ABN 49 088 885 438

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

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1.4.5

Derek Young - Director Dated this 28th day of September 2018

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Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Directors

The names of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Derek Harvie Young

6			
Position:	Chairperson		
Occupation:	Self-employed Farmer		
Background Information:	Farmer for twenty-eight years		
Interest in shares and options:	1,500 shares (direct); 1,250 shares (indirect)		
Robin James McInnes			
Position:	Non-Executive Director		
Occupation:	Retired		
Background Information:	Employed by the Water Corporation for thirty-three years		
Interest in shares and options:	7,501 shares (direct), 7,100 shares (indirect)		
Graeme John Robertson			
Position:	Non-Executive Director		
Occupation:	Self-employed farmer for thirty-seven years		
Background Information:	Inaugural Chairperson for Kulin Community Financial Services commenced 1999 - 2005		
Interest in shares and options:	5,001 shares (direct), 1,000 shares (indirect)		
Henry John Hodgson			
Position:	Non-Executive Director		
Occupation:	Self-employed farmer		
Background Information:	Farmer for twelve years		
Interest in shares and options:	1,500 shares (direct), 1,500 shares (indirect)		
Bradley Smoker			
Position:	Non-Executive Director		
Occupation:	Farmer and Farm Consultant for 15 years.		
Background Information:	Farming background		
Interest in shares and options:	Nil		
Jennie McInnes			
Position:	Non-Executive Director		
Occupation:	Parts Manager at Agricultural Machinery Dealership		
Interest in share and options:	300 shares (direct); 1,000 (indirect)		
Fiona Elizabeth Murphy			
Position:	Non-Executive Director/Company Secretary/ Treasurer		
Occupation:	Accountant		
Interest in shares and options:	Nil		

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Cassi-Dee Tina Vandenberg	
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Position:	Non-Executive Director
Occupation:	Shire of Kulin Deputy CEO
Interest in shares and options:	Nil

Company Secretary

Fiona Murphy Position: Non-Executive Director/Company Secretary/ Treasurer Occupation: Accountant Interest in shares and options: Nil

Directors meetings attended

During the financial year, 10 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Names of Directors Directors' Meetings		Meetings
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Derek Young	10	10
Graeme Robertson	10	7
Robbie McInnes	10	7
Harry Hodgson	10	9
Brad Smoker	10	9
Jennie McInnes	10	9
Fiona Murphy	10	10
Cassi-Dee Vandenberg	10	7

Principal activity and review of operations

The principal activity and focus of the Company's operations during the year was the operation of a Branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, pursuant to a franchise agreement.

Operating results

The loss of the Company after providing for income tax amounted to \$5,270.

Dividends paid or recommended

There were no dividends proposed for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Financial position

The net assets of the Company have decreased from \$410,282 as at 30 June 2017 to \$405,012 as at 30 June 2018, which is a decrease on the prior year due to the operating performance of the Company.

The directors believe the Company is in a stable financial position.

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review, not otherwise disclosed in these financial statements.

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After balance date events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Future developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Company and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report, as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

Options

No options over issued shares or interests in the Company were granted to Directors or Executives during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

The Directors and Executive do not own any options over issued shares or interests in the Company at the date of this report.

Indemnifying officers or auditor

Indemnities have been given, during and since the end of the financial year, for any persons who are or have been a Director or an officer, but not an auditor, of the Company. The insurance contract prohibits disclosure of any details of the cover.

Environmental issues

The Company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth, State or Territory.

Proceedings on behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Corporate governance

The Company has implemented various corporate governance practices, which include:

- a) Director approval of operating budgets and monitoring of progress against these budgets;
- b) Ongoing Director training; and
- c) Monthly Director meetings to discuss performance and strategic plans.

The Company has not appointed a separate audit committee due to the size and nature of operations. The normal functions and responsibilities of an audit committee have been assumed by the Board.

Non-audit services

The Board is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Board prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

The following fees for non-audit services were paid/payable to the external auditors during the year ended 30 June 2018:

Taxation services:

\$6,100

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REMUNERATION REPORT

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for key management person of the Company, and for the Executives receiving the highest remuneration.

a) Names and positions

Name	Position
Derek Harvie Young	Non-Executive Director / Chairperson
Robin James McInnes	Non-Executive Director
Bradley Smoker	Non-Executive Director
Graeme John Robertson	Non-Executive Director
Henry John Hodgson	Non-Executive Director
Jennie McInnes	Non-Executive Director
Fiona Elizabeth Murphy	Non-Executive Director
Cassi-Dee Tina Vandenberg	Non-Executive Director
b) Remuneration of Directors	

No Director of the company receives remuneration for services as a Company Director.

c) Options provided as remuneration and shares issued on exercise of such options

No options were provided as remuneration or shares issued on exercise of options.

d) Option Holdings

No options over ordinary shares in the Company are held by any Director of the Company or other key management personnel, including their personally related parties.

e) Shareholdings

Number of ordinary shares held by key management personnel

	Ordinary Shares			
Directors	Balance at beginning of period	Purchased during the period	Other changes	Balance at end of period
Derek Harvie Young	2,750	-	-	2,750
Robin James McInnes	14,601	-	-	14,601
Graeme John Robertson	6,001	-	-	6,001
Henry John Hodgson	3,000	-	-	3,000
Jennie McInnes	1,300	-	-	1,300
Bradley Smoker	-	-	-	-
Fiona Elizabeth Murphy	-	-	-	-
Cassi-Dee Tina Vandenberg	-	-	-	-
	32,952	-	-	32,952



RSM Australia Partners

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Kulin Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) The auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

Devi Wall

DAVID WALL Partner

Perth, WA Dated: 28 September 2018

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	2	585,429	539,025
Employee benefits expense		(370,354)	(280,425)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(13,661)	(12,721)
Other expenses	3	(208,283)	(185,729)
(Loss)/profit before income tax		(6,869)	60,150
Income tax expense	4	1,599	(17,313)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(5,270)	42,837
Other comprehensive income		<u> </u>	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the y attributable to members	year	(5,270)	42,837

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018			
		2018	2017
	Note	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	192,876	300,258
Trade and other receivables	6	50,922	1,317
Other current assets	7	4,569	4,666
Current tax receivable	22	10,459	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		258,826	306,241
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables	6	100,000	100,000
Plant and equipment	8	134,298	63,226
Intangible assets	9	2,585	4,581
Deferred tax asset	22	10,392	8,793
Other non-current assets	7	200	200
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		247,475	176,800
TOTAL ASSETS	-	506,301	483,041
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	45,235	45,360
Short-term provisions	11	18,121	12,857
Current tax liability	22	-	2,632
Financial liabilities	17	5,696	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	69,052	60,849
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term provisions	11	12,925	11,910
Financial liabilities	17	19,312	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITI	ES —	32,237	11,910
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	101,289	72,759
NET ASSETS	=	405,012	410,282
EQUITY			
Issued capital	12	322,663	322,663
Accumulated profits		82,349	87,619
TOTAL EQUITY	_	405,012	410,282

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Issued Capital	Accumulated Profits	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2016	322,663	44,782	367,445
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	42,837	42,837
Subtotal			
Dividends paid or provided for	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2017	322,663	87,619	410,282
Balance at 1 July 2017	322,663	87,619	410,282
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(5,270)	(5,270)
Subtotal			
Dividends paid or provided for	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2018	322,663	82,349	405,012

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers		531,006	535,553
Payments to suppliers and employees		(588,065)	(468,971)
Interest received		4,669	3,546
Income tax paid		(13,092)	(15,618)
Net cash (used)/provided by operating activities	13	(65,482)	54,510
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(66,805)	(33,182)
Net cash used in investing activities		(66,805)	(33,182)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(95)	(1,070)
Proceeds from borrowings		25,000	-
Net cash provided/(used) in financing activities		24,905	(1,070)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash held		(107,382)	20,258
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial			
year		300,258	280,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	_		
,	5	192,876	300,258

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of significant accounting policies

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial report covers the Company as an individual entity. The Company is a public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The Company's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Company but applicable in future periods is set out below:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The standard replaces all previous versions of AASB 9 and completes the project to replace IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. AASB 9 introduces new classification and measurement models for financial assets. A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost, if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, which arise on specified dates and solely principal and interest.

All other financial instrument assets are to be classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the entity makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments (that are not held-for-trading) in other comprehensive income ('OCI'). For financial liabilities, the standard requires the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the entity's own credit risk to be presented in OCI (unless it would create an accounting mismatch). New simpler hedge accounting requirements are intended to more closely align the accounting treatment with the risk management activities of the entity. New impairment requirements will use an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model to recognise an allowance. Impairment will be measured under a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. The standard introduces additional new disclosures. The Company has made an assessment and determined that this standard will have little to no impact on the entity.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The standard provides a single standard for revenue recognition. The core principle of the standard is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard will require: contracts (either written, verbal or implied) to be identified, together with the separate performance obligations within the contract; determine the transaction price, adjusted for the time value of

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Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

money excluding credit risk; allocation of the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on a basis of relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service, or estimation approach if no distinct observable prices exist; and recognition of revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied. Credit risk will be presented separately as an expense rather than adjusted to revenue. For goods, the performance obligation would be satisfied when the customer obtains control of the goods. For services, the performance obligation is satisfied when the service has been provided, typically for promises to transfer services to customers. For performance obligations satisfied over time, an entity would select an appropriate measure of progress to determine how much revenue should be recognised as the performance obligation is satisfied. Contracts with customers will be presented in an entity's statement of financial position as a contract liability, a contract asset, or a receivable, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment. Sufficient quantitative and qualitative disclosure is required to enable users to understand the contracts with customers; the significant judgements made in applying the guidance to those contracts; and any assets recognised from the costs to obtain or fulfil a contract with a customer. The Company has made an assessment and determined that this standard will not have significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Company.

AASB 16 Leases

This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The standard replaces AASB 117 'Leases' and for lessees will eliminate the classifications of operating leases and finance leases. Subject to exceptions, a 'right-of-use' asset will be capitalised in the statement of financial position, measured at the present value of the unavoidable future lease payments to be made over the lease term. The exceptions relate to short-term leases of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (such as personal computers and small office furniture) where an accounting policy choice exists whereby either a 'right-of-use' asset is recognised or lease payments are expensed to profit or loss as incurred. A liability corresponding to the capitalised lease will also be recognised, adjusted for lease prepayments, lease incentives received, initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of any future restoration, removal or dismantling costs. Straight-line operating lease expense recognition will be replaced with a depreciation charge for the leased asset (included in operating costs) and an interest expense on the recognised lease liability (included in finance costs). In the earlier periods of the lease, the expenses associated with the lease under AASB 16 will be higher when compared to lease expenses under AASB 117. However EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation) results will be improved as the operating expense is replaced by interest expense and depreciation in profit or loss under AASB 16. For classification within the statement of cash flows, the lease payments will be separated into both a principal (financing activities) and interest (either operating or financing activities) component. For lessor accounting, the standard does not substantially change how a lessor accounts for leases. The Company is progressing with the assessment to determine the impact of this standard on the financial performance and position of the Company. The operating leases will be capitalised and corresponding lease liabilities and right to use assets will be recorded on the statement of financial position.

(a) Income tax

The income tax expense (revenue) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between

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Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at reporting date. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

(b) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight line basis over their useful lives to the company commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate	
Plant and equipment	10% - 20%	

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

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(c) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that are transferred to entities in the Company are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the year.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

(d) Financial instruments

Recognition and Initial Measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Trade date accounting is adopted for financial assets that are delivered within timeframes established by marketplace convention.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the Company no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement

i. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are held for trading for the purpose of short term profit taking, where they are derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

ii. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

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iii. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

iv. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as such or that are not classified in any of the other categories. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

v. Financial Liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Derivative instruments

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken to the income statement unless they are designated as hedges.

The Company does not hold any derivative instruments.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a significant or prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial Guarantees

Where material, financial guarantees issued, which require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due, are recognised as a financial liability at fair value on initial recognition. The guarantee is subsequently measured at the higher of the best estimate of the obligation and the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation in accordance with AASB 118: Revenue. Where the Company gives guarantees in exchange for a fee, revenue is recognised under AASB 118.

The Company has not issued any financial guarantees.

(e) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

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(f) Intangibles

Franchise fee

The franchise fee paid by the Company pursuant to a Franchise Agreement with Bendigo Bank is being amortised over the initial five (5) years period of the agreement, being the period of expected economic benefits of the franchise fee.

(g) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

(h) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(j) Revenue and other income

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(k) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use of sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in income in the period in which they are incurred.

(I) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

(m) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(n) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

Key estimates — Impairment

The Company assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Company that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of intangibles for the year ended 30 June 2018. Should the projected turnover figures be materially outside of budgeted figures incorporated in valuein-use calculations, an impairment loss would be recognised up to the maximum carrying value of intangibles at 30 June 2018 amounting to \$2,585.

(o) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

A number of Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted by the Company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2018.

(p) Authorisation for financial report

The Financial report was authorised for issue on 28 September 2018 by the Board of Directors.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 \$	2017 \$
2.	Revenue		
	Franchise margin income	580,950	535,552
	Interest revenue	4,479	3,473
		585,429	539,025
3.	Expenses		
	Advertising and marketing	12,422	11,811
	ATM leasing and running costs	7,072	7,187
	Bad debts	199	28
	Community sponsorship and donations	20,209	35,234
	Freight and postage	1 0,528	13,889
	Insurance	12,081	10,488
	IT leasing and running costs	18,933	18,298
	Motor vehicle costs	9,335	9,494
	Occupancy running costs	9 ,803	7,724
	Printing and stationery	8,056	7,532
	Rental on business premises	20,727	18,452
	Other operating expenses	78,918	45,592
		208,283	185,729
	Remuneration of the auditors of the Company		
	Audit services	9,000	8,850
	Other services	6,100	7,150
		15,100	16,000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 \$	2017 \$
4.	Income tax expense		
	a. The components of tax expense comprise:		
	Current tax	-	12,574
	Deferred tax (Note 22)	(1,599)	4,264
	Change in tax rate	<u> </u>	475
	-	(1,599)	17,313
	 b. The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows: 		
	Prima facie tax payable on profit before income tax at 27.5% (2017: 27.5%)	(1,889)	16,541
	Add:		
	Tax effect of:		
	 non-deductible expenses 	290	297
	— change in tax rate		475
	Income tax attributable to the Company	(1,599)	17,313
5.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash at bank and in hand	192,876	300,258
	Reconciliation of cash		
	Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:		
	Cash and cash equivalents	192,876	300,258
	_		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018	2017
6.	Trade and other receivables	\$	\$
	Current		
	Trade debtors	49,945	150
	Accrued Interest	977	1,167
		50,922	1,317
	Non Current		
	Loan receivable	100,000	100,000

a. Provision for Impairment of Receivables

Current trade and term receivables are non-interest bearing loans and generally on 30-day terms. Non-current trade and term receivables are assessed for recoverability based on the underlying terms of the contract. A provision for impairment is recognised when there is an objective evidence that an individual trade or term receivable is impaired. These amounts have been included in the other expenses item.

There is no provision for impairment of receivables.

		2018 \$	2017 \$
7.	Other assets		
	Current		
	Prepayments	4,569	4,666
		4,569	4,666
	Non current		
	Shares in Bendigo Bank	200	200

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
8. Plant and equipment		
Fittings and Equipment		
Cost	96,413	94,518
Accumulated depreciation	(76,247)	(71,079)
	20,166	23,439
Leasehold Improvements		
Cost	46,241	46,241
Accumulated depreciation	(38,678)	(36,329)
	7,563	9,912
Motor Vehicles		
Cost	33,182	33,182
Accumulated depreciation	(7,456)	(3,307)
	25,726	29,875
Work In Progress (Branch Expansion)	80,843	-
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	134,298	63,226
Reconciliation of the carrying value for each class of plant and equipment are set out below:		
Fittings and Equipment		
Balance at the beginning of the year	23,439	28,299
Additions	1,895	-
Depreciation expense	(5,168)	(4,860)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	20,166	23,439
Leasehold Improvements		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,912	12,466
Depreciation expense	(2,349)	(2,554)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Motor Vehicles		
Balance at the beginning of the year	29,875	-
Additions	-	33,182
Depreciation expense	(4,149)	(3,307)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	25,727	29,875
Intangible assets		
Franchise fee		
Cost	10,000	10,000
Accumulated amortisation	(7,415)	(5,419)
	2,585	4,581

Pursuant to a five year franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, the Company operates a branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, providing a core range of banking products and services.

10. Trade and other payables

9.

11.

Trade creditors and accruals	32,572	25,825
GST payable	7,999	12,911
PAYG payable	4,664	6,624
	45,235	45,360
Provisions		
Current		
Provision for employee entitlements	18,121	12,857

Non current Provision for employee entitlements	12,925	11,910
Number of employees at year end	6	5

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
12.	Equity		
	328,910 (2017: 328,910) fully paid ordinary shares	328,910	328,910
	Cost of raising equity	(6,247)	(6,247)
		322,663	322,663
13.	Cash flow information		
	a. Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit after tax		
	Profit after tax	(5,270)	42,837
	Depreciation and amortisation	13,661	12,721
	Movement in assets and liabilities		
	Receivables	(49,605)	73
	Other assets	(15,836)	75
	Payables	(21)	15,219
	Deferred tax asset	(1,599)	4,739
	Provisions	6,279	(18,109)
	Current tax liability	(13,092)	(3,045)
	Net cash provided by operating activities	(65,482)	54,510

b. Credit Standby Arrangement and Loan Facilities

The Company does not operate a bank overdraft facility or have any loan facilities.

14. Related party transactions

The related parties have not entered into a transaction with the Company during the financial years ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 \$	2017 \$
15.	Leasing commitments		
	Non-cancellable operating lease commitment contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements		
	Payable		
	No longer than 1 year	27,941	15,757
	Longer than 1 year but not longer than 5 years	8,038	20,290
		35,979	36,047
16.	Dividends		
	Distributions paid	<u> </u>	-
	 Balance of franking account at beginning of year for franking credits arising from: 	103,748	88,130
	- payment of provision for income tax	12,438	15,618
	Balance of franking account at end of year	116,186	103,748
17.	Financial liabilities		
	CURRENT		
	Bank borrowings – secured	<u> </u>	-
	NON-CURRENT		
	Bank borrowings – secured	<u> </u>	-
	Total current and non-current secured liabilities:	i	
	Bank borrowings Total secured liabilities:	25,008	-

During the year the Bank entered into a loan facility to borrow \$60,000 from Bendigo Bank Pty Ltd to fund its branch expansion and refurbishment. Loan draw down as at 30 June 2018 was \$25,000. The loan accrues interest at 5.60% the branch makes monthly repayment of \$474

The amount owing by the company to its Bank is secured by way of General Security deed over all present and after acquired property by Kulin Community Financial Services Limited.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

18. Financial risk management

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, loans, bills and leases.

The directors' overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the Company in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance.

a. Financial risk management policies

Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis. These include the credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

The main purpose of non-derivative financial instruments is to raise finance for Company operations.

The Company does not have any derivative instruments at 30 June 2018.

b. Financial risk exposures and management

The main risks the Company is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is managed with a mixture of fixed and floating rate debt.

li. Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate unutilised borrowing facilities are maintained.

iii. Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material amounts of collateral held as security at 30 June 2018.

The Company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the Company.

Credit risk is managed reviewed regularly by the Board of Directors. It arises from exposures to customers as well as through deposits with financial institutions.

The Board of Directors monitors credit risk by actively assessing the rating quality and liquidity of counter parties:

- all potential customers are rated for credit worthiness taking into account their size, market position and financial standing; and
- customers that do not meet the company's strict credit policies may only purchase in cash or using recognised credit cards.

The trade receivables balances at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017 do not include any counterparties with external credit ratings. Customers are assessed for credit worthiness using the criteria detailed above.

c. Financial instrument composition and maturity analysis

The table below reflects the undiscounted contractual settlement terms for financial instruments of a fixed period of maturity, as well as management's expectations of the settlement period for all other financial instruments. As such, the amounts may not reconcile to the statement of financial position.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

2018

		Variable	Fix	ed		
	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	Floating Interest Rate	Within 1 Year	Within 1 to 5 Years	Non Interest Bearing	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0.01%	42,391	-	-	-	42,391
Investments	2.28%	150,485	-	-	-	150,485
Loans and receivables		-	-	-	150,922	150,922
Total Financial Assets		192,876	-	-	150,922	343,798
Financial Liability					45.005	45.005
Trade and other payables	/	-	-	-	45,235	45,235
Bank Loan	5.60%		5,696	19,312		25,008
Total Financial Liabilities		-	5,696	19,312	45,235	70,243
2017						
		Variable	Fix	ed		

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	Floating Interest Rate	Within 1 Year	Within 1 to 5 Years	Non Interest Bearing	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0.01%	73,042	-	-	-	73,042
Investments	2.34%	227,216	-	-	-	227,216
Loans and receivables	_	-	-	-	101,317	101,317
Total Financial Assets		300,258	-	-	101,317	401,575
Financial Liability						
Trade and other payables		-	-	-	45,360	45,360
Total Financial Liabilities		-	-	-	45,360	45,360

ABN 49 088 885 438

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018	2017	
	\$	\$	
Trade and sundry payables are expected to be paid as followed:			
Less than 6 months	45,235	45,360	

d. Net Fair Values

The net fair values of investments have been valued at the quoted market bid price at balance date adjusted for transaction costs expected to be incurred. For other assets and other liabilities the net fair value approximates their carrying value. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form other than investments. Financial assets where the carrying amount exceeds net fair values have not been written down as the Company intends to hold these assets to maturity.

The aggregate net fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the statement of financial position and in the notes to the financial statements.

Fair values are materially in line with carrying values.

e. Sensitivity Analysis

i. Interest Rate Risk

The Company has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks.

ii. Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

At 30 June 2018, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

2018

		-2 %		+ 2%	
	Carrying Amount \$	Profit \$	Equity \$	Profit \$	Equity \$
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	192,876	(3,857)	(3,857)	3,857	3,857
2017					
		-2 %		+ 2%	
	Carrying Amount \$	Profit \$	Equity \$	Profit \$	Equity \$
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	300,258	(6,005)	(6,005)	6,005	6,005

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

19. Operating Segments

Types of products and services by segment

The Company operates in the financial services sector as a branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd in Western Australia.

Major customers

The Company operates under the terms of a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, which accounts for all of the franchise margin income.

20. Events after the balance sheet date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

21. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the reporting date.

ABN 49 088 885 438

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

			2018 \$	2017 \$
22.	Тах		Ψ	Ψ
	a.	Liability		
		Current		
		Income tax		2,632
	b.	Assets		
		Current tax asset	10,459	-
		Deferred tax assets comprise:		
		Provisions	8,538	6,811
		Other	1,854	1,982
			10,392	8,793
	c.	Reconciliations		
		i. Gross Movements		
		The overall movement in the deferred tax account is as follows:		
		Opening balance	8,793	13,532
		Statement of comprehensive income	1,599	(4,739)
		Closing balance	10,392	8,793
		ii. Deferred Tax Assets		
		The movement in deferred tax assets for each temporary difference during the year is as follows:		
		Provisions		
		Opening balance	6,811	12,220
		Statement of comprehensive income	1,727	(5,409)
		Closing balance	8,538	6,811
		Other		
		Opening balance	1,982	1,312
		Opening balance Statement of comprehensive income	(128)	1,312 670

23. Company details

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is: Shop 1, Lot 157 Bull Street Kulin WA 6365

KULIN COMMUNITY FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED ABN 49 088 885 438 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. the accompanying financial statements and notes are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
 - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company;
- 2. the financial statements and notes thereto also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards, as disclosed in Note 1; and
- 3. in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director

1.4.7

Dated this 28th

day of September 2018



RSM Australia Partners

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Kulin Community Financial Services Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Kulin Community Financial Services Limited (**Company**), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (**Code**) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <u>http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</u>.This description forms part of our auditor's report.

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David Wall Partner RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

Perth, Western Australia 1 October 2018