

Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited

Community Bank Mt Evelyn & Districts

ABN 93 096 782 240



Contents

Chairman's report	2
Manager's report	4
Community support	5
Directors' report	6
Auditor's independence declaration	12
Financial statements	13
Notes to the financial statements	17
Directors' declaration	33
Independent audit report	34

In the spirit of reconciliation Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services
Limited acknowledges the Traditional Custodians of country
throughout Australia and their connections to land, sea and community.
We pay our respect to their elders past and present and extend that
respect to all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2023

Welcome to my fifth report as Chairman of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited (MEDFSL). This is our 21st year of operation.

Our values

Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited operates by the following values:

- · Commitment to exceed customer expectations
- Bendigo Bank products relevant to our respective customers' lifestyles and needs
- Being proud to be a regional and Community Bank branch in building long term relationships with our customers
- Maintaining public trust by always acting in an ethical manner
- Providing convenient access to our services
- Delivering value and ensuring equity and fairness in pricing
- Leading and empowering our staff to make a difference: and
- Contributing to the communities in which we operate.

Our vision

Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited through its Community Bank operations has, continued to provide profits that underpin enterprise and encourage generational, shareholder and community support for banking services, which in turn will lead to enhanced community and work environments strengthened by ethical governance.

Our mission

We have focused on providing a level and breadth of banking services that build confidence and trust, thereby engaging the community to ensure long-term sustainability and growth for the business, partnerships, community and shareholders. We have continued to achieve through excellence, equality, integrity, loyalty, respect and trust.

Our current position

The Board is always committed to high performance and ensuring we keep our community engagement strong with mutually beneficial outcomes for the organisations and people we deal with.

The banking and finance sectors continue to be extremely competitive and this year we have seen an extraordinary increase in interest rates as a result of Reserve Bank decisions and increased cost of living pressures in the general economy.

In spite of these challenges our business activity has continued to be robust and we have been able to achieve an annual net profit after tax of \$627,683 compared to \$294,481 last year (see enclosed Financial Statements). Our profit is determined by the makeup of our book, interest rates, our costs and the Bendigo Bank funding model for Community Banks.

Given the environment we are operating in this is a very good result and is the highest profit recorded by Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited.

Our results have been achieved through the continued dedication and strong management of our Senior Branch Manager David Watt along with his committed and dedicated team. David has provided strong leadership for over 21 years and has created a supportive team environment for the staff to deliver Bendigo Bank products and services.

After 21 years of outstanding service to our company and the community David is moving to retirement. We are deeply indebted to David for his contribution in establishing and leading our Community Bank for such a long period. He is highly regarded amongst customers and community groups and we wish him well in his retirement.

We are pleased to have our long serving and capable Senior Lending Manager Ann Peters appointed as our new Branch Manager.

A special thanks to our staff who provide the highest standard of service to our customers and we received many compliments from our customers during the year confirming this.

Chairman's report (continued)

Directors

We continue to have a strong Board to deliver the corporate governance, monitor risks, meet all fiduciary requirements and protect shareholders' assets. Your Board continues to work as a team to ensure the smooth operation of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited. Each member of the Board has their own area of expertise that gives the Board an important balance and stability.

I would like to acknowledge the work of my other Directors, Gai Williams Deputy Chair, Laura Lilley Company Secretary/Treasurer, Gareth Little-Hales, Lisa Glassborow, Steve Martin, and Leigh Brown for their continued support. Our Board is diverse and each member adds their own expertise to the running of our company.

The Environment

We invested in a Solar system for our branch in November 2021 and a recent 12 month review has shown our energy bills have reduced by 60%. This demonstrates our Board's commitment to reducing our carbon footprint and supporting Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's commitment to improve climate outcomes.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

I would like to acknowledge our Bendigo Bank support team.

Thanks to Chris Cahir our Regional Manager for his strong support to our team and also myself during what has been a very busy year.

Thanks also to the Yarra Ranges Regional Office team for their support.

Sponsorships & Grants

We have continued to support a diverse range of community groups to enable them to deliver their individual activities. This creates stronger healthier community groups which affects us all in one way or another and makes the Yarra Valley a better place to live

The Mt Evelyn Sports & Community pavilion opened in August 2023. Due to the significance and impact it will have across Mt Evelyn and the wider community, Community Bank Mt Evelyn provided a special grant of \$250,000 from the Community Enterprise Foundation™ towards the fit out. This ensured a quality finish for this outstanding building which will serve the general community of all ages and gender for the next 40 years.

Community Bank Mt Evelyn has contributed over \$4.0 million in sponsorship and grants to community organisations since it opened in 2002.

Summary

As your Chairman, I thank you, our shareholders, for your ongoing support. This allows our Board and staff to continue representing the company within the community in which we operate.

We have had a strong year in a challenging environment because of the great work by our staff and Board and the support we have received from our customers.

We will continue to promote Community Bank Mt Evelyn and the great work by the branch team and we will continue to review and strive to improve the efficiency of our operations.

We are sending the Company Annual Report and Annual General Meeting correspondence via email to shareholders with a valid email address in the Share Registry system and posting a hard copy to those without an email address.

Remember it's in all of our interests to be a customer of Community Bank Mt Evelyn to ensure we can continue to support our local communities.

I look forward to meeting with you at our 2023 Annual General Meeting which this year will be at the new Mount Evelyn Sports & Community Pavilion in Tramway Rd Mount Evelyn.

When: Tuesday 28 November at 7.00pm

Where: Mt Evelyn Sports & Community Pavilion

Tramway Rd Mount Evelyn.

John Stroud Chairman

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2023

Community Bank Mt Evelyn has now been open for 21 years.

The Community of Mount Evelyn should be proud of the effort that went into creating its own Community Bank branch and the way it has supported the branch once the front doors were opened back in May 2002.

As at 30 June 2023, the business footings for our branch were \$400.7 million.

Those footings are the result of the efforts of our dedicated branch team, our Community Bank Board and fantastic community support.

We are so proud of our team with Senior Manager; David, Operations Manager Bernadette with Jan, Sharon, Paula Taylah, Amy, Charlotte, Shayla and Emily.

Shayla having joined us in Nov 2022 and has settled in well within the team.

Emily commenced maternity leave in December 2022 having her first child and plans on returning in December 2023.

Rebecca resigned in February 2022 to be a stay at home mum and assist with her husband's business with bookkeeping.

Every single member of our team has made a significant contribution to the growth of our Community Bank branch and we thank them for their outstanding efforts.

In June 2023 our Senior Manager David announced his intentions to retire, initially commencing annual leave in July 2023 followed by Long Service Leave. David has been an integral part of our business establishing strong community connections and building an extremely successful branch. His contribution over the past 21 years has been invaluable. David will be sadly missed by all staff, Board members and community Groups. We wish David all the very best for the future.

I have been appointed as Branch Manager by our Board and look forward to the exciting challenge of leading the branch team and continuing to support the community. I would also like to thank John Stroud, Board Chair, and with Gai Williams, Deputy Chair, Laura Lilley, Company Secretary and Treasurer, Prue Northey, Lisa Glassborow, Leigh Brown, Gareth-Little Hales and Steve Martin our Community Company Directors.

John is an inspirational and tireless Chair and leads a dedicated Board whose efforts are without peer.

John and the Board have been more than supportive over the year, and we thank them for their advice and encouragement.

I would also like to thank Bendigo Bank Regional and Operational Support teams.

We thank our Regional Manager, Chris Cahir and Operations Manager, Bryan Greene for their support and encouragement throughout the year.

One of the strengths of the Community Bank movement is the support of the Board of Directors and the shareholders. Please continue to play your part in the growth of Community Bank Mt Evelyn by spreading the word about the very personal banking service provided by your local Community Bank branches.

Ann Peters Branch Manager

Community support

Community Groups supported by Community Bank Mt Evelyn financial year 2023

Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Ltd (Community Bank Mt Evelyn) have continued to support a diverse range of community groups to enable them to deliver their individual activities. This creates stronger healthier community groups which affects us all in one way or another and makes the Yarra Valley a better place to live. Below is a list of Community Groups supported this financial year:-

1st Mount Evelyn Scouts
AFL Outer East Footbal Netball League
The Basin Wildcats
Bridge Builders Youth Organisation
Bungalook Creek Wildlife Shelter
Calisthenics Victoria
Coldstream Football & Netball Club
Discovery Church
Doongala Adult Riding Club Inc
Dorset Golf Club
Eastwood Bowls Club
Eastwood Golf Club
Evelyn Ridge Retirement Home
First Nations Calisthenics Club
The Foothills Foundation
Holy Fools Inc
Karaoke for All Abilities
Lilydale Bowls Club
Lilydale Eagles Soccer Club
Melba Disability Services
Mount Evelyn Sports & Community Hub
Montrose Church of Christ
Montrose Cricket Club
D-Men Montrose Coterie Group Inc
Montrose Fire Brigade
Montrose Football Club
Lilydale Montrose United Football Club
Montrose Netball Club
Montrose Primary School
Montrose Tennis Club
Montrose Township Group
Montrose Upper Land Care Group
Montrose Viking Basketball Club
Mount Evelyn CFA

Mount Evelyn Community House
Mount Evelyn Cricket Club
Mount Evelyn Football Netball Club INC.
Mount Evelyn Girl Guides
Mount Evelyn Mens Shed
Mount Evelyn Pony Club
Mount Evelyn Street Party
Mount Evelyn Tennis Club
Mt Evelyn Christian Reformed Church
Mt Evelyn Community House
Mt Evelyn Memorial Pre School
Mt Evelyn Netball Club
Mt Evelyn Primary School
Mt Evelyn RSL
Outer East Football Netball
Rotary Club of Lilydale
Share the Dignity
Special Childrens' Christmas Party
St Vincent De Paul
Stable One
The Eastern Golf Club
Yarra Glen Fire Brigade
Yarra Hills Secondary College
Yarra Ranges Athletics

Directors' report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

John David Stroud

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: John has a Graduate Certificate of Management and Certificate in Electronics as well

as extensive operational and business experience. John is semi-retired after working in the telecommunications industry for 45 years with 30 of those as an operations manager. He is a long-term member of the Mount Evelyn community and has been actively involved with numerous community groups over the years. He played football at

Mount Evelyn Football Netball Club and served as president for six years.

Special responsibilities: Chair, marketing committee representative

Laura Elizabeth Lilley

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Laura currently works as a Business Analyst with a Large Not for profit organisation.

Laura has Bachelor of Business/Arts (Korean) and is a Chartered Accountant with over 20 years experience. Laura has been a resident of Mt Evelyn since 2005. Born and raised in Lilydale (on the border of Mt Evelyn) where her parents still reside and has a strong sense of connection with the local area. Over the years has been involved in many community groups, from Tennis, Basketball and Scouts when growing up and continues

this involvement now through her family's activities.

Special responsibilities: Treasurer and Company Secretary

Gareth Little-Hales

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Bachelor of Science (Honours), Environmental Health, Dip. Business. Over 30 years

experience in local government. Emigrated from the UK in 2002 where he was a Fellow of the Institute of Home Safety. Has served on a number of community boards in UK and Australia. Past President Montrose Township Group and prior Chair of Montrose Community Bank Branch Steering Committee, and an active member of various

community organisations.

Special responsibilities: Social media manager

Gai Williams

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Bachelor of Pharmacy, A.F.A.I.P.M. Retired Pharmacist Owner and Operator for 26 years.

Previously Chair of the Board of Guardian Pharmacies Australia.

Special responsibilities: Vice-Chairman

Prue Cathley Northey

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Prue Northey is an accomplished Senior Community Relations Advisor within an

international engineering firm with expertise in forging strong connections between organisations and community. Prue's previously excelled as the Manager of Membership and Programs for an national association and as an Event Coordinator at an iconic sports center. With a Diploma of Business specialising in Event Management, and ongoing pursuit of a Master of Business Administration, Prue combines academic knowledge with practical experience. Their notable contributions include serving as Past Chairperson of Yarra Rangers Relay for Life, earning recognition as Yarra Ranges Young Citizen of the Year in 2015. Committed to leveraging their expertise in community relations, strategic planning, and project management, Prue seeks collaborative

opportunities to drive positive change and foster impactful partnerships.

Special responsibilities: Ni

Lisa Maree Glassborow

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Lisa has over 20 years' experience both in the corporate and not for profit (or 'for

purpose') sectors working in strategy, marketing communications, fundraising, events and relationship management and now runs her own small business. Lisa has lived in the local area all of her life (other than 2 years in sunny Darwin) and is grateful for her involvement with a number of local community groups over the years. Lisa is the past President of Birmingham Primary School and Fernhill Pre-school, was the Assistant Principal of Yarra Valley Calisthenics College for 11 years and has worked with the committees of Coldstream and Silvan Football Clubs over the year. Her children play basketball for Mt Evelyn Meteors, netball for Mt Evelyn Netball Club and football for Mt Evelyn Junior Football Club. Lisa believes strongly that good relationships make businesses and organisations great places to be part of and when we have lots of great places that people feel connected to, we have stronger, healthier communities. Lisa is also Company Secretary at Darlingford Wates Marina Pty Ltd and sits on the Advisory

Board of Humphris Nursery.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Steven Colin Martin

Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Steve holds Diploma in Emergency Management (fire fighting) he is a Senior Station

Officer working for FRV, a career he has enjoyed for over 13 years. Prior to joining the fire brigade, Steve was a carpenter holding a Certificate IV in Building and Construction. Steve worked in the industry for 8 years, starting as an apprentice for a local company and currently owns and manages a small building company, focused on property development. Steve is a long time member of the Mount Evelyn Community, and has been active, particularly within the Mount Evelyn Junior Club, previously coaching Auskick and junior teams. Steve is a member of the Mt Evelyn Sports Community Hub committee who are responsible for the redevelopment of the Tramway road master plan. Steve has four young children who attend school and kindergarten in Mount Evelyn.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Leigh Matthew Brown

Title: Non-executive director (appointed 3 November 2022)

Experience and expertise: Leigh is the Regional Manager Australia South in the construction sector. His previous

roles include General Manager Operations Volume Residential Builders (18 years), Operations Manager London, UK (5 years). Leigh was born and raised in Mt Evelyn and has been actively involved in many community sports, both playing, supporting and now actively with his two children. Leigh has been an Executive Committee member of the Wandin FNC for the past 10 years, including numerous other roles and has been a Life Member since 1998. Leigh really enjoys the community-based culture within local sporting clubs and sees this as a great environment for his family to be actively engage

and develop in.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Duuna Rochelle Landman

Title: Non-executive director (resigned 26 October 2022)

Experience and expertise: Diploma of Accounting, Duuna has been a business owner for 24 years. Duuna is an

active member of the Canterbury Gardens Community Bank Steering Committee and was the past treasurer of Ejays Softball Club and Chandler Park Jets Basketball.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Company secretary

The Company secretary is Laura Lilley. Laura was appointed to the position of Company secretary on 12 February 2019.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of operations

The profit for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$627,683 (30 June 2022: \$294,481).

The company has seen a significant increase in its revenue during the financial year. This is a result of the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) increasing the cash rate by 3.25% during the financial year moving from 0.85% to 4.10% as at 30 June 2023. The increased cash rate has had a direct impact on the revenue received by the company, increasing the net interest margin income received under the revenue share arrangement the company has with Bendigo Bank.

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

	2023 \$
Fully franked dividend of 5 cents per share (2022: 5 cents)	147,004

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Meetings of directors

The number of directors meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

	Вс	oard	Audit C	ommittee		Resources mittee		keting mittee
	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended
John David Stroud	11	11	3	3	3	3	3	3
Laura Elizabeth Lilley	11	11	3	3	3	3	-	-
Gareth Little-Hales	11	9	-	-	-	-	3	3
Gai Williams	11	7	3	3	3	3	-	-
Prue Cathley Northey	11	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lisa Maree Glassborow	11	9	-	-	-	-	3	3
Steven Colin Martin	11	9	-	-	-	-	3	3
Leigh Matthew Brown	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Duuna Rochelle Landman	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-

Eligible: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the relevant committee.

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 20 and note 21 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Directors' interests

The interest in company shareholdings for each director are:

	Balance at the start of the year	Changes	Balance at the end of the year
John David Stroud	5,000	-	5,000
Laura Elizabeth Lilley	-	-	-
Gareth Little-Hales	1,500	-	1,500
Gai Williams	27,000	-	27,000
Prue Cathley Northey	-	-	-
Lisa Maree Glassborow	-	-	-
Steven Colin Martin	-	-	-
Leigh Matthew Brown	-	-	-
Duuna Rochelle Landman	-	-	-

Indemnity and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 22 to the accounts.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- · all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001.*

On behalf of the directors

John David Stroud

Chair

28 August 2023

Auditor's independence declaration



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au (03) 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550

Dated: 28 August 2023





afsbendigo.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Financial statements

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	6	3,158,695	1,831,579
Other revenue		11,359	41,346
Finance revenue		43,985	8,212
Total revenue		3,214,039	1,881,137
Employee benefits expense	7	(1,031,989)	(1,059,500)
Advertising and marketing costs		(8,798)	(12,329)
Occupancy and associated costs		(24,508)	(28,252)
System costs		(26,878)	(32,696)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	7	(64,048)	(42,595)
General administration expenses		(143,177)	(164,295)
Total expenses before community contributions and income tax expense		(1,299,398)	(1,339,667)
Profit before community contributions and income tax expense		1,914,641	541,470
Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense	7	(1,077,639)	(148,828)
Profit before income tax expense		837,002	392,642
Income tax expense	8	(209,319)	(98,161)
Profit after income tax expense for the year	16	627,683	294,481
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		+	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		627,683	294,481
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	24	21.35	10.02
Diluted earnings per share	24	21.35	10.02

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of financial position for the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	2,510,303	2,060,442
Trade and other receivables	10	310,454	195,686
Total current assets		2,820,757	2,256,128
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11	794,627	834,725
Intangible assets	12	49,569	62,546
Deferred tax assets	8	35,039	45,706
Total non-current assets		879,235	942,977
Total assets		3,699,992	3,199,105
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	88,421	83,461
Current tax liabilities	8	82,251	55,459
Employee benefits	14	145,246	152,173
Total current liabilities		315,918	291,093
Non-current liabilities			
Employee benefits	14	2,406	7,023
Total non-current liabilities		2,406	7,023
Total liabilities		318,324	298,116
Net assets		3,381,668	2,900,989
Equity			
Issued capital	15	1,527,561	1,527,561
Retained earnings	16	1,854,107	1,373,428
Total equity		3,381,668	2,900,989

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021		1,527,561	1,225,951	2,753,512
Profit after income tax expense		-	294,481	294,481
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		-	294,481	294,481
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividends provided for	18	-	(147,004)	(147,004)
Balance at 30 June 2022		1,527,561	1,373,428	2,900,989
Balance at 1 July 2022		1,527,561	1,373,428	2,900,989
Profit after income tax expense		-	627,683	627,683
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		-	627,683	627,683
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividends provided for	18	-	(147,004)	(147,004)
Balance at 30 June 2023		1,527,561	1,854,107	3,381,668

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		3,401,396	2,007,349
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(2,674,704)	(1,578,441)
Interest received		12,933	14,269
Income taxes paid		(142,760)	(44,795)
Net cash provided by operating activities	23	596,865	398,382
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(7,588)
Payments for intangible assets		-	(64,890)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		-	20,001
Net cash used in investing activities		-	(52,477)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid	18	(147,004)	(147,004)
Net cash used in financing activities		(147,004)	(147,004)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		449,861	198,901
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		2,060,442	1,861,541
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	2,510,303	2,060,442

16

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 1. Reporting entity

The financial statements cover Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited (the company) as an individual entity, which is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is 37 Wray Crescent, Mt Evelyn VIC 3796.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 28 August 2023. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Note 3. Significant accounting policies

The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Changes in accounting policies, standards and interpretations

There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2022, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year. The amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when, it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when, it is either expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Expected credit losses (ECL) are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received. At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the ECL (if any) as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end. Due to the reliance on Bendigo Bank the company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company. The company also performed a historical assessment of receivables from Bendigo Bank and found no instances of default. As a result no ECL has been made in relation to trade receivables as at 30 June 2023.

Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except when the amount of GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the revenue or expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined as the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use, each of which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Income tax

The company is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the company's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Employee benefits provision

The liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and inflation have been taken into account.

In the absence of sufficient historical employee attrition rates, the company applies a benchmark probability rate from across the Community Bank network to factor in estimating the probability of an employee, at a given date, achieving continuous employment eligible for entitlement in accordance with legislation.

Note 5. Economic dependency

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank. The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry in April 2027.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- · methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- · security and cash logistic controls
- \cdot $\;$ calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- · sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

Note 6. Revenue from contracts with customers

	3,158,695	1,831,579
Commission income	128,170	218,557
Fee income	127,928	139,234
Margin income	2,902,597	1,473,788
	2023 \$	2022 \$

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement. Under AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15), revenue recognition for the company's revenue stream is as follows:

Revenue stream	Includes	Performance obligation	Timing of recognition
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission, and fee income	When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates, interest rates and funds transfer pricing and other factors, such as economic and local conditions.

Margin income

Margin on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits

plus: any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit minus: any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission income

Commission income is in the form of commission generated for products and services sold. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation.

The company receives trailing commission for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on receipt as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of income without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission income is outside the control of the company, and is a significant judgement area.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Note 6. Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

Note 7. Expenses

Employee benefits expense

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Wages and salaries	754,573	755,334
Non-cash benefits	-	519
Superannuation contributions	122,272	112,361
Expenses related to long service leave	(10,430)	188
Other expenses	165,574	191,098
	1,031,989	1,059,500

Depreciation and amortisation expense

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Depreciation of non-current assets		
Buildings	11,886	11,885
Improvements	34,370	4,834
Plant and equipment	4,815	8,782
Motor vehicles	-	5,797
	51,071	31,298
Amortisation of intangible assets		
Franchise fee	2,163	1,492
Franchise renewal fee	10,814	9,805
	12,977	11,297
	64,048	42,595

Leases recognition exemption

2023	2022
\$	\$
Expenses relating to low-value leases 8,960	11,964

Note 7. Expenses (continued)

The company pays for the right to use information technology equipment. The underlying assets have been assessed as low value and exempted from recognition under AASB 16 Leases. Expenses relating to low-value exempt leases are included in system costs expenses.

Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Direct donation, sponsorship and grant payments	304,912	148,828
Contribution to the Community Enterprise Foundation™	772,727	-
	1,077,639	148,828

The overarching philosophy of the Community Bank model, is to support the local community in which the company operates. This is achieved by circulating the flow of financial capital into the local economy through community contributions (such as donations, sponsorships and grants).

The funds contributed to the Community Enterprise FoundationTM (CEF) are held by them and are available for distribution as grants to eligible applicants for a specific purpose in consultation with the directors.

When the company pays a contribution in to the CEF, the company loses control over the funds at that point. While the directors are involved in the payment of grants, the funds are not refundable to the company.

Note 8. Income tax

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Income tax expense		
Current tax	198,652	114,121
Movement in deferred tax	10,667	(15,960)
Aggregate income tax expense	209,319	98,161
Prima facie income tax reconciliation		
Profit before income tax expense	837,002	392,642
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	209,251	98,161
Tax effect of:		
Non-deductible expenses	68	-
Income tax expense	209,319	98,161
	2023	2022
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	*	•
Employee benefits	36,913	39,799
Accrued expenses	1,127	1,014
Income accruals	(8,478)	(715)
Property, plant and equipment	5,477	5,608
Deferred tax asset	35,039	45,706
	2023	2022
Provision for income tax	\$ 82,251	\$ 55,459

Note 8. Income tax (continued)

Accounting policy for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Accounting policy for current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Accounting policy for deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried-forward tax losses, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Note 9. Cash and cash equivalents

	2,510,303	2,060,442
Term deposits	2,359,947	1,648,186
Cash at bank and on hand	150,356	412,256
	2023 \$	2022 \$

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held with banks.

Note 10. Trade and other receivables

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Trade receivables	269,749	183,328
Other receivables and accruals	33,911	2,859
Prepayments	6,794	9,499
	40,705	12,358
	310,454	195,686

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Note 11. Property, plant and equipment

	2023 \$	2022
Land - at cost	378,030	378,030
Buildings - at cost	475,422	475,422
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(183,199)	(171,313)
	292,223	304,109
Improvements - at cost	193,357	193,357
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(98,939)	(64,569)
	94,418	128,788
Plant and equipment - at cost	198,677	216,628
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(168,721)	(192,830)
	29,956	23,798
	794,627	834,725

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land \$	Buildings \$	Improvements	Plant and equipment \$	Motor vehicles \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	378,030	315,994	133,622	24,992	42,712	895,350
Additions	-	-	-	7,588	-	7,588
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(36,915)	(36,915)
Depreciation	-	(11,885)	(4,834)	(8,782)	(5,797)	(31,298)
Balance at 30 June 2022	378,030	304,109	128,788	23,798	-	834,725
Additions	-	-	-	11,607	-	11,607
Disposals	-	-	-	(634)	-	(634)
Depreciation	-	(11,886)	(34,370)	(4,815)	-	(51,071)
Balance at 30 June 2023	378,030	292,223	94,418	29,956	-	794,627

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a diminishing value and straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Building 40 years
Improvements 40 years
Plant and equipment 2.5 to 40 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Changes in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for property, plant and equipment including useful lives, residual values, and depreciation methods.

Note 11. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The company's review of estimates resulted in changes in the useful life of some of Mt Evelyn branch leasehold improvements. The useful life had previously been assessed as 40 years until 2042. These have been fully depreciated during the period due to an expected branch fit out. The effect of these changes on actual and expected depreciation expense was as follows:

	2023	202 <i>4</i>	2025	2026	202 7 +
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(Decrease) increase in depreciation expense	29,537	(1,415)	(1,415)	(1,415)	(25,292)

Note 12. Intangible assets

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Franchise fee	79,775	79,775
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(71,123)	(68,960)
	8,652	10,815
Franchise renewal fee	110,036	110,036
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(69,119)	(58,305)
	40,917	51,731
	49,569	62,546

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Franchise fee \$	Franchise renewal fee \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	1,492	7,461	8,953
Additions	10,815	54,075	64,890
Amortisation expense	(1,492)	(9,805)	(11,297)
Balance at 30 June 2022	10,815	51,731	62,546
Amortisation expense	(2,163)	(10,814)	(12,977)
Balance at 30 June 2023	8,652	40,917	49,569

Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset class	Method	Useful life	Expiry/renewal date
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	April 2027
Franchise renewal fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	April 2027

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Change in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for intangible assets including useful lives, residual values, and amortisation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Note 13. Trade and other payables

	88,421	83,461
Other payables and accruals	19,170	77,270
Trade payables	69,251	6,191
Current liabilities		
	2023 \$	2022 \$

Accounting policy for trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Where the company is liable to settle the amount within 12 months of the reporting date, the liability is classified as current. All other obligations are classified as non-current.

Note 14. Employee benefits

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Current liabilities		
Annual leave	40,985	47,420
Long service leave	104,261	104,753
	145,246	152,173
Non-current liabilities		
Long service leave	2,406	7,023

Accounting policy for employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for salary and wages where the employee has provided the service but payment has not yet occurred at the reporting date. They are measured at amounts expected to be paid, plus related on-costs. Non-accumulating sick leave is expensed when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

An annual leave liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as salaries and wages are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The company's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised in employee benefits in the statement of financial position.

Superannuation contributions

Contributions to superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior reporting periods.

That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels plus related on-costs, experience of employee departures, and years of service achieved. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Note 15. Issued capital

	2,940,081	2,940,081	1,527,561	1,527,561
Bonus shares - fully paid (2:1)	1,412,520	1,412,520	-	-
Ordinary shares - fully paid	1,527,561	1,527,561	1,527,561	1,527,561
	2023 Shares	2022 Shares	2023 \$	2022 \$

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being \$1 per share. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Rights attached to issued capital

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

<u>Transfer</u>

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- · They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 412. As at the date of this report, the company had 500 shareholders (2022: 502 shareholders).

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

Note 15. Issued capital (continued)

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 16. Retained earnings

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Retained earnings at the beginning of the financial year	1,373,428	1,225,951
Profit after income tax expense for the year	627,683	294,481
Dividends paid (note 18)	(147,004)	(147,004)
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	1,854,107	1,373,428

Note 17. Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- · 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 18. Dividends

Dividends provided for and paid during the period

The following dividends were provided for and paid to shareholders during the financial year as presented in the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows.

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Fully franked dividend of 5 cents per share (2022: 5 cents)	147,004	147,004

Note 18. Dividends (continued)

Franking credits

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Franking account balance at the beginning of the financial year	518,371	522,579
Franking credits (debits) arising from income taxes paid (refunded)	142,760	44,793
Franking debits from the payment of franked distributions	(49,001)	(49,001)
	612,130	518,371
Franking transactions that will arise subsequent to the financial year end:		
Balance at the end of the financial year	612,130	518,371
Franking credits (debits) that will arise from payment (refund) of income tax	82,251	55,459
Franking credits available for future reporting periods	694,381	573,830

The ability to utilise franking credits is dependent upon the company's ability to declare dividends. The tax rate at which future dividends will be franked is 25%.

Accounting policy for dividends

Dividends are recognised in the financial year they are declared.

Note 19. Financial instruments

	0000	2000
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Trade and other receivables	303,660	186,187
Cash and cash equivalents	2,510,303	2,060,442
	2,813,963	2,246,629
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	88,421	83,461

Accounting policy for financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The company's financial instruments include trade debtors and creditors, cash and cash equivalents, and lease liabilities.

Trade receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price when they originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs (where applicable), when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the rights are transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and rewards associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial risk management

The company has exposure to credit, liquidity and market risk arising from financial instruments. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not use derivative instruments. Risk management is carried out directly by the board.

Note 19. Financial instruments (continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$2,510,303 at 30 June 2023 (2022: \$2,060,442).

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers.

The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings of the bank. Bendigo Bank was rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2023				
Trade and other payable	88,421	-	-	88,421
Total non-derivatives	88,421	-	-	88,421

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2022				
Trade and other payables	83,461	-	-	83,461
Total non-derivatives	83,461	-	-	83,461

Note 20. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were directors of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements.

John David Stroud
Laura Elizabeth Lilley
Steven Colin Martin
Gareth Little-Hales
Leigh Matthew Brown
Gai Williams
Duuna Rochelle Landman

Prue Cathley Northey

Compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised the following.

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Short-term employee benefits	68,685	70,769
Post-employment benefits	16,456	11,401
	85,141	82,170

Compensation of the company's key management personnel includes salaries and superannuation.

Note 21. Related party transactions

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
A directors husband provided electrical services during the period. The amount paid exclusive of GST was:	-	1,200
A directors son provided graphic design services during the period. The amount paid exclusive of GST was:	500	180

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Note 22. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Andrew Frewin Stewart, the auditor of the company:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Audit services		
Audit or review of the financial statements	5,400	5,200
Taxation advice and tax compliance services	1,060	1,325
General advisory services	1,990	1,990
Share registry services	5,762	5,573
	8,812	8,888
	14,212	14,088

Note 23. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Profit after income tax expense for the year	627,683	294,481
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	64,048	42,595
Net loss on disposal of non-current assets	634	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	18,732
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in trade and other receivables	(114,768)	(48,290)
Decrease in income tax refund due	-	13,869
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	10,667	(15,962)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(6,647)	29,047
Increase in provision for income tax	26,792	55,459
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	(11,544)	13,451
Decrease in other provisions		(5,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	596,865	398,382

Note 24. Earnings per share

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax	627,683	294,481

	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	2,940,081	2,940,081
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	2,940,081	2,940,081

	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	21.35	10.02
Diluted earnings per share	21.35	10.02

Accounting policy for earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Note 25. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 26. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

Note 27. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Directors' declaration

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the notes to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30
 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become
 due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

John David Stroud Chair

28 August 2023

Independent audit report



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au (03) 5443 0344

Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- Statement of changes in equity
- Statement of cash flows
- Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies
- The directors' declaration of the company.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

afsbendigo.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. $\label{eq:liability}$



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au (03) 5443 0344

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report may also include "other information" on the company's operations and financial results and financial position as set out in the financial report, typically in a Chairman's report and Manager's report, and reports covering governance and shareholder matters.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify that a material inconsistency appears to exist when we read the annual report (or become aware that the other information appears to be materially misstated), we will discuss the matter with the directors and where we believe that a material misstatement of the other information exists, we will request management to correct the other information. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

afsbendigo.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.





Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au (03) 5443 0344

Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550

Dated: 28 August 2023

Joshua Griffin Lead Auditor

afsbendigo.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Community Bank · Mt Evelyn & Districts Shop 2, 35-39 Wray Crescent, Mt Evelyn VIC 3796 Phone: 03 9737 1833 Fax: 03 9737 1844 Web: bendigobank.com.au/mtevelyn

Franchisee: Mt Evelyn & Districts Financial Services Limited ABN: 93 096 782 240 Shop 2, 35-39 Wray Crescent, Mt Evelyn VIC 3796



