Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited ABN 38 120 853 545

annualreport

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2008

This financial year marks the first full year of trading for the Logan Village Community Bank® Branch.

The financial accounts presented here will show you how far the Logan Village **Community Bank®** Branch has progressed and how we are tracking towards the goals originally set out in our prospectus.

A successful **Community Bank®** branch is measured by much more than just its' balance sheet and profit and loss account. A less tangible, but just as important measure is the standard of service that we are providing to customers, as this is the foundation stone of our past and continuing successes.

I would like to share with you a brief extract from a letter received by us in early October in relation to a particular staff member. As indicated in our Managers Report, all of our staff have received compliments of a like nature during the course of the year, and in an environment where banks are not always regarded with favour, I believe this bodes especially well for the future of the Logan Village **Community Bank®** Branch.

"At a time when customer service seems to be sadly lacking in banking organisations, it was a very pleasant and refreshing change to receive exemplary service from one of your employees.......... I would appreciate it if you would pass on my sincere thanks to her for the compassionate yet efficient manner with which she handled my queries at a time of great family stress. Her individual attention assisted me to finalise my sister's estate/banking details.

I would like her superiors to be aware that she delivered a superior level of service and is a credit to your organisation."

Community Bank® philosophy is about people as much as it is about profit and bottom lines.

Maree Slingsby

Chairman

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2008

This is the first full year of trading for our Logan Village **Community Bank®** Branch, and during that time it has grown in strength.

The past 12 months has seen a significant increase in the number of accounts being opened and loans being written. The community is really starting to back us, showing confidence in the branch, the staff and the Board.

Business growth

As at the 30 June 2008, the Logan Village **Community Bank®** Branch had total footings of \$21.3 million, comprising \$9.2 million in deposits and \$12.1 million in lending. As at mid September we had over 980 clients with 1351 accounts.

Our growth target for the current financial year is \$12.5 million and our cumulative growth target is \$33.9 million. These targets are quite achievable and with development happening all around Logan Village, I am confident of reaching these goals.

In last year's report, I noted that we had a "young" book and that we would need to grow from new customers. This has occurred, but pleasingly, over the three months, to the end of the financial year, significant increases in existing business have also been noted. This again shows a confidence, by the local community and existing clients, that we are doing the right thing by them. Word of mouth is apparently the best advertising you can get.

Human resources

It is pleasing to receive feedback, from around the local community, about the standard of service that we are providing. I have been approached, on a number of occasions, and congratulated on the professionalism and friendliness of my staff.

They have also been recognised by the senior Managers of Bendigo Bank, and this is reflected in the branch winning back to back 'Branch of the Month' awards for the region for each of April, May and July this year.

I would like to thank Tracey, Arielle, Leslie and Carol, for the efforts over the past 12 months. Each have grown in confidence and are willing to assist our clients with their enquiries.

Summary

This new financial year will not be without its challenges in the current global climate.

However, we are confident of the continued growth and success of the branch.

I would like to thank the Board of Directors, for the confidence, they have shown in the staff and myself.

I believe the future is looking very bright for Logan Village **Community Bank®** Branch.

Bob Stone

Branch Manager

Independent audit declaration



GILLOW & TEESE

Chartered Accountants

TEEGIL PTY LTD. ABN 96 072 119 772

Rick A. Gillow B. Com. CA C.dec
Alan R. Teese B. Com. CA

Committed to your Business Success

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION
UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001

TO THE DIRECTORS OF LOGAN VILLAGE & DISTRICT FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2008 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Gillow & Teese Chartered Accountants

A R Teese Partner

Beaudesert, Queensland Date: 25-9-08



Chartered Accountants
Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Directors' report

For year ending 30 June 2008

Your Directors present their report on the Company for the year ended 30 June 2008.

Directors

The names and details of the Company's Directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year are:

Maree Anne Slingsby

Chairman

Solicitor

Donald Christian Petersen

Director

Self Employed

Gary John Hastings

Director

Business Proprietor

Warren Rosen

Director (Appointed 30 July 2007)

Solicitor

Terence John Hurst

Director (Resigned 30 July 2007)

Retired

Ian Maxwell Newman

Treasurer

Financial Director

Carolyn Tate

Company Secretary (Appointed 29 January 2008)

Business Proprietor

Caroline Frances Flanagan

Director Accountant

Johannes Hunneman

Director (Appointed 29 January 2008)

Business Proprietor

Tracey Vanessa Diamond

Director (Resigned 26 November 2007)

Restaurant Manager

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the Company.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company during the course of the financial year were in providing **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank

Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the Company for the financial year after provision for income tax was (\$194,059) (2007: (\$193,863)).

Directors' report continued

Year	ended	30	June	2008

Dividends	Cents per share	\$'000
Final dividends recommended:	0	0
Dividends paid in the year:		
- Interim for the year	0	0
- As recommended in the prior year report	0	0

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report.

Significant events after the balance date

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company, in future years.

Likely developments

The Company will continue its policy of providing banking services to the community.

Directors' benefits

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the Company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and insurance of Directors and Officers

The Company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Managers of the Company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The Company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the Company or a related body corporate.

Directors' report continued

Directors meetings

The number of Directors meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the year were:

Number of meetings held:	11	
Number of meetings attended:		
Maree Anne Slingsby	11	
lan Maxwell Newman	9	
Donald Christian Petersen	10	
Carolyn Tate	5	(out of 5)
Gary John Hastings	9	
Caroline Frances Flanagan	9	
Warren Rosen	11	
Johannes Hunneman	4	(out of 6)
Terence John Hurst	1	(out of 1)
Tracey Vanessa Diamond	3	(out of 5)

Company Secretary

Carolyn Tate has been the Company Secretary of Logan Village & District Financial Services Ltd since 29 January 2008. Prior to that, Maree Slingsby held the position since inception.

Corporate governance

The Company has implemented various corporate governance practices, which include:

- (a) The establishment of an audit committee. Members of the audit committee are Ian Maxwell Newman
- (b) Director approval of operating budgets and monitoring of progress against these budgets;
- (c) Ongoing Director training; and
- (d) Monthly Director meetings to discuss performance and strategic plans.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Logan Village on 29 September 2008.

Maree Anne Slingsby

Chairman

Financial statements

Income statement For year ending 30 June 2008

	Notes	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Revenues from ordinary activities	2	201,022	55,530	
Employee benefits expense	3	-	-	
Charitable donations and sponsorship		(7,727)	(694)	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(58,342)	(34,026)	
Finance costs	3	(181)	(5)	
Other expenses from ordinary activities		(328,831)	(214,668)	
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense		(194,059)	(193,863)	
Income tax expense	4	-	-	
Profit/(loss) after income tax expense		(194,059)	(193,863)	
Earnings per share (cents per share)				
- Basic for profit / (loss) for the year	22	(30.99)	(30.96)	
- Diluted for profit / (loss) for the year	22	(30.99)	(30.96)	
- Dividends paid per share	21	-	-	

Financial statements continued

Balance sheet As at 30 June 2008

	Notes	2008 \$	2007 \$
Current assets			
Cash assets	6	-	121,494
Receivables	7	23,276	17,661
Total current assets		23,276	139,155
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	160,046	186,498
Deferred income tax asset	4	-	-
Intangible assets	9	99,328	128,448
Total non-current assets		259,374	314,946
Total assets		282,650	454,101
Current liabilities			
Payables	10	28,112	21,856
Interest bearing liabilities	11	16,352	-
Current tax payable	4	-	-
Provisions	12	-	-
Total current liabilities		44,464	21,856
Non-current liabilities			
Interest bearing liabilities	11	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		-	-
Total liabilities		44,464	21,856
Net assets/(liabilities)		238,186	432,245
Equity			
Share capital	13	626,108	626,108
Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)	14	(387,922)	(193,863)
Total equity		238,186	432,245

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements continued

Statement of cash flows As at 30 June 2008

	Notes	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash receipts in the course of operations		226,468	52,272	
Cash payments in the course of operations		(362,638)	(215,790)	
Interest paid		(181)	(5)	
Interest received		1,276	7,880	
Income tax paid		-	-	
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	15 b	(135,075)	(155,643)	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payment for intangible assets		-	(145,602)	
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(2,770)	(203,370)	
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		(2,770)	(348,972)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	626,108	
Proceeds from borrowings		-	-	
Repayment of borrowings		-	-	
Finance lease payments		-	-	
Dividends paid		-	-	
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		-	626,108	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(137,845)	121,493	
Add opening cash brought forward		121,493	-	
Closing cash carried forward	15 a	(16,353)	121,493	

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements continued

Statement of changes in equity As at 30 June 2008

	Notes	2008 \$	2007 \$
Shares Capital			
Ordinary shares			
Balance at start of year	6	526,108	-
Issue of share capital		-	626,108
Share issue costs		-	-
Balance at end of year	6	626,108	626,108
Retained earnings			
Balance at start of year	(1	93,863)	-
Profit/(loss) after income tax expense	(1	94,059)	(193,863)
Dividends paid		-	-
Balance at end of year	(38	87,922)	(193,863)

Notes to the financial statements

For year ending 30 June 2008

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the financial report

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and applicable Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs (except for land and buildings and available-for-sale financial assets that have been measured at fair value) and does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 29 September 2008.

(b) Statement of compliance

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ('AIFRS'). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS'). Australian Accounting Standards that have been recently issued or amended, but are not yet effective, have not been adopted in the preparation of this financial report.

(c) Significant accounting policies

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted. The accounting policies have been consistently applied during the financial year.

Income tax

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the financial report (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are brought to account at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Land and buildings are measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Class of asset	Depreciation rate
Leasehold Improvements	11.25%
Office Equipment	15.00%
Computer Software	40.00%

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount which is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation on buildings and accumulated impairment losses.

Fair value is determined by reference to market based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date.

Any revaluation surplus is credited to the asset revaluation reserve included in the equity section of the balance sheet unless it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in the income statement.

Any revaluation deficit is recognised in the income statement unless it directly offsets a previous surplus of the same asset in the asset revaluation reserve.

An annual transfer from the asset revaluation reserve is made to retained earnings for the depreciation relating to the revaluation surplus.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the financial report (continued)

Recoverable amount of assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset is impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Company makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

Employee benefits

The provision for employee benefits to wages, salaries and annual leave represents the amount which the Company has a present obligation to pay resulting from employees' services provided up to the balance date. The provision has been calculated on undiscounted amounts based on wage and salary rates expected to be paid and includes related on-costs.

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

Intangibles

Establishment costs have been initially recorded at cost and amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

Cash

Cash on hand and in banks are stated at nominal value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the financial report (continued)

Receivables and payables

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days. Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollected debts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Interest bearing liabilities

All loans are measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

Contributed capital

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that is transferred to the Company, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property of the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the financial report (continued)

Financial Instruments

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transactions costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments

These investments have fixed maturities, and it is the Company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. Any held-to-maturity investments held by the Company are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include and financial assets not included in the above categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to equity.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Derivative instruments

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken to the income statement unless they are designated as hedges.

Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited designates certain derivatives as either:

- (i) hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedge); or
- (ii) hedges of highly probably forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

At the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items; as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions is documented.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the financial report (continued)

Assessments, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items, are also documented.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedge asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is deferred to a hedge reserve in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in the hedge reserve in equity are transferred to the income statement in the periods when the hedged item will affect profit or loss.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Note 2. Revenue from ordinary activities			
Operating activities			
- services commissions	199,708	42,250	
- other revenue	-	-	
Total revenue from operating activities	199,708	42,250	
Non-operating activities:			
- interest received	1,276	7,880	
- other revenue	38	5,400	
Total revenue from non-operating activities	1,314	13,280	
Total revenue from ordinary activities	201,022	55,530	

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Note 3. Expenses		
Employee benefits expense		
- wages and salaries	-	-
- superannuation costs	-	-
- post-employment benefits (other than superannuation)	-	-
- workers' compensation costs	-	-
- other costs	-	-
	-	-
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	29,222	16,872
- buildings	-	-
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- intangibles	29,120	17,154
	58,342	34,026
Finance Costs:		
- Interest paid	181	5
Bad debts	460	-

Note 4. Income tax expense

The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:

Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) before income tax at 30%	(58,218)	(58,159)
Add tax effect of:		
- Non-deductible expenses	-	-
- Prior year tax losses not previously brought to account	-	-
- Future income tax benefit not brought to account	58,218	58,159
Current income tax expense	-	-
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Deferred income tax expense	-	-
Income tax expense	-	-

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Note 4. Income tax expense (continued)		
Tax liabilities		
Current tax payable	-	-
Deferred income tax asset		
Future income tax benefits arising from tax losses are		
recognised at reporting date as realisation of the benefit is		
regarded as probable.	-	-
Note 5. Auditors' remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by Gillow & Teese for:		
- Audit or review of the financial report of the Company	3,600	2,000
- Other services in relation to the Company	-	-
	3,600	2,000
Note 6. Cash assets Cash at bank and on hand	-	121,494
Cash at bank and on hand	-	121,494
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables	-	
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables GST receivable	1,548	5,823
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables	21,728	5,823 11,838
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables GST receivable		5,823
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables GST receivable	21,728	5,823 11,838
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables GST receivable Trade debtors	21,728	5,823 11,838
Note 7. Receivables GST receivable Trade debtors Note 8. Property, plant and equipment	21,728	5,823 11,838
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables GST receivable Trade debtors Note 8. Property, plant and equipment Land	21,728	5,823 11,838
Note 7. Receivables GST receivable Trade debtors Note 8. Property, plant and equipment Land Freehold land at cost	21,728	5,823 11,838
Cash at bank and on hand Note 7. Receivables GST receivable Trade debtors Note 8. Property, plant and equipment Land Freehold land at cost Buildings	21,728	5,823 11,838

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Note 8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)	¥	¥
At cost	206,140	203,370
Less accumulated depreciation	(46,094)	(16,872)
	160,046	186,498
Total written down amount	160,046	186,498
Movements in carrying amounts		
Building		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	-	-
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	-
Carrying amount at end of year	-	-
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	186,498	-
Additions	2,770	203,370
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(29,222)	(16,872)
Carrying amount at end of year	160,046	186,498
Note 9. Intangible assets		
Franchise fee		
At cost	10,000	10,000
Less accumulated amortisation	(3,333)	(1,333)
	6,667	8,667
Preliminary Expenses		
At cost	135,602	135,602
Less accumulated amortisation	(42,941)	(15,821)
	92,661	119,781
	99,328	128,448

		2008	2007
N	D 11	\$	\$
Note 10.	Payables		
Trade creditors	S	-	-
Other creditor	s and accruals	28,112	21,856
		28,112	21,856
Note 11.	Interest bearing liabilities		
Bank overdraf	t	16,352	-
Bank Loan - s	ecured	-	-
		16,352	-
Note 12.	Provisions		
Employee ben	efits	-	-
Number of em	ployees at year end	-	-
Note 13.	Share capital		
626,108 Ordi	nary Shares fully paid of \$1 each	626,108	626,108
Note 14.	Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)		
Balance at the	e beginning of the financial year	(193,863)	-
Profit/(loss) a	fter income tax	(194,059)	(193,863)
Dividends		-	-
Balance at th	e end of the financial year	(387,922)	(193,863)
Note 15.	Cash flow statement		
(a) Reconcilia	ation of cash		
Cash assets		-	121,494
Bank overdraf	t	(16,352)	-
Bariit Overarar			

	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Note 15. Cash flow statement (continued)			
(b) Reconciliation of profit / (loss) after tax to net cash provided from/(used in) operating activities			
Profit / (loss) after income tax	(194,059)	(193,863)	
Non cash items			
- Depreciation	29,222	16,872	
- Amortisation	29,120	17,154	
Changes in assets and liabilities			
- (Increase) decrease in receivables	(5,614)	(17,661)	
- Increase (decrease) in payables	6,256	21,856	
- Increase (decrease) in provisions	-	-	
Net cashflows from/(used in) operating activities	(135,075)	(155,643)	

Note 16. Director and related party disclosures

The names of Directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Maree Anne Slingsby

Ian Maxwell Newman

Donald Christian Peterson

Carolyn Tate

Gary John Hastings

Caroline Frances Flanagan

Warren Rosen

Johannes Hunneman

Terence John Hurst

Tracey Vanessa Diamond

No Director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the Company. No Director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Note 16. Director and related party disclosures (continued)

Directors shareholdings	2008	2007	
Maree Anne Slingsby	4,001	4,001	
lan Maxwell Newman	1	1	
Donald Christian Peterson	1,501	1,501	
Carolyn Tate	1,000	1,000	
Gary John Hastings	5,001	5,001	
Caroline Frances Flanagan	10,001	10,001	
Warren Rosen	-	-	
Johannes Hunneman	2,500	2,500	
Terence John Hurst	20,001	20,001	
Tracey Vanessa Diamond	701	701	

Each share held has a paid up value of \$1 and is fully paid.

Note 17. Subsequent events

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 18. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 19. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the financial services sector were it provides banking services to its clients. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being Logan Village, Queensland.

Note 20. Corporate information

Logan Village & District Financial Services Ltd is a Company limited by shares incorporated in Australia.

The registered office is: Suite 1

131-133 Albert Street Logan Village QLD 4207

The principal place of business is: Shop 2

Cnr Albert & Wharf Streets Logan Village QLD 4207

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Note 21. Dividends paid or provided for on ordinary shares		
(a) Dividends proposed and recognised as a liability		
No dividends were proposed or declared during the financial y	ear	-
(b) Dividends paid during the year		
(i) Current year interim		
No dividends were proposed or declared during the financia	l year	-
(ii) Previous year final		
No dividends were proposed or declared during the financia	l year	-
(c) Dividends proposed and not recognised as a liability		
No dividends were proposed or declared during the financia	l year	-
(d) Franking credit balance		
The amount of franking credits available for the subsequent finan	ncial year are:	
- Franking account balance as at the end of the financial year a	at 30% -	-
- Franking credits that will arise from the payment of income ta	X	
payable as at the end of the financial year	-	-
- Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends		
as at the end of the financial year	-	-
- Franking credits that will arise from the payment of dividends		
recognised as receivables at the reporting date	-	-
- Franking credits that the entity may be prevented from distribu	uting	
in the subsequent year	-	-
	-	-

The tax rate at which dividends have been franked is 30% (2007: 30%).

Dividends proposed will be franked at a rate of 30% (2007: 30%).

Note 22. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit / (loss) after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit / (loss) after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (adjusted for the effects of any dilutive options or preference shares).

2008	2007	
\$	\$	

Note 22. Earnings per share (continued)

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

Profit/(loss) after income tax expense	(194,059)	(193,863)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic			
and diluted earnings per share	626,108	626,108	

Note 23. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk from their use of financial instruments.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has established an Audit Committee which reports regularly to the Board. The Audit Committee is assisted in the area of risk management by an internal audit function.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. For the Company it arises from receivables and cash assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date was:

	Carrying amount		
	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Cash assets	-	121,494	
Receivables	23,276	17,661	
	23,276	139,155	

The Company's exposure to credit risk is limited to Australia by geographic area. The entire balance of receivables is due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

None of the assets of the Company are past due (2007: nil past due) and based on historic default rates, the Company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of assets not past due.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Note 23. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company ensures it will have enough liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity management is carried out within the guidelines set by the Board.

Typically, the Company maintains sufficient cash on hand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

In addition, the Company has an established overdraft facility of \$80,000 with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

The following are the estimated contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments.

	Carrying amount \$'000	Contractual cash flows \$'000	1 year or less \$'000	over 1 to 5 years \$'000	more than 5 years \$'000
30 June 2008					
Payables	28,112	(28,112)	(28,112)	-	-
Interest bearing liabilities	16,352	-	-	-	-
	44,464	(28,112)	(28,112)	-	-
30 June 2007					
Payables	21,856	(21,856)	(21,856)	-	-
Interest bearing liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	21,856	(21,856)	(21,856)	-	-

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company reviews the exposure to interest rate risk as part of the regular Board meetings.

Note 23. Financial risk management (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying amount		
	2008	2007	
	\$	\$	
Fixed rate instruments			
Financial assets	-	-	
Financial liabilities	-	-	
	-	-	
Variable rate instruments			
Financial assets	-	121,494	
Financial liabilities	(16,352)	-	
	(16,352)	121,494	

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed interest rate financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have no impact on profit or retained earnings. For the analysis performed on the same basis as at 30 June 2007 there was also no impact. As at both dates this assumes all other variables remain constant.

(d) Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Balance Sheet. The Company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at year end.

(e) Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the Company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

- (i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:
 - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and

Note 23. Financial risk management (continued)

- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the Company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2008 can be seen in the Income Statement.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

24. Capital and Leasing Commitments

Operating Lease Commitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements.

Payable - minimum lease payments

- not later than 12 months 17,000 - between 12 months and 5 years 39,667

- greater than 5 years -

The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a 5 year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require the minimum lease payments shall be increased by CPI. An option exists to renew the lease at the end of the 5 year term for an additional term of 5 years. The lease allows for subletting of all lease areas.

Director's declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the Company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards in Australia and Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) this declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ending 30 June 2008.

Maree Anne Slingsby, Chairman

Carolyn Tate, Secretary

Independent audit report



GILLOW & TEESE

Chartered Accountants

TEEGIL PTY LTD. ABN 96 072 119 772

Directors
Rick A. Gillow B. Com. CA C.dec
Alan R. Teese B. Com. CA

Committed to your Business Success

Post Office Square 115 Brisbane Street P.O. Box 108 BEAUDESERT QLD 4285 Telephone: (07) 5541 2011 Facsimile: (07) 5541 3168 office@gillow-teese.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

To the Members of Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited, which comprises the Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement, Statement of Changes in Equity, accompanying notes to the Financial Statements, and the Declaration by the Directors for Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2008.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1 (b), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Chartered Accountants

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation



GILLOW & TEESE

Chartered Accountants

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Committed to your Business Success

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Directors
Rick A. Gillow B. Com. CA C.dec
Alan R. Teese B. Com. CA

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, provided to the Directors of Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited on 25 September 2008, would be in the same terms if provided to the Directors as at the date of this auditor's report.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Logan Village & District Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

GILLOW & TEESE Chartered Accountants

A R Teese Partner

Beaudesert, Queensland Date: 29 September 2008.



Chartered Accountants
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Logan Village Community Bank® Branch Shop 2, Wharf Street Centre, Cnr Wharf & Albert Streets, Logan Village QLD 4207 Phone: (07) 5546 3840 Fax: (07) 5547 0769 Franchisee: Logan Village & District Financial Services Ltd Suite 1, 131-133 Albert Street, Logan Village QLD 4207 Phone: (07) 5546 3244 Fax: (07) 5546 3921 ABN 38 120 853 545 www.bendigobank.com.au/public/logan_village Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, The Bendigo Centre, Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN 11 068 049 178. AFSL 237879. (KKQAR8005) (08/08)

