

Secret Harbour
Community Bank Branch

 Bendigo Bank



Community Bank
Rockingham

 **Bendigo Bank**

Annual Report 2023

Rockingham Community
Financial Services Limited

ABN 69 102 349 655

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Chair's Report

This last financial year has been a great year for Rockingham Financial Services Limited (RCFSL). Since early 2020, we have successfully implemented our long term Strategic Plan to reinvigorate and future-proof our business. As a Board our intention has been to ensure that we don't lose track of our historical roots, and the very fabric of why our branch began in the first place.

Over the last three Annual General Meetings, we presented to you how we have achieved our goals to return the company into profit, pay off our historical debt and create returns to shareholders through dividends whilst increasing our customer base and providing grant support to our community. Thankyou to our shareholders for your support to help us achieve this Vision.

We thank all our staff for their outstanding commitment and achievements throughout the last financial year, in particular our Branch Manager, Gary Condon who has achieved excellent results successfully managing the Branch. We would also like to acknowledge the support and wealth of knowledge that is provided by the Bendigo Bank team to our branch and our board.

We have welcomed three new Directors during the year.

- John Wootton, who is currently retired and has held executive roles in various businesses, was a lecturer at Murdoch University and a graduate of AICD.
- Stephenie Fielding is a Team Coordinator at BIZLink which is a not for profit helping people with a disability find employment as well as being a volunteer in many local groups.
- Susan Hasey who is the Operations Manager at RKCC, is on other Boards and has qualifications in Business Management, IT and Project Management. These three Directors bring a wealth of knowledge from their respective fields of expertise to the Company.

Thank you to all the Directors, who are all volunteers and have given up their time to be involved and support the Company throughout the past year.

Since I joined the Board in 2012, we have weathered some significant storms. I had the honour of being appointed Chair of the Board in 2016, and at this time, I wanted to build a strong Board of enthusiastic, community minded, business people to help grow the company from a watchlist site to a highly successful community bank company.

Collectively, over this time I believe we have achieved this. I am most proud of the successful delivery of the company restructure and Strategic planning project we undertook in 2019. Working with Donna Bates (Strategic Planning Consultant) and the entire board we brought the company back to profitability by creating and implementing a 5-year Strategic Plan, and have continuously achieved our milestones every year, paying our debt in its entirety and returned a dividend ahead of schedule.

It has been a pleasure working with our Board over the last few years with lots of exciting change, growth and achievements.

I would like to take this opportunity to announce that in January 2024, I will be stepping down as Chair of the Board and the role will be filled by our Deputy Chair, Donna Bates, who I know, having worked with Donna very closely over the last few years will continue driving the company forward.

I want to wish Donna, our entire Board, Branch Manager and team, the very best for the continued growth of the company and ask you our shareholders, staff and customers to provide them with the same fantastic support you have extended to me, during my tenure as Chair.

Thank you

Barbara Holland

CHAIR

Community Bank Report 2023
BEN Message
August 2023

Community and customer will always be at the heart of what we do at Bendigo and Adelaide Bank.

Together, we're setting up Community Banking for the future - growing our impact as a leading social impact movement to transform communities across Australia.

As we continue to evolve to meet the needs of our customers, we should feel proud that more Australians are choosing to do their banking with us and trust us with their financial goals. Our position as Australia's most trusted bank (Roy Morgan) reflects the esteem we are held in by our customers, and communities.

This year has been particularly significant for us. After five years apart, we had the opportunity to come together in person and connect through our State Connect program and in Bendigo at our National Conference in September. It has also been a record-breaking year for Community Bank with more than \$32 million invested into local communities nationwide. This is our highest year on record and underscores our ongoing commitment to our customers and communities.

Reflecting on the 25 years since we opened our first Community Bank, I'm so grateful to the hard work of many passionate Directors (past and present). Everything we have done and continue to do is focused on our purpose to feed into the prosperity of our customers and communities, not off it.

On behalf of the Bank, thank you for continuing to play an essential role in supporting your community. I look forward to seeing us grow together and make a positive impact for generations to come.

Warmest regards,

Justine Minne
Bendigo and Adelaide Bank

Branch Manager's Report

The financial year ending 30 June 2023 produced a solid result for Community Bank Rockingham despite challenging circumstances, increased competition, and fluctuating interest rates during this period.

The business has demonstrated growth across some areas of the business, accompanied by a positive net profit, with total income up 14.29% against our targeted budget. Customer numbers grew, albeit by a marginal 0.4%. However, our products per customer increased by 2.7% on last year, with this translating into an increase in numbers of at-branch transactions. Funds under management, as of 30 June 2023, reached \$142 million, with growth in our deposits book up 1.73% from last year - pleasing when considering the financial environment, the branch has had to navigate through over the past 12 months.

As noted, it is pleasing to see revenue opportunities being generated across a diverse range of sources and products. We approved and settled \$6.2 million in new lending with contributions covering home loans, personal loans, and credit cards.

Special thanks go to staff members Bree Thompson and Ann Liveti, who are the real driving force of the branch and constantly go above and beyond in ensuring our customers financial needs, requirements and well-being are met. We also welcomed Natasha Thomson, Madi Locke and Niki Cahir to the team, meaning we have a full house for the first time in almost 3 years. Thanks also go to members of the Board who have supported the branch's efforts throughout the year - our 20th year in operation.

With an ever-increasing platform of diverse and highly competitive products and services that we can provide to our customers, we are a viable alternative to the competition. Our difference is the personalised face to face service we provide to our customers and our Community Bank's ability to support community projects and initiatives.

The branch would like to thank the continued support of those customers and shareholders who have availed themselves of our service and enabled us to again grow the business over the past 12 months.

I urge our shareholders, customers, and the local community to continue to support our unique Community Bank model as doing so will only increase the strength of Community Bank Rockingham and enable us to continue to support local.

Gary Condon

Branch Manager



As a shareholder in your local Community Bank, you belong to an incredible social enterprise network that to date has reinvested more than \$300 million in our local communities.

And now, as we celebrate our 25th anniversary milestone, we are evolving even further by sharpening our focus on our community enterprises – separate to the banking side of the business. We are uniting our Community Bank companies through a shared vision of being the most influential network of social enterprises in Australia. This means we'll have a bigger and better story to tell about how we collectively deliver impact.

Our future is together because of our extraordinary strength and aligned partnership with each other, and with our partner, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. Our partnership with the Bank has been fashioned out of shared effort, risk and reward and it continues to serve us well.

And now even with the digital evolution upon us, the foundation of our future still relies on the guiding principles of the Community Bank model. We are community enterprises and the custodians of this incredible model that collaborates with local communities for social good. The objective of our Community Bank network remains the same. Our evolution will be evidenced by the channels that we use to connect with our customers and communities, digital by design and human where it matters.

The Community Bank network was a first mover in Australia with its unique social enterprise model. The first Community Bank opened its doors in 1998, and since then, the network has grown to 307 Community Bank branches. The network represents a diverse cross-section of Australia with 240 social enterprises, 70,000+ shareholders, 1600+ volunteer directors, 1600+ staff and 905,000 customers located in metro, regional, rural and remote locations across the country.

The Community Bank network creates impact through grants, donations and sponsorships that connect with and care for generations of Australians. Network investment ranges from sport, scholarships and school programs, through to community groups, cultural organisations and local councils. We also facilitate and attract partnerships to help support much needed community projects.

The Community Bank National Council (CBNC) is the voice of the Community Bank network. The role of the CBNC is to advocate and influence on behalf of the 240 community enterprises with its partner. It has also been the role of the CBNC to oversee the development of the Community Network Strategy which exists to ensure the ongoing sustainability of this unique collective of social enterprises.

In September this year our Community Bank network celebrates 25 years. It's a tremendous milestone and one which we're hugely proud of achieving. We have never been stronger and we look forward to continuing to serve our shareholders, customers and communities as we embrace our exciting future.

Warm regards

Sarah Franklyn
CBNC Chair

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

ABN 69 102 349 655

Financial Report - 30 June 2023

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

Directors' report

30 June 2023

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name: Barbara Lorraine Holland
Title: Non-executive director
Experience and expertise: Business Owner, Office Manager and Project Manager at Satterley Property Group. Barbara is Chairperson for Rockingham Education Development Group. All office bearer positions with local P & C and Cricket Club.
Special responsibilities: Chair

Name: Donna Leanne Bates
Title: Non-executive director
Experience and expertise: Donna is the Company Secretary for the Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited and has been a Senior Executive for several Corporate positions over the last 25 years, and currently owns and operates her own Strategic Planning Consultancy and is the Managing Director of The Lab Factory Co-sharing space. She has a Bachelor of Business, and several other qualifications pertaining to her industry and she is also an Accredited Leadership Executive Coach for the John Maxwell Group. She also is an Executive Committee Member of the Rockingham-Kwinana Chamber of Commerce, and a 20+ year serving member of the Australian Defence Force (Army Reserves).
Special responsibilities: Deputy Chair and Governance Committee

Name: Nino Sekyere-Boakye
Title: Non-executive director
Experience and expertise: Nino is a Researcher/Migration Agent. Marketing academic, marketing consultant, marketing researcher. Past lecturer in consumer behaviour and strategic marketing planning. B.A. (Hons), M.A. (Professional Marketing), Diploma in Migration Law. Nino is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Marketing, Migration Consultant and Market Researcher.
Special responsibilities: Marketing Committee

Name: Bradley Charles Dean
Title: Non-executive director
Experience and expertise: Bachelor of Business, CPA with 28 years experience. Partner in BDR Business Accountants. Director/Vice President Peel Thunder Football Club. Director/ President Variety WA. Treasurer and Life Member of Rockingham Kwinana Chamber of Commerce.
Special responsibilities: Company Secretary

Name: Susan Jayne Hasey
Title: Non-executive director (appointed 29 May 2023)
Experience and expertise: Susan has 28 year's experience at Wesfarmers Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers (WesCEF), 3 years Operations Manager at Rockingham Kwinana Chamber of Commerce, Board Member at three Arts & Culture not for profit companies (Maverick Theatre Productions, Old Mill Theatre and Rockingham Entertainers Inc.) Susan has qualifications in Business Management, IT & Project Management.
Special responsibilities: Events Committee

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

Directors' report

30 June 2023

Name: Stephenie Fielding
Title: Non-executive director (appointed 27 March 2023)
Experience and expertise: Stephenie has lived in Rockingham for over 50 years and has a strong connection to many local clubs, groups and organisations within the City of Rockingham. Stephenie's experience is in the Disability Employment Services and is the current Team Coordinator at BIZLINK Rockingham, which is a not for profit that helps people with disability find employment. Within the community, Stephenie volunteers on a number of boards including, the Rockingham Senior High School Education Support Centre, the Rockingham Kwinana Chamber of Commerce and the City of Rockingham's Disability Access and Inclusion Advisory Committee. Stephenie is a proud member of the Mangles Bay Fishing Club, the Cruising Yacht Club of WA, the Perth Racing Club and is the Team Manager of the BIZLINK Flames All Abilities Basketball team. Stephenie's passion for giving back to the community aligns with Bendigo Bank and the values it represents.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Name: John Wootton
Title: Non-executive director (appointed 27 March 2023)
Experience and expertise: Prior to retirement in 2021, John was the General Manager at Morgan Advanced Materials Furnace Industries for 9 years, responsible for Manufacturing, Financial Performance, Global sales and Asia development. John has also held several management positions including 15 years as CEO of his own company, Operations Manager at Schutz DSL. and Manager at Craig Mostyn Company. John previously worked at Murdoch University Business school, lecturing in Management and Supply Chain management to both under and post graduate students. John holds an MBA from Murdoch University and is a Graduate of the Institute of Company Directors. John is the current president of the Australian Foundry Institute WA Branch.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Name: Nii Laryea Odamtten
Title: Non-executive director (resigned 23 September 2022)
Experience and expertise: He is a commercially focused professional with over 29 years of operational and corporate experience in Finance, IT, projects and people management. Nii has a proven track record in continuous process improvements, finance transformation, strategic planning, business integration and project management. Nii's career has spun across both private and public sector organisations, mainly in energy and chemicals engineering, professional services and health. Nii has extensive international experience from working in United Kingdom (UK), Australia, United States of America (USA), Canada, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Israel and Ghana. His career began in public practice in the UK and later joined BOC Gases (a member of the Linde Group) where he worked in senior finance roles. Nii moved on to join WorleyParsons and progressed roles through senior roles including head of financial and project reporting for Europe, Middle East & Africa (EMEA) region, prior to accepting the role of Global Process Owner for record-to-report (finance) and relocated to Australia. Nii subsequently joined the Financial Reform Unit at the Department of Health – WA. Nii holds a Master of Business Administration (MBA) degree and fellowship of the Association of Certified Chartered Accountants (ACCA) from the UK and is a member of the Chartered Accountants Australia & New Zealand (CA). Other directorships: ENLOD Solutions Pty Ltd, CBAAC Australia Pty Ltd.

Special responsibilities: Treasurer, Marketing Committee

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2023

Name: Ronald William Pease
Title: Non-executive director (resigned 22 July 2022)
Experience and expertise: Now retired, formerly a Horticulturist/Facilities Manager at Murdoch University, also served for 48 years in the Air Force Reserve after learning an aircraft technical trade in corrosion and specialist surface coatings for 37 years, following this period I spent another eleven years working in Discipline/Welfare and Recruiting. I have a Dip Hort, Dip Bus and a Dip A/C Ref. I am a former Elected Councillor at the City of Rockingham where I served on numerous Committees and Boards, I am still a member of the Active Ageing and Chair of the Marine Infrastructure committees. Locally I work as a Justice of the Peace both at the local Courts and from home.
Special responsibilities: Marketing Committee

Company secretary

The company secretary is Bradley Dean. Bradley was appointed to the position of company secretary on 5 May 2021.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of operations

The profit for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$599,791 (30 June 2022: \$175,800).

The company has seen a significant increase in its revenue during the financial year. This is a result of the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) increasing the cash rate by 3.25% during the financial year moving from 0.85% to 4.10% as at 30 June 2023. The increased cash rate has had a direct impact on the revenue received by the company, increasing the net interest margin income received under the revenue share arrangement the company has with Bendigo Bank.

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

	2023
	\$
Fully franked dividend of 5 cents per share	<u><u>35,151</u></u>

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Meetings of directors

The number of directors meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2023

	Board	
	Eligible	Attended
Barbara Lorraine Holland	11	11
Donna Leanne Bates	11	9
Nino Sekyere-Boakye	11	8
Bradley Charles Dean	11	8
Susan Jayne Hasey	3	3
Stephenie Fielding	4	4
John Wootton	4	3
Nii Laryea Odamtten	3	1
Ronald William Pease	-	-

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest.

Directors' interests

The interest in company shareholdings for each director are:

	Balance at the start of the year	Changes	Balance at the end of the year
Barbara Lorraine Holland	-	-	-
Donna Leanne Bates	-	-	-
Nino Sekyere-Boakye	-	-	-
Bradley Charles Dean	251	-	251
Susan Jayne Hasey	-	-	-
Stephenie Fielding	-	-	-
John Wootton	-	-	-
Nii Laryea Odamtten	-	-	-
Ronald William Pease	-	-	-

Indemnity and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2023

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 26 to the accounts.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors



Donna Leanne Bates
Deputy Chair

28 September 2023



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550
ABN: 65 684 604 390
afs@afsbendigo.com.au
(03) 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Andrew Frewin Stewart', is positioned above the printed name.

Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550
Dated: 28 September 2023

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Joshua Griffin', is positioned above the printed name.

Joshua Griffin
Lead Auditor

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	6	1,445,694	828,170
Other revenue	7	48,105	77,324
Finance revenue		324	12
Total revenue		<u>1,494,123</u>	<u>905,506</u>
Employee benefits expense	8	(356,736)	(328,453)
Advertising and marketing costs		(3,833)	(4,059)
Occupancy and associated costs		(39,467)	(35,149)
System costs		(25,924)	(29,702)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	8	(142,125)	(147,965)
Finance costs	8	(14,886)	(25,182)
General administration expenses		(76,892)	(75,880)
Total expenses before community contributions and income tax expense		<u>(659,863)</u>	<u>(646,390)</u>
Profit before community contributions and income tax expense		834,260	259,116
Charitable donations and sponsorships expense		<u>(33,976)</u>	<u>(23,812)</u>
Profit before income tax expense		800,284	235,304
Income tax expense	9	<u>(200,493)</u>	<u>(59,504)</u>
Profit after income tax expense for the year	20	599,791	175,800
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>599,791</u></u>	<u><u>175,800</u></u>
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	28	85.32	25.01
Diluted earnings per share	28	85.32	25.01

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	699,455	145,457
Trade and other receivables	11	139,480	91,168
Total current assets		<u>838,935</u>	<u>236,625</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	7,098	3,829
Right-of-use assets	13	144,657	272,507
Intangible assets	14	13,068	26,136
Deferred tax assets	9	18,761	151,407
Total non-current assets		<u>183,584</u>	<u>453,879</u>
Total assets		<u>1,022,519</u>	<u>690,504</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	48,930	46,712
Lease liabilities	17	96,524	127,058
Current tax liabilities	9	67,847	-
Employee benefits	18	17,102	14,729
Total current liabilities		<u>230,403</u>	<u>188,499</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	-	14,980
Borrowings	16	-	156,530
Lease liabilities	17	60,093	156,618
Employee benefits	18	3,802	12,133
Lease make good provision		46,934	45,097
Total non-current liabilities		<u>110,829</u>	<u>385,358</u>
Total liabilities		<u>341,232</u>	<u>573,857</u>
Net assets		<u>681,287</u>	<u>116,647</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	19	703,020	703,020
Accumulated losses	20	(21,733)	(586,373)
Total equity		<u>681,287</u>	<u>116,647</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	703,020	(762,173)	(59,153)
Profit after income tax expense	-	175,800	175,800
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	175,800	175,800
Balance at 30 June 2022	<u>703,020</u>	<u>(586,373)</u>	<u>116,647</u>
Balance at 1 July 2022	703,020	(586,373)	116,647
Profit after income tax expense	-	599,791	599,791
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	599,791	599,791
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>			
Dividends provided for	22 -	(35,151)	(35,151)
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u>703,020</u>	<u>(21,733)</u>	<u>681,287</u>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		1,594,860	976,829
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(691,303)	(591,134)
Interest received		324	12
Interest and other finance costs paid		<u>(4,077)</u>	<u>(9,340)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	27	<u>899,804</u>	<u>376,367</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(4,476)	-
Payments for intangible assets		<u>(13,618)</u>	<u>(13,618)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(18,094)</u>	<u>(13,618)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of lease liabilities	17	(136,031)	(135,758)
Dividends paid	22	(35,151)	-
Repayment of borrowings	16	<u>(156,530)</u>	<u>(209,729)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(327,712)</u>	<u>(345,487)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		553,998	17,262
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>145,457</u>	<u>128,195</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	10	<u><u>699,455</u></u>	<u><u>145,457</u></u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2023

Note 1. Reporting entity

The financial statements cover Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited (the company) as an individual entity, which is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is Shop 132, 420 Secret Harbour Boulevard, Secret Harbour WA 6173.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 28 September 2023. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Note 3. Significant accounting policies

The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Changes in accounting policies, standards and interpretations

There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2022, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year. The amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when, it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when, it is either expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Expected credit losses (ECL) are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received. At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the ECL (if any) as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2023

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end. Due to the reliance on Bendigo Bank the company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company. The company also performed a historical assessment of receivables from Bendigo Bank and found no instances of default. As a result no ECL has been made in relation to trade receivables as at 30 June 2023.

Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except when the amount of GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the revenue or expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined as the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use, each of which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the company's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Employee benefits provision

The liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and inflation have been taken into account.

The company uses historical employee attrition rates in determining the probability of an employee, at a given date, achieving continuous employment eligible for entitlement in accordance with long service leave legislation.

In the absence of sufficient historical employee attrition rates, the company applies a benchmark probability rate from across the Community Bank network to factor in estimating the probability of an employee, at a given date, achieving continuous employment eligible for entitlement in accordance with legislation.

Lease make good provision

A provision has been made for the present value of anticipated costs for future restoration of leased premises. The provision includes future cost estimates associated with closure of the premises. The calculation of this provision requires assumptions such as application of closure dates and cost estimates. The provision recognised for each site is periodically reviewed and updated based on the facts and circumstances available at the time. Changes to the estimated future costs for sites are recognised in the statement of financial position by adjusting the asset and the provision. Reductions in the provision that exceed the carrying amount of the asset will be recognised in profit or loss.

Note 5. Economic dependency

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank. The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry in December 2024.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 5. Economic dependency (continued)

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

Note 6. Revenue from contracts with customers

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Margin income	1,319,472	693,386
Fee income	67,061	66,909
Commission income	59,161	67,875
	<u>1,445,694</u>	<u>828,170</u>

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement. Under *AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (AASB 15), revenue recognition for the company's revenue stream is as follows:

<u>Revenue stream</u>	<u>Includes</u>	<u>Performance obligation</u>	<u>Timing of recognition</u>
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission, and fee income	When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates, interest rates and funds transfer pricing and other factors, such as economic and local conditions.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 6. Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Margin income

Margin on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
plus: any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit
minus: any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission income

Commission income is in the form of commission generated for products and services sold. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation.

The company receives trailing commission for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on receipt as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of income without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission income is outside the control of the company, and is a significant judgement area.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

Note 7. Other revenue

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Market development fund	28,542	76,667
Rental income	18,783	-
Other income	780	657
	<u>48,105</u>	<u>77,324</u>

The company's activities include the generation of income from sources other than the core products under the franchise agreement. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and can be reliably measured.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 7. Other revenue (continued)

<u>Revenue stream</u>	<u>Revenue recognition policy</u>
Discretionary financial contributions (also "Market development fund" or "MDF" income)	MDF income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established. MDF income is discretionary and provided and receivable at month-end and paid within 14 days after month-end.
Rental Income	Rental income from right-of-use assets subleased, is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term. If not received at balance date, revenue is reflected on the balance sheet as a receivable and carried at its recoverable amount.
Other income	All other revenues that did not contain contracts with customers are recognised as goods and services are provided.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST.

Discretionary financial contributions

In addition to margin, commission and fee income, and separate from the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank has also made MDF payments to the company.

The amount has been based on the volume of business attributed to a branch. The purpose of the discretionary payments is to assist with local market development activities, including community sponsorships and grants. It is for the board to decide how to use the MDF.

The payments from Bendigo Bank are discretionary and may change the amount or stop making them at any time. The company retains control over the funds, the funds are not refundable to Bendigo Bank.

Note 8. Expenses

Employee benefits expense

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Wages and salaries	306,293	298,906
Superannuation contributions	32,339	27,996
Expenses related to long service leave	741	(9,058)
Other expenses	17,363	10,609
	<u>356,736</u>	<u>328,453</u>

Depreciation and amortisation expense

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Depreciation of non-current assets</i>		
Leasehold improvements	6	16
Plant and equipment	1,200	3,160
Low Value Pool	1	3
	<u>1,207</u>	<u>3,179</u>
<i>Depreciation of right-of-use assets</i>		
Leased land and buildings	<u>127,850</u>	<u>131,718</u>
<i>Amortisation of intangible assets</i>		
Franchise fee	2,178	2,178
Franchise renewal fee	10,890	10,890
	<u>13,068</u>	<u>13,068</u>
	<u>142,125</u>	<u>147,965</u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 8. Expenses (continued)

Finance costs

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Bank loan interest paid or accrued	4,077	9,342
Lease interest expense	8,972	14,075
Unwinding of make-good provision	1,837	1,765
	<u>14,886</u>	<u>25,182</u>

Finance costs are recognised as expenses when incurred using the effective interest rate.

Leases recognition exemption

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Expenses relating to low-value leases	<u>9,825</u>	<u>13,434</u>

The company pays for the right to use information technology equipment. The underlying assets have been assessed as low value and exempted from recognition under *AASB 16 Leases*. Expenses relating to low-value exempt leases are included in system costs expenses.

Note 9. Income tax

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Income tax expense</i>		
Current tax	67,846	-
Movement in deferred tax	1,650	594
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	130,997	58,910
Aggregate income tax expense	<u>200,493</u>	<u>59,504</u>
<i>Prima facie income tax reconciliation</i>		
Profit before income tax expense	<u>800,284</u>	<u>235,304</u>
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	200,071	58,826
Tax effect of:		
Non-deductible expenses	<u>422</u>	<u>678</u>
Income tax expense	<u>200,493</u>	<u>59,504</u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 9. Income tax (continued)

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)</i>		
Tax losses	-	130,997
Property, plant and equipment	(1,775)	(957)
Employee benefits	5,226	6,716
Provision for lease make good	11,734	11,274
Accrued expenses	675	675
Income accruals	(89)	(90)
Lease liabilities	39,154	70,919
Right-of-use assets	(36,164)	(68,127)
	<u>18,761</u>	<u>151,407</u>
Deferred tax asset	<u>18,761</u>	<u>151,407</u>
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Provision for income tax	<u>67,847</u>	<u>-</u>

Accounting policy for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Accounting policy for current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Accounting policy for deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried-forward tax losses, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash on hand	200	200
Cash at bank and on hand	699,255	145,257
	<u>699,455</u>	<u>145,457</u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
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Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held with banks.

Note 11. Trade and other receivables

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	129,559	81,247
Accrued income	356	356
Prepayments	9,565	9,565
	<u>9,921</u>	<u>9,921</u>
	<u><u>139,480</u></u>	<u><u>91,168</u></u>

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Note 12. Property, plant and equipment

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Leasehold improvements - at cost	204,970	204,970
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(204,940)</u>	<u>(204,934)</u>
	30	36
Plant and equipment - at cost	52,388	47,913
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(45,325)</u>	<u>(44,126)</u>
	7,063	3,787
Low value pool - at cost	115	115
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(110)</u>	<u>(109)</u>
	5	6
	<u><u>7,098</u></u>	<u><u>3,829</u></u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Leasehold improvements \$	Plant and equipment \$	Low value pool \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	52	6,947	9	7,008
Depreciation	<u>(16)</u>	<u>(3,160)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(3,179)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2022	36	3,787	6	3,829
Additions	-	4,476	-	4,476
Depreciation	<u>(6)</u>	<u>(1,200)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(1,207)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u><u>30</u></u>	<u><u>7,063</u></u>	<u><u>5</u></u>	<u><u>7,098</u></u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	3 to 5 years
Plant and equipment	2 to 40 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Changes in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for property, plant and equipment including useful lives, residual values, and depreciation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Note 13. Right-of-use assets

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Land and buildings - right-of-use	512,545	683,907
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(367,888)</u>	<u>(411,400)</u>
	<u><u>144,657</u></u>	<u><u>272,507</u></u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	407,057
Remeasurement adjustments	(2,832)
Depreciation expense	<u>(131,718)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2022	272,507
Depreciation expense	<u>(127,850)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u><u>144,657</u></u>

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
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Note 13. Right-of-use assets (continued)

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Refer to note 17 for more information on lease arrangements.

Note 14. Intangible assets

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Franchise fee	58,344	58,344
Less: Accumulated amortisation	<u>(56,166)</u>	<u>(53,988)</u>
	2,178	4,356
Franchise renewal fee	241,721	241,721
Less: Accumulated amortisation	<u>(230,831)</u>	<u>(219,941)</u>
	10,890	21,780
	<u>13,068</u>	<u>26,136</u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Franchise fee \$	Franchise renewal fee \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	6,534	32,670	39,204
Amortisation expense	<u>(2,178)</u>	<u>(10,890)</u>	<u>(13,068)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2022	4,356	21,780	26,136
Amortisation expense	<u>(2,178)</u>	<u>(10,890)</u>	<u>(13,068)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u>2,178</u>	<u>10,890</u>	<u>13,068</u>

Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

<u>Asset class</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful life</u>	<u>Expiry/renewal date</u>
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	December 2024
Franchise renewal fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	December 2024

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Change in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for intangible assets including useful lives, residual values, and amortisation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 15. Trade and other payables

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Trade payables	5,617	5,906
Other payables and accruals	43,313	40,806
	<u>48,930</u>	<u>46,712</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Other payables and accruals	-	14,980
	<u>-</u>	<u>14,980</u>

Accounting policy for trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Where the company is liable to settle the amount within 12 months of the reporting date, the liability is classified as current. All other obligations are classified as non-current.

Note 16. Borrowings

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Bank loans	-	156,530
	<u>-</u>	<u>156,530</u>

Bank loans

The company elected to repay and close all loan facilities during the financial year.

Accounting policy for borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Note 17. Lease liabilities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Land and buildings lease liabilities	101,043	136,030
Unexpired interest	(4,519)	(8,972)
	<u>96,524</u>	<u>127,058</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Land and buildings lease liabilities	60,893	161,937
Unexpired interest	(800)	(5,319)
	<u>60,093</u>	<u>156,618</u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
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Note 17. Lease liabilities (continued)

Reconciliation of lease liabilities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Opening balance	283,676	408,189
Remeasurement adjustments	-	(2,830)
Lease interest expense	8,972	14,075
Lease payments - total cash outflow	<u>(136,031)</u>	<u>(135,758)</u>
	<u>156,617</u>	<u>283,676</u>

Maturity analysis

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Not later than 12 months	101,043	136,030
Between 12 months and 5 years	<u>60,893</u>	<u>161,937</u>
	<u>161,936</u>	<u>297,967</u>

Accounting policy for lease liabilities

Lease liabilities were measured at amounts equal to the present value of enforceable future payments of the term reasonably expected to be exercised, discounted at the appropriate incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate and lease payments in a renewal option if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. For leases of property the company has elected to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability.

The company has applied judgement in estimating the remaining lease term including the effects of any extension options reasonably expected to be exercised, applying hindsight where appropriate.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if the company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

The company assesses at the lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise extension options. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

Where the company is a lessee for the premises to conduct its business, extension options are included in the lease term except when the company is reasonably certain not to exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the leased premises.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to nil.

The company's lease portfolio includes:

Lease	Discount rate	Non-cancellable term	Renewal options available	Reasonably certain to exercise options	Lease term end date used in calculations
Secret Harbour Branch	4.00%	8 years	Nil	N/A	January 2025
Rockingham Branch	4.00%	5 years	Nil	N/A	May 2023

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 18. Employee benefits

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Annual leave	8,030	14,729
Long service leave	9,072	-
	<u>17,102</u>	<u>14,729</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Long service leave	<u>3,802</u>	<u>12,133</u>

Accounting policy for employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for salary and wages where the employee has provided the service but payment has not yet occurred at the reporting date. They are measured at amounts expected to be paid, plus related on-costs. Non-accumulating sick leave is expensed when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

An annual leave liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as salaries and wages are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The company's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised in employee benefits in the statement of financial position.

Superannuation contributions

Contributions to superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior reporting periods.

That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels plus related on-costs, experience of employee departures, and years of service achieved. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Note 19. Issued capital

	2023 Shares	2022 Shares	2023 \$	2022 \$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	<u>703,020</u>	<u>703,020</u>	<u>703,020</u>	<u>703,020</u>

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being \$1 per share. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Rights attached to issued capital

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2023

Note 19. Issued capital (continued)

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 385. As at the date of this report, the company had 429 shareholders (2022: 442 shareholders).

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 19. Issued capital (continued)

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 20. Accumulated losses

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	(586,373)	(762,173)
Profit after income tax expense for the year	599,791	175,800
Dividends paid (note 22)	<u>(35,151)</u>	<u>-</u>
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	<u><u>(21,733)</u></u>	<u><u>(586,373)</u></u>

Note 21. Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 22. Dividends

Dividends provided for and paid during the period

The following dividends were provided for and paid to shareholders during the financial year as presented in the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Fully franked dividend of 5 cents per share	<u><u>35,151</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 22. Dividends (continued)

Franking credits

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Franking account balance at the beginning of the financial year	48,444	48,444
Franking debits from the payment of franked distributions	(12,350)	-
	<u>36,094</u>	<u>48,444</u>
<i>Franking transactions that will arise subsequent to the financial year end:</i>		
Balance at the end of the financial year	36,094	48,444
Franking credits (debits) that will arise from payment (refund) of income tax	67,847	-
Franking credits available for future reporting periods	<u>103,941</u>	<u>48,444</u>

The ability to utilise franking credits is dependent upon the company's ability to declare dividends. The tax rate at which future dividends will be franked is 25%.

Accounting policy for dividends

Dividends are recognised in the financial year they are declared.

Note 23. Financial instruments

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Trade and other receivables	129,915	81,603
Cash and cash equivalents	699,455	145,457
	<u>829,370</u>	<u>227,060</u>
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	48,930	61,692
Lease liabilities	156,617	283,676
Bank loans	-	156,530
	<u>205,547</u>	<u>501,898</u>

Accounting policy for financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The company's financial instruments include trade debtors and creditors, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and lease liabilities.

Trade receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price when they originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs (where applicable), when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the rights are transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and rewards associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 23. Financial instruments (continued)

Financial risk management

The company has exposure to credit, liquidity and market risk arising from financial instruments. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not use derivative instruments. Risk management is carried out directly by the board.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and earnings on those are subject to movements in market interest rates. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$699,455 at 30 June 2023 (2022: \$145,457).

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers.

The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings of the bank.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flow amounts are gross and undiscounted and therefore may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2023				
Trade and other payables	48,930	-	-	48,930
Lease liabilities	101,043	60,893	-	161,936
Total non-derivatives	149,973	60,893	-	210,866

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2022				
Bank loans	-	156,530	-	156,530
Trade and other payables	46,712	14,980	-	61,692
Lease liabilities	136,030	161,937	-	297,967
Total non-derivatives	182,742	333,447	-	516,189

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 24. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were directors of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements

Barbara Lorraine Holland	Stephenie Fielding
Donna Leanne Bates	John Wootton
Nino Sekyere-Boakye	Nii Laryea Odamtten
Bradley Charles Dean	Ronald William Pease
Susan Jayne Hasey	

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Note 25. Related party transactions

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year.

Note 26. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Andrew Frewin Stewart, the auditor of the company:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Audit services</i>		
Audit or review of the financial statements	5,400	5,200
<i>Other services</i>		
Taxation advice and tax compliance services	660	600
General advisory services	4,060	2,700
Share registry services	6,102	3,734
	<u>10,822</u>	<u>7,034</u>
	<u><u>16,222</u></u>	<u><u>12,234</u></u>

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 27. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax expense for the year	599,791	175,800
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	142,125	147,965
Lease liabilities interest	8,972	14,077
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in trade and other receivables	(48,312)	(12,854)
Decrease in deferred tax assets	132,646	59,505
Increase in trade and other payables	856	7,465
Increase in provision for income tax	67,847	-
Decrease in employee benefits	(5,958)	(17,357)
Increase in other provisions	1,837	1,766
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>899,804</u>	<u>376,367</u>

Note 28. Earnings per share

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax	<u>599,791</u>	<u>175,800</u>
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>703,020</u>	<u>703,020</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>703,020</u>	<u>703,020</u>
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	85.32	25.01
Diluted earnings per share	85.32	25.01

Accounting policy for earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Note 29. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 30. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

Note 31. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited
Directors' declaration
30 June 2023

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the notes to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors



Donna Leanne Bates
Deputy Chair

28 September 2023

Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- Statement of changes in equity
- Statement of cash flows
- Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies
- The directors' declaration of the company.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Rockingham Community Financial Services Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report may also include "other information" on the company's operations and financial results and financial position as set out in the financial report, typically in a Chairman's report and Manager's report, and reports covering governance and shareholder matters.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify that a material inconsistency appears to exist when we read the annual report (or become aware that the other information appears to be materially misstated), we will discuss the matter with the directors and where we believe that a material misstatement of the other information exists, we will request management to correct the other information. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



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Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Andrew Frewin Stewart', is positioned above the printed name.

Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550
Dated: 28 September 2023

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Joshua Griffin', is positioned above the printed name.

Joshua Griffin
Lead Auditor

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Rockingham Community Financial Services Ltd

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