

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

ABN 55 141 660 086

# ANNUAL REPORT 2013

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# Chairman's report

#### For year ending 30 June 2013

I am pleased to report another very successful year of growth for Yea & District **Community Bank®** Branch. At 1 July 2012 our business on the book was some \$33 million and at year's end had grown to over \$45 million. This is a growth rate of 36% and exceeded our budget projections for the year by some \$4 million. On the other side of our budget expenses have come in as projected. At the outset, our prospectus projected business on the books at this stage to be around \$47 million, so in a climate of difficult financial conditions, I believe this is an excellent result.

The difficult financial conditions in Australia and worldwide have however had an effect on our margins. These margin changes have been beyond our control. We had hoped to be reaching break-even point at about this stage but we believe this point will now be delayed some 12 months. In consultation with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank management, the Board has been making every effort to improve our profitability. One of these measures has been to open an agency in Alexandra at the Alexandra Newsagency. We appreciate the support of Jenny and Graeme and staff in this new venture.

The Board has been reassured by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank that we are progressing well and we will have their full support to grow our business.

At our level of business we now receive over \$45,000 annually as our Marketing and Development Fund. These funds are used for promotion of our branch and the major part of this promotion is in the way of support for community organisations. This coming year over \$40,000 will go to local organisations. These funds are not only used to attract new business to our branch but also to support those groups that are already supporting us. This level of support to community groups has never happened in Yea before. And it will keep increasing. I think this is a wonderful benefit to our District.

On behalf of the Board I would like to acknowledge and thank the staff at our branch, lead by Manager, Lyn Southurst, for their continued excellent work and contribution our business. I would also like to thank management and staff of the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank for their constant support and cooperation.

We look forward to continued growth this year and encourage all shareholders to continue to support and advocate for us.

Gary Pollard Chairman

Cary Pollar

# Manager's report

#### For year ending 30 June 2013

I am pleased to submit my Manager's report for the year ending 30 June 2013. I am extremely proud of our achievements over the past year.

During the past 12 months our business grew substantially, with deposits and lending balances now \$45.258 million. This represents growth of \$11.614 million, an increase of 34.52 % from the previous year.

In comparison to our prospectus, a portfolio of \$44.4 million was projected for the end of third year of trading as at 26 August 2013. Currently we have achieved 101.80% of this overall forecast base, however our lending portfolio is less than projected.

Our customer base has seen an increase of 30%, which is an excellent result.

We have contributed over \$37,000 back into the community through sponsorship and community investments since we opened. This has been made possible with the assistance of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's Marketing and Development Fund as an incentive to grow our branch customer and business base.

In January we expanded our business to Alexandra. We welcome Jenny and Graeme Coombs, Stacey, Sam and Linda to our team. The Agency is located at Alexandra Newsagency & Lotto in Grant Street. Opening hours align with the branch's trading hours and they provide real-time banking which means immediate update. Agency staff can open new accounts and arrange any lending requirements. I am also available for appointments in Alexandra each Wednesday.

Our progress would not have been achieved without the hard work and commitment from staff who work tirelessly in a proficient and professional manner, whilst providing an exceptional level of service and expert advice on the broad range of financial services. Our team also volunteer in community group activities and events, which is a great effort. Our Board of Directors, ably lead by Gary Pollard Chairman impart enthusiastic input to the team as we strive to maintain our growth rate. Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's administration provide invaluable assistance and direction led by and most importantly, the continued support from our shareholders, customers and community groups. My heart felt thanks to you all.

We are confident that our business will continue to grow and feed into prosperity as the **Community Bank®** branch's unique philosophy resonates with customers and community groups.

The message is simple. Clearly, the greater support from a banking perspective, the greater the local contributions to community projects will be.

Once again, thank you to all who have assisted with our progress, and I look forward to sharing our continued progress with you.

Lyn Southurst

Branch Manager

# Bendigo and Adelaide Bank report

#### For year ending 30 June 2013

This year has marked two very significant milestones for our **Community Bank®** network, celebrating its 15th anniversary of operation while also reaching \$100 million in community contributions. Both achievements could not have been accomplished without your ongoing support as shareholders and customers.

The **Community Bank**® network has grown considerably since it was first launched in 1998, in partnership with the people from the western Victorian farming towns of Rupanyup and Minyip. For these communities the **Community Bank**® model was seen as a way to restore branch banking services to the towns, after the last of the major banks closed its services. But in the years since, the **Community Bank®** model has become so much more.

The **Community Bank®** network has returned more than \$20 million in contributions to local communities in this financial year alone. Our branches have been able to fund health services, sports programs, aged care facilities, education initiatives, community events and much more.

These contributions have come at a time of continued economic uncertainty, and shows the high level of support the **Community Bank®** model has in the communities in which it operates.

While our established branches grow their business at a healthy rate, demand for the model in other communities continues to be strong. There are currently another 40 **Community Bank®** sites in development, and 15 new branches are expected to open in the next 12 months.

At the end of the financial year 2012/13 the Community Bank® network had achieved the following:

- · Returns to community \$102 million
- Community Bank® branches 298
- Community Bank® branch staff more than 1,460
- Community Bank® company Directors 1,925
- · Banking business \$24.46 billion
- Customers 640,159
- · Shareholders 72,062
- Dividends paid to shareholders since inception \$30.88 million.

Almost 300 communities have now partnered with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, to not only enhance banking services, but more importantly take the profits their banking business generates and reinvest it in local groups and projects that will ultimately strengthen their community. This \$100 million goes to new community facilities, improved services, more opportunities for community engagement activities and generally speaking, a more prosperous society.

The communities we partner with also have access to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's extensive range of other community building solutions including the Community Enterprise Foundation™ (philanthropic arm), Community Sector Banking (banking service for not-for-profit organisations), Generation Green™ (environment and sustainability initiative), Community Telco® (telecommunications solution), tertiary education scholarships and Community Enterprises that provide **Community Bank®** companies with further development options.

In Bendigo and Adelaide Bank, your **Community Bank®** company has a committed and strong partner and over the last financial year our company has continued its solid performance.

# Bendigo and Adelaide Bank report (continued)

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank remains one of the few banks globally to be awarded an upgraded credit rating since the onset of the Global Financial Crisis. Our Bank continues to be rated at least "A-" by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch in recognition of its strong performance in the face of what continues to be a challenging economic environment.

While continued ratings affirmation is a welcome boost for the Bank and its partners, trading conditions are still difficult, with consumer confidence and demand for credit remaining low, and competition remaining very strong for retail deposits.

Not surprisingly, these factors continue to place pressure on the 50/50 margin share agreement between the Bank and our **Community Bank®** partners. As a result some **Community Bank®** companies are receiving much more than 50 per cent of revenue earned.

In April, the Bank took a further step to restore this balance, ensuring that the **Community Bank®** model produced a more appropriate balance of return for all stakeholders within this partnership model. The Bank will continue to review this remuneration model to ensure it is fair and equitable for all parties and is as resilient as possible to the fast changing economic environment.

It continues to be Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's vision to be Australia's leading customer-connected bank. We believe our strength comes from our focus on the success of our customers, people, partners and communities. We take a 100-year view of our business; we listen and respect every customer's choice, needs and objectives. We partner for sustainable long-term outcomes and aim to be relevant, connected and valued.

This is what drives each and every one of our people and we invite you as **Community Bank®** shareholders to support us as we work with your community to deliver on our goals and ensure our sustained and shared success.

As **Community Bank®** shareholders you are part of something special, a unique banking movement which has evolved into a whole new way of thinking about banking and the role it plays in modern society.

With the community's support, there really is no limit to what can be achieved under the **Community Bank®** model, and I look forward to seeing what the next 15 years will bring.

I thank you for your important support of your local **Community Bank®** branch.

Robert Musgrove

**Executive Community Engagement** 

# Directors' report

### For the financial year ended 30 June 2013

Your Directors submit their report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

#### **Directors**

The names and details of the company's Directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year are:

Name and position held	Qualifications	Experience and other Directorships
Gary Pollard Board member since 2010 Chairman	B.Pharm.	Community Pharmacist
James Osborne Board member since 2010 Treasurer	FCPA. FCIS	Grazier, Financial Manager
Russell Wealands Board member since 2010 Director	Dip CE EWS	Water management Consultant
David Roberts  Board member since 2010  Company Secretary	B.Sc (Hons) M.Sc	Mixed Farming, Cattle & Herbs
Gordon Handsaker Board member since 2010 Director		Retired
Peter Heath Board member since 2010 Director	DFSM MBBS FRCOG FRANZCOG	Medical Consultant
Susan Devereaux Board member since 2010 Director		Hobby Farmer, Bookkeeper
Kim Chadband Board member since 2010 Director		Project Manager
Karli Chase Board member since 2012 Director		Director

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

## Directors' report (continued)

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in providing **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

#### **Review of operations**

The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after providing for income tax was (\$122,890) (2012: (\$114,362)), which is a 7.45% increase as compared with the previous year.

The net assets of the company have decreased to \$390,792 (2012: \$513,682). The decrease is largely due to the operating performance of the company.

#### **Dividends**

No dividends were paid or proposed by the company during the period.

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

No significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

#### **Events subsequent to reporting date**

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affect or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future financial years.

#### **Remuneration report**

#### Remuneration policy

There has been no remuneration policy developed as Director positions are held on a voluntary basis and Directors are not remunerated for their services.

#### Remuneration benefits and payments

Other than detailed below, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

The Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited has accepted the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's **Community Bank®** Directors Privileges package. The package is available to all Directors who can elect to avail themselves of the benefits based on their personal banking with the branch. There is no requirement to own Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shares and there is no qualification period to qualify to utilize the benefits. The package mirrors the benefits currently available to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shareholders.

The Directors have estimated the total benefits received from the Directors Privilege Package to be \$Nil for the year ended 30 June 2013.

## Directors' report (continued)

#### **Indemnifying Officers or Auditor**

The company has agreed to indemnify each Officer (Director, Secretary or employee) out of assets of the company to the relevant extent against any liability incurred by that person arising out of the discharge of their duties, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving dishonesty, negligence, breach of duty or the lack of good faith. The company also has Officers Insurance for the benefit of Officers of the company against any liability occurred by the Officer, which includes the Officer's liability for legal costs, in or arising out of the conduct of the business of the company or in or arising out of the discharge of the Officer's duties.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the company.

#### **Directors' meetings**

The number of Directors' meetings held during the year were 12. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Director	Board meetings*	Audit committee meetings*
Gary Pollard	9 (11)	1 (1)
James Osborne	9 (11)	N/A
Russell Wealands	10(11)	N/A
David Roberts	11(11)	N/A
Gordon Handsaker	8(11)	N/A
Peter Heath	9 (11)	1 (1)
Susan Devereaux	10(11)	N/A
Kim Chadband	7(11)	1 (1)
Karli Chase	9(11)	N/A

# The first number is the meetings attended while in brackets is the number of meetings eligible to attend. N/A - not a member of that Committee.

#### Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of providing banking services to the community.

#### **Environmental regulations**

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation. However, the Board believes that the company has adequate systems in place for the management of its environment requirements and is not aware of any breach of these environmental requirements as they apply to the company.

# Directors' report (continued)

#### Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

#### **Company Secretary**

David Earsley Roberts has been the Company Secretary of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited since 2 September 2010. David's qualifications and experience include being an executive member of Western Mining Corporation's global exploration management team. David spent 31 years in mineral exploration and mining geology in Australia and in 12 countries internationally.

#### **Auditor independence declaration**

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set at page 10 of this financial report. No Officer of the company is or has been a partner of the Auditor of the company.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Yea, Victoria on 26th September 2013.

**Gary Robert Pollard** 

Cary Pollar

Director

# Auditor's independence declaration



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Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2013 there has been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**RICHMOND SINNOTT & DELAHUNTY** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

**Warren Sinnott** 

Partner Bendigo

Dated at Bendigo, 26 September 2013

# Financial statements

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
Revenue	2	278,134	276,506
Employee benefits expense	3	(244,779)	(239,782)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(38,182)	(38,931)
Other expenses		(149,763)	(139,446)
Operating profit/(loss) before charitable			
donations & sponsorships		(154,590)	(141,653)
Charitable donations and sponsorships		(15,672)	(12,486)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense		(170,262)	(154,139)
Tax expense / (benefit)	4	(47,372)	(39,777)
Profit/(loss) for the year		(122,890)	(114,362)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		(122,890)	(114,362)
Profit/(loss) attributable to:			
Members of the company		(122,890)	(114,362)
Total		(122,890)	(114,362)
Earnings per share (cents per share)			
- Basic for profit / (loss) for the year	20	(14.98)	(13.94)
- Diluted for profit / (loss) for the year	20	(14.98)	(13.94)

# Financial statements (continued)

# Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	75,374	210,562
Trade and other receivables	7	27,690	29,757
Total current assets		103,064	240,319
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	118,645	134,827
Deferred tax asset	4	150,753	103,381
Intangible assets	9	59,720	81,720
Total non-current assets		329,118	319,928
Total assets		432,182	560,247
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	26,644	32,612
Provisions	11	14,746	13,953
Total current liabilities		41,390	46,565
Total liabilities		41,390	46,565
Net assets / (liabilities)		390,792	513,682
Equity			
Issued capital	12	792,829	792,829
Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)	13	(402,037)	(279,147)
Total equity		390,792	513,682

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# Financial statements (continued)

# Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	Issued Capital \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2011		792,829	(164,785)	628,044
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(114,362)	(114,362)
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners				
Dividends paid or provided	21	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2012		792,829	(279,147)	513,682
Balance at 1 July 2012		792,829	(279,147)	513,682
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(122,890)	(122,890)
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners				
Dividends paid or provided	21	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2013		792,829	(402,037)	390,792

# Financial statements (continued)

# Statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from clients		302,296	286,887
Payments to suppliers and employees		(442,681)	(397,351)
Interest received		5,197	11,884
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	14b	(135,188)	(98,580)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		-	(2,418)
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		-	(2,418)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Dividends paid		-	_
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		-	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(135,188)	(100,998)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year		210,562	311,560
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<b>14</b> a	75,374	210,562

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the financial statements

#### For year ended 30 June 2013

The financial statements and notes represent those of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited.

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited ('the company') is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 2nd September 2013.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements, that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a for profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the Australian Accounting Standards Board has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, were applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

#### (b) Income tax

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are brought to account at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Land and buildings are measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Class of asset	Depreciation rate
Plant & Equipment	4-100%

#### Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

#### Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount which is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation on buildings and accumulated impairment losses.

Fair value is determined by reference to market based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date.

#### (d) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset is impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the company makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

#### (e) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are presented on a gross basis.

The GST components of investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (f) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from the services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may not satisfy any vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows attributable to the employee benefits.

#### (g) Intangibles

Establishment costs have been initially recorded at cost and amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum. The current amortisation charges for intangible assets are included under depreciation and amortisation expense per the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

#### (h) Cash

Cash on hand and in banks are stated at nominal value. Bank overdrafts are shown as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (i) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Revenue comprises service commissions and other income received by the company.

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

#### (j) Receivables and payables

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months at the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollected debts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company and are recognised as a current liability.

#### (k) New accounting standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the company.

The company has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements. The company's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the company but applicable in the future reporting periods is set below:

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (k) New accounting standards and interpretations not yet adopted (continued)

(i) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2010), AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2009)

AASB 9 (2009) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Under AASB 9 (2009), financial assets are classified and measured based on the business model in which they are held and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. AASB 9 (2010) introduces additions relating to financial liabilities. The IASB currently has an active project that may result in limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements of AASB 9 and add new requirements to address the impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

AASB 9 (2010 and 2009) are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of AASB 9 (2010) is not expected to have an impac on the company's financial assets or financial liabilities.

#### (ii) AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement (2011)

AASB 13 provides a single source of guidance on how fair value is measured, and replaces the fair value measurement guidance that is currently dispersed throughout Australian Accounting Standards. Subject to limited exceptions, AASB 13 is applied when fair value measurements or disclosures are required or permitted by other AASBs. The company is currently reviewing its methodologies in determining fair values. AASB 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with early adoption permitted.

#### (iii) AASB 119 Employee Benefits (2011)

AASB 119 (2011) changes the definition of short-term and other long-term employee benefits to clarify the distinction between the two. For defined benefit plans, removal of the accounting policy choice for recognition of actuarial gains and losses is not expected to have any impact on the company. However, the company may need to assess the impact of the change in measurement principles of expected return on plan assets. AASB 119 (2011) is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with early adoption permitted.

#### (I) Loans and borrowings

All loans are measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

#### (m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which is probable that the outflow of economic benefits will result and the outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

#### (n) Share capital

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### (o) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (p) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company. Estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities are as follows:

#### Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation changes for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives.

#### Income tax

The company is subject to income tax. Significant judgement is required in determining the deferred tax asset or the provision for income tax liability. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when it is considered sufficient future profits will be generated. The assumptions made regarding future profits is based on the company's assessment of future cash flows.

#### <u>Impairment</u>

The company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by calculating conditions and events specific to the company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value in use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

#### (q) Financial instruments

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to the profit or loss immediately.

#### Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest method or cost.

Fair value represents the amount for which an asset would be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties. Where available quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value. Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less repayments and any reduction for impairment and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

#### Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (q) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Non derivative financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

#### **Impairment**

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a loss event) having occurred, which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtor is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in payments, indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### **Derecognition of financial instruments**

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of noncash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Total revenue	278,134	276,506
	5,198	11,884
- interest received	5,198	11,884
Other revenue		
	272,936	264,622
- services commissions	272,936	264,622
Revenue		
Note 2. Revenue and other income		
	<b>2013</b> \$	2012 \$

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 3. Expenses		
Employee benefits expense		
- wages and salaries	220,549	208,297
- superannuation costs	19,226	18,274
- workers' compensation	580	503
- other costs	4,424	12,708
	244,779	239,782
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
plant and equipment	16,182	16,931
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- intangible assets	22,000	22,000
	38,182	38,931
Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) before income tax at 30% (2012: 30%)  Add tax effect of:  Non-deductible expenses  Current income tax expense	(51,079) 3,707 (47,372)	6,465
Income tax attributable to the entity	(47,372)	(39,777)
The applicable weighted average effective tax rate is	27.82%	25.81%
Deferred tax asset		
Future income tax benefits arising from tax losses are recognised at reporting date as realisation of the benefit is regarded as probable.	150,753	103,381
The applicable income tax rate is the Australian Federal tax rate of 30% (2012: 30%) applicable to Australian resident companies.		
Note 5. Auditors' remuneration		
Remuneration of the Auditor for:		
- Audit or review of the financial report	4,150	3,900

2013	2012
\$	\$

#### Note 6. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and on hand	75,374	210,562
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#### Note 7. Trade and other receivables

#### Current

	27,690	29,757
Prepayments	-	3,260
Trade debtors	27,690	26,497

#### Credit risk

The company has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

The following table details the company's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk (prior to collateral and other credit enhancements) with ageing analysis and impairment provided for thereon. Amounts are considered as "past due" when the debt has not been settled within the terms and conditions agreed between the company and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the company.

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table below) are considered to be high credit quality.

	Gross due and amount impaired	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			_	Past due but not impaired	Not past
		< 30 days	31-60 days	> 60 days	due		
2013							
Trade receivables	27,690	-	-	-	-	27,690	
Total	27,690	-	-	-	-	27,690	
2012							
Trade receivables	26,497	-	-	-	-	26,497	
Total	26,497	-	-	-	-	26,497	

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 8. Property, plant and equipment		
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	85,247	85,247
Less accumulated depreciation	(9,772)	(6,362)
	75,475	78,885
Plant and equipment		
At cost	81,004	81,004
Less accumulated depreciation	(37,834)	(25,062)
	43,170	55,942
Total written down amount	118,645	134,827
Movements in carrying amounts		
Leasehold improvements		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	78,885	82,295
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(3,410)	(3,410)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	75,475	78,885
Movements in carrying amounts		
Plant and equipment		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	55,942	67,045
Additions	-	2,418
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(12,772)	(13,521)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	43,170	55,942
Note 9. Intangible assets		
Goodwill	12,056	12,056
Franchise fee	·	•
At cost	10,000	10,000
Less accumulated amortisation	(5,668)	(3,668)
	4,332	6,332

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 9. Intangible assets (continued)		
Preliminary expenses		
At cost	100,000	100,000
Less accumulated amortisation	(56,668)	(36,668)
	43,332	63,332
Total Intangible assets	59,720	81,720
Movements in carrying amounts		
Franchise fee		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6,332	8,332
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Amortisation expense	(2,000)	(2,000)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	4,332	6,332
Preliminary expenses		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	63,332	83,332
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Amortisation expense	(20,000)	(20,000)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	43,332	63,332
Note 10. Trade and other payables		
Current		
Unsecured liabilities: Trade creditors	13,194	17,767
Other creditors and accruals	13,450	14,845
	26,644	32,612
Note 11. Provisions		
Employee benefits	14,746	13,953
Movement in employee benefits		
Opening balance	13,953	8,949
Additional provisions recognised	793	5,004
Closing balance	14,746	13,953

Total provisions	14,746	13,953
Annual leave	14,746	13,953
Current		
Note 11. Provisions (continued)		
	2013 \$	2012 \$

#### Provision for employee benefits

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 12. Share capital		
820,109 Ordinary shares fully paid of \$1 each	820,109	820,109
Less: Equity raising costs	(27,280)	(27,280)
	792,829	792,829
Movements in share capital		
Fully paid ordinary shares:		
At the beginning of the reporting period	820,109	820,109
Shares issued during the year	-	-
At the end of the reporting period	820,109	820,109

#### Capital management

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholders' meetings each shareholder is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, or on a show of hands.

The company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid. All shares rank equally with regard to the company's residual assets.

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Statement of Financial Position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

#### Note 12. Share capital (continued)

#### **Capital management (continued)**

- (i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:
  - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
  - (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2013 can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 13. Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	(279,147)	(164,785)
Profit/(loss) after income tax	(122,890)	(114,362)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	(402,037)	(279,147)

#### Note 14. Statement of cash flows

(a) Cash and cash equivalents balances as shown in the statement of financial position can be reconciled to that shown in the statement of cash flows as follows

As per the statement of financial position	75,374	210,562
As per the statement of cash flow	75,374	210,562
(b) Reconciliation of profit / (loss) after tax to net cash provided from/(used in) operating activities		
Profit / (loss) after income tax	(122,890)	(114,362)
Non cash items		
- Depreciation	16,182	16,931
- Amortisation	22,000	22,000

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Note 14. Statement of cash flows (continued)		
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- (Increase) decrease in receivables	2,067	(4,197)
- (Increase) decrease in deferred tax asset	(47,372)	(39,777)
- Increase (decrease) in payables	(5,968)	15,821
- Increase (decrease) in provisions	793	5,004
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(135,188)	(96,580)

#### Note 15. Related party transactions

The company's main related parties are as follows:

#### (a) Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority or responsibility for planning, directing or controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company is considered key management personnel.

#### (b) Other related parties

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel, individually or collectively with their close family members.

#### (c) Transactions with key management personnel and related parties

Other than detailed below, no key management personnel or related party has entered into any contracts with the company. No Director fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

The Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited has accepted the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's **Community Bank®** Directors Privileges package. The package is available to all Directors who can elect to avail themselves of the benefits based on their personal banking with the branch. There is no requirement to own Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shares and there is no qualification period to qualify to utilize the benefits. The package mirrors the benefits currently available to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shareholders.

The Directors have estimated the total benefits received from the Directors Privilege Package to be nil for the year ended 30 June 2013.

#### Note 15. Related party transactions (continued)

#### (d) Key management personnel shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited held by each key management personnel of the company during the financial year is as follows:

	2013	2012
Gary Pollard	36,001	36,001
James Osborne	57,501	57,501
Russell Wealands	10,001	10,001
David Roberts	1,001	1,001
Gordon Handsaker	1,001	1,001
Peter Heath	5,001	5,001
Susan Devereaux	4,001	4,001
Kim Chadband	15,001	15,001
Karli Chase	-	-

There was no movement in key management personnel shareholdings during the year. Each share held has a paid up value of \$1 and is fully paid.

#### (e) Other key management transactions

There has been no other transactions involving equity instruments other than those described above.

## Note 16. Events after the reporting period

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

## Note 17. Contingent liabilities and assets

There were no contingent liabilities or assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

#### Note 18. Operating segments

The company operates in the financial services sector where it provides banking services to its clients. The company operates in one geographic area being Yea, Victoria. The

company has a franchise agreement in place with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited who account for 100% of the revenue (2012: 100%).

2013	2012
\$	\$

#### Note 19. Company details

The registered office & principle place of business is: 66 High Street, Yea VIC 3717.

#### Note 20. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit / (loss) after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit / (loss) after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (adjusted for the effects of any dilutive options or preference shares).

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

Profit/(loss) after income tax expense	(122,890)	(114,362)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic and diluted		
earnings per share	820,109	820,109

#### Note 21. Dividends paid or provided for on ordinary shares

No dividends were paid or proposed by the company during the period.

## Note 22. Financial risk management

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, account receivables and payables. The totals for each category of financial instruments measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies are as follows:

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Financial assets			
Cash & cash equivalents	6	75,374	210,562
Trade and other receivables	7	27,690	29,757
Total financial assets		103,064	240,319
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	26,644	32,612
Total financial liabilities		26,644	32,612

#### Note 22. Financial risk management (continued)

#### Financial risk management policies

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has established an Audit Committee which reports regularly to the Board. The Audit Committee is assisted in the area of risk management by an internal audit function.

#### Specific financial risk exposure and management

The company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk from their use of financial instruments. There have been no substantive changes in the types of risks the company is exposed to,

how the risks arise, or the Board's objectives, policies and processes for managing or measuring the risks from the previous period.

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. For the company it arises from receivables and cash assets.

Credit risk is managed through maintaining procedures that ensure, to the extent possible, that clients and counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness and their financial stability is monitored and assessed on a regular basis. Such monitoring is used in assessing receivables for impairment. Credit terms for normal fee income are generally 30 days from the date of invoice. For fees with longer settlements, terms are specified in the individual client contracts.

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying amount and classification of those financial assets as presented in the statement of financial position.

The company's exposure to credit risk is limited to Australia by geographic area. The majority of receivables are due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

None of the assets of the company are past due (2012: nil past due) and based on historic default rates, the company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of assets not past due.

The company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and therefore credit risk is considered minimal.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash and cash equivalents:		
A rated	75,374	210,562

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company ensures it will have enough liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity management is carried out within the guidelines set by the Board.

Typically, the company maintains sufficient cash on hand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

Note 22. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (continued)

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis:

	Note	Total \$	Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years
30 June 2013					
Financial liabilities due					
Trade and other payables	10	26,644	26,644	_	-
Total expected outflows		26,644	26,644	_	-
Financial assets - realisable					
Cash & cash equivalents	6	75,374	75,374	_	-
Trade and other receivables	7	27,690	27,690	_	-
Total anticipated inflows		103,064	103,064	_	-
Net (outflow)/inflow financial instruments		76,420	76,420	-	-

	Note	Total \$	Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$
30 June 2012					
Financial liabilities due					
Trade and other payables	10	32,612	32,612	-	_
Total expected outflows		32,612	32,612	-	-
Financial assets - realisable					
Cash & cash equivalents	6	210,562	210,562	-	_
Trade and other receivables	7	29,757	29,757	-	-
Total anticipated inflows		240,319	240,319	-	-
Net (outflow)/inflow financial instruments		207,707	207,707	-	_

#### Note 22. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The company reviews the exposure to interest rate risk as part of the regular Board meetings.

The weighted average interest rates of the company's interest-bearing financial assets are as follows:

Financial assets	<b>2013</b> %	<b>2012</b> %
Cash and cash equivalents (net of bank overdrafts)	3.75%	3.75%

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the company's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact on how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit \$	Equity \$
Year ended 30 June 2013		
+/- 1% in interest rates (interest income)	754	754
	754	754
Year ended 30 June 2012		
+/- 1% in interest rates (interest income)	2,106	2,106
	2,106	2,106

The company has no exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency.

#### (d) Price risk

The company is not exposed to any material price risk.

#### Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at year end.

# Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited, the Directors of the company declare that:

- 1 the financial statements and notes of the company as set out on pages 11 to 32 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
  - (i) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which as stated in accounting policy Note 1(a) to the financial statements constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
  - (ii) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of the performance for the year ended on that date;
- 2 in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This resolution is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

**Gary Robert Pollard** 

Cary Pollar

**Director** 

Signed at Yea, Victoria on 26th September 2013.

# Independent audit report



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MURRINDINDI COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE LIMITED

#### Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101: Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

## Independent audit report (continued)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Auditor's Opinion

#### In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Richmond Sweath + Delahunky

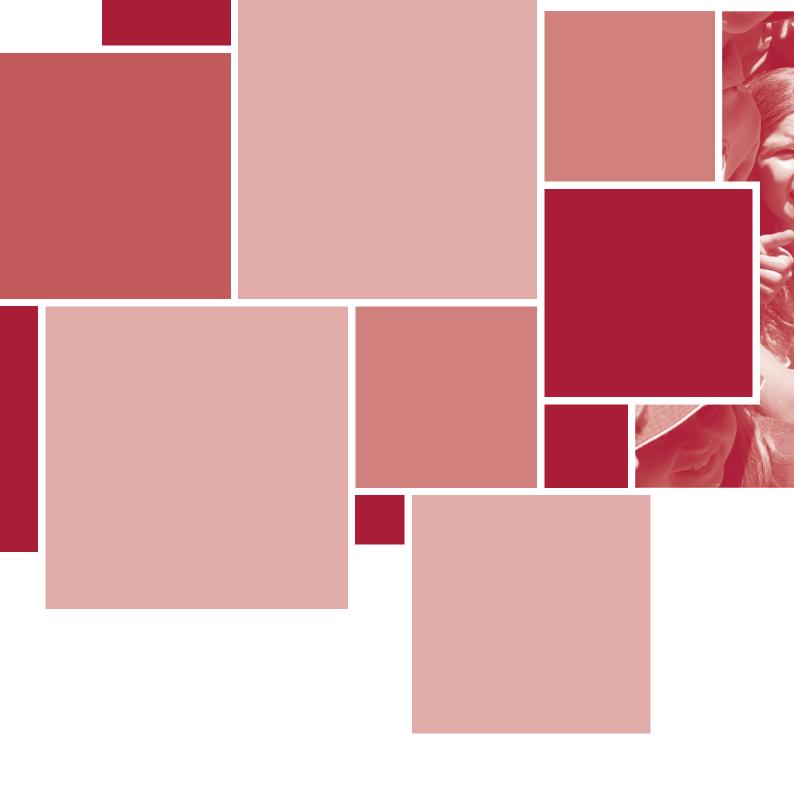
RICHMOND SINNOTT & DELAHUNTY

Chartered Accountants

W. J. SINNOTT

Partner

Dated at Bendigo, 26 September 2013



Yea & District **Community Bank®** Branch 66 High Street, Yea VIC 3717 Phone: (03) 5797 2188





Franchisee: Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

66 High Street, Yea VIC 3717 Phone: (03) 5797 2188 ABN: 55 141 660 086 www.bendigobank.com.au/yea

Share Registry: Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

66 High Street, Yea VIC 3717 Phone: (03) 5797 2651

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(BMPAR13021) (07/13)

