48,974	61,217

Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset class	Method	Useful life	Expiry/renewal date
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	September 2029
Franchise renewal fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	September 2029

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Note 17. Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current liabilities		
Trade payables	339,839	18,966
Other payables and accruals	63,844	60,121
	403,683	79,087
Non-current liabilities		
Other payables and accruals	50,562	-
Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as trade and other payables		
Total trade and other payables	454,245	79,087
less GST payable to the ATO, included in other payables and accruals	(24,085)	(19,574)
	430,160	59,513

Note 18. Lease liabilities

2024	2023
\$	\$
69,040	86,397
-	68,829
	\$

Reconciliation of lease liabilities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Opening balance	155,226	252,658
Remeasurement adjustments	1,000	6,563
Lease interest expense	3,817	7,178
Lease payments - total cash outflow	(91,003)	(111,173)
	69,040	155,226

Accounting policy for lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, including renewal options if the company is reasonably certain to exercise such options, discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate.

The company has applied the following accounting policy choices in relation to lease liabilities:

- The company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability for property leases.
- The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and low-value assets, which include the company's lease of information technology equipment. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The company's lease portfolio includes:

Lease	Discount rate	Non-cancellable term	Renewal options available	Reasonably certain to exercise options	Lease term end date used in calculations
East Ivanhoe branch	3.54%	2 years	N/A	N/A	March 2025

Note 19. Issued capital

	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Shares	Shares	\$	\$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	1,673,010	1,673,010	1,673,010	1,673,010
Bonus shares - fully paid (3:1)	625,376	625,376	-	-
Less: Cost of share buy back	(37,720)	(37,720)	(26,781)	(26,781)
Less: Equity raising costs	-	-	(31,845)	(31,845)
	2,260,666	2,260,666	1,614,384	1,614,384

During the prior financial year, the company completed a share buy back, where the company bought back and canceled 37,720 ordinary shares at \$0.71 each following the offer made to the company's shareholders.

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being \$1 per share. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Rights attached to issued capital

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the Directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Note 19 Issued capital (continued)

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the Board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 206. As at the date of this report, the company had 394 shareholders (2023: 398 shareholders).

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

The Board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the Board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the Board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the Board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the Board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the Board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the Board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 20. Revaluation reserve

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Revaluation surplus reserve	387,145	387,145

Revaluation surplus reserve

The reserve is used to recognise increments and decrements in the fair value of land and buildings.

Movements in reserves

Movements in each class of reserve during the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Revaluation Reserve
	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	295,301
Revaluation of property plant and equipment	91,844
Balance at 30 June 2023	387,145
Balance at 30 June 2024	387,145

Note 21. Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The Board monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Statement of Financial Position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 22. Dividends

The following dividends were provided for and paid to shareholders during the financial year as presented in the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Fully franked dividend of 10 cents per share (2023: 4 cents)	226,067	90,527

Franking credits

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Franking account balance at the beginning of the financial year	254,881	294,742
Franking credits (debits) arising from income taxes paid (refunded)	472,624	(9,685)
Franking debits from the payment of franked distributions	(75,356)	(30,176)
	652,149	254,881
Franking transactions that will arise subsequent to the financial year end:	652,149	254,881
	652,149 652,149	254,881
subsequent to the financial year end:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The ability to utilise franking credits is dependent upon the company's ability to declare dividends. The tax rate at which future dividends will be franked is 25%.

Accounting policy for dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the company.

Note 23. Financial risk management

The company's financial instruments include trade receivables and payables, cash and cash equivalents, investments and lease liabilities. The company does not have any derivatives.

The Directors are responsible for monitoring and managing the financial risk exposure of the company, to which end it monitors the financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions within the scope of its authority.

The Directors have identified that the only significant financial risk exposures of the consolidated entity are liquidity and market (price) risk. Other financial risks are not significant to the company due to the following factors:

- The company has no foreign exchange risk as all of its account balances and transactions are in Australian Dollars.
- The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings, Bendigo Bank is rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.
- The company has no direct exposure to movements in commodity prices.
- The company's interest-bearing instruments are held at amortised cost which have fair values that approximate their carrying value since all cash and payables have maturity dates within 12 months.
- · The company has no borrowings.

Further details regarding the categories of financial instruments held by the company that hold such exposure are detailed below.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Trade and other receivables excluding prepaid expenses (Note 11)	321,068	342,715
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 10)	827,428	667,894
Investments (Note 12)	2,650,000	1,800,000
	3,798,496	2,810,609
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables (Note 17)	430,160	59,513
Lease liabilities (Note 18)	69,040	155,226
	499,200	214,739

At balance date, the fair value of financial instruments approximated their carrying values.

Accounting policy for financial instruments

Financial assets

Classification

The company measures its financial assets at amortised cost.

The company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and investments in term deposits.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the company's contractual right to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

Note 23. Financial risk management (continued)

Impairment of trade and other receivables

Impairment of trade receivables is determined using the simplified approach which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables. Refer to Note 4 for further information.

Financial liabilities

Classification

The company measures its financial liabilities at amortised cost.

The company's financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other payables and lease liabilities.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, cancelled or expires.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments.

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and earnings on those are subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$827,428 and term deposits of \$2,650,000 at 30 June 2024 (2023: cash and cash equivalents \$667,894 and term deposits \$1,800,000).

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

The following are the company's remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flow amounts are gross and undiscounted and therefore may differ from their carrying amount in the Statement of Financial Position.

	1 year or less	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2024				
Trade and other payables	379,598	50,562	-	430,160
Lease liabilities	69,849	-	-	69,849
Total non-derivatives	449,447	50,562	-	500,009
2023				
Trade and other payables	59,513	-	-	59,513
Lease liabilities	155,226	69,849	-	225,075
Total non-derivatives	214,739	69,849	-	284,588

Note 24. Fair value measurement

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2024				
Assets				
Investment properties		1,380,000		1,380,000
Total assets	-	1,380,000	-	1,380,000
2023				
Assets				
Investment properties	-	1,380,000	-	1,380,000
Total assets	-	1,380,000	-	1,380,000

There were no transfers between levels during the financial year.

Valuation techniques for fair value measurements categorised within level 2 and level 3

The basis of the valuation of land and buildings is fair value. The land and buildings were last revalued on 24 May 2023 by Miles Real Estate based on independent assessments by a member of the Australian Property Institute having recent experience in the location and category of land and buildings being valued. The Directors do not believe that there has been a material movement in fair value since the revaluation date. Valuations are based on current prices for similar properties in the same location and condition.

Accounting policy for fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers are selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data.

Note 25. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were Directors of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements.

Nancy Louise Caple Jason Alexander Talbot Anne Marie Rogan Tara Jayne O'Brien Jeremy Frank McAuliffe Paul Yong-Shan Thia

Key management personnel compensation comprised the following.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	37,500	20,500
Post-employment benefits	4,125	2,152
	41,625	22,652

Compensation of the company's key management personnel includes salaries and contributions to a defined superannuation fund.

Note 26. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in Note 25.

Receivable from and payable to related parties

There were no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Transactions with related parties

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year.

Note 27. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Andrew Frewin Stewart, the auditor of the company:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Audit services		
Audit or review of the financial statements	7,950	6,535
Other services		
Taxation advice and tax compliance services	2,794	1,913
General advisory services	4,741	13,674
Share registry services	3,562	5,738
	11,097	21,325
	19,047	27,860

Note 28. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash from operating activities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax expense for the year	1,076,538	1,219,801
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	78,575	91,726
Reversal of depreciation	(407)	-
Net gain on disposal of non-current assets	(26,364)	-
Lease liabilities interest	3,817	7,178
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	14,941	(146,791)
Decrease in income tax refund due	-	9,685
Increase in trade and other payables	328,872	1,660
Increase/(decrease) in provision for income tax	(126,366)	376,845
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	9,200	30,021
Increase in employee benefits	20,536	2,109
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	1,603	(47,824)
Net cash from operating activities	1,380,945	1,544,410

Note 29. Earnings per share

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax	1,076,538	1,219,801
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	2,272,344	2,272,344
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	2,272,344	2,272,344
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	47.38	53.68
Diluted earnings per share	47.38	53.68
·		

Note 30. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 31. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

Note 32. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Directors' Declaration

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited 30th June 2024

In the Directors' opinion:

- the attached Financial Statements and Notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached Financial Statements and Notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as
 issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the Notes to the Financial Statements;
- the attached Financial Statements and Notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the company does not have any controlled entities and is not required by the Accounting Standards to prepare consolidated financial statements. Therefore, a consolidated entity disclosure statement has not been included as section 295(3A)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001* does not apply to the entity.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the Directors

dem Mostope

Jeremy McAuliffe

Chair

16 September 2024

Independent Audit Report



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550
ABN: 65 684 604 390
afs@afsbendigo.com.au
03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended
- Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- Statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- Notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies
- The directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550 Dated this 16 day of September 2024 Jessica Ritchie Lead Auditor

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Sponsorships and Grants 2023-24

1 Angels Ivanhoe Netball Club	3081 Angels
Club Inc Ivanhoe Northcote Canoe Club	Alphington Bowls Club Inc
Araluen Ivanhoe Park Croquet Club Inc	Araluen
n Health	Austin Health
e (BANSIC) BNLLEN L2P Program	Banyule Support & Information Centre (BANSIC)
Council Latrobe Golf Club	Banyule City Council
oall Club Lower Plenty Cricket Club	Banyule Junior Football Club
nin Beek Lower Plenty Dance Group	Barbunnin Beek
oup Hug Macleod Football and Netball Club	Big Group Hug
Australia Macleod Junior Football Club	Carpentry Australia
Club Inc Macleod Pre-School Play Centre Inc	City of Heidelberg Bowling Club Inc
ssoc Vic Marcellin Old Collegians Football Club	Colombo Uni Alumni Assoc Vic
Rosanna Melbourne Polytechnic	CWA Rosanna
oall Club North East Neighbourhood House	Diamond Valley Superules Football Club
Club Inc North Heidelberg Sporting Club	Eaglemont Tennis Club Inc
ing Club Northcote United Cricket Club	East Ivanhoe Bowling Club
ation Inc Olympic Neighbourhood House	East Ivanhoe Business Association Inc
y School Olympic Village Exodus Committee	Fairfield Primary School
nt Village Open House	Friends of Eaglemont Village
Allstars Parkside Junior Football Club	Heidelberg Allstars
Club Inc Parkside Netball Club	Heidelberg Football Club Inc
Society Patchworkers and Quilters Guild Vic	Heidelberg Historical Society
oall Club Preston Cricket Club	Heidelberg Junior Football Club
estras Inc Rosanna Primary School	Heidelberg Orchestras Inc
e-School Rotary Club of Heidelberg	Heidelberg Pre-School
oall Club St John's Catholic Tennis Club	Heidelberg West Football Club
Radio Inc Warringal Conservation Society	Inner North East Community Radio Inc
Club Inc Waterdale Theatre Inc	Ivanhoe Bowling Club Inc
ket Club Watsonia North Primary School	Ivanhoe Cricket Club
oall Club Yarra Hockey Club	Ivanhoe Football Club

Total \$412,830

Community contributions and shareholder dividends 2023-24

Community Contributions

Financial Year	CEF*	Sponsorships	Total	Grants**
2001/04		\$10,000	\$10,000	
2004/05	\$50,000	\$12,330	\$62,330	
2005/06	\$120,000	\$41,450	\$161,450	\$48,050
2006/07	\$100,000	\$30,400	\$130,400	\$70,490
2007/08	\$148,000	\$43,300	\$191,300	\$122,751
2008/09	\$47,000	\$46,580	\$93,580	\$148,142
2009/10	\$75,064	\$97,110	\$172,174	\$113,372
2010/11	\$166,054	\$134,067	\$300,121	\$116,896
2011/12	\$170,000	\$168,566	\$338,566	\$130,058
2012/13	\$165,021	\$171,077	\$336,098	\$160,756
2013/14	\$165,000	\$185,975	\$350,975	\$112,150
2014/15	\$40,000	\$154,145	\$194,145	\$119,700
2015/16	\$180,000	\$132,816	\$312,816	\$89,537
2016/17	\$40,000	\$128,015	\$168,015	\$78,067
2017/18	\$205,000	\$141,250	\$346,250	\$85,617
2018/19	\$200,000	\$144,495	\$344,495	\$129,767
2019/20	\$20,000	\$142,914	\$162,914	\$133,350
2020/21	\$20,000	\$98,500	\$118,500	\$115,296
2021/22	\$20,000	\$93,082	\$113,082	\$31,824
2022/23	\$500,000	\$128,804	\$628,804	\$26,458
2023/24	\$270,000	\$235,834	\$505,834	\$176,996
	\$2,701,139	\$2,340,710	\$5,041,849	\$2,009,277

Shareholder Dividends Paid

Financial Year	Cents per share	Total distribution
2004/05	5 cents	\$23,651
2005/06	10 cents	\$47,756
2006/07	10 cents	\$47,756
2007/08	13 cents	\$62,083
2008/09	13 cents	\$62,083
2009/10	2 cents	\$45,967
2010/11	3 cents	\$68,952
2011/12	5 cents	\$114,919
2012/13	6 cents	\$137,903
2013/14	6 cents	\$137,903
2014/15	6 cents	\$137,903
2015/16	5 cents	\$114,919
2016/17	5 cents	\$114,919
2017/18	6 cents	\$137,903
2018/19	7 cents	\$160,887
2019/20	7.5 cents	\$172,379
2020/21	4 cents	\$91,934
2021/22	2 cents	\$45,967
2022/23	4 cents	\$90,527
2023/24	10 cents	\$226,066
		\$2,042,377

^{*} CEF - Funds committed to the Community Enterprise Foundation by HDCE ** Grants actually distributed by the CEF from contributions made by HDCE Note: 2023-24 sponsorships and grants - \$235,834 + \$176,996 = \$412,830

Corporate Governance Statement

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited

Corporate governance encompasses the policies, rules, relationships, systems and processes within and by which authority is exercised and controlled within corporations. Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited's (HDCE) Board and management are committed to both the principles of good corporate governance and its practical implementation. HDCE has responsibilities to a diverse range of stakeholders – customers, shareholders, employees, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, the community and regulators. Balancing these responsibilities rests with the Board of Directors and is generally managed through HDCE's Committees. The Board sets high standards for itself and the Company to ensure that the Company is not only well managed, but also operates with the standard of ethics expected of a community focussed organisation.

General community expectations, as well as regulation, have resulted in an increased level of scrutiny of boards and corporate governance, especially companies providing financial services, and HDCE is no exception. The Board is responsible for ensuring that Directors, management and staff comply with the Company's ethical and operational standards and that the Company complies with its Bendigo and Adelaide Bank franchise obligations, the requirements of the Corporations Act and the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) requirements for operating a Low Volume Market.

The responsibilities of the Board include:

- · Preparing the Company's strategy and objectives
- · Supporting the interests of the local community
- Promoting and developing the Company's business interests
- Reviewing and approving the budgets and business plans prepared by management and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank
- · Reviewing the performance of the Company against objectives, both financial and non-financial
- Liaising with and reporting to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank
- Ensuring that community investments are appropriately managed and in line with the Company's strategic direction
- Ensuring the effectiveness of the governance of the Company
- · Identifying and managing risks faced by the Company
- Ensuring the adequacy of the internal controls, procedures and policies of the Company
- · Reporting to shareholders and other stakeholders

Corporate Practice and Policies

The Company's corporate governance practices and policies have been developed by taking into account applicable requirements and recommendations in such things as:

- Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)
- · Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's Franchise Agreement
- Australian Standard AS 8000 Good Corporate Governance
- The Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Principles and Recommendations.
- ASIC rules for operating a Low Volume Market

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

The ASX publishes 8 Principles and Recommendations that apply to all entities listed on the ASX. ASX states however, that these Principles and Recommendations reflect a contemporary view of appropriate corporate governance standards, and that other bodies may find them helpful in formulating their governance rules or practices. Although not listed on the ASX, HDCE nevertheless subscribes to these ASX principles.

The 8 Principles are:

- 1. Lay solid foundations for management and oversight: An entity should clearly delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their performance.
- 2. Structure the board to be effective and add value: The board of an entity should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills, commitment and knowledge of the entity and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value.
- 3. Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly: An entity should instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.
- 4. Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports: An entity should have appropriate processes to verify the integrity of its corporate reports.
- 5. Make timely and balanced disclosure: An entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities.
- 6. Respect the rights of security holders: An entity should provide its security holders with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as security holders effectively.
- 7. Recognise and manage risk: An entity should establish a sound risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework.
- 8. Remunerate fairly and responsibly: An entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite. Note: HDCE adopts this Principle in regard to management but pays its Directors only modest remuneration as high quality directors are attracted to Community Banking by factors other than remuneration.

Accordingly, the Board has a code of conduct and a set of policies and procedures to ensure that high ethical and operational standards are maintained by the Board, management and employees of the Company. The Board is also committed to providing its shareholders with appropriate information regarding any matter that may materially affect the operation of the Company or more generally considered by the Board to be in shareholders' best interests. The Company encourages its shareholders to attend and actively participate in the Annual General Meeting and any Extraordinary General Meetings.

Operation of a Low Volume Market

The Board ensures the Low Volume Market trading process is well managed and governed. Directors have completed considerable training to understand and administer the Low Volume Market as required. Specific policy and procedure documents have been established to support strong governance in the management of the Low Volume Market.

The Board and Board Committees

The Board is ultimately responsible for ensuring integrity and serving the local Heidelberg and East Ivanhoe district communities, while at the same time, protecting shareholder interests and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's reputation. At the date of this report, the Board consisted of 5 independent non-executive Directors. An independent non-executive Director is a Director that is independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of unfettered and independent judgment. Directors are required to attend all Board meetings unless prevented by other circumstances. To assist the Board in managing the business and achieve its objective of maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance, the Board delegates certain activities to Board Committees. Each of the Committees is composed of Directors and assisted by selected contractors and employees.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

The Committees and their major objectives are:

Audit and Governance Committee – a) To ensure the accuracy of the Company's financial records, to monitor and mitigate risks facing the Company, and to ensure that the Company complies with both its fiduciary responsibilities and its franchise obligations; and b) through the property function – To deal with all matters relating to the leased branch property and the tenanted investment properties.

Marketing and Business Development Committee - To promote the Company within the Community and maximise the effectiveness of the Company's investment into sponsorship and marketing activities, and to actively provide business development opportunities for the Community Bank East Ivanhoe branch to promote business growth; and

Human Resources Committee - To monitor and maintain all aspects of Board and employee relations, including recruitment and performance appraisal.

The Board meets monthly, together with management and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's regional management, to review the performance of the business, assess its involvement in and support for community activities, review the activities of the Committees, monitor compliance with applicable legislation and other obligations, and discuss any other relevant matters. Additional meetings are convened as required to address specific matters. The Board also conducts an annual planning workshop to review the Company's strategy and objectives and put in place action plans to achieve these objectives. The Committees meet monthly, bi-monthly, or as required to review their respective functions.

Appointment and removal of the management of the Company is a function of the Board as a whole. Certain powers have been delegated by the Board to Directors and management to allow the Company to carry on its business in the most efficient manner. These delegated authorities are approved by the Board and include certain financial and non-financial matters. Management provides regular information to the Board in a concise and timely manner to enable the Board to review the operations of the Company and make informed decisions and discharge its duties.

The Board reviews the Company's operations and performance with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank at a minimum monthly, or more frequently if required, to ensure the Company's operations and practices align with those of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank and the Community Bank network.

Significant activities of note in 2024

Franchise Agreement

In 2024, HDCE reviewed the Franchise Agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, which was due for renewal in September 2024.

After a rigorous review of the agreement by the Audit and Governance Committee, the Board executed the Franchise Agreement and committed to a second five-year term with a further five year option from September 2029.

The Franchise Agreement between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank and HDCE offers the Company the ability to provide retail banking services in East Ivanhoe and ensure impactful community investment can continue within the district.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Company Constitution

In 2020, the Community Bank National Council reviewed the existing constitution that had been developed in 2008 and adopted by Community Bank companies across the country.

Some minor changes were made to wording conventions and minor changes made in line with best practice in relation to:

- the addition to Rule 28 (dealing with the refusal to register a transfer of shares);
- the addition of **Rule 48(4)** (to set out a more detailed procedure for incomplete or incorrectly executed proxy forms);
- the amendments to Rule 72 (dealing with written resolutions of directors); and
- the amended Rule 94 (regarding in-specie distributions of assets).

Changes to reflect current law in the Corporations Act 2001 are:

- Rules 23-25 regarding the company taking out a lien.
- Rules 94(1)-(3) regarding the winding up of the company.

The Board has considered the proposed changes to the constitution and has presented this matter for decision by shareholders at our upcoming 2024 Annual General Meeting.

Low Volume Market Report 2024

Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited is a public company incorporated in Australia and operates a Low Volume Market under approval from ASIC.

The Company provides the following information, current as at 30 June 2024.

Shareholding

The following table shows the number of shareholders by category according to the total number of shares held:

Number of shares held	Number of shareholders	Number of shares held
1 to 1,000	76	51,338
1,001 to 5,000	202	509,206
5,001 to 10,000	52	421,934
10,001 to 100,000	64	1,278,188
100,001 and over	-	-
Total shareholders	394	2,260,666

Equity Securities

- · Each of the above shareholders is entitled to 1 vote, irrespective of the number of shares held
- There are no substantial shareholders (holding more than 5% of voting rights) as each shareholder is entitled to 1 vote
- There are 48 shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of shares (\$500 in value)
- There are no restricted securities on issue
- All shares on issue are ordinary shares fully paid to \$1
- · There are no unquoted equity securities
- The total number of shareholders is 394
- Total number of shares is 2.260.666

Ten largest shareholders

The following table shows the largest shareholders:

Shareholder	Number of shares	Percentage of capital
Mrs Margaret Vawser	83,100	3.67%
Valley Maintenance Services	80,000	3.53%
Gittings Family Superannuation Fund	60,000	2.65%
Northern Suburbs Secretarial Services Pty Ltd	50,050	2.21%
Exardua Superannuation	48,707	2.15%
Tessala Pty Ltd Superannuation Fund	43,275	1.91%
Mr Abraham Khoury	32,075	1.42%
Mrs Jillian Anne Cobb	25,000	1.11%
Purser Family Trust	23,000	1.02%
Drivecor Pty Ltd	22,300	0.98%
Total	467,507	20.68%

Company Secretary

Michelle Baker has been the Company Secretary of Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited for 18 months. Michelle holds a Bachelor of Arts and Advanced Diploma in Business. Michelle is an experienced Company Secretary within the Community Bank network.

Directors' Right to Subscribe for Equity or Debt Securities

No Director holds any right to subscribe to equity or debt securities of the Company.

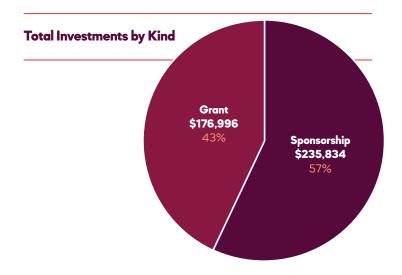


Local Community Contributions 2023-24

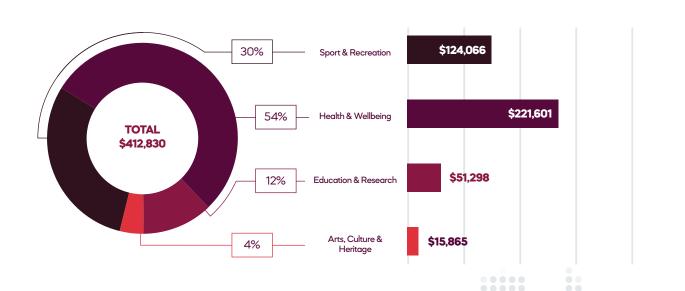
Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited







Total Investments by Sector



National Contribution

\$40,457,751



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East Ivanhoe VIC 3079

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Franchisee: Heidelberg District Community Enterprise Limited

ABN: 62 095 312 744

233 - 235 Lower Heidelberg Road

East Ivanhoe VIC 3079

Phone: 03 9497 5133 Fax: 03 9497 5233

Email: EastIvanhoeMailbox@bendigoadelaide.com.au

Share Registry:

AFS & Associates Pty Ltd

PO Box 454, Bendigo VIC 3552

Phone: 5443 0344 Fax: 5443 5304

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