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Murrindindi

Community Enterprise Limited

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ABN: 55 141 660 086

Financial Report

For the year ended

30 June 2021

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Directors' Report

The directors present their report together with the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

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### Directors

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The directors of the company who held office during the financial year and to the date of this report are:

Michael John Dalmau

Non-executive director

Occupation: House-boat Broker

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Murrindindi Inc. (Regional Business & Tourism Body) President. Lake Eildon Houseboat Industry Association President. ADAS Inc. (Alexandra District ambulance Support) President. CRLEN (Central Ranges Local Learning Employment Network) Board Member and Treasurer. Murrindindi Community Enterprises Ltd T/as Yea & District Community Bank Board Member. GMW Lake Eildon Implementation Group Community Representative. Alexandra District Traders & Tourism Association Committee Member. Eildon Major Events Board Member.

Special responsibilities: Chair from 1 August 2019.

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Samantha Leigh Hicks

Non-executive director

Occupation: Self Employed Business Development and Marketing Consultant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Sam's background includes an extensive full time Ceramic career of fifteen years in Melbourne, being in the Tourism and Visitor Services Sector in Yea and Marysville for eight all whilst exploring her own artistic endeavours with her photography. Since starting her Business consultancy in 2000 Sam has been involved in local community volunteer work in Adult Education, Crown Reserve Management and Food, Wine and Tourism Business groups. Sam has a huge passion for knowledge and self-development with qualifications in Business Administration and Marketing Management (MBA MktgMgt), Diplomas in Tourism, Events, Community Development, Community Education and Project Management, Certificates in Workplace Training and Assessment, Business, Marketing, Events and Creative Volunteering.

Sam is a proud life member and Secretary of Murrindindi Food and Wine Inc., President of the Fawcett Hall Reserve Committee of Management., President of the Alexandra Indoor Heated Pool Inc., and a proud life member of Marysville Triangle Business and Special responsibilities: MCEL Marketing, Regional Vic State Marketing Committee member (Resigned 24th August 2021)

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Simeon Christopher Clay Boseley (Simon)

Non-executive director (resigned 30 June 2021)

Occupation: Director Retail & Leadership Consultant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Simeon is a highly experienced Leader, Retail Consultant and Performance Coach, who has held General Manager positions in Operations, HR and Marketing. He has been accountable for managing multi-billion-dollar business units, leading teams of over 9,000 strong and for developing and executing strategy in some of the most well-known brands in the UK and Australia, including Sainsbury's, Bunnings and Target. He founded BExceptional Pty Ltd. in 2016 and currently provides executive, leadership and performance coaching, leadership development and retail consulting services both domestically and overseas across multiple industries. He is currently finishing studies for a Masters in Psychology (MAPPCP), he has a BA (Hons) in Retail Marketing and a Diploma in Positive Psychology & Well-Being. His other credentials include a Diploma in Positive Psychology and Well-Being, and certificates in Neurobiology, Workplace Psychology and Neuro-economics.

Special responsibilities: Company Secretary

Interest in shares: nil share interest held

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interest in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

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### Company Secretary

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There have been two company secretaries holding the position during the financial year:

- Simeon Bosely was appointed as company secretary on 1 December 2019 and ceased on 30 June 2021.
- Michael Dalmau was appointed company secretary on 1 July 2021

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Directors' Report

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### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

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### Operating results

The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
\$	\$
(26,076)	10,938

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### Directors' interests

Michael John Dalmau  
Samantha Leigh Hicks  
Simeon Christopher Clay Boseley (Simon)

Fully paid ordinary shares		
Balance at start of the year	Changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-

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### Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous financial year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid in the current financial year.

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### Significant changes in the state of affairs

Since January 2020, COVID-19 has developed and spread globally. In response, the Commonwealth and State Government introduced a range of social isolation measures to limit the spread of the virus. Such measures have been revised, as appropriate, based on case numbers and the level of community transmission. Whilst there has been no significant changes on the company's financial performance so far, uncertainty remains on the future impact of COVID-19 to the company's operations.

In the opinion of the directors there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

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### Events since the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

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### Likely developments

The company is currently inquiring on potential sales of the revenue rights associated with Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited with other Community Banks. At the time of signing this report no arrangements had been entered into and the company is continuing its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

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### Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Directors' Report

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### Directors' benefits

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No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest.

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### Indemnification and insurance of directors and officers

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The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

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### Directors' meetings

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The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

*E - eligible to attend*

*A - number attended*

Michael John Dalmau

Samantha Leigh Hicks

Simeon Christopher Clay Boseley (Simon)

Board Meetings	
<i>E</i>	<i>A</i>
11	11
11	11
11	10

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### Proceedings on behalf of the company

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No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

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### Non audit services

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The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in note 27 to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Directors' Report

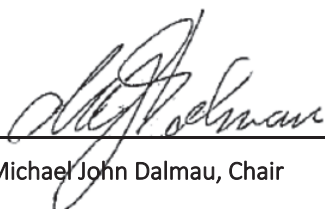
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### Auditor's independence declaration

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A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors at Yea, Victoria.



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Michael John Dalmau, Chair

Dated this 6th day of October 2021

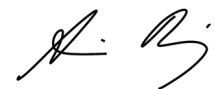
## **Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited**

As lead auditor for the audit of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited for the year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



**Andrew Frewin Stewart**  
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550  
Dated: 6 October 2021



**Adrian Downing**  
Lead Auditor

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other  
Comprehensive Income  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	8	370,036	414,141
Other revenue	9	109,867	69,388
Employee benefit expenses	10d)	(300,509)	(235,364)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion		(13,023)	(20,755)
Occupancy and associated costs		(20,255)	(18,161)
Systems costs		(35,465)	(34,571)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	10a)	(36,944)	(39,000)
Impairment losses	10b)	-	(12,056)
Finance costs	10c)	(12,653)	(15,822)
General administration expenses		(89,025)	(84,359)
<b>Profit/(loss) before income tax (expense)/credit</b>		<b>(27,971)</b>	<b>23,441</b>
Income tax (expense)/credit	11a)	1,895	(12,503)
<b>Profit/(loss) after income tax (expense)/credit</b>		<b>(26,076)</b>	<b>10,938</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the company:</b>		<b>(26,076)</b>	<b>10,938</b>
<b>Earnings per share</b>		<b>¢</b>	<b>¢</b>
- Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share:	29a)	(3.18)	1.33

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Statement of Financial Position  
as at 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 \$	2020 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	12a)	5,678	5,739
Trade and other receivables	13a)	33,753	45,393
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>39,431</b>	<b>51,132</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	14a)	54,768	60,066
Right-of-use assets	15a)	73,868	91,958
Intangible assets	16a)	57,912	71,468
Deferred tax asset	17a)	246,252	244,356
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>432,800</b>	<b>467,848</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>472,231</b>	<b>518,980</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	18a)	45,065	23,222
Loans and borrowings	19a)	7,285	267,292
Lease liabilities	20a)	24,472	22,340
Employee benefits	22a)	28,158	20,344
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>104,980</b>	<b>333,198</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	18b)	46,435	61,913
Loans and borrowings	19b)	245,696	-
Lease liabilities	20b)	90,431	114,903
Employee benefits	22b)	4,353	3,185
Provisions	21a)	12,042	11,411
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>398,957</b>	<b>191,412</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>503,937</b>	<b>524,610</b>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<b>(31,706)</b>	<b>(5,630)</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Issued capital	23a)	792,829	792,829
Accumulated losses	24	(824,535)	(798,459)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>(31,706)</b>	<b>(5,630)</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements



Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Statement of Changes in Equity  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
<b>Balance at 1 July 2019</b>		792,829	(809,397)	(16,568)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	10,938	10,938
<b>Balance at 30 June 2020</b>		<b>792,829</b>	<b>(798,459)</b>	<b>(5,630)</b>
<b>Balance at 1 July 2020</b>		792,829	(798,459)	(5,630)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(26,076)	(26,076)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2021</b>		<b>792,829</b>	<b>(824,535)</b>	<b>(31,706)</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Statement of Cash Flows  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 \$	2020 \$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Receipts from customers		524,700	528,150
Payments to suppliers and employees		(447,121)	(449,208)
Interest paid		(5,168)	(7,227)
Lease payments (interest component)	10c)	(6,853)	(7,998)
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	10e)	(14,896)	(13,985)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	25	<b>50,662</b>	<b>49,732</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(3,070)
Payments for intangible assets		(14,071)	(15,267)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(14,071)</b>	<b>(18,337)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Transfer of overdraft into interest only loan		249,546	-
Repayment of loans and borrowings		(3,850)	-
Lease payments (principal component)		(22,340)	(20,343)
<b>Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities</b>		<b>223,356</b>	<b>(20,343)</b>
<b>Net cash increase in cash held</b>		<b>259,947</b>	<b>11,052</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		(261,554)	(272,606)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year</b>	12b)	<b>(1,607)</b>	<b>(261,554)</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 1 Reporting entity

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This is the financial report for Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited (the company). The company is a for profit entity limited by shares, and incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office	Principal Place of Business
66 High Street Yea VIC 3717	66 High Street Yea VIC 3717

Further information on the nature of the operations and principal activity of the company is provided in the directors' report. Information on the company's related party relationships is provided in Note 28.

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### Note 2 Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

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#### *Basis of preparation and statement of compliance*

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 6 October 2021.

#### *Going concern*

The financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 have been prepared on the basis that the company is a going concern and it would continue its operations for a foreseeable future.

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Directors' Report. As disclosed in the financial statements, the company's financial position is as follows:

	2021 \$	2020 \$	Percentage change
Current assets	39,431	51,132	(22.88%)
Current liabilities	104,980	333,198	(68.49%)
Working capital (deficiency)	(65,549)	(282,066)	(76.76%)
Total assets	472,231	518,980	(9.01%)
Total liabilities	503,937	524,610	(3.94%)
Net assets/(liabilities)	(31,706)	(5,630)	463.16%
Accumulated losses	(824,535)	(798,459)	3.27%
Profit/(loss) before tax	(27,971)	23,441	(219.33%)
Profit/(loss) after tax	(26,076)	10,938	(338.40%)
Operating cash inflows (outflows)	50,662	49,732	1.87%
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,607)	(261,554)	(99.39%)
Available overdraft and borrowing facilities	42,715	32,708	30.59%

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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**Note 2 Basis of preparation and statement of compliance (continued)**

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*Going concern (continued)*

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility that is renewed annually. The overdraft has an approved limit of \$50,000 and was drawn to \$7,285 as at 30 June 2021. The company also has a interest only secured \$250,000 loan which was drawn down to \$245,696 as at 30 June 2021.

The bank overdraft is interest only. Interest on the secured bank loan is incurred at 2.03%. As a result \$5,169 of interest expense was incurred during the financial year.

The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company will be required to seek an increase in its overdraft facility.

The current economic environment is difficult and while revenue has declined the company has reported an operating loss for the year. The directors' consider that the outlook presents significant challenges in terms of banking business volume and pricing as well as for operating costs. Whilst the directors have instituted measures to preserve cash and secure additional finance, these circumstances create material uncertainties over future trading results and cash flows.

The company has also obtained an undertaking of support from Bendigo Bank that it will continue to support the company and its operations for the next 12 months. This support is provided on the basis that the company continues to fulfil its obligations under the franchise agreement and continues to work closely with Bendigo Bank to further develop its business.

The directors have concluded that although the combination of the circumstances above could represent a material uncertainty which cast significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a ongoing concern and that, therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. However, the directors believe with this support from the Bendigo Bank and with the measures the directors have implemented the company will continue as an ongoing concern for this financial year.

Nevertheless, after making enquiries and considering the uncertainties described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the unforeseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

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**Note 3 Changes in accounting policies, standards and interpretations**

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There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2020, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year. The amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

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**Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies**

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The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

**a) Revenue from contracts with customers**

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

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#### a) Revenue from contracts with customers (*continued*)

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement. Under AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (AASB 15), revenue recognition for the company's revenue stream is as follows:

<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Includes</u>	<u>Performance obligation</u>	<u>Timing of recognition</u>
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission, and fee income	When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

#### *Revenue calculation*

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company – margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services.

The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

#### *Margin*

Margin is arrived at through the following calculation:

- Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
- plus any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit,
- *minus* any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

#### *Commission*

Commission revenue is in the form of commission generated for products and services sold. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation.

The company receives trailing commission for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on receipt as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of income without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission income is outside the control of the company, and is a significant judgement area.

#### *Fee income*

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank Group entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

#### *Core banking products*

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies *(continued)*

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#### a) Revenue from contracts with customers *(continued)*

##### *Ability to change financial return*

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

#### b) Other revenue

The company's activities include the generation of income from sources other than the core products under the franchise agreement. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and can be reliably measured.

<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Revenue recognition policy</u>
Discretionary financial contributions (also "Market Development Fund" or "MDF" income)	MDF income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established. MDF income is discretionary and provided and receivable at month-end and paid within 14 days after month-end.
Cash flow boost	Cash flow boost income is recognised when the right to the payment is established (e.g. monthly or quarterly in the activity statement).
Other income	All other revenues that did not contain contracts with customers are recognised as goods and services are provided.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

##### *Discretionary financial contributions*

In addition to margin, commission and fee income, and separate from the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank has also made MDF payments to the company.

The amount has been based on the volume of business attributed to a branch. The purpose of the discretionary payments is to assist with local market development activities, including community sponsorships and grants. It is for the board to decide how to use the MDF.

The payments from Bendigo Bank are discretionary and may change the amount or stop making them at any time. The company retains control over the funds, the funds are not refundable to Bendigo Bank.

##### *Cash flow boost*

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, *Boosting Cash Flow for Employers (Coronavirus Economic Response Package) Act 2020* (CFB Act) was enacted. The purpose was to provide temporary cash flow to small and medium sized businesses that employ staff and have been affected by the economic downturn associated with COVID-19.

The amounts received are in relation to amounts withheld as withholding tax reported in the activity statement. This essentially subsidises the company's obligation to remit withholding tax to the Australian Taxation Office. For reporting purposes, the amounts subsidised are recognised as revenue.

The amounts are not assessable for tax purposes and there is no obligation to repay the amounts.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

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#### c) Economic dependency - Bendigo Bank

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank.

The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for the relevant Bendigo Bank entity to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

#### d) Employee benefits

##### *Short-term employee benefits*

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for salary and wages where the employee has provided the service but payment has not yet occurred at the reporting date. They are measured at amounts expected to be paid, plus related on-costs. Non-accumulating sick leave is expensed when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

An annual leave liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The company's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised in employee benefits in the statement of financial position.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

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#### d) Employee benefits (*continued*)

##### *Defined superannuation contribution plans*

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Obligations for superannuation contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

##### *Other long-term employee benefits*

The company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior reporting periods.

That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels plus related on-costs, experience of employee departures, and years of service achieved. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### e) Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

##### *Current income tax*

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

##### *Deferred tax*

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried-forward tax losses, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

##### *Goods and Services Tax*

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except when the amount of GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the revenue or expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.



# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

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#### f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of financial position and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held with banks. Bank overdrafts are shown as current liabilities within loans and borrowings in the statement of financial position.

#### g) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company.

Depreciation is calculated to write-off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is recognised in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

<u>Asset class</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful life</u>
Leasehold improvements	Straight-line	2 to 25 years
Plant and equipment	Straight-line	2 to 25 years

Depreciation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

#### h) Intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise. The company has also acquired an agency/customer list from Bendigo Bank.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company and domiciled customer accounts acquired are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present. Domiciled customer accounts acquired are recognised at cost at the date of acquisition and are assessed as having indefinite useful life. They are tested for impairment at each reporting period and whenever impairment indicators are present. The indefinite useful life is also reassessed annually.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

<u>Asset class</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful life</u>
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)
Franchise renewal process fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

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#### i) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The company's financial instruments include trade and other debtors and creditors, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and lease liabilities.

Trade receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price when they originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus, transaction costs (where applicable) when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the rights are transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and rewards associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### j) Impairment

##### *Non-derivative financial assets*

Expected credit losses (ECL) are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received. At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the ECL (if any) as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end. Due to the reliance on Bendigo Bank the company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company. The company also performed a historical assessment of receivables from Bendigo Bank and found no instances of default. As a result no ECL has been made in relation to trade receivables as at 30 June 2021.

##### *Non-financial assets*

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

#### k) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 4 Summary of significant accounting policies (*continued*)

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#### l) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost.

#### m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the company assesses whether a contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration and obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of that asset.

##### *As a lessee*

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate.

The company determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from funding sources and where necessary makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed or variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate and lease payments in a renewal option if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. For leases of property the company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if the company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

The company assesses at the lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise extension options. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

Where the company is a lessee for the premises to conduct its business, extension options are included in the lease term except when the company is reasonably certain not to exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the demised leased premises.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

##### *Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets*

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of short-term leases and low-value assets, including IT equipment. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

A short-term lease is a lease that, at commencement date, has a lease term of 12 months or less.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 5 Significant accounting judgements, estimates, and assumptions

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In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of the company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

#### a) Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

<u>Note</u>	<u>Judgement</u>
- Note 20 - leases:	
a) control	a) whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception by assessing whether the company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset and obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of that asset;
b) lease term	b) whether the company is reasonably certain to exercise extension options, termination periods, and purchase options;
c) discount rates	c) judgement is required to determine the discount rate, where the discount rate is the company's incremental borrowing rate if the rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined. The incremental borrowing rate is determined with reference to factors specific to the company and underlying asset including the amount, the lease term, economic environment and other relevant factors.
- Note 2 - going concern	whether management's assessment of uncertainties about the company's ability to continue as a going concern are appropriate.

#### b) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 30 June 2021 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is included in the following notes:

<u>Note</u>	<u>Assumptions</u>
- Note 17 - recognition of deferred tax assets	availability of future taxable profit against which deductible temporary differences and carried-forward tax losses can be utilised;
- Note 14 - estimation of useful lives of assets	key assumptions on historical experience and the condition of the asset;
- Note 22 - long service leave provision	key assumptions on attrition rate and pay increases through promotion and inflation;
- Note 21 - make-good provision	key assumptions on future cost estimates in restoring the leased premises in accordance with the lease agreement.

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### Note 6 Financial risk management

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The company has exposure to credit, liquidity and market risk arising from financial instruments. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

### Note 6 Financial risk management (continued)

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers.

The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings of the bank.

#### b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

The company maintains the following lines of credit with Bendigo Bank:

- \$50,000 overdraft facility with available facility of \$42,715. Interest is payable at a rate of 2.03% (2019: 3.205%)
- \$248,225 commercial loan facility secured by the company's assets. Interest is payable at a rate of 2.03%

The bank overdraft is repayable on demand and used for cash management purposes. It is reviewed annual by the lender, Bendigo Bank. As at balance date, the lender does not intend to reduce or end the overdraft facility within the next 12 months.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flows amounts are gross and undiscounted.

30 June 2021

<u>Non-derivative financial liability</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Contractual cash flows</u>		
		<u>Not later than 12 months</u>	<u>Between 12 months and five years</u>	<u>Greater than five years</u>
Bank overdraft	7,285	7,285	-	-
Bank loans	245,696	-	245,696	-
Lease liabilities	114,903	30,068	98,470	-
Trade and other payables	91,500	45,065	46,435	-
	<u>459,384</u>	<u>82,418</u>	<u>390,601</u>	<u>-</u>

30 June 2020

<u>Non-derivative financial liability</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Contractual cash flows</u>		
		<u>Not later than 12 months</u>	<u>Between 12 months and five years</u>	<u>Greater than five years</u>
Bank overdraft	267,292	267,292	-	-
Lease liabilities	137,243	29,193	125,793	2,745
Trade and other payables	85,135	23,222	61,913	-
	<u>489,670</u>	<u>319,707</u>	<u>187,706</u>	<u>2,745</u>

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 6 Financial risk management (*continued*)

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#### c) Market risk

##### *Market risk*

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

##### *Price risk*

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

##### *Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk*

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk.

The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$5,678 at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$5,739). The cash and cash equivalents are held with Bendigo Bank, which are rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.

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### Note 7 Capital management

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The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2021 can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

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### Note 8 Revenue from contracts with customers

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	2021	2020
	\$	\$
- Margin income	264,613	303,428
- Fee income	47,691	57,397
- Commission income	57,732	53,316
	<u>370,036</u>	<u>414,141</u>

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

### Note 9 Other revenue

	2021 \$	2020 \$
- Market development fund income	35,000	35,000
- Cash flow boost	17,543	29,238
- Other income	57,324	5,150
	<u>109,867</u>	<u>69,388</u>

### Note 10 Expenses

a) Depreciation and amortisation expense	2021 \$	2020 \$
<i>Depreciation of non-current assets:</i>		
- Leasehold improvements	2,799	3,410
- Plant and equipment	2,499	3,944
	<u>5,298</u>	<u>7,354</u>
<i>Depreciation of right-of-use assets</i>		
- Leased land and buildings	<u>18,090</u>	<u>18,090</u>
<i>Amortisation of intangible assets:</i>		
- Franchise fee	2,259	2,260
- Franchise renewal process fee	11,297	11,296
	<u>13,556</u>	<u>13,556</u>
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	<u>36,944</u>	<u>39,000</u>
<b>b) Impairment expense</b>		
<i>Impairment of intangible assets:</i>		
- Goodwill on purchase of Agency	<u>-</u>	<u>12,056</u>

In the previous financial year the company re-assessed the useful life of its cash-generating unit for business domiciled from Bendigo Bank to the company based on new information from Bendigo Bank relating to the customer product life cycle.

As a result of the reassessment, the carrying amount of 'goodwill on purchase of agency' was found to exceed the recoverable amount indicating the asset was fully impaired. As such, an impairment loss of \$12,056 was recognised for the financial year ending 30 June 2020.

c) Finance costs	2021 \$	2020 \$
- Bank overdraft interest paid or accrued	5,169	7,227
- Lease interest expense	6,853	7,998
- Unwinding of make-good provision	631	597
	<u>12,653</u>	<u>15,822</u>

Finance costs are recognised as expenses when incurred using the effective interest rate.

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 10 Expenses (continued)**

<b>d) Employee benefit expenses</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Wages and salaries	275,656	207,822
Contributions to defined contribution plans	24,369	18,890
Expenses related to long service leave	(1,320)	(11,637)
Other expenses	1,804	20,289
	<u>300,509</u>	<u>235,364</u>

**e) Recognition exemption**

The company pays for the right to use information technology equipment. The underlying assets have been assessed as low value and exempted from recognition under AASB 16 accounting. Expenses relating to low-value exempt leases are included in system costs expenses.

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Expenses relating to low-value leases	<u>14,896</u>	<u>13,985</u>

**Note 11 Income tax expense**

<b>a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Current tax expense/(credit)</i>		
- Future income tax benefit attributable to losses	(10,350)	(5,096)
- Movement in deferred tax	(1,395)	(12,545)
- Adjustment to deferred tax on AASB 16 retrospective application	-	16,047
- Adjustment to deferred tax to reflect reduction in tax rate in future periods	9,850	14,097
	<u>(1,895)</u>	<u>12,503</u>

Progressive changes to the company tax rate have been enacted. Consequently, as of 1 July 2021, the company tax rate will be reduced from 26% to 25%. This change resulted in a loss of \$9,850 related to the remeasurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities of the company.

<b>b) Prima facie income tax reconciliation</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Operating profit/(loss) before taxation	(27,971)	23,441
Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 26% (2020: 27.5%)	(7,272)	6,447
Tax effect of:		
- Non-deductible expenses	88	-
- Temporary differences	1,395	(3,502)
- Other assessable income	(4,561)	(8,040)
- Movement in deferred tax	(1,395)	(12,545)
- Leases initial recognition	-	16,047
- Adjustment to deferred tax to reflect reduction of tax rate in future periods	9,850	14,097
	<u>(1,895)</u>	<u>12,504</u>



Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 12 Cash and cash equivalents**

a) Cash and cash equivalents	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	5,678	5,739

**b) Reconciliation to statement of cash flows**

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash held with financial and banking institutions, and investments in short-term money financial instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are presented with loans and borrowings.

The below figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the statement of cash flows at the end of the financial year as follows:

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
- Cash at bank and on hand		5,678	5,739
- Bank overdraft	19a)	(7,285)	(267,293)
		<u>(1,607)</u>	<u>(261,554)</u>

**Note 13 Trade and other receivables**

a) Current assets	2021 \$	2020 \$
Trade receivables	26,292	33,457
Prepayments	7,461	11,936
	<u>33,753</u>	<u>45,393</u>

**Note 14 Property, plant and equipment**

a) Carrying amounts	2021 \$	2020 \$
<i>Leasehold improvements</i>		
At cost	85,247	85,247
Less: accumulated depreciation	(36,441)	(33,642)
	<u>48,806</u>	<u>51,605</u>
<i>Plant and equipment</i>		
At cost	90,070	90,070
Less: accumulated depreciation	(84,108)	(81,609)
	<u>5,962</u>	<u>8,461</u>
Total written down amount	<u>54,768</u>	<u>60,066</u>

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)**

<b>b) Reconciliation of carrying amounts</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Leasehold improvements</i>		
Carrying amount at beginning	51,605	55,015
Depreciation	(2,799)	(3,410)
	<u>48,806</u>	<u>51,605</u>
<i>Plant and equipment</i>		
Carrying amount at beginning	8,461	9,335
Additions	-	3,070
Depreciation	(2,499)	(3,944)
	<u>5,962</u>	<u>8,461</u>
Total written down amount	<u>54,768</u>	<u>60,066</u>

**c) Changes in estimates**

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for property, plant and equipment including useful lives, residual values, and depreciation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

**Note 15 Right-of-use assets**

<b>a) Carrying amounts</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Leased land and buildings</i>		
At cost	271,351	271,351
Less: accumulated depreciation	(197,483)	(179,393)
Total written down amount	<u>73,868</u>	<u>91,958</u>
<b>b) Reconciliation of carrying amounts</b>		
<i>Leased land and buildings</i>		
Carrying amount at beginning	91,958	-
Initial recognition on transition	-	271,351
Accumulated depreciation on adoption	-	(161,303)
Depreciation	(18,090)	(18,090)
Total written down amount	<u>73,868</u>	<u>91,958</u>

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 16 Intangible assets**

<b>a) Carrying amounts</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Franchise fee</i>		
At cost	32,106	32,106
Less: accumulated amortisation	(22,455)	(20,196)
	<u>9,651</u>	<u>11,910</u>
<i>Franchise renewal process fee</i>		
At cost	110,531	110,531
Less: accumulated amortisation	(62,270)	(50,973)
	<u>48,261</u>	<u>59,558</u>
Total written down amount	<u>57,912</u>	<u>71,468</u>
<b>b) Reconciliation of carrying amounts</b>		
<i>Franchise fee</i>		
Carrying amount at beginning	11,910	3,361
Additions	-	10,809
Amortisation	(2,259)	(2,260)
	<u>9,651</u>	<u>11,910</u>
<i>Franchise renewal process fee</i>		
Carrying amount at beginning	59,558	16,807
Additions	-	54,047
Amortisation	(11,297)	(11,296)
	<u>48,261</u>	<u>59,558</u>
Total written down amount	<u>57,912</u>	<u>71,468</u>

**c) Changes in estimates**

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for intangible assets including useful lives, residual values, and amortisation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 17 Tax assets and liabilities**

<b>a) Deferred tax</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	\$	\$
<i>Deferred tax assets</i>		
- expense accruals	750	779
- employee provisions	8,128	6,118
- make-good provision	3,011	2,967
- lease liability	28,726	35,683
- carried-forward tax losses	224,104	222,718
Total deferred tax assets	<u>264,719</u>	<u>268,265</u>
<i>Deferred tax liabilities</i>		
- income accruals	-	-
- right-of-use assets	18,467	23,909
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>18,467</u>	<u>23,909</u>
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	<u>246,252</u>	<u>244,356</u>
Movement in deferred tax charged to Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	<u>1,895</u>	<u>6,354</u>
Movement in deferred tax charged to Statement of Changes in Equity	<u>-</u>	<u>16,047</u>

**Note 18 Trade creditors and other payables**

Where the company is liable to settle an amount within 12 months of reporting date, the liability is classified as current. All other obligations are classified as non-current.

<b>a) Current liabilities</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	\$	\$
Trade creditors	4,142	5,685
Other creditors and accruals	40,923	17,537
	<u>45,065</u>	<u>23,222</u>
<b>b) Non-current liabilities</b>		
Other creditors and accruals	<u>46,435</u>	<u>61,913</u>

**Note 19 Loans and borrowings**

<b>a) Current liabilities</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	\$	\$
Bank overdraft	<u>7,285</u>	<u>267,292</u>

The company has an approved overdraft limit of \$50,00 which was drawn down to \$7,285. The company has \$42,715 overdraft remaining before exceeding the approved limited or required to re-negotiate the terms.

Interest is recognised using the effective interest method, currently 2.03% (2020: 3.205%).

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 19 Loans and borrowings (continued)**

<b>b) Non-current liabilities</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Secured bank loans	245,696	-

The company transferred there existing overdraft balance into an interest only loan in the period.

**c) Terms and repayment schedule**

	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
			Face value	Carrying value	Face value	Carrying value
Bank overdraft	2.03%	Floating	7,285	7,285	267,292	267,292
Secured bank loans	2.03%	Floating	245,696	245,696	-	-

**Note 20 Lease liabilities**

Lease liabilities were measured at amounts equal to the present value of enforceable future payments of the term reasonably expected to be exercised, discounted at the appropriate incremental borrowing rate on the adoption date. The discount rate used on recognition was 5.39%.

The company has applied judgement in estimating the remaining lease term including the effects of any extension options reasonably expected to be exercised, applying hindsight where appropriate.

The company's lease portfolio includes:

- Yea branch                                      The lease agreement commenced in June August 2010. A 5 year renewal option was exercised in August 2020 . The company has no renewal options available in the current lease agreement. As such, the lease term end date used in the calculation of the lease liability is July 2025.

<b>a) Current lease liabilities</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Property lease liabilities	30,068	29,193
Unexpired interest	(5,596)	(6,853)
	<u>24,472</u>	<u>22,340</u>

**b) Non-current lease liabilities**

Property lease liabilities	98,470	128,538
Unexpired interest	(8,039)	(13,635)
	<u>90,431</u>	<u>114,903</u>

**c) Reconciliation of lease liabilities**

Balance at the beginning	137,243	-
Initial recognition on AASB 16 transition	-	157,586
Lease interest expense	6,853	7,998
Lease payments - total cash outflow	(29,193)	(28,341)
	<u>114,903</u>	<u>137,243</u>

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 20 Lease liabilities (continued)**

<b>d) Maturity analysis</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
- Not later than 12 months	30,068	29,193
- Between 12 months and 5 years	98,470	125,793
- Greater than 5 years	-	2,745
Total undiscounted lease payments	<u>128,538</u>	<u>157,731</u>
Unexpired interest	(13,635)	(20,488)
Present value of lease liabilities	<u><u>114,903</u></u>	<u><u>137,243</u></u>

**Note 21 Provisions**

<b>a) Non-current liabilities</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Make-good on leased premises	<u>12,042</u>	<u>11,411</u>

In accordance with the branch lease agreement, the company must restore the leased premises to the original condition before the expiry of the lease term. The company has estimated the provision as at \$15,000 based on experience and consideration of the expected future costs to remove all fittings and the ATM as well as cost to remedy any damages caused during the removal process. The lease is due to expire July 2025 at which time it is expected the face-value costs to restore the premises will fall due.

**Note 22 Employee benefits**

<b>a) Current liabilities</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Provision for annual leave	23,522	13,220
Provision for long service leave	4,636	7,124
	<u>28,158</u>	<u>20,344</u>
<b>b) Non-current liabilities</b>		
Provision for long service leave	<u>4,353</u>	<u>3,185</u>

**c) Key judgement and assumptions**

The company uses historical employee attrition rates in determining the probability of an employee, at a given date, achieving continuous employment eligible for entitlement in accordance with long service leave legislation.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

### Note 23 Issued capital

a) Issued capital	2021		2020	
	Number	\$	Number	\$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	820,109	820,109	820,109	820,109
Less: equity raising costs	-	(27,280)	-	(27,280)
	<u>820,109</u>	<u>792,829</u>	<u>820,109</u>	<u>792,829</u>

### b) Rights attached to issued capital

#### *Ordinary shares*

#### Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

#### Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

#### Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### *Prohibited shareholding interest*

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 30 June 2021

**Note 23 Issued capital (continued)**

**b) Rights attached to issued capital (continued)**

*Prohibited shareholding interest (continued)*

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

**Note 24 Accumulated losses**

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Balance at beginning of reporting period	(798,459)	(767,093)
Adjustment for transition to AASB 16	-	(42,304)
Net profit (loss) after tax from ordinary activities	(26,076)	10,938
Balance at end of reporting period	<u>(824,535)</u>	<u>(798,459)</u>

**Note 25 Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities**

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Net profit (loss) after tax from ordinary activities	(26,076)	10,938
Adjustments for:		
- Depreciation	23,388	25,444
- Amortisation	13,556	13,556
- Impairment losses on intangible assets	-	12,056
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	11,639	(4,982)
- (Increase)/decrease in other assets	(1,895)	12,503
- Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	20,437	(9,202)
- Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	8,982	(11,178)
- Increase/(decrease) in provisions	631	597
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	<u>50,662</u>	<u>49,732</u>



# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

### Note 26 Financial instruments

The following shows the carrying amounts for all financial instruments at amortised costs. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	5,678	5,739
Trade and other receivables	13	26,292	33,457
		<u>31,970</u>	<u>39,196</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	18	4,142	5,685
Bank overdrafts	19	7,285	267,292
Secured bank loans	19	245,696	-
Lease liabilities	20	114,903	137,243
		<u>372,026</u>	<u>410,220</u>

### Note 27 Auditor's remuneration

Amount received or due and receivable by the auditor of the company for the financial year.	2021 \$	2020 \$
<i>Audit and review services</i>		
- Audit and review of financial statements	5,000	4,800
<i>Non audit services</i>		
- Taxation advice and tax compliance services	600	600
- General advisory services	2,520	2,210
Total auditor's remuneration	<u>8,120</u>	<u>7,610</u>

### Note 28 Related parties

#### a) Details of key management personnel

The directors of the company during the financial year were:

Michael John Dalmau  
Samantha Leigh Hicks  
Simeon Christopher Clay Boseley (Simon)

#### b) Key management personnel compensation

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

#### c) Related party transactions

No director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2021

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### Note 29 Earnings per share

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#### a) Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share has been based on the following profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders	(26,076)	10,938
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares	820,109	820,109
	<b>Cents</b>	<b>Cents</b>
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	(3.18)	1.33

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### Note 30 Commitments

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The company has no other commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

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### Note 31 Contingencies

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There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

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### Note 32 Subsequent events

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There have been no significant events occurring after the reporting period which may affect either the company's operations or the results of those operations or the company's state of affairs.

# Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

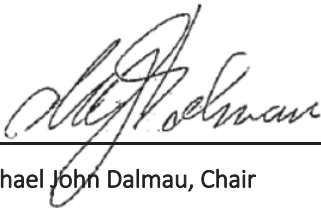
## Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.



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Michael John Dalmau, Chair

Dated this 6th day of October 2021

# Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited's (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- Statement of changes in equity
- Statement of cash flows
- Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies
- The directors' declaration of the company.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Murrindindi Community Enterprise Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Material uncertainty related to going concern

Our opinion is not modified for this matter. We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial report, which indicates that the company incurred a net loss after tax of \$26,076 during the year ended 30 June 2021, and as of that date, the company's liabilities exceeded its total assets by \$31,706. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

## Other Information

The company usually prepares an annual report that will include the financial statements, directors' report and declaration and our independence declaration and audit report (the financial report). The annual report may also include "other information" on the entity's operations and financial results and financial position as set out in the financial report, typically in a Chairman's report and Manager's report, and reports covering governance and shareholder matters.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify that a material inconsistency appears to exist when we read the annual report (or become aware that the other information appears to be materially misstated), we will discuss the matter with the directors and where we believe that a material misstatement of the other information exists, we will request management to correct the other information.

## Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

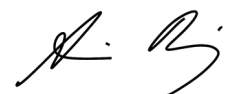
As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



**Andrew Frewin Stewart**  
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550  
Dated: 6 October 2021



**Adrian Downing**  
Lead Auditor