

Annual Report 2018

Kyabram & District Community Limited

ABN 79 605 600 217

Kyabram & District **Community Bank**[®] Branch

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2018

This past financial year has been one of the most challenging periods ever encountered in the Australian banking industry. With the combination of continued historically low interest rates, the Banking Royal Commission and significant operational constraints imposed by the banking regulatory authorities, it's been an extremely difficult environment to grow the customer base.

Yet despite that, the Kyabram & District Community Bank has continued to grow very successfully. Following our first full year's business growth of \$17M, we set what many thought was an extremely ambitious growth target of \$20M for the financial year just completed. Not only did we achieve that figure, we exceeded it by a further \$1.4, making ours the fastest growing branch in our region.

Most importantly, we are extremely close to achieving profitability which is almost two years ahead of our original projections and we have had minimal need to draw on our capital reserves this year in comparison to twelve months ago.

I am extremely proud and appreciative of the efforts of our manager, Ben Langley, and our staff Mel, Al, Judy & Meaghan. I am also very thankful for the continued support of our Board of Directors who are all very generous and dedicated volunteers.

Our Community Bank has also continued to make some significant financial contributions to many worthwhile projects within our community, and these contributions will only grow as we achieve greater profitability.

We do have some challenges ahead. Our rapid growth has been largely in the consumer section of the market. This has brought about a greater urgency for staff training and development so that we can explore other growth opportunities such as the Rural and Business markets.

We do also have a great, almost once in a generation, opportunity ahead of us. Whilst many of our competitors in the banking industry have had their reputations and behaviour's tarnished by the Royal Commission, Bendigo Bank's practices have stood up very well to the standard set by the Commission. Furthermore, Bendigo Bank has recently been recognised as one of Australia's most trusted brands – a reputation earned on the back of its Community Bank model. Our opportunity is to communicate the strengths of our Community Bank to those who may be disaffected with their existing financial institution.

Finally, I'd like to again thank you all, as shareholders, for your vision when you first invested in our Community Bank. We are now on the cusp of being able to make a significant contribution to the ongoing growth of our community and this has only been made possible by your original commitment.

Regards

Vincent Curtis - Chair

Senior Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2018

It is with pleasure that I submit our third Annual Report as Manager of Kyabram & District **Community Bank**[®]. We have enjoyed another year of strong growth which is pleasing given the competitive and economic regulatory challenges in which we currently operate in.

In the financial year ending 30 June 2018, our total footings (loans & deposits) sits at \$75Mil. We grew our business by \$20.8Mil which was a great achievement and testament to the **Community Bank**[®] model.

I would like to thank our existing customers for their continued support. I also wish to thank our new customers who have shown a commitment to support Kyabram & District **Community Bank**[®] during the year.

It's important to reiterate the **Community Bank**[®] model. Something as simple as having your banking with us can make a difference to your local community. The more business we have means a greater ability to generate profits which in turn means we can distribute these profits to organisations to fund worthy projects. Pretty simple concept isn't it?

I would like to take this opportunity to acknowledge the support and commitment of the Kyabram & District **Community Bank**[®] board. We all have one goal in mind and that is to see the branch continue to grow for many years to come.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to thank the staff, Melissa, Alistair, Jude and Meaghan. We are all aware that great customer service is the key to the success of the branch and I am proud to witness this on a daily basis.

Ben Langley
Branch Manager

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Directors' Report

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Vincent Anthony Curtis

Chairman

Occupation: Bakery Franchisee

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Holds a Bachelor of Economics (Business) from Monash University. 10 years as a manager of Abbeu Funerals in Melbourne, 15 years as a franchisee of Bakers Delight Kyabram. Current Chairman of Kyabram Development Committee, past President of Rotary Club of Bundoora.

Special responsibilities: Marketing and Sponsorship Committee

Interest in shares: 25,502

Dale Phillip Denham

Vice-Chairman

Occupation: Building Designer

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Holds an Associate Diploma of Civil Engineering. Manager/owner of a building design business and a Registered Building Practitioner in Victoria. Present director of Kyabram District Health Service and committee member of Kyabram Development Group, past member of Kyabram P-12 College.

Special responsibilities: Marketing and Sponsorship Committee

Interest in shares: 501

John De Girolamo

Treasurer

Occupation: Accountant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Holds a Bachelor of Business Studies (Accounting). 30 years experience in the water industry in various accounting and managerial roles.

Special responsibilities: Finance Committee

Interest in shares: 2,501

Brent John Sutton

Director

Occupation: Chartered Accountant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: President - Kyabram Junior Football Club. Vice President / Treasurer - Kyabram Northern Oval Committee of Management. Owners Corporation Manager / Secretary / Treasurer - Aldersyde Estate Owners Corporation. Chartered Accounting. B.Bus (Accounting). Registered Tax Agent. ASIC Registered Self Managed Super Fund Auditor.

Special responsibilities: Chairperson Finance Committee

Interest in shares: 16,001

David James Blake

Director

Occupation: Business Owner

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Indentured fitter and machinist (15 years Melbourne & Metropolitan Board, 27 years KY General Engineering). Life member of APEX Australia. Current director of Kyabram Club, past President and member of Dawes Road School Council.

Special responsibilities: Marketing and Sponsorship Committee

Interest in shares: 4,001

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Directors' Report

Directors (continued)

Liza Jane Curtis

Director

Occupation: Bakery Franchisee

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Holds an Associate Diploma of Information Processing. 10 years in computer software and design, 15 years as a franchisee of Bakers Delight Kyabram. Co-founder of Esperensa Sewing Group Project in Aileu, Timor Leste.

Special responsibilities: Marketing and Sponsorship Committee

Interest in shares: 25,502

Ian Thomas Hamono

Director

Occupation: Farmer

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Holds a Bachelor of Engineering (Mech). Operates an intensive summer and winter cropping business. Horticulture/landscaping trainer. Retired professional engineer and past school councillor.

Special responsibilities: Finance Committee, Governance Committee

Interest in shares: 5,001

Helen Louise Hubble

Director

Occupation: OH&S Training Co-ordinator

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Helen is an external food safety auditor and holds a Bachelor of Applied Science - Food Technology. She has over 20 years experience in the food manufacturing industry - the last 5 years as a work place trainer and assessor. Helen was previously a Director and Chairperson of the GV Food Co-Op. She is involved in her local community in the role of Secretary of the Kyabram Swimming Club and as an active member of the local football and netball clubs where her children play.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: 1,001

Rory John Kerr

Director

Occupation: Pharmacist

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Rory holds a Bachelor of Pharmacy from Monash University and owns a local pharmacy. He is also a company director and Justice of the Peace. Rory was a member of the Kyabram Community Bank Steering Committee.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: 10,001

John Francis Michael McQueen Thomson

Director

Occupation: Medical Practitioner

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Property developer and investor, company director. Chairman of Kyabram Squash Club, committee member of Kyabram Football Club, and committee member of Kyabram Salami Muster.

Special responsibilities: Marketing and Sponsorship Committee

Interest in shares: 5,001

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Directors' Report

Directors (continued)

Christopher Neil Hunter

Director (Appointed 5 June 2018)

Occupation: Agistment Farmer

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Senior Motor Mechanic for 6 years, a Dairy Farmer for 40 years and a Primary School CRE teacher for 26 years. Christopher is currently working as an Agistment Farmer/Grazier for the past 6 years. He has been involved with the Youth Leadership Uniting Church for 12 years and other senior leadership responsibilities at the church for 20 years.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: Nil

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Company Secretary

The company secretary is Michelle Louise Baker. Michelle was appointed to the position of secretary on 29 November 2016.

Michelle is an experienced bookkeeper and holds a Bachelor of Arts and an Advanced Diploma of Business (Marketing).

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were in facilitating a **Community Bank®** branch to provide services under management rights pursuant to the franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The loss of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended 30 June 2018	Year ended 30 June 2017
\$	\$
(99,616)	(181,542)

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Events since the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Directors' Report

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

	Board Meetings Attended	
	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Attended</u>
Vincent Anthony Curtis	11	11
Dale Phillip Denham	11	9
John De Girolamo	11	10
Brent John Sutton	11	5
David James Blake	11	9
Liza Jane Curtis	11	8
Ian Thomas Hamono	11	8
Helen Louise Hubble	11	8
Rory John Kerr	11	10
John Francis Michael McQueen Thomson	11	11
Christopher Neil Hunter (<i>Appointed 5 June 2018</i>)	1	1

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Directors' Report

Non audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

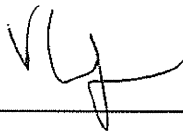
The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Kyabram, Victoria on 25 September 2018.



Vincent Anthony Curtis, Chairman

Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the directors of Kyabram & District Community Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Kyabram & District Community Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550
Dated: 25 September 2018



David Hutchings
Lead Auditor

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other
Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue from ordinary activities	4	400,197	280,841
Employee benefits expense		(326,111)	(308,515)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(26,631)	(27,770)
Occupancy and associated costs		(33,084)	(35,539)
Systems costs		(41,264)	(42,188)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(52,456)	(52,517)
Finance costs	5	(27)	(5)
General administration expenses		(49,424)	(56,004)
Loss before income tax credit		(128,800)	(241,697)
Income tax credit	6	29,184	60,155
Loss after income tax credit		(99,616)	(181,542)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the company:		(99,616)	(181,542)
Earnings per share		¢	¢
Basic earnings per share	21	(11.66)	(21.25)

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 \$	2017 \$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	85,513	146,794
Trade and other receivables	8	28,005	26,319
Total current assets		113,518	173,113
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	171,190	197,246
Intangible assets	10	87,673	114,073
Deferred tax asset	11	125,170	95,986
Total non-current assets		384,033	407,305
Total assets		497,551	580,418
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	33,120	19,995
Provisions	13	7,320	6,139
Total current liabilities		40,440	26,134
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	13	2,443	-
Total non-current liabilities		2,443	-
Total liabilities		42,883	26,134
Net assets		454,668	554,284
EQUITY			
Issued capital	14	835,752	835,752
Accumulated losses	15	(381,084)	(281,468)
Total equity		454,668	554,284

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2016	835,752	(99,926)	735,826
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(181,542)	(181,542)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2017	835,752	(281,468)	554,284
Balance at 1 July 2017	835,752	(281,468)	554,284
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(99,616)	(99,616)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:			
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2018	835,752	(381,084)	454,668

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		426,963	279,382
Payments to suppliers and employees		(489,262)	(481,397)
Interest received		1,045	4,012
Interest paid		(27)	(5)
Net cash used in operating activities	16	(61,281)	(198,008)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(4,821)
Net cash used in investing activities		-	(4,821)
Net decrease in cash held		(61,281)	(202,829)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		146,794	349,623
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	85,513	146,794

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates which are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Application of new and amended accounting standards

There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2017, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments sets out requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This accounting standard is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. This accounting standard is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements.

None of these amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB materially affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods.

There are also a number of accounting standards and interpretations issued by the AASB that become effective in future accounting periods.

The company has elected not to apply any accounting standards or interpretations before their mandatory operative date for the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2017. These future accounting standards and interpretations therefore have no impact on amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period.

AASB 16 Leases is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The standard introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognises a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

The company has completed an initial assessment of the potential impact on its financial statements but has not yet completed its detailed assessment. The actual impact of applying AASB 16 on the financial statements in the period of initial application will depend on future economic conditions, including the company's borrowing rate at 1 January 2019, the composition of the lease portfolio at that date, the latest assessment of whether the company will exercise any lease renewal options and the extent to which the company chooses to use practical expedients and recognition exemptions.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies *(continued)*

a) Basis of preparation

Application of new and amended accounting standards (continued)

So far, the most significant impact identified is that the company will recognise new assets and liabilities for its operating lease of its branch. As at 30 June 2018, the company's future minimum lease payment under non-cancellable operating leases amount to \$60,751, on an undiscounted basis (see Note 17).

No significant impact is expected for the company's finance leases.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the **Community Bank®** branch at Kyabram, Victoria.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the **Community Bank®** branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the **Community Bank®** branch are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for the relevant Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited entity to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the **Community Bank®** branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the **Community Bank®** branch
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company – margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services.

The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

Core banking products

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has identified some Bendigo Bank Group products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Margin

Margin is arrived at through the following calculation:

- Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
- *plus* any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for a deposit,
- *minus* any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to fund a loan.

Margin is paid on all core banking products. A funds transfer pricing model is used for the method of calculation of the cost of funds, deposit return and margin.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (i.e. income adjusted for Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's interest expense and interest income return). However, if this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission

Commission is a fee paid for products and services sold. It may be paid on the initial sale or on an ongoing basis. Commission is payable on the sale of an insurance product such as home contents. Examples of products and services on which ongoing commissions are paid include leasing and Sandhurst Trustees Limited products.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank Group entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

b) Revenue (*continued*)

Discretionary financial contributions

In addition to margin, commission and fee income, and separate from the franchise agreement, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has also made discretionary financial payments to the company. These are referred to by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited as a "Market Development Fund" (MDF).

The amount has been based on the volume of business attributed to a branch. The purpose of the discretionary payments is to assist with local market development activities, including community sponsorships and donations. It is for the board to decide how to use the MDF.

The payments from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited are discretionary and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change the amount or stop making them at any time.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change the form and amount of financial return that the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service. The effect of the change on the revenue earned by the company is entirely dependent on the change.

If Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited makes a change to the margin or commission on core banking products and services, it must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited attributes to the company to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may make.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited must give the company 30 days notice before it changes the products and services on which margin, commission or fee income is paid, the method of calculation of margin and the amount of margin, commission or fee income.

Monitoring and changing financial return

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited monitors the distribution of financial return between **Community Bank®** companies and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on an ongoing basis.

Overall, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has made it clear that the **Community Bank®** model is based on the principle of shared reward for shared effort. In particular, in relation to core banking products and services, the aim is to achieve an equal share of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin.

c) Income tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is payable (or refundable).

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

c) Income tax (*continued*)*Deferred tax*

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or gain from a bargain purchase.

d) Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Balance Sheet.

f) Trade receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

g) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements	5 - 15	years
- plant and equipment	2.5 - 40	years
- furniture and fittings	4 - 40	years

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The renewal processing fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

i) Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

k) Financial instruments*Recognition and initial measurement*

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

k) Financial instruments (*continued*)

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) *Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) *Held-to-maturity investments*

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) *Available-for-sale financial assets*

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets except where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other financial assets are classified as current assets.

(iv) *Financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees). They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

l) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

n) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

o) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Note 2. Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2. Financial risk management (*continued*)

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2018 can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from carried-forward tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty. There is therefore a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements *(continued)*

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The calculations require the use of assumptions.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Note 4. Revenue from ordinary activities	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Operating activities:		
- gross margin	309,455	189,537
- services commissions	14,915	19,103
- fee income	37,282	29,022
- market development fund	37,500	39,167
Total revenue from operating activities	<u>399,152</u>	<u>276,829</u>
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	1,045	4,012
Total revenue from non-operating activities	<u>1,045</u>	<u>4,012</u>
Total revenues from ordinary activities	<u>400,197</u>	<u>280,841</u>

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 5. Expenses	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	3,082	3,282
- leasehold improvements	21,681	21,306
- furniture and fittings	1,293	1,529
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	2,400	2,400
- franchise renewal fee	24,000	24,000
	<u>52,456</u>	<u>52,517</u>
Finance costs:		
- interest paid	<u>27</u>	<u>5</u>
Bad debts	<u>203</u>	<u>16</u>

Note 6. Income tax credit

The components of tax credit comprise:		
- Future income tax benefit attributable to losses	(22,099)	(59,749)
- Movement in deferred tax	(7,085)	(406)
	<u>(29,184)</u>	<u>(60,155)</u>

The prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax credit as follows

Operating loss	(128,800)	(241,697)
Prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities at 27.5% (2017: 27.5%)	(35,421)	(66,467)
Add tax effect of:		
- non-deductible expenses	7,260	7,335
- timing difference expenses	7,086	406
- other deductible expenses	(1,024)	(1,023)
	<u>(22,099)</u>	<u>(59,749)</u>
Movement in deferred tax	(7,085)	(406)
	<u>(29,184)</u>	<u>(60,155)</u>

Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and on hand	<u>85,513</u>	<u>146,794</u>
Term deposits		

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 7.(a) Reconciliation to cash flow statement	2018	2017
	\$	\$
The above figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the statement of cash flows at the end of the financial year as follows:		
Cash at bank and on hand	<u>85,513</u>	<u>146,794</u>

Note 8. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	24,687	15,016
Prepayments	3,318	11,303
	<u>28,005</u>	<u>26,319</u>

Note 9. Property, plant and equipment		
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	201,704	201,704
Less accumulated depreciation	(50,014)	(28,333)
	<u>151,690</u>	<u>173,371</u>
Plant and equipment		
At cost	21,522	21,522
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,395)	(4,313)
	<u>14,127</u>	<u>17,209</u>
Furniture and fittings		
At cost	8,858	8,858
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,485)	(2,192)
	<u>5,373</u>	<u>6,666</u>
Total written down amount	<u>171,190</u>	<u>197,246</u>

Movements in carrying amounts:

Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	173,371	190,293
Additions	-	4,384
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(21,681)	(21,306)
Carrying amount at end	<u>151,690</u>	<u>173,371</u>
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	17,209	20,291
Additions	-	200
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(3,082)	(3,282)
Carrying amount at end	<u>14,127</u>	<u>17,209</u>

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 9. Property, plant and equipment <i>(continued)</i>	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Movements in carrying amounts <i>(continued)</i> :		
Furniture and fittings		
Carrying amount at beginning	6,666	7,959
Additions	-	236
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(1,293)	(1,529)
Carrying amount at end	<u>5,373</u>	<u>6,666</u>
Total written down amount	<u>171,190</u>	<u>197,246</u>
Note 10. Intangible assets		
Franchise fee		
At cost	10,000	10,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(5,600)	(3,200)
	<u>4,400</u>	<u>6,800</u>
Establishment fee		
At cost	100,000	100,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(56,000)	(32,000)
	<u>44,000</u>	<u>68,000</u>
Goodwill on purchase of agency		
At cost	<u>39,273</u>	<u>39,273</u>
Total written down amount	<u>87,673</u>	<u>114,073</u>
Note 11. Tax		
Non-Current:		
Deferred tax assets		
- accruals	770	743
- employee provisions	2,685	1,688
- tax losses carried forward	127,207	105,108
	<u>130,662</u>	<u>107,539</u>
Deferred tax liability		
- property, plant and equipment	5,492	11,553
	<u>5,492</u>	<u>11,553</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u>125,170</u>	<u>95,986</u>
Movement in deferred tax charged to Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	<u>(29,184)</u>	<u>(60,156)</u>

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 12. Trade and other payables	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Current:		
Other creditors and accruals	<u>33,120</u>	<u>19,995</u>

Note 13. Provisions		
Current:		
Provision for annual leave	<u>7,320</u>	<u>6,139</u>
Non-Current:		
Provision for long service leave	<u>2,443</u>	<u>-</u>

Note 14. Issued capital		
854,361 ordinary shares fully paid (2017: 854,361)	854,361	854,361
Less: equity raising expenses	(18,609)	(18,609)
	<u>835,752</u>	<u>835,752</u>

Rights attached to shares

(a) *Voting rights*

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

(b) *Dividends*

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 14. Issued capital (*continued*)

Rights attached to shares (*continued*)

(c) *Transfer*

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 239. As at the date of this report, the company had 266 shareholders.

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 15. Accumulated losses	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(281,468)	(99,926)
Net loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(99,616)	(181,542)
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>(381,084)</u>	<u>(281,468)</u>

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Statement of cash flows	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after tax to net cash used in operating activities		
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(99,616)	(181,542)
Non cash items:		
- depreciation	26,056	26,117
- amortisation	26,400	26,400
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables	(1,686)	(10,352)
- (increase)/decrease in other assets	(29,184)	(60,155)
- increase/(decrease) in payables	13,125	(910)
- increase/(decrease) in provisions	3,624	2,434
Net cash flows used in operating activities	<u>(61,281)</u>	<u>(198,008)</u>

Note 17. Leases

Operating lease commitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements

Payable - minimum lease payments:

- not later than 12 months	22,091	22,091
- between 12 months and 5 years	38,660	60,751
- greater than 5 years	-	-
	<u>60,751</u>	<u>82,842</u>

The branch premises lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five year term. The lease expires on 3 March 2021 and has two five year renewal options remaining. Rent is payable monthly in advance.

Note 18. Auditor's remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for:

- audit and review services	4,400	4,200
- non audit services	2,215	2,335
- share registry services	1,885	1,885
	<u>8,500</u>	<u>8,420</u>

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Director and related party disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Vincent Anthony Curtis
 Dale Phillip Denham
 John De Girolamo
 Brent John Sutton
 David James Blake
 Liza Jane Curtis
 Ian Thomas Hamono
 Helen Louise Hubble
 Rory John Kerr
 John Francis Michael McQueen Thomson
 Christopher Neil Hunter (*Appointed 5 June 2018*)

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Transactions with related parties:		
David Blake manufactured and installed signage for the company.	-	1,580

Directors Shareholdings

	2018	2017
Vincent Anthony Curtis	25,502	25,502
Dale Phillip Denham	501	501
John De Girolamo	2,501	2,501
Brent John Sutton	16,001	16,001
David James Blake	4,001	4,001
Liza Jane Curtis	25,502	25,502
Ian Thomas Hamono	5,001	5,001
Helen Louise Hubble	1,001	1,001
Rory John Kerr	10,001	10,001
John Francis Michael McQueen Thomson	5,001	5,001
Christopher Neil Hunter (<i>Appointed 5 June 2018</i>)	-	-

There was no movement in directors shareholdings during the year.

Note 20. Key management personnel disclosures

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Kyabram & District Community Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 21. Earnings per share	2018	2017
	\$	\$
(a) Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	(99,616)	(181,542)
	Number	Number
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	854,361	854,361

Note 22. Events occurring after the reporting date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 23. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 24. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates **Community Bank®** services in Kyabram, Victoria pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Note 25. Registered office/Principal place of business

The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office

Unit 1
171 Allan Street
Kyabram VIC 3620

Principal Place of Business

Albion Arcade Shop 1
171 Allan Street
Kyabram VIC 3620

Kyabram & District Community Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 26. Financial instruments

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

The table below reflects the undiscounted contractual settlement terms for all financial instruments, as well as the settlement period for instruments with a fixed period of maturity and interest rate.

Financial instrument	Floating interest		Fixed interest rate maturing in						Non interest bearing		Weighted average	
			1 year or less		Over 1 to 5 years		Over 5 years					
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Financial assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	85,513	146,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.72
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,687	15,016	N/A	N/A
Financial liabilities												
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	N/A

Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from the interest bearing financial assets and liabilities in place subject to variable interest rates, as outlined above.

Sensitivity Analysis

The company has performed sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in interest rates.

As at 30 June 2018, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Change in profit/(loss)		
Increase in interest rate by 1%	855	1,468
Decrease in interest rate by 1%	(855)	(1,468)
Change in equity		
Increase in interest rate by 1%	855	1,468
Decrease in interest rate by 1%	(855)	(1,468)

Kyabram & District Community Limited

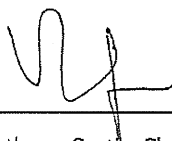
Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Kyabram & District Community Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.



Vincent Anthony Curtis, Chairman

Signed on the 25th of September 2018.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Kyabram & District Community Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of Kyabram & District Community Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards.

What we have audited

Kyabram & District Community Limited's (the company) financial report comprises the:

- ✓ Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- ✓ Balance sheet
- ✓ Statement of changes in equity
- ✓ Statement of cash flows
- ✓ Notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes
- ✓ The directors' declaration of the entity.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other information

The company usually prepares an annual report that will include the financial statements, directors' report and declaration and our independence declaration and audit report (the financial report). The annual report may also include "other information" on the entity's operations and financial results and financial position as set out in the financial report, typically in a Chairman's report and Manager's report, and reports covering governance and shareholder matters.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify that a material inconsistency appears to exist when we read the annual report (or become aware that the other information appears to be materially misstated), we will discuss the matter with the directors and where we believe that a material misstatement of the other information exists, we will request management to correct the other information.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report so that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <http://www.auasb.gov.au/home.aspx>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550
Dated: 25 September 2018



David Hutchings
Lead Auditor

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(BNPAR16034) (07/16)