PINGELLY BROOKTON COMMUNITY FINANCIAL SERVICES LTD

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2012

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

For the year ending 30 June 2012

I have pleasure in presenting to shareholders the yearly report on operations of Pingelly and Brookton **Community Bank®** branches for this our 11th Annual General Meeting.

This year has been especially important to us as we celebrate the 10th year since our opening in June 2002. Both **Community Bank**® branches had a party to celebrate the milestone with Board members and staff sharing sausage sizzles and Birthday cake with our clients and community members.

To think that in 10 years we would be able to develop a business with an \$85 million book, be able to make returns to our communities of \$200,000, plus improve the value of shares by returning dividends to shareholders is quite incredible.

To be able to achieve these things our Board relies heavily on our manager and his staff. I take this opportunity on behalf of the Board and shareholders to thank and congratulate Marty and his staff on a job well done.

The Board has continued to invest in our communities with sponsorship dollars being committed to groups within our communities. This clearly demonstrates the point we have been making for a number of years. The more support we receive from our communities in banking business the more we can return by way of monitory support to community groups.

I would encourage shareholders to bank with their **Community Bank**® branch. We have shown over the last 10 years of trading that with the continued support of our communities and shareholders we can achieve great things for Pingelly and Brookton.

EVAN HODGES CHAIRMAN The 2011/2012 financial year is now over and it has again been a positive year for our combined **Community Bank®** branches. Results achieved are as follows;

- Our combined branch footings which includes other business held has grown from \$77.9 million to \$84.2 million.

A break down of these results shows;

- Deposits have increased from \$39.7 million to \$46.8 million.
- Loans have decreased from \$27.5 million to \$26.3 million.
- Other business has increased from \$10.7 million to \$11.1 million.

Our combined branch staffing has not increased in the past 12 months although we still continue to turnover staff members. We are presently advertising for a experienced Supervisor/Loan Assistant to assist the Manager with growing business levels.

We have budgeted to increase our combined loan/deposit book from \$84.2 million to \$90.8 million by the end of this financial year. This target will be difficult to achieve over a 12-month period, but we have identified several opportunities which should enable us to achieve this result.

We achieved budget target year ending 30 June 2012 with actual combined business of \$84.2 million equalling a target of \$84.2 million.

I would like to thank my branch team and my Board members who have assisted me in achieving what are considered pleasing results in a difficult financial climate.

Martin Nievelstein

Branch Manager

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited Financial Statements

as at

30 June 2012

Your Directors submit their report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year are:

Evan John Hodges

Chairman

Business Proprietor

Board member since 23 October 2001

Victor Arthur Lee

Non-Executive Director

Farmer

Board member since 23 October 2001

Gregory Ronald Carter

Non-Executive Director

Licenced Post Office Proprietor

Board member since 3 November 2005

Rosemary Anne Watts

Non-Executive Director

Farmer

Board member since 23 October 2001

Colin Noel Mills

Non-Executive Director

Farmer

Board member since 23 October 2001

Leslie Robert Eyre

Non-Executive Director

Business Proprietor

Board member since 23 October 2001

Valerie Margaret Cliff

Non-Executive Director

Teacher Aide

Board member since 5 November 2009

Brian Robert Weatherhead

Non-Executive Director

Retired

Board member since 6 November 2003

Bruce Eric John Sewell Non-Executive Director Certified Practising Accountant/Farmer Board member since 12 November 2007

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in providing community banking services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating results

The profit of the Company for the financial year after provision for income tax was \$87,857 (2011: \$121,523).

Financial position

The net assets of the company have increased by \$35,710 from June 30, 2011 to \$336,333 in 2012. The increase is largely due to continued profits generated by the company.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report.

Dividends	Year Ended 30 June 2012	
	Cents Per Share	\$
Dividends paid in the year:		
- Unfranked dividend	9	52,147

Events after the reporting period

Since balance date, the world financial markets have shown volatility that may have an impact on investment earnings in the 2012/2013 financial year. The company continues to maintain a conservative investment strategy to manage the exposure to market volatility.

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Future developments

The company will continue its policy of providing banking services to the community.

Environmental issues

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Remuneration report

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnifying officers or auditor

The company has agreed to indemnify each Officer (Director, Secretary or employee) out of assets of the company to the relevant extent against any liability incurred by that person arising out of the discharge of their duties, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving dishonesty, negligence, breach of duty or the lack of good faith. The company also has Officers Insurance for the benefit of Officers of the company against any liability occurred by the Officer, which includes the

Indemnifying officers or auditor (continued)

Officer's liability for legal costs, in or arising out of the conduct of the business of the company or in or arising out of the discharge of the Officer's duties.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company.

Directors meetings

The number of Directors meetings attended during the year were:

Director	Board Meetings #
Evan John Hodges	9 (11)
Colin Noel Mills	10 (11)
Victor Arthur Lee	8 (11)
Leslie Robert Eyre	9 (11)
Gregory Ronald Carter	10 (11)
Valerie Margaret Cliff	9 (11)
Rosemary Anne Watts	10 (11)
Brian Robert Weatherhead	6 (11)
Bruce Eric John Sewell	8 (11)

[#] The first number is the meetings attended while in brackets is the number of meetings eligible to attend.

Company secretary

Colin Mills has been the company secretary of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited since 2002. Colin's qualifications and experience include being a resident and farmer since 1965. He served as a Shire Councillor from 1977-1993, including 5 years serving as Chairman.

Corporate governance

The company has implemented various corporate governance practices, which include:

- (a) Director approval of operating budgets and monitoring of progress against these budgets;
- (b) Ongoing Director training; and
- (c) Monthly Director meetings to discuss performance and strategic plans.

Non audit services

The Directors in accordance with advice from the audit committee, are satisfied that the provision of non audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The directors are satisfied that the services disclosed in Note 5 did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non audit services are reviewed and approved by the audit committee prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided does not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES 110 "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Auditor independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2012 has been received and can be found on page 5 of this financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Pingelly on 24 September 2012.

Evan John Hodges Chairman



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The Directors Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited 7 Parade Street Pingelly WA 6308

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To the Directors of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2012 there has been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Richmond Surett & Delahunky RICHMOND SINNOTT & DELAHUNTY

Chartered Accountants

Warren Sinnott

Partner Bendigo

Dated at Bendigo, 24 September 2012

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252 Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2012

	<u>Notes</u>	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Revenue	2	836,735	828,125
Employee benefits expense	3	(372,615)	(354,585)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(33,449)	(30,334)
Finance costs	3	(22,409)	(25,756)
Other expenses		(238,398)	(213,645)
Operating profit before charitable donations & sponsorships		169,864	203,805
Charitable donations and sponsorship		(39,248)	(28,088)
Profit before income tax expense		130,616	175,717
Income tax expense	4	(42,759)	(54,194)
Net Profit for the year		87,857	121,523
Other comprehensive income			<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>87,857</u>	121,523
Earnings per share (cents per share) - basic for profit for the year - diluted for profit for the year	22 22	1.52 1.52	20.97 20.97

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252 Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2012

	<u>Notes</u>	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	54,586	74,864
Receivables	7	62,737	61,974
Total Current Assets		<u>117,323</u>	136,838
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	498,095	497,129
Deferred tax assets	4	13,596	56,355
Intangible assets	9	58,818	11,597
Total Non-Current Assets		570,509	565,081
Total Assets		687,832	701,919
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables Loans and borrowings Provisions Total Current Liabilities	10 11 12	20,390 65,236 24,794 110,420	30,700 44,316 27,579 102,595
Non-Current Liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	1 1	223,171	295,493
Provisions	12	17,908	3,208
Total Non-Current Liabilities		241,079	298,701
Total Liabilities		351,499	401,296
Net Assets		336,333	300,623
Equity Issued capital Accumulated losses Total Equity	13 14	579,410 (243,077) 336,333	579,410 (278,787) 300,623

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252 Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2012

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Notes	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Cash receipts in the course of operations Cash payments in the course of operations Interest paid Interest received		829,946 (642,972) (22,409) 342	921,471 (677,825) (25,756) 4
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	15b	164,907	217,894
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Payment for intangible assets Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		(57,768) (23,868) -	(1,762) (141,080) 16,364
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		(81,636)	(126,478)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Dividends paid Proceeds from / (repayment of) borrowings		(52,147) (51,402)	(40,559) 12,706
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		(103,549)	(27,853)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(20,278)	63,563
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year		74,864	11,301
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	15a	54,586	74,864

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252 Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2011

	<u>Notes</u>	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
SHARE CAPITAL			
Balance at start of year		579,410	579,410
Issue of share capital		-	-
Share issue costs		ten .	
Balance at end of year		579,410	579,410
ACCUMULATED LOSSES			
Balance at start of year		(278,787)	(359,751)
Net Profit for the year		87,857	121,523
Dividends paid	21	(52,147)	(40,559)
Balance at end of year		(243,077)	(278,787)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ('the Company') is domiciled in Australia. The financial statements for the year ending 30 June 2012 are presented in Australian dollars. The company was incorporated in Australia and the principal operations involve providing community banking services.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements, that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authorative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a for profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the IASB. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, were applicable, by the measurement of fair value of selected non current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements require judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the application of accounting policies. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 24 September 2012.

(b) Income tax

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are brought to account at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Land and buildings are measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Class of Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	2.5%
Furniture and fittings	20%
Motor vehicle	25%

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount which is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation on buildings and accumulated impairment losses.

Fair value is determined by reference to market based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date.

(d) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset is impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the company makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(f) Employee benefits

The provision for employee benefits to wages, salaries and annual leave represents the amount which the company has a present obligation to pay resulting from employees' services provided up to the reporting date. The provision has been calculated on undiscounted amounts based on wage and salary rates expected to be paid and includes related on-costs.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

(g) Intangibles

Establishment costs have been initially recorded at cost and amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum. The current amortisation changes for intangible assets are included under depreciation and amortisation expense per the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(h) Cash

Cash on hand and in banks are stated at nominal value.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(i) Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(j) Receivables and payables

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days. Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollected debts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) New accounting standards for application in future periods

Australian Accounting Standards that have been recently issued or amended but not yet effective have not been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These changes have been assessed by Directors and determined they will not have a material impact on the company's financial statements.

(I) Borrowings

All loans are measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

(n) Share capital

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

(o) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(p) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company. Estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation changes for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Income tax

The company is subject to income tax. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax.

Impairment

The company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by calculating conditions and events specific to the company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value in use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

(q) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to the profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest method or cost. Where available quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised costs is calculated as the amount which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Non derivative financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset is deemed impaired if and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a loss event) having occurred, which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty or changes in economic conditions.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

2. Revenue	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Revenue from continuing activities	*	Y
- services commissions	799,377	802,051
- other revenue	37,016	26,070
	836,393	828,121
Other revenue		
- interest received	342	4
	836,735	828,125
3. Expenses		
Employee benefits expense		
- wages and salaries	324,436	307,746
- superannuation costs	33,820	32,580
- workers' compensation costs		647
- other costs	14,359	13,612
	372,615	354,585
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	22,902	19,846
k 1k	,55_	10,010
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- intangible assets	10,547_	10,488
	33,449	30,334
Finance Costs:		
- Interest paid	22,409	25,756
	,	
Bad debts	123	378
4. Income tax expense		
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 30%	39,185	52,715
Add/(less) tax effect of:		
- Non-deductible/ (other deductible) expenses	3,574	1,479
	_,,	.,
Current income tax expense	42,759	54,194
Income tax expense	42,759	54,194
Defermed to a conte		
Deferred tax assets		
Future income tax benefits arising from tax losses are recognised at reporting date as realisation of the		
benefit is regarded as probable.	13,596	56,355
201.01. 10 Togalidad do probubio.	10,000	30,333

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

5. Auditors' remuneration	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Remuneration of the auditor for:	T	x
 Audit or review of the financial report Printing and share registry services 	3,900 2,734 6,634	3,900 2,164 6,064
6. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank and on hand	54,586	74,864
The effective interest rate on short term bank deposits was 4.6% (2011 - 5.6%)	
7. Receivables		
Trade debtors	62,737	61,974
8. Property, plant and equipment		
Land at cost	103,385	103,385
Buildings At cost Less accumulated depreciation	372,174 (30,459) 341,715	372,174 (21,154) 351,020
Furniture and fittings At cost Less accumulated depreciation	299,811 (268,862) 30,949	275,943 (262,613) 13,330
Motor vehicles At cost Less accumulated depreciation	32,002 (9,956) 22,046	32,002 (2,608) 29,394
Total written down value	498,095	497,129

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Movements in carrying amounts		-
Buildings Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposals	351,020 - -	276,996 82,768
Depreciation expense Carrying amount at end of year	(9,305) 341,715	(8,744) 351,020
Furniture and fittings Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposals Depreciation expense	13,330 23,868 - (6,249)	17,593 445 - (4,708)
Carrying amount at end of year	30,949	13,330
Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposals Depreciation expense Carrying amount at end of year	29,394 - - (7,348) 22,046	22,380 32,002 (18,594) (6,394) 29,394
9. Intangible assets		
Franchise fee At cost Less accumulated amortisation	57,768 (411) 57,357	50,000 (40,438) 9,562
Borrowing costs At cost Less accumulated amortisation	2,875 (1,414) 1,461	2,875 (840) 2,035
Total written down value	58,818	11,597
10. Payables		
Trade creditors GST payable	8,318 12,072 20,390	9,270 21,430 30,700

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252 Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2012

11. Borrowings	2012 <u>\$</u>	2011 <u>\$</u>
Current	-	-
Mortgage loan	65,236	44,316
	65,236	44,316
		-
Non-current	000 474	
Mortgage Ioan	223,171 223,171	295,493 295,493
	223,171	290,493
The company has two variable mortgage loans that are secured by the freehold land and building. The repayments are monthly and the annual interest rate is 9.09% and 6.20%.		
12. Provisions		
Current		
Current employee benefits	24,794	27,579
Non current	.,	
Non current employee benefits	17,908	3,208
Total employee benefits	42,702	30,787
Marromant in annularing haustite		•
Movement in employee benefits Opening balance	20.707	05.050
Additional provisions recognised	30,787 24,957	25,858 23,673
Amounts utilised during the year	(13,042)	(18,744)
Closing balance	42,702	30,787
·		
13. Share capital		
579,410 Ordinary Shares fully paid of \$1 each	579,410	579,410
The company has authorised share capital amounting to 579,410 ordinary sh	ares.	
14. Accumulated losses		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	/279 7 07\	(250 754)
Profit after income tax	(278,787) 87,857	(359,751) 121,523
Dividends	(52,147)	(40,559)
Balance at the end of the financial year	$\frac{(32,147)}{(243,077)}$	(278,787)
·		

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited ABN 69 098 525 252

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

15. Statement of cash flows	2012	2011
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Cash assets	54,586 54,586	74,864 74,864
(b) Reconciliation of profit after tax to net cash provided from/(used in) operating activities		
Profit after income tax	87,857	121,523
Non cash items		
- Depreciation	22,902	19,846
- Amortisation	10,547	10,488
 Net (profit) / loss on sale of plant and equipment Changes in assets and liabilities 	· -	2,230
- (Increase) decrease in receivables / other assets	(763)	6,695
- (Increase) decrease in deferred income tax asset	42,759	54,194
- Increase (decrease) in payables	(10,310)	(2,011)
- Increase (decrease) in provisions	11,915	4,929
Net cashflows from/(used in) operating activities	164,907	217,894

16. Director and related party disclosures

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Evan John Hodges
Colin Noel Mills
Victor Arthur Lee
Leslie Robert Eyre
Gregory Ronald Carter
Valerie Margaret Cliff
Rosemary Anne Watts
Brian Robert Weatherhead
Bruce Eric John Sewell

No director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company. No director's fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Directors shareholdings	2012	2011
Evan John Hodges	5,000	16,600
Colin Noel Mills	1,500	7,300
Victor Arthur Lee	5,000	8,200
Leslie Robert Eyre	12,000	12,000
Gregory Ronald Carter	2,300	1,000
Valerie Margaret Cliff	3,000	3,000
Rosemary Anne Watts	10,100	6,000
Brian Robert Weatherhead	24,500	20,000
Bruce Eric John Sewell	8,600	8,600

Other than stated above there was no movement in directors shareholdings during the year. Each share held has a paid up value of \$1 and is fully paid.

17. Events after the reporting period

Since balance date, the world financial markets have shown volatility that may have an impact on investment earnings in the 2012/2013 financial year. The company continues to maintain a conservative investment strategy to manage the exposure to market volatility.

There have been no other events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

18. Contingent liabilities and assets

There were no contingent liabilities or assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

19. Operating segments

The company operates in the financial services sector where it provides banking services to its clients. The company operates in one geographic area being Pingelly Brookton, Western Australia. The company has a franchise agreement in place with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited who account for 100% of the revenue (2011: 100%).

20. Corporate information

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia.

The registered office is:

The principal place of business is:

23 Parade Street, Pingelly WA 6308 7 Parade Street, Pingelly WA 6308

21. Dividends paid or provided for on ordinary shares	2012	2011
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
(a) Dividends paid during the year		
(i) Previous year final		
Unfranked dividends - 9 cents per share (2011: 7 cents per share)	52.147	40.559

22. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (adjusted for the effects of any dilutive options or preference shares).

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

Profit after income tax expense	87,857	121,523
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic		
and diluted earnings per share	579,410	579,410

23. Financial risk management

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, account receivables and payables, bank overdraft and loans.

The totals for each category of financial instruments measured in accordance with AASB 139 are as follows:

Note	2012 \$	2011 <u>\$</u>
6	54,586	74,864
7	62,737	61,974
	117,323	136,838
11	20,390	30,700
12	288,407	339,809
	308,797	370,509
	6 7	Note \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

Financial Risk Management Policies

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has established an Audit Committee which reports regularly to the Board. The Audit Committee is assisted in the area of risk management by an internal audit function.

Specific Financial Risk Exposure and Management

The company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk from their use of financial instruments. There have been no substantive changes in the types of risks the company is exposed to, how the risks arise, or the Board's objectives, policies and processes for managing or measuring the risks from the previous period.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. For the company it arises from receivables and cash assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements. The company's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date was:

Carrying /	Carrying Amount	
2012	2011	
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
54,586	74,864	
62,737	61,974	
117,323	136,838	
	2012 \$ 54,586 62,737	

The company's exposure to credit risk is limited to Australia by geographic area. The majority of receivables are due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

None of the assets of the company are past due (2011: nil past due) and based on historic default rates, the company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of assets not past due.

The company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities with Bendigo and

Adelaide Bank Limited.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company ensures it will have enough liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity management is carried out within the guidelines set by the Board.

Typically, the company maintains sufficient cash on hand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis

30 June 2012	Total \$	Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$
Financial Liabilities due for payment Payables	(20,390)	(20,390)	-	-
Loans and borrowings Total expected outflows	(288,407) (308,797)	(65,236) (85,626)	(223,171)	
Financial Assets - cashflow realisable Cash & cash equivalents Receivables	54,586 62,737	54,586 62,737	<u>-</u>	- -
Total anticipated inflows Net (Outflow)/Inflow on	117,323	117,323		
financial instruments	(191,474)	31,697	(223,171)	_
	Total	Within	1 to	Over
30 June 2011	Total	Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$
Financial Liabilities due for payment	\$	1 year \$	5 years	5 years
		1 year	5 years	5 years
Financial Liabilities due for payment Payables Loans and borrowings Total expected outflows Financial Assets - cashflow realisable	\$ (30,700) (339,809) (370,509)	1 year \$ (30,700) (44,316) (75,016)	5 years \$ (295,493)	5 years
Financial Liabilities due for payment Payables Loans and borrowings Total expected outflows	\$ (30,700) (339,809)	1 year \$ (30,700) (44,316)	5 years \$ (295,493)	5 years

Financial assets pledged as collateral

There are no material amounts of collateral held as security as at June 30 2012 and June 30 2011.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

Interest rate risk is that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The company reviews the exposure to interest rate risk as part of the regular board meetings.

Sensitivity analysis

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying Amount	
	2012	2011
Fixed rate instruments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Financial assets	_	_
Financial liabilities		-
	-	
Floating rate instruments		
Financial assets	54,586	74,864
Financial liabilities	(288,407)	(339,809)
	(233,821)	(264,945)

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed interest rate financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have no impact on profit or retained earnings. For the analysis performed on the same basis as at 30 June 2011 there was also no impact. As at both dates this assumes all other variables remain constant.

The company has no exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency.

(d) Price risk

The company is not exposed to any material price risk.

Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at year end.

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Statement of Financial Position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

- (i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:
 - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2012 can be seen in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited, the directors of the company declare that:

- the financial statements and notes of the company as set out on pages 6 to 24 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (i) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which as stated in accounting policy Note 1(a) to the financial statements constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of the performance for the year ended on that date;
- in the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Evan John Hodges Chairman

Signed at Pingelly on 24 September 2012.



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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PINGELLY BROOKTON COMMUNITY FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the company for the year ended 30 June 2012.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101: Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial report of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services (a) Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1(a).

Richmond Sunat + Delahunty
RICHMOND SINNOTT & DELAHUNTY

Chartered Accountants

W. J. SINNOTT

Partner

Dated at Bendigo, 24 September 2012