

**Pingelly Brookton Community
Financial Services Limited**

ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 30 June 2020

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT 2020

For the year ending 30th June 2020

I have pleasure in presenting to shareholders the yearly report on operations of Community Bank Pingelly Brookton for this our eighteenth Annual General Meeting.

Firstly I would like to congratulate our manager Peter and his staff for their continued high level of service to our customers and the communities that they all live in. Our staff is regularly mentioned within Bendigo at state level awards for their willingness to go the extra mile to help clients with their banking business.

Our financial report shows that we are again in a sound position. The Board approved a dividend of ten cents that was paid in November 2019 and I would like to advise shareholders that a dividend of five cents fully franked has been agreed on by the board for the new financial year. The Board has decided to pay dividends on a yearly basis rather than across two financial years as previous. The Board has appointed Advanced Share Registry to administer our Share Registry and I would encourage shareholders to update your details with them to make sure dividends are received correctly.

The second half of this financial year has seen a lot of uncertainty with the Covid-19 virus impacting our lives and creating obstacles and opportunities for some of our clients. The year ahead I hope will provide an antidote and stability going forward.

The Banking Industry has seen significant changes in recent times. The way we do business is constantly changing and we need to adapt to the needs of our clients. There will be changes ahead to the way banking is delivered and the Board will be looking to maximise benefits for shareholders, clients, staff and our two communities

In closing I would like to thank our shareholders and customers for their ongoing support and remind them to continue recommending our Community Bank to their family and friends. By doing so you are helping our branches to continue to grow and return an increasing amount of profit to our Pingelly and Brookton communities.
"Bank with us and everyone benefits"



**EVAN HODGES
CHAIRMAN
PINGELLY BROOKTON COMMUNITY FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED**

Managers Report

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Ltd:

The 2019 / 2020 financial year is now over and it has again been a positive year for our combined Community Bank branches. Results achieved are as follows:

Our combined branch footings which includes other business held, have grown from \$127.642 million as at 30/6/2019 to \$134.507 million as at 30/6 /2020. This was against a budgeted figure of \$131.811 million.

A break down of these results shows:

- Deposits have increased from \$71.914 million to \$82.203 million.
- Loans have decreased from \$26.180 million to \$24.688 million.
- Other business decreased from \$29.548 million to \$27.617 million.

We have budgeted to increase our combined loan / deposit book from \$134.507 million to \$139.264 million by the end of this financial year. This target will be difficult to achieve over a 12 month period, but we have identified several opportunities which should enable us to achieve this result.

During the financial year, our combined Community Bank branches contributed a further \$12,730 in sponsorships back into our local communities. This brings our total sponsorships to \$435,214 and dividends paid to \$376,616 making a grand total of \$811,830 over the past eighteen years. However, we need your help to enable us to continue to do this. We seek your referrals and introductions to business acquaintances and the community groups in which you are involved with. Every new customer and new account allows us to keep contributing more back into our local community.

Our combined branch staff levels changed slightly during the financial year when Customer Service Officer, Samantha Evenis decided not to return from maternity leave and officially resigned. We had recruited Chloe Drage on a twelve month contract to fill the void while Sam was on maternity leave, however Chloe's appointment was then made permanent.

We value each and every one of our customers who entrust us with their banking. We are a real alternative to the major banks and we're capitalising on that goodwill and uncertainty within the overall banking sector. The move to digital banking is exciting and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank has committed to making this a priority. We're already ahead when it comes to our online offerings. For those customers who don't want to step into a traditional bank, that's great news and we're looking forward to advances in this area by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my branch team and my Board members who have assisted me in achieving what was considered very pleasing results in a challenging financial climate. We all look forward to the challenges another year will now present.



Peter Keoh
Branch Manager (5th November 2020)

**Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services
Limited**

ABN: 69 098 525 252

Financial Report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
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Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
Directors' report

The Directors present their report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited during or since the end of the financial year up to the date of this report:

Directors	Details
Evan Hodges	Chairperson Has been a director for the past 18 years
Leslie Eyre	Vice Chairperson Has been a director for the past 18 years
Colin Mills	Secretary Has been a director for the past 18 years. Has been in farming for 54 years, working in Local Government for 16 years (9 years in senior positions) and also involved in many sporting and service positions.
Bruce Sewell	Treasurer B.Bus CPA Has been a director for the past 11 years. Certified Practising Accountant/ Registered Tax Agent and has been involved in public practice since 1995. He also manages and runs his family farm and has served on various boards and committees over the past 25 years.
Victor Lee	Has been a director for the past 18 years
Gregory Carter	Has been a director for the past 13 years. Background in Local Government working in Senior Management positions for 24 years. Then small business owner operator for 10 years. Currently working with large fuel company scheduling deliveries.
Lee Steel	Has been a director for the past 4 years and is currently the manager of the Pingelly Community Resource centre Inc and also part time business admin contractor. Lee is currently the chairperson of Linkwest (peak body for Neighbourhood and Community Resource Centres) and a board member of the WA Mental Health Commission Advisory Board. Lee has resided in Pingelly for over 30 years, enjoys volunteering to assist community, including 9 years as a shire councillor.
Dannielle Keatley	Has been a director since November 2018. Mother of one and together with my husband, run a livestock and wool agency in Brookton. I also run a small business with my Mum. I have been involved in many groups within Brookton, being Playgroup and Arts and Crafts, but currently St Johns Ambulance and Bendigo Bank. I love being proactive in our community, and only being in town since 2017, has made it very easy to live here. I love the concepts that Bendigo offers to our towns, the financial support goes a long way for the groups, organisations and people of Brookton and Pingelly. I am hoping to become more involved with the social media side of the Branches 'day-to-day' runnings as being the youngest board member, i feel a stronger presence on social media is becoming more and more important.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
Directors' report

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Directors' meetings

Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Director	Board meetings	
	A	B
Evan Hodges	11	10
Leslie Eyre	11	9
Colin Mills	11	9
Bruce Sewell	11	7
Victor Lee	11	8
Gregory Carter	11	9
Lee Steel	11	10
Dannielle Keatley	11	6

A - The number of meetings eligible to attend.

B - The number of meetings attended.

N/A - not a member of that committee.

Company Secretary

Colin Mills has been the Company Secretary of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Service Limited for 18 years . Being in the role since 2002 he has developed and gained all the knowledge and experience necessary to performance the function of Secretary for the Company.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were providing Community Bank branch services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Review of operations

The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was \$131,600 (2019 profit: \$119,223), which is a 10.4% increase as compared with the previous year.

The increased profit is due to receiving ATO COVID-19 Cashflow Boost as well as a reduction in the amount of sponsorships and donations the Company was able to provide.

New Accounting Standards Implemented

The Company has implemented a new accounting standard that is applicable for the current reporting period.

AASB 16: *Leases* has been applied retrospectively using the modified cumulative approach, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at 1 July 2019. Therefore, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under AASB 117: *Leases* .

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
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Directors' report

COVID-19 Impact on Operations

The spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary interventions to stabilise economic conditions.

The Company has determined that these events have not required any specific adjustments within the financial report. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as any impact on the financial position and results of the Company for future periods.

Dividends

A fully franked final dividend of 10 cents per share was declared and paid during the year for the year ended 30 June 2019. No dividend has been declared or paid for the year ended 30 June 2020 as yet.

Options

No options over issued shares were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding as at the date of this report.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

No significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Events subsequent to the end of the reporting period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affect or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future financial years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of providing banking services to the community.

Environmental regulations

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

The company has agreed to indemnify each Officer (Director, Secretary or employee) out of assets of the company to the relevant extent against any liability incurred by that person arising out of the discharge of their duties, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving dishonesty, negligence, breach of duty or the lack of good faith. The company also has Officers Insurance for the benefit of Officers of the company against any liability incurred by the Officer, which includes the Officer's liability for legal costs, in or arising out of the conduct of the business of the company or in or arising out of the discharge of the Officer's duties.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
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Directors' report

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the company.

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Auditor independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set at page 5 of this financial report. No Officer of the company is or has been a partner of the Auditor of the company.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Pingelly on 22 September 2020.

Evan Hodges
Chairperson

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Evan Hodges', written over a faint, illegible stamp or background.

Auditors Independence Declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Pingelly and Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

In accordance with Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2020 there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) The auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSD Audit

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'P. P. Delahunty', with a stylized flourish at the end.

P. P. Delahunty
Partner
41A Breen Street
Bendigo VIC 3550

Dated: 23 September 2020

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Revenue	2	894,114	880,145
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	3	(461,538)	(437,125)
Depreciation and amortisation	3	(44,821)	(35,814)
Finance costs	3	(12)	(13)
Bad and doubtful debts expense	3	(602)	(535)
Administration and general costs		(43,879)	(41,380)
Occupancy expenses		(30,454)	(39,706)
IT expenses		(31,480)	(33,152)
Professional Charges		(39,858)	(29,910)
Other expenses		(31,152)	(29,780)
		<u>(683,796)</u>	<u>(647,415)</u>
Operating profit before charitable donations and sponsorship		210,318	232,730
Charitable donations and sponsorship		<u>(13,031)</u>	<u>(69,063)</u>
Profit before income tax		197,287	163,667
Income tax expense	4	<u>(65,687)</u>	<u>(44,444)</u>
Profit for the year after income tax		131,600	119,223
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>131,600</u>	<u>119,223</u>
Profit attributable to members of the company		131,600	119,223
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the company		<u>131,600</u>	<u>119,223</u>
Earnings per share for profit from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company (cents per share):			
- basic earnings per share	19	22.71	20.58

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	152,892	192,759
Trade and other receivables	6	65,462	60,899
Financial assets	7	250,913	100,000
Total current assets		469,267	353,658
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	457,507	457,721
Right of use assets	9	77,055	-
Intangible assets	10	21,955	33,147
Deferred tax assets	4	17,524	13,330
Total non-current assets		574,041	504,198
Total assets		1,043,308	857,856
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	47,362	44,586
Current tax liability	4	47,700	14,154
Borrowings	13	315	183
Leases	14	10,273	-
Provisions	15	55,123	47,763
Total current liabilities		160,773	106,686
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	-	11,192
Leases	14	67,789	-
Provisions	15	1,817	708
Total non-current liabilities		69,606	11,900
Total liabilities		230,379	118,586
Net assets		812,929	739,270
Equity			
Issued capital	16	579,410	579,410
Retained earnings	17	233,519	159,860
Total equity		812,929	739,270

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

ABN 69 098 525 252

**Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended 30 June 2020**

	Note	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2019		579,410	159,860	739,270
<i>Comprehensive income for the year</i>				
Profit for the year		-	131,600	131,600
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-
		<u>-</u>	<u>131,600</u>	<u>131,600</u>
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners</i>				
Dividends paid or provided	18	-	(57,941)	(57,941)
Balance at 30 June 2020		<u>579,410</u>	<u>233,519</u>	<u>812,929</u>
Balance at 1 July 2018		579,410	40,637	620,047
<i>Comprehensive income for the year</i>				
Profit for the year		-	119,223	119,223
Balance at 30 June 2019		<u>579,410</u>	<u>159,860</u>	<u>739,270</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		972,391	965,891
Payments to suppliers and employees		(726,740)	(760,021)
Interest paid		(12)	(13)
Interest received		2,878	-
Income tax paid		(36,335)	(31,864)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	20b	<u>212,182</u>	<u>173,993</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		16,454	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(38,588)	(8,306)
Purchase of investments		(150,913)	(100,000)
Purchase of intangible assets		(11,192)	(11,192)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		<u>(184,239)</u>	<u>(119,498)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		132	127
Repayment of lease liabilities		(10,001)	-
Dividends paid		(57,941)	-
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		<u>(67,810)</u>	<u>127</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(39,867)	54,622
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		192,759	138,137
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	20a	<u><u>152,892</u></u>	<u><u>192,759</u></u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

ABN 69 098 525 252

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

These financial statements and notes represent those of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited (the Company) as an individual entity.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 22 September 2020.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The Company is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

Economic dependency

The Company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank branches at Pingelly and Brookton.

The branches operate as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank", the logo, and systems of operation of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The Company manages the Community Bank branches on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank branches are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank branches franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support, and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice in relation to:

- Advice and assistance in relation to the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank branches;
- Training for the Branch Managers and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol;
- Methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services;
- Security and cash logistic controls;
- Calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses;
- The formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs; and
- Sale techniques and proper customer relations.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard. All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

(c) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

(d) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(e) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company. Estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Fair value assessment of non-current physical assets

The AASB 13 Fair Value standard requires fair value assessments that may involved both complex and significant judgement and experts. The value of land and buildings may be materially misstated and potential classification and disclosure risks may occur.

Employee benefits provision

Assumptions are required for wage growth and CPI movements. The likelihood of employees reaching unconditional service is estimated. The timing of when employee benefit obligations are to be settled is also estimated.

Income tax

The company is subject to income tax. Significant judgement is required in determining the deferred tax asset. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when it is considered sufficient future profits will be generated. The assumptions made regarding future profits is based on the company's assessment of future cash flows.

Impairment

The company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions and events specific to the company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value in use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

(f) New and revised standards that are effective for these financial statements

With the exception of the below, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the entity's last annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019. Note that the changes in accounting policies specified below **ONLY** apply to the current period. The accounting policies included in the company's last annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 are the relevant policies for the purposes of comparatives.

AASB 16 *Leases* became mandatorily effective on 1 January 2019. Accordingly, these standards apply for the first time to this set of annual financial statements. The nature and effect of changes arising from these standards are summarised in the section below.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 Leases replaces AASB 117 Leases and three associated Interpretations. The new standard has been applied using the modified retrospective approach, with the cumulative effect of adopting AASB 16 being recognised in equity as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings for the current period. Prior periods have not been restated, as permitted under the specific transition provisions in the standard.

For contracts in place at the date of initial application, as permitted under the specific transition provisions in the standard, the Company has elected to apply the definition of a lease from AASB 117 and relevant associated interpretations, and has not applied AASB 16 to arrangements that were previously not identified as a lease under AASB 117 and associated interpretations. This means that any contracts that were deemed to not contain a lease under AASB 117 have not been reassessed under AASB 16.

The Company has also elected to not include initial direct costs in the measurement of the right-of-use asset for operating leases in existence at the date of initial application of AASB 16, being 1 July 2019. Furthermore, at this date, the Company has elected to measure the right-of-use assets at an amount equal to the lease liability adjusted for any prepaid or accrued lease payments that existed at the date of transition as allowed under the transition provisions.

Instead of performing an impairment review on the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application, the Company has relied on its historic assessment as to whether leases were onerous immediately before the date of initial application of AASB 16.

On transition, for leases previously accounted for as operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months and for leases of low-value-assets (less than \$10,000) the Company has applied the optional exemptions to not recognise right-of-use assets but to account for the lease expense on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

For those leases previously classified as finance leases, the right-of-use asset and lease liability are measured at the date of initial application at the same amounts as under AASB 117 immediately before the date of initial application.

On transition to AASB 16 the weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognised under AASB 16 was 2.69%.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

ABN 69 098 525 252

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) New and revised standards that are effective for these financial statements (continued)

The Company has benefited from the use of hindsight for determining lease term when considering options to extend and terminate leases.

The following is a reconciliation of total operating lease commitments at 30 June 2019 to the lease liabilities recognised at 1 July 2019.

	Amount
	\$
Total operating lease commitments disclosed at 30 June 2019	39,896
Variable lease payments not recognised	61,235
Operating lease liabilities before discounting	101,131
Lease liability discounted using incremental borrowing rate at date of initial application (1 July 19)	88,063
	\$
Lease liability as at 1 July 2019	88,063
Represented by:	
Current lease liabilities	10,273
Non-current lease liabilities	77,790
	88,063

Adjustments recognised in the balance sheet on 1 July 2019

The recognised right-of-use assets relate to the following types of assets:

	30 June 2020	1 July 2019
	\$	\$
Properties	77,055	88,063
Total right-of-use assets	77,055	88,063

The change in accounting policy affected the following items in the balance sheet on 1 July 2019:

Balance sheet item	Effect	Amount
		\$
Property, plant and equipment	Increase	88,063
Lease liabilities	Increase	88,063

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Change in accounting policies

Accounting policy applicable from 1 July 2019

The Company as a lessee

For any new contracts entered into on or after 1 July 2019, the Company considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. To apply this definition the Company assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Company
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Company assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net any incentives received).

The Company depreciates the right-of-use asset on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or to the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The Company has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

On the statement of financial position, the right-of-use assets have been included in property, plant and equipment (except those meeting the definition of investment property) and lease liabilities have been included in borrowings.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Change in accounting policies (continued)

Accounting policy applicable before 1 July 2019

The Company as a lessee

Finance leases

Management applies judgement in considering the substance of a lease agreement and whether it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset. Key factors considered include the length of the lease term in relation to the economic life of the asset, the present value of the minimum lease payments in relation to the asset's fair value, and whether the Company obtains ownership of the asset at the end of the lease term.

For leases of land and buildings, the minimum lease payments are first allocated to each component based on the relative fair values of the respective lease interests. Each component is then evaluated separately for possible treatment as a finance lease, taking into consideration the fact that land normally has an indefinite economic life.

See the accounting policy note in the year-end financial statements for the depreciation methods and useful lives for assets held under finance leases. The interest element of lease payments is charged to profit or loss, as finance costs over the period of the lease.

Operating leases

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Where the Company is a lessee, payments on operating lease agreements are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Associated costs, such as maintenance and insurance, are expensed as incurred.

Impact of standards issued but not yet applied by the entity

AASB 17 Insurance Contracts

AASB 17 was issued in July 2017 as replacement for AASB 4 Insurance Contracts. It requires a current measurement model where estimates are re-measured each reporting period. The standard allows a choice between recognising changes in discount rates either in the statement of profit or loss or directly in other comprehensive income. The choice is likely to reflect how insurers account for their

The new rules will affect the financial statements and key performance indicators of all entities that issue insurance contracts or investment contracts with discretionary participation features. As the company does not issue any insurance contracts or investment contracts with discretionary participation features, the directors have determined this standard will not affect the company when

The company does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.

AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors

The standard applies to both not-for-profit and for-profit public sector entities that are grantors in a service concession arrangement. These are arrangements that involve an operator providing public services related to a service concession asset on behalf of a public sector entity for a specified period of time and managing at least some of those services.

As the company is not a grantor in a service concession arrangement, the directors have determined this standard will not affect the company when adopted.

The company does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Revenue

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Revenue		
- service commissions	<u>813,320</u>	<u>859,441</u>
	<u>813,320</u>	<u>859,441</u>
Other revenue		
- interest received	2,878	-
- other revenue	77,643	20,704
- gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	273	-
	<u>80,794</u>	<u>20,704</u>
Total revenue	<u>894,114</u>	<u>880,145</u>

Revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement with the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The revenue recognised is measured by reference to the fair value of consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes, rebates, and trade discounts.

The entity applies the revenue recognition criteria set out below to each separately identifiable sales transaction in order to reflect the substance of the transaction.

Interest and other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Rendering of services

As detailed in the franchise agreement, companies earn three types of revenue - margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited decide the method of calculation of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services and this is dependent on the type of business the company generates also taking into account other factors including economic conditions, including interest rates.

Core Banking Products

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited identify specific products and services as 'core banking products', however it also reserves the right to change the products and services identified as 'core banking products', providing 30 days notice is given.

Margin

Margin is earned on all core banking products. A Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) model is used for the method of calculation of the cost of funds, deposit return and margin. Margin is determined by taking the interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits, plus any deposit returns, i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for a deposit, minus any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to fund a loan.

Commission

Commission is a fee earned on products and services sold. Depending on the product or services, it may be paid on the initial sale or on an ongoing basis.

Fee Income

Fee income is a share of 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Revenue (continued)

Discretionary Financial Contributions

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has made discretionary financial payments to the company, outside of the franchise agreement and in addition to margin, commission and fee income. This income received by the company is classified as "Market Development Fund" (MDF) income. The purpose of these payments is to assist the company with local market development activities, however, it is for the board to decide how to use the MDF. Due to their discretionary nature, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change or stop these payments at any time.

Form and Amount of Financial Return

The franchise agreement stipulates that Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change the form, method of calculation or amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons behind making a change may include, but not limited to, changes in Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's revenue streams/processes; economic factors or industry changes.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may make any of the following changes to form, method of calculation or amount of financial returns:

- A change to the products and services identified as 'core banking products and services'
- A change as to whether it pays the company margin, commission or fee income on any product or service.
- A change to the method of calculation of costs of funds, deposit return and margin and a change to the amount of any margin, commission and fee income.

These abovementioned changes, may impact the revenue received by the company on a particular product or service, or a range of products and services.

However, if Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited make any of the above changes, per the franchise agreement, it must comply with the following constraints in doing so.

- a) If margin or commission is paid on a core banking product or service, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited cannot change it to fee income;
- b) In changing a margin to a commission or a commission to a margin on a core banking product or service, **OR** changing the method of calculation of a cost of funds, deposit return or margin or amount of margin or commission on a core product or service, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited must not reduce the company's share of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin on core banking product and services when aggregated to less than 50% of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin on core banking products attributed to the company's retail branch operation; and
- c) Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited must publish the change at least 30 days before making the change.

3. Expenses

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:		
Employee benefits expense		
- wages and salaries	395,978	376,011
- superannuation costs	43,936	36,229
- other costs	21,624	24,885
	<u>461,538</u>	<u>437,125</u>
Depreciation and amortisation		
<i>Depreciation</i>		
- buildings	10,332	10,332
- leasehold improvements	859	1,763
- furniture and fittings	5,880	5,672
- motor vehicles	5,550	6,856
- right of use asset	11,008	-
	<u>33,629</u>	<u>24,623</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

3. Expenses (continued)

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Amortisation		
- franchise fees	11,192	11,191
Total depreciation and amortisation	<u>44,821</u>	<u>35,814</u>
Finance costs		
- Interest paid	12	13
Bad and doubtful debts expenses	602	535
Auditors' remuneration		
<i>Remuneration of the Auditor, RSD Audit, for:</i>		
- Audit or review of the financial report	<u>9,100</u>	<u>6,650</u>
	<u>9,100</u>	<u>6,650</u>

Operating expenses

Operating expenses are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis, which is typically upon utilisation of the service or at the date upon which the entity becomes liable.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, are depreciated over the asset's useful life to the company commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

<i>Class of asset</i>	<i>Rate</i>	<i>Method</i>
Buildings	2.5%	Straight line
Leasehold improvements	20%	Straight line
Furniture & fittings	20%	Straight line
Motor vehicles	25%	Diminishing value
Right of use assets	20%	Straight line
Franchise fees	20%	Straight line

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains/losses upon disposal of non-current assets

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

4. Income tax

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
a. The components of tax expense comprise:		
Current tax expense	69,016	47,223
Deferred tax expense	(2,969)	(2,215)
Under / (over) provision of prior years	(360)	(564)
	<u>65,687</u>	<u>44,444</u>
b. Prima facie tax payable		
The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 27.5% (2019: 27.5%)	54,254	45,008
Add tax effect of:		
- Under / (over) provision of prior years	(360)	(564)
- ATO COVID-19 Cashflow Boost	11,793	-
Income tax attributable to the entity	<u>65,687</u>	<u>44,444</u>
The applicable weighted average effective tax rate is:	33.30%	27.16%
c. Current tax liability		
Current tax relates to the following:		
<i>Current tax liabilities / (assets)</i>		
Opening balance	14,154	(1,205)
Income tax paid	(36,335)	(31,864)
Current tax	69,016	47,223
Under / (over) provision prior years	865	-
	<u>47,700</u>	<u>14,154</u>
d. Deferred tax asset		
Deferred tax relates to the following:		
Deferred tax assets comprise:		
Accruals	1,588	-
Employee provisions	15,659	13,330
RoU assets and lease liabilities from AASB16	277	-
	<u>17,524</u>	<u>13,330</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u>17,524</u>	<u>13,330</u>
e. Deferred income tax included in income tax expense comprises:		
Decrease / (increase) in deferred tax assets	(1,744)	(2,215)
Under / (over) provision prior years	(1,225)	(565)
	<u>(2,969)</u>	<u>(2,780)</u>

4. Income tax (continued)

The income tax expense for the year comprises current income tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income for the current period. Current tax liabilities/assets are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to/recovered from the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

A deferred tax liability shall be recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from:

- the initial recognition of goodwill; and
- the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which:
 - is not a business combination; and
 - at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of off-set exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (i) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (ii) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	152,892	192,759
	<u>152,892</u>	<u>192,759</u>

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits available on demand with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

6. Trade and other receivables

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade receivables	51,675	60,899
Other receivables	13,787	-
	<u>65,462</u>	<u>60,899</u>

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade and other receivables are due for settlement usually no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

The Company's main debtor relates to the Bendigo & Adelaide Bank monthly profit share distribution, which is deposited 14 days post month end, there is no items that require the application of the lifetime expected credit loss model.

Credit risk

The main source of credit risk relates to a concentration of trade receivables owing by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, which is the source of the majority of the company's income.

The Company always measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current and forecast directions of conditions at the reporting date.

There has been change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
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6. Trade and other receivables (continued)

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table below) are considered to be high credit quality.

	Gross amount \$	Not past due \$	Past due but not impaired			Past due and impaired \$
			< 30 days \$	31-60 days \$	> 60 days \$	
2020						
Trade receivables	51,675	51,675	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	13,787	13,787	-	-	-	-
Total	65,462	65,462	-	-	-	-
2019						
Trade receivables	60,899	60,899	-	-	-	-
Total	60,899	60,899	-	-	-	-

7. Financial assets

	2020 \$	2019 \$
<i>Amortised cost</i>		
Term deposits	250,913	100,000
	<u>250,913</u>	<u>100,000</u>

The effective interest rate on the bank deposit was 1.7% (2019: 2.5%). This deposit has a term of 6 months, maturing on 7 September 2020.

(a) Classification of financial assets

The company classifies its financial assets at amortised cost.

Classifications are determined by both:

- The entities business model for managing the financial asset
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

(b) Measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments as well as government bonds that were previously classified as held-to-maturity under AASB 139.

7. Financial assets (continued)

(c) Impairment of financial assets

AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward looking information to recognise expected credit losses - the 'expected credit losses (ECL) model'. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVTOCI, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under AASB 15 and loan commitments and some financial guarantee contracts (for the issuer) that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The company considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1') and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2').

Stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

(d) Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

9. Property, plant and equipment

	2020			2019		
	At cost	\$ Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	At cost	\$ Accumulated depreciation	Written down value
Land - at cost	103,385	-	103,385	103,385	-	103,385
Buildings - at cost	413,249	(111,625)	301,624	413,249	(101,293)	311,956
Leasehold improvements - at cost	267,587	(266,750)	837	267,587	(265,891)	1,696
Furniture and fittings - at cost	85,234	(70,850)	14,384	84,462	(64,970)	19,492
Motor vehicles - at cost	37,817	(540)	37,277	36,069	(14,877)	21,192
Total property, plant and equipment	907,272	(449,765)	457,507	904,752	(447,031)	457,721

Land and buildings

Freehold land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. In the event the carrying amount of land and buildings is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

The carrying amount of land and buildings is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal.

9. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount of these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Leased assets

As described in Note 1(h), the Company has applied AASB 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore comparative information has not been restated. This means comparative information is still reported under AASB 17.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

9. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(b) Movements in carrying amounts of PP&E

	Land	Buildings	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture & Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2020						
Opening carrying value	103,385	311,956	1,696	19,492	21,192	457,721
Additions	-	-	-	772	37,816	38,588
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(16,181)	(16,181)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	(10,332)	(859)	(5,880)	(5,550)	(22,621)
Closing carrying value	103,385	301,624	837	14,384	37,277	457,507
2019						
Opening carrying value	103,385	322,288	3,459	17,540	27,366	474,038
Additions	-	-	-	7,624	682	8,306
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	(10,332)	(1,763)	(5,672)	(6,856)	(24,623)
Closing carrying value	103,385	311,956	1,696	19,492	21,192	457,721

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Notes to the Financial Statements
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9. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(d) Right of use assets

The Company's lease portfolio includes buildings, plant and equipment.

Options to extend or terminate

The option to extend or terminate are contained in the property lease of the Company. All extension or termination options are only exercisable by the Company. The extension options or termination options which were probable to be exercised have been included in the calculation of the Right of use asset.

(i) AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the statement of financial position

	Leased Building	Total Right of use asset
	\$	\$
Leased Asset	88,063	88,063
Accumulated depreciation	(11,008)	(11,008)
	77,055	77,055

Movements in carrying amounts:

	Leased Building	Total Right of use asset
	\$	\$
Recognised on initial application of AASB 16		
- previously classified as operating leases	88,063	88,063
- transferred from property, plant & equipment	-	-
Additions	-	-
Depreciation expense	(11,008)	(11,008)
Net carrying amount	77,055	77,055

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Notes to the Financial Statements
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9. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(d) Right of use assets (continued)

(ii) AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss

	2020
	\$
Depreciation charge related to right-of-use assets	11,008
Interest expense on lease liabilities	2,246
Total cash outflows for leases	13,254

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Notes to the Financial Statements
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10. Intangible assets

	2020			2019		
	At cost	\$ Accumulated amortisation	Written down value	At cost	\$ Accumulated amortisation	Written down value
Franchise fees	55,961	(34,006)	21,955	55,961	(22,814)	33,147
Total intangible assets	55,961	(34,006)	21,955	55,961	(22,814)	33,147

Franchise fees have been initially recorded at cost and amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum. The current amortisation charges for intangible assets are included under depreciation and amortisation in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Movements in carrying amounts

2020	Opening written down value	Additions	Amortisation	Closing written down value
	\$			\$
Franchise fees	33,147	-	(11,192)	21,955
Total intangible assets	33,147	-	(11,192)	21,955

2019	Opening written down value	Additions	Amortisation	Closing written down value
	\$			\$
Franchise fees	44,338	-	(11,191)	33,147
Total intangible assets	44,338	-	(11,191)	33,147

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Notes to the Financial Statements
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11. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade payables, other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from or other amounts due to related entities. Financial liabilities are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified as "fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. Non-derivative financial liabilities other than financial guarantees are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

A liability is derecognised when it is extinguished (i.e. when the obligation in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). An exchange of an existing financial liability for a new one with substantially modified terms, or a substantial modification to the terms of a financial liability, is treated as an extinguishment of the existing liability and recognition of a new financial liability.

12. Trade and other payables

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current		
<i>Unsecured liabilities:</i>		
Trade creditors	30,395	28,939
Other creditors and accruals	5,775	4,455
Franchise fee payable	11,192	11,192
	<u>47,362</u>	<u>44,586</u>
Current		
<i>Unsecured liabilities:</i>		
Franchise fee payable	-	11,192
	<u>-</u>	<u>11,192</u>

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the entity that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The average credit period on trade and other payables is one month.

13. Borrowings

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current		
<i>Secured liabilities</i>		
Bank loan	315	183
	<u>315</u>	<u>183</u>
Total borrowings	<u>315</u>	<u>183</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

13. Borrowings (continued)

Loans

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The weighted average effective interest rate on the bank loans is 4.66% per annum (2019: 5.21% per annum).

14. Leases

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Current		
Property Leases	10,273	-
	<u>10,273</u>	<u>-</u>
Non-current		
Property Leases	67,789	-
	<u>67,789</u>	<u>-</u>
Total leases	<u><u>78,062</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

The Company has a lease for a building located at 6 Great Southern Highway, Brookton. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. Variable lease payments which do not depend on an index or a rate (such as a lease payments based on a percentage of Group sales) are excluded from the initial measurement of the lease liability and asset. The Company classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment (see Note 9)

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. Some leases contain an option to purchase the underlying asset outright at the end of the lease, or to extend the lease for a further term. The Company is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. For leases over office buildings and factory premises the Company must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease. Further, the Company must insure items of property, plant & equipment and incur maintenance fees on such items in accordance with the lease contracts.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

14. Leases (continued)

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments at 30 June 2020 were as

	Minimum lease payments due				Total
	Within 1 year	1-2 Years	3-5 years	After 5 years	
30 June 2020	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Lease payments	12,247	12,247	24,494	48,498	97,486
Finance charges	(2,246)	(2,246)	(4,492)	(10,440)	(19,424)
Net present values	10,001	10,001	20,002	38,058	78,062
30 June 2019					
Lease payments	-	-	-	-	-
Finance charges	-	-	-	-	-
Net present values	-	-	-	-	-

Lease payments not recognised as a liability

The Company has elected not to recognise a lease liability for short term leases (leases with an expected term of 12 months or less) or for leases of low value assets. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis. In addition, certain variable lease payments are not permitted to be recognised as lease liabilities and are expensed as incurred.

At 30 June 2020, the Company was not committed to any short-term leases.

Additional information on the right-of-use assets by class of assets is as follows:

	Carrying amount (Note 9)	Depreciation Expense	Impairment
	\$	\$	\$
Property Leases	77,055	(11,008)	-
	77,055	(11,008)	-

15. Provisions

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current		
Employee benefits	55,123	47,763
Non-current		
Employee benefits	1,817	708
Total provisions	56,940	48,471

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The liability for annual leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

15. Provisions (continued)

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurement for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The company's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

16. Share capital

	2020 \$	2019 \$
579,410 Ordinary shares fully paid	<u>579,410</u>	<u>579,410</u>
	<u><u>579,410</u></u>	<u><u>579,410</u></u>

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

(a) Movements in share capital

Fully paid ordinary shares:

At the beginning of the reporting period	<u>579,410</u>	<u>579,410</u>
At the end of the reporting period	<u><u>579,410</u></u>	<u><u>579,410</u></u>

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholders' meetings each shareholder is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, or on a show of hands. The company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid. All shares rank equally with regard to the company's residual assets.

(b) Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Statement of Financial Position.

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**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020**

16. Share capital (continued)

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

- (i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:
 - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
 - (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

17. Retained earnings

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	159,860	40,637
Profit for the year after income tax	131,600	119,223
Dividends paid	(57,941)	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	<u>233,519</u>	<u>159,860</u>

18. Dividends paid or provided for on ordinary shares

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Dividends paid or provided for during the year		
Final franked ordinary dividend of 10 cents per share (2019: No dividend declared or paid in 2019) franked at the tax rate of 27.5%.	57,941	-

A provision is made for the amount of any dividends declared, authorised and no longer payable at the discretion of the entity on or before the end of the financial year, but not distributed at balance date.

19. Earnings per share

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Basic earnings per share (cents)	22.71	20.58
Earnings used in calculating basic earnings per share	131,600	119,223
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	579,410	579,410

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to owners of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issues during the year.

20. Statement of cash flows

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
(a) Cash and cash equivalents balances as shown in the Statement of Financial Position can be reconciled to that shown in the Statement of Cash Flows as follows:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	152,892	192,759
As per the Statement of Cash Flow	<u>152,892</u>	<u>192,759</u>
(b) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit after income tax		
Profit for the year after income tax	131,600	119,223
Non-cash flows in profit		
- Depreciation and amortisation	44,821	35,814
- Net (profit) / loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment	(273)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- (Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	(4,563)	(2,250)
- (Increase) / decrease in deferred tax asset	(4,194)	(2,780)
- Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	2,776	(1,480)
- Increase / (decrease) in current tax liability	33,546	15,359
- Increase / (decrease) in provisions	8,469	10,107
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>212,182</u>	<u>173,993</u>

21. Key management personnel and related party disclosures

(a) Key management personnel

Key management personnel includes any person having authority or responsibility for planning, directing or controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company.

No remuneration was paid to key management personnel of the company during the year.

(b) Other related parties

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel, individually or collectively with their close family members.

(c) Transactions with key management personnel and related parties

Other than detailed below, no key management personnel or related party has entered into any contracts with the company. No Director fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

During the year, the company purchased goods and services under normal terms and conditions, from related parties as follows:

Name of related party	Description of goods / services provided	Value \$
Bruce Sewell	Accounting Services	6,000

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited have not accepted the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's Community Bank Directors Privileges package. The package is available to all Directors who can elect to avail themselves of the benefits based on their personal banking with the branch.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

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Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020

21. Key management personnel and related party disclosures (continued)

(c) Key management personnel shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in Pingelly Community Financial Services Limited held by each key management personnel of the company during the financial year is as follows:

	2020	2019
Evan Hodges	10,000	10,000
Leslie Eyre	13,000	13,000
Colin Mills	1,500	1,500
Bruce Sewell	10,550	10,350
Victor Lee	5,000	5,000
Gregory Carter	2,350	1,850
Lee Steel	5,500	1,500
Dannielle Keatley	1,000	-
	<u>48,900</u>	<u>43,200</u>

There were 3 movements in key management personnel shareholdings during the year. Each share held has a paid up value of \$1 and is fully paid.

(e) Other key management transactions

There has been no other transactions key management or related parties other than those described above.

22. Events after the reporting period

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

23. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There were no contingent liabilities or assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

24. Commitments

(a) Operating lease commitments

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Payable:		
- no later than 12 months	-	13,036
- between 12 months and five years	-	26,860
Minimum lease payments	<u>-</u>	<u>39,896</u>

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for are not capitalised in the Statement of Financial Position

25. Company details

The registered office and principal place of business is 23 Parade Street, Pingelly WA.

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Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

26. Financial instrument risk

Financial risk management policies

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework.

Specific financial risk exposure and management

The main risks the company is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk consisting of interest rate risk and other price risk. There have been no substantial changes in the types of risks the company is exposed to, how the risks arise, or the Board's objectives, policies and processes for managing or measuring the risks from the previous period.

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short term investments, account receivables and payables, bank overdraft and loans. The totals for each category of financial instruments measured in accordance with AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* as detailed in the accounting policies are as follows:

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Financial assets			
Financial assets at amortised cost:			
- Cash and cash equivalents	5	152,892	192,759
- Trade and other receivables	6	65,462	60,899
- Financial assets	7	250,913	100,000
Total financial assets		<u>469,267</u>	<u>353,658</u>
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
- Trade and other payables	12	47,362	55,778
- Borrowings	13	315	183
- Lease Liabilities	14	78,062	-
Total financial liabilities		<u>125,739</u>	<u>55,961</u>

(a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the company.

Credit risk is managed through maintaining procedures ensuring, to the extent possible, that clients and counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness. Such monitoring is used in assessing receivables for impairment. Credit terms for normal fee income are generally 30 days from the date of invoice. For fees with longer settlements, terms are specified in the individual client contracts. In the case of loans advanced, the terms are specific to each loan.

Credit risk exposures

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying amount and classification of those financial assets as presented in the table above.

The company has significant concentrations of credit risk with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company's exposure to credit risk is limited to Australia by geographic area.

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are considered to be of high credit quality. Aggregates of such amounts are detailed at Note 6.

The company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and therefore credit risk is considered minimal.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited

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Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

26. Financial instrument risk (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company ensures it will have enough liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity management is carried out within the guidelines set by the Board.

Typically, the company maintains sufficient cash on hand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial

The table below reflects an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates and does not reflect management's expectations that banking facilities will be rolled forward.

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis:

30 June 2020	Weighted average interest rate %	Total \$	Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$
Financial assets					
- Cash and cash equivalents	0.10%	152,892	152,892	-	-
- Trade and other receivables		65,462	65,462	-	-
- Financial assets	1.70%	<u>250,913</u>	<u>250,913</u>	-	-
Total anticipated inflows		<u>469,267</u>	<u>469,267</u>	-	-
Financial liabilities					
- Trade and other payables		47,362	47,362	-	-
- Borrowings	4.66%	315	315	-	-
- Lease Liabilities	2.69%	78,062	10,273	41,092	26,697
Total expected outflows		<u>125,739</u>	<u>57,950</u>	<u>41,092</u>	<u>26,697</u>
Net inflow / (outflow) on financial instruments		<u><u>343,528</u></u>	<u><u>411,317</u></u>	<u><u>(41,092)</u></u>	<u><u>(26,697)</u></u>

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Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

26. Financial instrument risk (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

30 June 2019	Weighted average interest rate %	Total \$	Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$
Financial assets					
- Cash and cash equivalents	0.01%	192,759	192,759	-	-
- Trade and other receivables		60,899	60,899	-	-
- Financial assets	2.05%	100,000	100,000	-	-
Total anticipated inflows		<u>353,658</u>	<u>353,658</u>	-	-
Financial liabilities					
- Trade and other payables		55,778	44,586	11,192	-
- Borrowings	5.21%	183	183	-	-
Total expected outflows		<u>55,961</u>	<u>44,769</u>	<u>11,192</u>	-
Net inflow / (outflow) on financial instruments		<u><u>297,697</u></u>	<u><u>308,889</u></u>	<u><u>(11,192)</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

The primary risks the company is exposed to is interest rate risk and other price risk. The company has no exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency.

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments.

The financial instruments that primarily expose the company to interest rate risk are borrowings, fixed interest securities, and cash and cash equivalents.

Taking into account past performance, future expectations, economic forecasts, and management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, management believes the following movements are 'reasonably possible' over the next 12 months

- A parallel shift of +/- 0.5% in market interest rates from year-end rates.

These movements will not have a material impact on the valuation of the company's financial assets and liabilities, nor will they have a material impact on the results of the company's operations.

Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited
ABN 69 098 525 252
Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Pingelly Brookton Community Financial Services Limited, the Directors of the company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 6 to 40 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
 - (i) comply with Australian Accounting Standards which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of the performance for the year ended on that date;
2. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This resolution is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Evan Hodges
Director



Signed at Pingelly on 22 September 2020.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF PINGELLY AND BROOKTON COMMUNITY FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Pingelly and Brookton Community Financial Services Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Pingelly and Brookton Community Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements related to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Director's Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report.

The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements. We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RSD Audit

Chartered Accountants

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'S. A. Delahanty', written over a faint circular stamp.

Partner

Bendigo

Dated: 23 September 2020