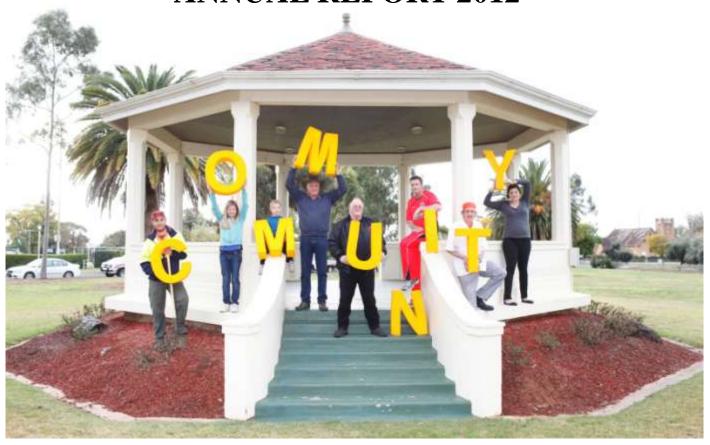


## **ANNUAL REPORT 2012**



ACN 108 297 945

PO Box 890 MERBEIN, 3505

Merbein & District

Community Bank Branch Bendigo Bank

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## **Directors**

Marianne Glover Chairman

Jeanette Worthington Secretary

Raywin Jamieson Director

Steve Lorincz Director

David Lim Director

Kath Middleton Director

Paul Mulder Director

Sue Rudd Director

Barry Smith Director

Rebecca Wells Director

Geoff Izard (resigned January 2012)

# Staff

**Robert Libchard** Branch Manager

Lauren Sayers Customer Relationship Manger

Tanya Pratt Senior Customer Service Officer

**Debra Hally** Customer Service Officer

Samantha Lowe Customer Service Officer

Priscilla Reimann Customer Service Officer

# Grant recipients over the last 12 months



**Merbein Bowls Club** 

**2011 Tour of the Murray Bicycle Race** 



Mildura Roller Derby League



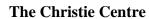
**Mallee Rover Crew** 



### Grant recipients over the last 12 months continued



Merbein P-10 College – Future Leaders Award





**Northern Mallee Sports Star Awards** 



**Sunraysia Community Health Services** 



# Grant recipients over the last 12 months continued



**Merbein Football / Netball Club** 

Mildura City Soccer Club



# Chairman's Report

As Chairman of Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited, I shall present my report on behalf of my fellow Board Members. At our 2011 Annual General Meeting it was my privilege to announce our dividend of two cents. While acknowledging that the Global Financial Crisis still impacts on us; as have many local factors, on the growth and confidence in our local district, we are pleased to inform you that our Merbein **Community Bank**® Branch continues to grow in business and profit. For this I thank our Branch Manager, Robert Libchard and his team; Lauren, Tanya, Sam, Deb and Priscilla.

As volunteer Directors we continue to promote our branch and on behalf of you the shareholders, work at supporting Robert and his team, and continue with proper Governance of our **Community Bank®** branch. It has been a busy year for all Directors and I thank them for their commitment; especially our Secretary Jeanette. In January, we regretfully accepted the resignation of Director, Geoff Izard; one of our original Steering Committee members and a former Chairman. While expressing a wish to step back Geoff happily accepted our invitation to become an Ambassador for the branch along with our first Chairman, Tony Dal Corrobo.

Thank you to our Regional Manager John Sirolli for his support and assistance with Director training from two successful Chairmen of **Community Bank®** Board of Directors and a respected employee of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. This has seen us accept one as a mentor of our Board with more training planned; plus the formation of necessary sub-committees; allowing for more successful General Meetings.

We continue to honour our franchise agreement with our partners Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. In December 2011, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank joined Australia's A rated Banks, this follows an upgrade announced by Standard and Poor's; which includes all **Community Bank®** Partners. The 'A' rating is by all three of the world's leading credit rating agencies. While this is a great achievement we know credit growth is sluggish and subsequently, the profitability of banks remain under pressure; including our **Community Bank®** company's margin share with our partners Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. The share continues to favour us as a **Community Bank®** branch. Working on restoring the balance saw a change in April, bringing us closer to the key principal 50/50 revenue share. Market Developments continue to challenge this role. All **Community Bank®** branches operate under Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's banking licence, and as such all deposits held with us are guaranteed by the Federal Government and supported by capital supplied by our franchise partner, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank.

We are certainly happy to be part of the \$80 million that has been returned to our communities Australia wide through the Marketing Development Fund, rewarding us for banking performance from our partners Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. Merbein **Community Bank**® Branch has returned \$191,000 to our wider district to 30 June 2012 and we know it has made a significant difference to many local organizations, including our commitment to support two of our P10 College students with scholarships annually.

### Chairman's Report continued

Towards the end of last year we conducted what we believe was a successful media campaign and our birthday, sponsorship nights have become anticipated events for Merbein. In May we held our first Sponsorship Information Nights where we invited all district not for profit groups; and we outlined our expectations for ourselves and successful recipients. Robert also introduced the "Club Rewards" programme. We know this will prove to be a successful initiative for both the clubs and our Branch business. The evenings involved a big input from Robert and his team; so thank you.

Last November the Board fully endorsed to support "The Future Leaders" nomination of Director, Rebecca Wells who was invited to attend the State Conference, in Ballarat, early May; where she attended this and other workshops relevant to a Director's role and our **Community Bank**® model. Robert and I also attended to be further informed of our responsibilities.

Thank you to all shareholders and customers for your support, business and belief in our community of Merbein and our **Community Bank**® branch.

Marianne Glover Chairman

# **Branch Manager's Report**

It gives me great pleasure to report on the progress of Merbein & District **Community Bank**® Branch, to our valued shareholders, for the year ended 30 June, 2012.

Twelve months have past since our last Annual General Meeting and I am still impressed by the strong sense of community engagement around Merbein and district and the goodwill towards our branch since its opening eight years ago. Our customers and shareholders have once again been great ambassadors for your **Community Bank**® branch.

Some of the highlights attributed to the branch to 30/06/2012 include:

- Total business held at the branch is more than \$ 55.8 million, an increase in the past 12 months of \$7.2 million;
- Net Profit achieved for the third consecutive year;
- Almost 4,000 accounts;
- More than 1,950 account holders;
- Almost \$200,000 contributed to the community through various sponsorships, grants and donations to this date;
- Continuation of school banking to the district which encompasses our five Primary Schools;

The prime objective of Merbein & District **Community Bank**® Branch is to continue recording profits which enable us to make a financial return to our community. Simply by doing your banking with us you are making this happen.

We need your maximum support to enable us to continue to expand our sponsorship program to the Merbein community. If you haven't already considered banking with us, I urge you to call into the branch and talk to me or my friendly staff about how we can assist you with transferring your banking business and remember everyone needs to bank somewhere, why not bank with us where we can make a difference to our community. If you have already started banking with us, thank you – you are the greatest advocate of the Merbein & District **Community Bank**® Branch.

I would thank my current staff members Lauren, Tanya, Sam, Deb and Priscilla, for their dedication and continued great work. It truly is a great pleasure to come to work every day and be greeted by such a devoted group of people who only have your **Community Bank**® branch at heart. I regularly receive positive feedback about the personalised and friendly service we provide and would like as many people as possible to experience banking with our unique **Community Bank**® model..

I would also like to thank our Board for their continued great work. It is sometimes a thankless job that has been guided brilliantly by Marianne Glover as Chairman, so credit must go out to her and the rest of the Board of Directors their continued commitment to our branch.

Rob Libchard Branch Manager

# Bendigo and Adelaide Bank report

#### For year ending 30 June 2012

Thanks to your support as shareholders the **Community Bank**\* network has achieved a significant milestone this year, contributing more than \$80 million to support the communities these unique companies operate within.

This figure was almost unimaginable when the **Community Bank**® model was first launched in 1998, in partnership with the people from the small Victorian wheat farming towns of Rupanyup and Minyip. For these communities the **Community Bank**® model was seen as a way to restore branch banking services to the towns, after the last of the major banks closed its services, However, in the years since the **Community Bank**® model has become so much more

In the past financial year a further 20 **Community Bank**® branches have opened, this growth is in-line with our forecast and consistent with what we have seen in recent years. Demand for the model remains strong and there are currently another 32 **Community Bank**® sites in development, with many more conversations happening with communities Australia wide.

At the end of the financial year 2011/12 the Community Bank® network had achieved the following:

- Returns to community \$80 million
- Community Bank® branches 295
- Community Bank® branch staff more than 1,400
- Community Bank® branch Directors 1,905
- Volume footings \$21.75 billion
- Customers 500,000
- Shareholders 71,197
- Dividends paid to shareholders \$28.8 million

Almost 300 communities have now partnered with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, so they can not only enhance banking services, but more importantly aggregate the profits their banking business generates and reinvest it in local groups and projects that will ultimately strengthen their community.

In the past 14 years we have witnessed the **Community Bank®** network's returns to communities grow exponentially each year, with \$470,000 returned within the first five years, \$8.15 million within the first eight and \$22.58 million by the end of the first decade of operation.

Today that figure is an astonishing \$80 million and with the continued growth and popularity of the **Community Bank**® model, returns should top \$100 million by the end of 2013. These dollars add up to new community facilities, improved services, more opportunities for community engagement activities and generally speaking, a more prosperous society.

The communities we partner with also have access to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's extensive range of other community building solutions including Community Enterprise Foundation™ (philanthropic arm), Community Sector Banking (banking service for not-for-profit organisations), Generation Green™ (environment and sustainability initiative), Community Telco (telecommunications solution), sponsorships, scholarships and Community Enterprises that provide Community Bank® companies with further development options.

In Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, your **Community Bank\*** company has a committed and strong partner and over the last financial year our company has also seen much success.

### Bendigo and Adelaide Bank report (continued)

Last December, our Bank joined the ranks of Australia's A-rated banks following an upgrade announced by Standard & Poor's. Its decision to raise our long-term rating from BBB+ to A- means the Bank (and its **Community Bank®** partners) are now rated 'A' by all three of the world's leading credit rating agencies. This is a huge boost to the Bank and will allow us to access new funding opportunities. It will also enable our group to service supporters who were precluded from banking with us because we were not A rated.

The rating upgrade is a welcome boost for the Bank and its partners at a time when funding is expensive and likely to remain so, margins have been eroded across the industry, credit growth is sluggish at best and subsequently, the profitability of banks remains under pressure.

Not surprisingly, these factors continue to place pressure on our Bank's margin and as **Community Bank®** margin share is still in part based on fixed trails, this is continuing to reflect a skew in margin share between the Bank and its **Community Bank®** partners.

We've been working with the **Community Bank®** network to take action to reduce this imbalance (which is in favour of the **Community Bank®** partners) and see the share of revenue on core banking products closely aligned to the key principal of 50/50 revenue share. Recent market developments are challenging this goal, but the Bank and its partners remain committed to addressing this.

It's Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's vision to be Australia's leading customer-connected bank. We believe our strength comes from our focus on the success of our customers, people, partners and communities. We take a 100-year view of our business; we listen and respect every customer's choice, needs and objectives. We partner for sustainable long-term outcomes and aim to be relevant, connected and valued.

This is what drives each and every one of our people and we invite you as **Community Bank®** shareholders to support us as we work with our partners to deliver on our goals and ensure our sustained and shared success.

As **Community Bank®** shareholders you are part of something special, a unique banking movement which has evolved into a whole new way of thinking about banking and the role it plays in modern society.

We thank you all for the part you play in driving this success.

Russell Jenkins

**Executive Customer and Community** 

JAU PAL.

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

#### Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

#### Marianne Dawn Glover

Chairman Age: 62 Hairdresser

Experience and Expertise: Qualified Hairdresser for over 40 years, Chairperson of Merbein Uniting Church, Vice President of Merbein Development Association Inc, Committee Member of Merbein Great Vanilla Slice Triumph.

Interests in shares: 1

#### Paul Matthew Mulder

Director Age: 46

Team Leader at MADEC

Experience and Expertise: Life Member of Merbein Junior Football Club, Diploma in OH&S, experience in management, HR, education and employment, public relations, computer/IT. Interest in shares: Nil

#### Rebecca Claire Wells

Director Age: 37 Marketing

Experience and Expertise: Bachelor of Arts, Masters media production (Hons), Merbein Centenary

Committee Interest in shares: 1

#### Stephen Joszef Lorincz

Director Age: 50

Business Owner

Experience and Expertise: Involved in management of large companies and running small business. Past President of many sporting clubs, Chairman of Football Federation Victoria, Chairman and Committee member of several community groups. Currently a director of She'll B Right Hotels Pty Ltd.

Interests in shares: 1

#### Nadine Carol Rudd

Director (Resigned 21 August 2012)

Age: 52

Small Business Co-ordinator

Experience and Expertise: Employed by Sunraysia Rural Counselling Service. Has been involved in the Citrus & Horticultural industries for the last 15 years.

Interest in shares: Nil

#### Geoffrey John Izard

Director (Resigned 17 February 2012)

Age: 74 Horticulturist

Experience and Expertise: Managing director of

Merbein Mushrooms Pty Ltd Interests in shares: 6,001

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

#### Jeanette Ellen Worthington

Secretary Age: 59 Administration

Experience and Expertise: Adminstration/Project Officer with Mallee Sports Assempbly. Partner in family Electrical Contracting business. Have been associated with the administration of Community and Sporting clubs across

Sunraysia.

Interests in shares: 5,001

#### Raywin Mary Jamieson

Director Age: 55 Hairdresser

Experience and Expertise: Business owner for 36 years, 25 years involvement with Girl Guides. Chairperson of Mildura City Heart Market management team, State Council Member, President Merbein Development Association Inc, Regional Manager Loddon Mallee.

Interest in shares: 1

#### David Kim Swee Lim

Director Age: 53 CPA

Experience and Expertise: Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy, Member of CPA Australia Held Senior Accounting roles in publicly listed companies.

Interest in shares: Nil

#### Kathleen Anne Middleton

Director Age: 57 Administration

Experience and Expertise: Girl Guides Leader for 22 years and Treasurer for 10 years, Cardross Football Club Treasurer, Secretary, President and Sports Trainer, involved in the Sunraysia Gang Show for 21 years and Treasurer for 6 years, Assoc. Dip of Business (Acc) Bach of Business (Acc).

Interest in shares: Nil

#### Barry Lyle Smith

Director (Resigned 17 July 2012)

Age: 71 Horticulturist

Experience and Expertise: 13 years banking experience, past chair of Fruits Group V.F.F, Managing director of Enviro-

Care Horticultural Producers Pty Ltd

Interests in shares: 5,001

#### Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is Jeanette Ellen Worthington. Jeanette was appointed as secretary 10 March 2004. She has prior experience as a secretary with numerous not-for-profit organisations.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

#### **Operating Results**

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended	Year ended
30 June 2012	30 June 2011
\$	\$
20,540	(5,685)

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#### Remuneration Report

#### (a) Remuneration of Directors

All Directors of the Company are on a voluntary basis, therefore no remuneration guidelines have been prepared.

#### (b) Remuneration of Area and Branch Managers

The Board is responsible for the determination of remuneration packages and policies applicable to the Branch Manager and all the staff. The Branch Manager is invited to the Board meetings as required to discuss performance and remuneration packages.

The Board's policy in respect of the branch manager is to maintain remuneration at parity within the Community Bank® network and local market rates for comparable roles.

There are no executives who are directly accountable and responsible for the strategic direction and operational management of the entity. This is wholly a board role.

There are therefore no Specified Executives.

	Year Ended 3	50 June 2012
Dividends	<u>Cents</u>	\$
Dividends paid in the year:		
- Dividends paid in the year	2	10.848

#### Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

#### Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

#### **Likely Developments**

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

#### **Directors' Benefits**

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

#### Indemnification and Insurance of Directors' and Officers

The company has indemnified all directors' and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

#### **Directors' Meetings**

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

Jeanette Ellen Worthington
Marianne Dawn Glover
Stephen Joszef Lorincz
Raywin Mary Jamieson
Rebecca Claire Wells
Paul Matthew Mulder
Kathleen Anne Middleton
David Kim Swee Lim
Nadine Carol Rudd (Resigned 21 August 2012)
Barry Lyle Smith (Resigned 17 July 2012)
Geoffrey John Izard (Resigned 17 February 2012)

	Meetings ended	Devel	& Business opment ended	150,000	ance ended
Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended
11	10	6	6	200	** ***
11	-11	6	6	*	83
11	3	5	323	~	- 63
11	:11	6	6	*	- 83
11	10	6	5	9	¥8
11	9	5	4	23	20
11	9		- 2	2	2
11	6	527	328	2	1
11	7			2	2
11	9	850	0.73	-	56
6	3		2.53	-	- 15

#### Non Audit Services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor:
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

#### Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at Merbein, Victoria on 24 September 2012.

Marianne Dawn Glover, Chairman

Marianie D



# Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of Picton & District Community Enterprises Limited

I declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2012 there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

David Hutchings Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 26 September 2012

### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945

#### Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 \$
Revenues from ordinary activities	4	587,400	531,944
Employee benefits expense		(330,540)	(314,291)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(80,601)	(58,324)
Occupancy and associated costs		(35,772)	(31,922)
Systems costs		(20,673)	(21,518)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(20,738)	(18,397)
Finance costs	5	(3,738)	(5,714)
General administration expenses		(77,527)	(84,133)
Profit/(loss) before income tax (expense)/credit		17,811	(2,355)
Income tax (expense)/credit	6	2,729	(3,330)
Profit/(loss) after income tax (expense)/credit		20,540	(5,685)
Total comprehensive income for the year		20,540	(5,685)
Earnings per share (cents per share)		<u>c</u>	<u>c</u>
- basic for profit for the year	22	3.79	(1.05)

#### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945 Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	7 8	209 39,332	200 29,137
Total Current Assets		39,541	29,337
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	9 10 11	83,055 26,908 128,986	60,158 40,361 126,257
Total Non-Current Assets		238,949	226,776
Total Assets		278,490	256,113
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Borrowings Provisions	12 13 14	35,143 9,483 24,630	30,704 26,260 21,157
Total Current Liabilities		69,256	78,121
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions Borrowings	14 13	2,876 23,083	4,409
Total Non-Current Liabilities		25,959	4,409
Total Liabilities		95,215	82,530
Net Assets		183,275	173,583
Equity			
Issued capital Accumulated losses	15 16	490,005 (306,730)	490,005 (316,422)
Total Equity		183,275	173,583

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

#### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945 Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Issued Capital <u>\$</u>	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
Balance at 1 July 2010	490,005	(310,737)	179,268
Total comprehensive income for the year		(5,685)	(5,685)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as ow	ners:		
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2011	490,005	(316,422)	173,583
Balance at 1 July 2011	490,005	(316,422)	173,583
Total comprehensive income for the year		20,540	20,540
Transactions with owners in their capacity as ow	ners:		
Shares issued during period	-	-	-
Costs of issuing shares	-	-	-
Dividends provided for or paid	-	(10,848)	(10,848)
Balance at 30 June 2012	490,005	(308,730)	183,275

#### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945 Statement of Cashflows for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received Interest paid		637,451 (598,979) - (3,738)	584,880 (555,346) 152 (5,714)
Net cash provided by operating activities	17	34,734	23,972
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(30,182)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(30,182)	-
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Proceeds from borrowings Dividends paid		29,200 (10,848)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		18,352	-
Net increase in cash held		22,904	23,972
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(26,060)	(50,032)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7(a)	(3,156)	(26,060)

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

#### Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

#### Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

#### Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2011 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. The adoption of the revised AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures has not resulted in the disclosure of any additional related party transactions in the current period or any prior period and is not likely to affect future periods. The adoption of AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures and AASB 2011-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Trans-Tasman Convergence Project have not affected the disclosure of any items in the financial statements.

The company has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their mandatory operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2011.

#### Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank® branch at Merbein, Victoria.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the Community Bank® branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank® branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### a) Basis of Preparation (continued)

#### Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (continued)

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank® branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank® branch;
- · training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services:
- security and cash logistic controls;
- · calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- · the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- · sales techniques and proper customer relations.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

#### b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

#### Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides for three types of revenue earned by the company. First, the company is entitled to 50% of the monthly gross margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on products and services provided through the company that are regarded as "day to day" banking business (ie 'margin business'). This arrangement also means that if the gross margin reflects a loss (that is, the gross margin is a negative amount), the company effectively incurs, and must bear, 50% of that loss.

The second source of revenue is commission paid by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on the other products and services provided through the company (ie 'commission business'). The commission is currently payable on various specified products and services, including insurance, financial planning, common fund, Sandhurst Select, superannuation, commercial loan referrals, products referred by Rural Bank, leasing referrals, fixed loans and certain term deposits (>90 days). The amount of commission payable can be varied in accordance with the Franchise Agreement (which, in some cases, permits commissions to be varied at the discretion of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited). This discretion has be exercised on several occasions previously. For example in February 2011 Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited reduced commissions on two core banking products to ensure a more even distribution of income between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and its Community Bank® partners. The revenue share model is subject to regular review to ensure that the interests of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and Community Bank® companies remain balanced.

The third source of revenue is a proportion of the fees and charges (ie, what are commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges') charged to customers. This proportion, determined by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, may vary between products and services and may be amended by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited from time to time.

#### c) Income Tax

#### Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### c) Income Tax (continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

#### d) Employee Entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

#### e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet

#### f) Trade Receivables and Payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

#### g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### g) Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements 40 years - plant and equipment 2.5 - 40 years - furniture and fittings 4 - 40 years

#### h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The renewal processing fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

#### i) Payment Terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

#### i) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

#### k) Financial Instruments

#### Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

#### Classification and subsequent measurement

- (i) Loans and receivables
  - Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (ii) Held-to-maturity investments
  - Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (iii) Financial liabilities
  - Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### k) Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

#### m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

#### n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

#### p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

#### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

#### Note 2. Financial Risk Management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

#### (i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

#### (ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

#### (iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

#### (iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

#### (v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

#### (vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the balance sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

- the distribution limit is the greater of:
- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2012 can be seen in the statement of comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

#### Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

#### Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired branch/agency at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The calculations require the use of assumptions.

#### Note 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

#### Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Note 4. Revenue from Ordinary Activities	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Operating activities: - services commissions - other revenue	585,798 1,602	425,712 106,080
Total revenue from operating activities	587,400	531,792
Non-operating activities: - interest received		152
Total revenue from non-operating activities	-	152
Total revenues from ordinary activities	587,400	531,944
Note 5. Expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets: - plant and equipment - leasehold improvements - motor vehicle	2,822 2,131 2,332	1,468 3,475
Amortisation of non-current assets: - franchise agreement - franchise renewal fee	2,242 11,211 20,738	2,243 11,211 18,397
Finance costs: - interest paid	3,738	5,714
Bad debts	194	291

Note 6. Income Tax Expense		2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
The components of tax expense comprise:  - Movement in deferred tax  - Recoup of prior year tax loss  - Adjustments to tax expense of prior periods	_	137 5,207 (8,073)	(2,233) 5,563
The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before	=	(2,729)	3,330
income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:			
Operating profit/(loss)		17,811	(2,355)
Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%		5,344	(708)
Add tax effect of: - non-deductible expenses - timing difference expenses - other deductible expenses	_	(137)	4,036 2,233 - 5,563
	_	0,201	
Movement in deferred tax Adjustments to tax expense of prior periods	11	137 (8,073)	(2,233)
State of the State		(2,729)	3,330
Note 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash at bank and on hand	_	209	200
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:			
Note 7.(a) Reconciliation of cash			
Cash at bank and on hand Bank overdraft	13	209 (3,365)	200 (26,260)
		(3,156)	(26,060)
Note 8. Trade and Other Receivables			
Trade receivables		33,605	25,809
Other receivables and accruals		-	
Prepayments		5,727	3,328
		39,332	29,137

Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Plant and equipment		
At cost	44,583	44,583
Less accumulated depreciation	(29,166)	(26,344)
	15,417	18,239
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	63,508	63,508
Less accumulated depreciation	(23,720)	(21,589)
	39,788	41,919
Motor vehicle		
At cost	30,182	
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,332)	
	27,850	41,919
Total written down amount	83,055	60,158
Movements in carrying amounts:		
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	18,239	21,642
Additions	-	
Disposals		
Less: depreciation expense	(2,822)	(3,403)
Carrying amount at end	15,417	18,239
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	41,919	43,459
Additions Disposals		
Less: depreciation expense	(2,131)	(1,540)
Carrying amount at end	39,788	41,919
V25-25-25-27-27-28-2		
Motor vehicle		
Carrying amount at beginning Additions	30,182	
Disposals		T to a
Less: depreciation expense	(2,332)	
Carrying amount at end	27,850	323
Total written down amount	83,055	60,158
Marine Commence of America		
Note 10. Intangible Assets		
Franchise fee At cost	71,211	71,211
At cost Less: accumulated amortisation	(66,726)	(64,485)
Second market arrow address:	4,485	6.726
Pengural properties for		
Renewal processing fee At cost	56,057	56,057
Less: accumulated amortisation	(33,634)	(22,422)
existing record of the control of th	22,423	33,635
Tetal unitary desire annual 0	500	
Total written down amount	26,908	40,361

#### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

Note 11. Tax		2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Deferred tax assets			
- accruals		257	256
- employee provisions		8,252	7,670
- tax losses carried forward	_	122,195	119,330
		130,704	127,258
Deferred tax liability		4.740	000
- deductible prepayments	_	1,718	999
	_	1,718	999
Net deferred tax asset	=	128,986	126,257
Movement in deferred tax charged to statement of comprehensive income		(2,729)	(2,233)
Note 12. Trade and Other Payables			
Trade creditors		32,943	28,504
Other creditors and accruals		2,200	2,200
		35,143	30,704
Note 13. Borrowings			
Current:			
Bank overdrafts	7	3,365	26,260
Credit card		5	
Lease liability	18_	6,113	
	_	9,483	26,260
Non-Current:			
Lease liability	18	23,083	3.5
	_	23,083	
As at balance date the above bank overdraft facility had an overdraft limit of scharged interest at the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's Business Residential Secured Interest Rate (currently 5.52% varying from time to t secured by a fixed and floating charve over the company's assets	Solutions Non-		
Note 14. Provisions			
Current:			
Provision for annual leave Provision for long service leave		12,423	15,463 5,694
a comment on help delime hadre	_	24,630	21,157
Non-Current:	_		
Provision for long service leave	_	2,876	4,409

Note 15. Contributed Equity	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
542,111 Ordinary shares fully paid of \$1 each (2011: 542,111)	542,411	542,411
Less: equity raising expenses	(52,406)	(52,406)
	490,005	490,005

#### Rights attached to shares

#### (a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank® have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

#### (b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

#### (c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

#### Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 16. Accumulated Losses	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(316,422)	(310,737)
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax  Dividends paid or provided for	20,540 (10,848)	(5,685)
Balance at the end of the financial year	(306,730)	(316,422)
207 2272200 0722 072		
Note 17. Statement of Cashflows		
Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities		
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	20,540	(5,685)
Non cash items:		
- depreciation - amortisation	7,285 13,453	4,943 13,454
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables - (increase)/decrease in other assets - (increase)/decrease in receivables - (increase)/decrease in other assets	(10,195) (2,729)	150 3,330
- increase in payables	4,440	1,627
- increase in provisions	1,940 34,734	6,153
Net cashflows provided by operating activities	34,734	23,812
Note 18. Leases		
Finance lease commitments		
Payable - minimum lease payments - not later than 12 months	7,961	12
- between 12 months and 5 years	25,874	6.54
- greater than 5 years Minimum lease payments	33,835	
Less future finance charges	(4,639)	-
Present value of minimum lease payments	29,196	
The finance lease, which commenced in September 2011, is a five-year lease. Interest is recognised at an average rate of 7% (2011: Nil).		
Operating lease commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements		
Payable - minimum lease payments - not later than 12 months	15,012	15.012
- hot later than 12 months and 5 years	12,510	28,668
Educations (Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-	27,522	43,680
The rental lease agreement on the branch premises is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, commencing 26 July 2009. There is an option available for a futher five year term, to be exercised prior to 26 April 2014.		
Note 19. Auditor's Remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the		
auditor of the company for: - audit and review services	3,400	3.400
- share registry services	2,707	1,450
- non audit services	2,386	930 5.780
	0,483	3,700

### Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited ABN 68 108 297 945 Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

#### Note 20. Director and Related Party Disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Jeanette Ellen Worthington

Marianne Dawn Glover

Stephen Joszef Lorincz

Raywin Mary Jamieson

Rebecca Claire Wells

Paul Matthew Mulder

Kathleen Anne Middleton

David Kim Swee Lim

Nadine Carol Rudd (Resigned 21 August 2012)

Barry Lyle Smith (Resigned 17 July 2012)

Geoffrey John Izard (Resigned 17 February 2012)

Jeanette Worthington is a Partner of Worthington Electrics who provide electrical services to the Company. During the financial year the total benefit Worthington Electrics received was \$168 (2011: Nil).

No other director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Directors' Shareholdings	2012	2011
Jeanette Ellen Worthington	5,001	5,001
Marianne Dawn Glover	1	1
Stephen Joszef Lorincz	1	1
Raywin Mary Jamieson	1	1
Rebecca Claire Wells	1	1
Paul Matthew Mulder		0.50
Kathleen Anne Middleton		
David Kim Swee Lim	8	膜
Nadine Carol Rudd (Resigned 21 August 2012)	2	7.0
Barry Lyle Smith (Resigned 17 July 2012)	5,001	5,001
Geoffrey John Izard (Resigned 17 February 2012)	6,001	6,001

There was no movement in directors' shareholdings during the year.

#### Note 21. Key Management Personnel Disclosures

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Note 22	Earnings Per Share	2012 1	2011	
(4)	Profit(loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	20,540	(5,685)	
440	Weighted everage number of ordinary shares used as the	Number	Number	
(In	denominator in calculating basic samings per share	542.411	542.411	

#### Note 23. Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

#### Note 24. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

#### Note 25. Segment Reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates Community Bank® services in Merbein and aurounding districts pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

#### Note 25. Registered Office/Principal Place of Business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office 68 Commercial Street Mecbein VIC 3505 Principal Place of Business 66 Commercial Street Merbein VIC 3505

Note 27. Financial Instruments

#### Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

#### Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

#### Interest Rate Risk

				Flxe	ed interect i	rate maturir	ng In					
Financial Instrument	Floating Interest rate		1 year or less		Over 1 to 6 years		Over 6 years		Non Interest bearing		Weighted average effective interest rate	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012 %	2011 %
Financial Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	200	2.54	0.65
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,605	25,810	N/A	N/A
Financial Liabilities												
Borrowings	3,370	26,260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.35	6.82
Finance lease	-	-	6,113	-	23,083	-	-	-	-		7.00	N/A
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,086	25,640	N/A	N/A

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Merbein District Community Financial Services Limited, we state

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Marianne Dawn Glover, Chairman

Signed on the 24th of September 2012.

Mariann Dogoen.



#### Independent auditor's report to the members of Picton & District Community Enterprises Limited

#### Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Picton & District Community Enterprises Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2012, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

#### Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making fair accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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#### Independence

In conducting our audit we have compiled with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2002. We have given to the directors of the company a written auditor's independence declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

#### Auditor's opinion on the financial report

In our opinion:

- 1) The financial report of Picton & District Community Enterprises Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

#### Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Picton & District Community Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

David Hutchings Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigs Vic 3550

Dated: 26 September 2012