Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited

ABN 97 101 461 125

ANNUAL REPORT 2013

Rushworth & District **Community Bank®** Branch

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2013

Well it's that time of the year again! I would like to invite all shareholders to attend our Annual General Meeting to be held at the Rushworth P12 College main hall at 7.00 pm on the 6 November 2013. This meeting gives shareholders the opportunity to find out firsthand about their company and the opportunity to ask questions of the Directors.

First of all, I would like to acknowledge the wonderful support we receive from our customers and shareholders and look forward to their ongoing support. Without the support of our community and shareholders, the Rushworth & District **Community Bank®** Branch could not continue to thrive as well as provide significant community sponsorship and support.

The 2012/13 financial year's business has been a growth of over $7 million this year with a total of $69 million of business on our books which is wonderful growth for 2013. We as a Board have continued to keep a close eye on our expenses to make sure that we post a profit every year. This year we have managed to make a profit of $55,200 which is down on last year but still a pleasing result considering the instability of international financial markets and the large contributions to the community. It is my pleasure to announce to our shareholders a fully franked 8 cents dividend will be paid per share in the coming months.

The coming year brings new challenges for our business with the economy still slow and reduced returns from our partners Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited as the squeeze on interest margins continue. To offset these reduced margins we need to keep building the business and continue to keep telling the story about what the **Community Bank®** concept can do for our community. Without the ongoing and increasing support of this district we cannot provide the investments into our community groups that benefit so many.

Rushworth & District **Community Bank®** Branch continues to be highly involved our community. In the 2012/13 financial year we are very proud to have provided $85,426 in community sponsorships and donations.

We are proud to have provided sponsorship to:

Rushworth Parks Trust	$50,000
Rushworth & District Kinder	$9,000
Goulburn Murray Cricket	$3,000
Rushworth Easter Festival	$2,500
Football and Netball Clubs	$5,000
Colbinabbin Primary School	$3,000
Driver Training Program	$3,600
St Mary's Primary School	$3,500
Girgarre Dev. Committee	$2,000
Murchison Bowls Club	$ 600
Rushworth Concert Band	$ 500

We also provided many more smaller sponsorships to various local groups.

We also contributed to annual primary and secondary schools scholarships to encourage students to reach their full potential as education will always be the way forward for our youth in the district.

On 4 December last year we celebrated our 10th birthday and the re-signing of our franchise agreement for another five years. This was a wonderful achievement and I thank all who attended the celebrations on that day and continue to support the branch.

Chairman's report (continued)

I would like to thank our team of dedicated staff for their continued high standard of customer service at Rushworth and Stanhope. The real difference of the **Community Bank®** concept is our staff's ability to personalize service for our customers. This year our Manager of eight years Wayne Fry retired and the Board took the decision to recruit a new Manager and have Wayne and our Manager Kevin Livingston work together until Wayne's retirement date which has worked well for a smooth transition and continuity of service.

We thank both Wayne and Kevin for their professional and positive relationship with our stakeholders, customers and our communities.

We have seen much change in the customer service team in 2012/13. The customer service team of Carolyn Toohey, Colleen Peterson, Nikki McKay, Kelly Bamford and Melissa Bastin are the real face of our **Community Bank®** branch and do a fantastic job.

We farewelled four members of our customer service team with Kelly and Melissa on maternity leave and Denise Caldwell and Carolyn Toohey resigning.

I would like to make special mention of Carolyn's contribution to the **Community Bank®** branch as an original member of the Steering Committee, the Board's inaugural Chairman and dedicated staff member. Who can forget Carolyn's cheery face and friendly welcome when you entered the branch? Thank you Carolyn for your years of dedication and commitment to the **Community Bank®** concept.

We also welcome new staff members Robin Simm, Sharon Felsbourg and Alistair Wall, who are wonderful additions to our customer service team.

It was with some regret we also accepted the resignation of our long time Board member Tracee Spiby. Tracee was one of our original steering committee members and then our long time Company Secretary until three years ago. Tracee's contribution to the **Community Bank®** company Board will be sadly missed. Thank you Tracee for your many years of passion and dedication to **Community Bank®** concept.

The Board of Directors would like to acknowledge our partner Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for their continued support. Without the ongoing partnership with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited we could not provide the banking services to this district and thank Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for their ongoing guidance.

I would also like to thank the Executive Team in particular Christine Borger and Michelle Baker for the fanastic job you both do and all the Directors for their continued commitment to ensure our **Community Bank®** branch is a successful business and delivers benefits to our customers, shareholders, and local communities.

Thank you for your support.

Stephen Aburrow
Chairman

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2013

This is my first report since as Branch Manager commencing employment with the Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited in mid November 2012.

Our previous Branch Manager, Mr. Wayne Fry handed over his role during a transition period with myself, which obviously made my transition period a lot less daunting. I am very grateful of this assistance and certainly of the support of Wayne, Carolyn, our Directors and all staff members during this time.

It is my pleasure that our Business has grown by approximately $7 million over the last financial year and the current business on our books is in excess of $68 million in banking business.

I see this continuing as we are well placed in a strong and healthy financial environment for the future.

Our current staff are all relatively new to the **Community Bank®** branch with many staff changes occurring within a short period of time.

Carolyn and Denise both resigned from their positions whilst Melissa and Kelly have availed maternity leave.

Nikki has stepped up into Carolyn's role, with Colleen providing support and we have recruited Robin, Alistair and Sharon. I would like to thank all our staff for their flexibility and willingness to work within our team environment.

I would like to thank the Directors under Chairman Stephen Aburrow for their support and confidence in our team and for their continued professional manner with which they conduct their business.

Community Bank® branches provide communication with more than just quality banking services, they deliver employment opportunities for local people, keep local capital in the community, are a local investment option for shareholders and provide a source of revenue for important community projects determined by the Board.

The Rushworth & District **Community Bank®** concept is a pleasure to be involved in.

Kevin G Livingston
Branch Manager

Directors' report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2013

Your Directors submit their report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

Directors

The names and details of the company's Directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year are:

Name and position held	Qualifications	Experience and other Directorships
Jeffery Perry Director since 2002 Director	Butcher	Business Owner
Robert Armstrong Director since 2004 Director	Plumber	Business Owner
David Aburrow Director since 2002 Director	Retired	
Christine Borger Director since 2002 Director	Bookkeeper	Business Owner
Stephen Aburrow Director since 2002 Director	Farmer	Business Owner
Mathew Ryan Director since 2009 Director	Farmer	Business Owner
Tracee Spiby Resigned 1 March 2013 Director		
Michelle Baker Director since 2011 Director	Bookkeeper	Bachelor Arts, Diploma Business Small Business Owner
Rhonda Risstrom Director since 2012 Director	Water Broker	

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Directors' report (continued)

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in providing **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Review of operations

The profit of the company for the financial year after income tax was $55,294 (2012: $65,210), which is a 15% decrease as compared with the previous year.

The net assets of the company have increased to $372,042 (2012: $346,493). The increase is largely due to the company continuing to perform strongly, generating positive operating results.

Dividends

	Year ended 30 June 2013	
	Cents per share	**$**
Dividends paid in the year (prior year final dividend):	6	29,745

Significant changes in the state of affairs

No significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Events subsequent to reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affect or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future financial years.

Remuneration report

Remuneration policy

There has been no remuneration policy developed as Director positions are held on a voluntary basis and Directors are not remunerated for their services.

Remuneration benefits and payments

Other than detailed below, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited has accepted the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's **Community Bank®** Directors Privileges package. The package is available to all Directors who can elect to avail themselves of the benefits based on their personal banking with the branch. There is no requirement to own Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shares and there is no qualification period to qualify to utilize the benefits. The package mirrors the benefits currently available to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shareholders. The Directors have estimated the total benefits received from the Directors Privilege Package to be nil.

Directors' report (continued)

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

The company has agreed to indemnify each Officer (Director, Secretary or employee) out of assets of the company to the relevant extent against any liability incurred by that person arising out of the discharge of their duties, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving dishonesty, negligence, breach of duty or the lack of good faith. The company also has Officers Insurance for the benefit of Officers of the company against any liability occurred by the Officer, which includes the Officer's liability for legal costs, in or arising out of the conduct of the business of the company or in or arising out of the discharge of the Officer's duties.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the company.

Directors' meetings

The number of Directors' meetings held during the year were 12. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

Director	Board meetings#	Audit committee meetings#
Jeffery Perry	11(8)	2(2)
Robert Armstrong	11(8)	N/A
David Aburrow	11(10)	N/A
Christine Borger	11(8)	2(2)
Stephen Aburrow	11(10)	2(2)
Mathew Ryan	11(10)	N/A
Tracee Spiby	11(4)	N/A
Michelle Baker	11(11)	2(2)
Rhonda Risstrom	11(10)	N/A

The first number is the meetings attended while in brackets is the number of meetings eligible to attend.
N/A - not a member of that Committee.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of providing banking services to the community.

Environmental regulations

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation. However, the Board believes that the company has adequate systems in place for the management of its environment requirements and is not aware of any breach of these environmental requirements as they apply to the company.

Directors' report (continued)

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Company Secretary

Michelle Baker has been the Company Secretary of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited since 2011. Michelle's qualifications and experience include a Bachelor of Arts (English and History), Advanced Diploma of Business, Certificate IV in Mortgage Lending and LVM training. Michelle also has many years experience as Operations Manager of finance companies.

Non audit services

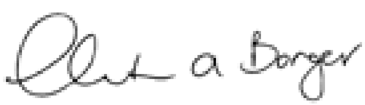
The Directors in accordance with advice from the audit committee, are satisfied that the provision of non audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for Auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed in Note 5 did not compromise the external Auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non audit services are reviewed and approved by the audit committee prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the Auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided does not compromise the general principles relating to Auditor independence in accordance with APES 110 "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Auditor independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set at page 9 of this financial report. No Officer of the company is or has been a partner of the Auditor of the company.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Rushworth, Victoria on 16 September 2013.



Christine A Borger
Director

Auditor's independence declaration

Richmond Sinnott & Delahunty
Chartered Accountants

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16th September 2013

The Directors
Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited
23 High Street
RUSHWORTH VIC 3612

Dear Directors

To the Directors of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2013 there has been:

(i) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and

(ii) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

W Sinnott

Warren Sinnott
Partner
Richmond Sinnott & Delahunty

Financial statements

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 $	2012 $
Revenue	2	645,056	617,522
Employee benefits expense	3	(297,955)	(285,157)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(23,087)	(27,548)
Finance costs	3	-	(326)
Bad and doubtful debts expense	3	(877)	(76)
Rental expense		(15,003)	(14,645)
Other expenses	3	(158,422)	(161,618)
Operating profit before charitable donations & sponsorships		**149,712**	**128,152**
Charitable donations and sponsorships		(84,877)	(25,680)
Profit before income tax expense		**64,835**	**102,472**
Tax expense	4	9,541	37,262
Profit for the year		**55,294**	**65,210**
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		**55,294**	**65,210**
Profit attributable to:			
Members of the company		55,294	65,210
Total		**55,294**	**65,210**
Earnings per share (cents per share)			
- basic for profit for the year	20	11.15	13.15
- diluted for profit for the year	20	11.15	13.15

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 $	2012 $
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	267,452	315,059
Trade and other receivables	7	49,766	54,175
Current tax assets	4	6,851	-
Total current assets		**324,069**	**369,234**
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	41,765	37,077
Intangible assets	9	51,917	5,000
Deferred tax assets	4	11,684	-
Total non-current assets		**105,366**	**42,077**
Total assets		**429,435**	**411,311**
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	21,382	28,086
Current tax payable	4	-	5,887
Provisions	11	24,930	16,577
Total current liabilities		**46,312**	**50,550**
Non current liabilities			
Provisions	11	11,081	14,268
Total non current liabilities		**11,081**	**14,268**
Total liabilities		**57,393**	**64,818**
Net assets		**372,042**	**346,493**
Equity			
Issued capital	12	495,750	495,750
Accumulated losses	13	(123,708)	(149,257)
Total equity		**372,042**	**346,493**

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	Issued Capital $	Accumulated Losses $	Total Equity $
Balance at 1 July 2011		495,750	(184,722)	311,028
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	65,210	65,210
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners				
Shares issued during the year		-	-	-
Dividends paid or provided	21	-	(29,745)	(29,745)
Balance at 30 June 2012		**495,750**	**(149,257)**	**346,493**
Balance at 1 July 2012		495,750	(149,257)	346,493
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	55,294	55,294
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners				
Shares issued during the year		-	-	-
Dividends paid or provided	21	-	(29,745)	(29,745)
Balance at 30 June 2013		**495,750**	**(123,708)**	**372,042**

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows
for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 $	2012 $
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from clients		703,404	669,590
Payments to suppliers and employees		(621,909)	(535,614)
Borrowing costs		-	(326)
Interest received		9,298	7,284
Income taxes paid		(33,963)	-
Net cash flows from operating activities	**14b**	**56,830**	**140,934**
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(17,007)	(4,830)
Payment for intangible assets		(57,685)	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		**(74,692)**	**(4,830)**
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid		(29,745)	(29,745)
Repayment of borrowings		-	(7,805)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		**(29,745)**	**(37,550)**
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		**(47,607)**	**98,554**
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year		315,059	216,505
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	**14a**	**267,452**	**315,059**

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For year ended 30 June 2013

The financial statements and notes represent those of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited. Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited ('the company') is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 10 September 2013.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements, that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a for profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the Australian Accounting Standards Board has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, were applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

(b) Income tax

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are brought to account at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Land and buildings are measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Class of asset	Depreciation rate
Property, Plant & Equipment	15-33%
Branch fit out	10%
Motor vehicle	15%

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount which is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation on buildings and accumulated impairment losses.

Fair value is determined by reference to market based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date.

(d) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset is impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the company makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

(e) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are presented on a gross basis.

The GST components of investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from the services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may not satisfy any vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows attributable to the employee benefits.

(g) Intangibles

Establishment costs have been initially recorded at cost and amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum. The current amortisation charges for intangible assets are included under depreciation and amortisation expense per the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(h) Cash

Cash on hand and in banks are stated at nominal value. Bank overdrafts are shown as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(i) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Revenue comprises service commissions and other income received by the company.

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(j) Receivables and payables

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months at the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollected debts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company and are recognised as a current liability.

(k) New accounting standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the company.

The company has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements. The company's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the company but applicable in the future reporting periods is set below:

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) New accounting standards and interpretations not yet adopted (continued)

(i) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2010), AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2009)

AASB 9 (2009) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Under AASB 9 (2009), financial assets are classified and measured based on the business model in which they are held and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. AASB 9 (2010) introduces additions relating to financial liabilities. The IASB currently has an active project that may result in limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements of AASB 9 and add new requirements to address the impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

AASB 9 (2010 and 2009) are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of AASB 9 (2010) is not expected to have an impact on the company's financial assets or financial liabilities.

(ii) AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement (2011)

AASB 13 provides a single source of guidance on how fair value is measured, and replaces the fair value measurement guidance that is currently dispersed throughout Australian Accounting Standards. Subject to limited exceptions, AASB 13 is applied when fair value measurements or disclosures are required or permitted by other AASBs. The company is currently reviewing its methodologies in determining fair values. AASB 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with early adoption permitted.

(iii) AASB 119 Employee Benefits (2011)

AASB 119 (2011) changes the definition of short-term and other long-term employee benefits to clarify the distinction between the two. For defined benefit plans, removal of the accounting policy choice for recognition of actuarial gains and losses is not expected to have any impact on the company. However, the company may need to assess the impact of the change in measurement principles of expected return on plan assets. AASB 119 (2011) is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with early adoption permitted.

(l) Loans and borrowings

All loans are measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which is probable that the outflow of economic benefits will result and the outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

(n) Share capital

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company.

Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

(o) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company. Estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation changes for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives.

Income tax

The company is subject to income tax. Significant judgement is required in determining the deferred tax asset or the provision for income tax liability. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when it is considered sufficient future profits will be generated. The assumptions made regarding future profits is based on the company's assessment of future cash flows.

Impairment

The company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by calculating conditions and events specific to the company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value in use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

(q) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to the profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest method or cost.

Fair value represents the amount for which an asset would be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties. Where available quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value. Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less repayments and any reduction for impairment and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(q) Financial instruments (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Non derivative financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a loss event) having occurred, which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtor is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in payments, indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Note 2. Revenue and other income

	2013 $	**2012 $**
Revenue		
- services commissions	634,064	610,238
- interest received	9,298	7,284
	643,362	**617,522**
Other revenue		
- other revenue	1,694	-
	1,694	**-**
Total revenue	**645,056**	**617,522**

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 3. Expenses

	2013 $	2012 $
Employee benefits expense;		
- wages and salaries	261,214	253,546
- superannuation costs	21,216	19,752
- workers' compensation costs	524	930
- other costs	15,001	10,929
	297,955	**285,157**
Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	4,969	3,964
- branch fit out	2,102	8,340
- motor vehicle	5,248	5,244
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- intangible assets	10,768	10,000
	23,087	**27,548**
Finance costs:		
- Interest paid	-	326
Bad debts	877	76
Other expenses		
- insurance	15,295	14,684
- information technology related costs	30,994	32,765
- other administration expenses	112,133	114,169
	158,422	**161,618**

Note 4. Tax expense

The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:

	2013 $	2012 $
Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 30% (2012: 30%)	19,450	30,741
Add tax effect of:		
- timing differences	1,775	-
- Under provision of tax in prior years	-	1,945
- Non-deductible expenses	-	4,576
Current income tax expense	**21,225**	**37,262**
Movement in deferred tax	(11,684)	-
Income tax attributable to the entity	**9,541**	**37,262**

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 4. Tax expense (continued)

	2013 $	2012 $
The applicable weighted average effective tax rate is	14.72%	36.36%
Deferred tax asset		
Future income tax benefit arising from timing differences	**11,684.00**	**-**

	Opening balance $	Change to income $	Closing balance $
Balance at 1 July 2012	-	-	-
Provisions	-	10,754	10,754
Accrued Expenses	-	930	930
Balance at 30 June 2013	**-**	**11,684**	**11,684**
Tax liabilities/(assets)			
Income tax payable/(refundable)		**(6,851)**	**5,887**

The applicable income tax rate is the Australian Federal tax rate of 30% (2012: 30%) applicable to Australian resident companies.

Note 5. Auditors' remuneration

Remuneration of the Auditor for:

	2013 $	2012 $
- Audit or review of the financial report	3,950	3,900
- Other accounting services provided	550	500
- Share registry services	3,772	4,748
	8,272	**9,148**

Note 6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2013 $	2012 $
Cash at bank and on hand	**267,452**	**315,059**

Note 7. Trade and other receivables

	2013 $	2012 $
Current		
Trade debtors	**49,766**	**54,175**

Note 7. Trade and other receivables (continued)

Credit risk

The company has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

The following table details the company's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk (prior to collateral and other credit enhancements) with ageing analysis and impairment provided for thereon. Amounts are considered as "past due" when the debt has not been settled within the terms and conditions agreed between the company and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the company.

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table below) are considered to be high credit quality.

	Gross amount	Past due and impaired	Past due but not impaired			Not past due
			< 30 days	31-60 days	> 60 days	
2013						
Trade receivables	49,766	-	-	-	-	49,766
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**49,766**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**49,766**
2012						
Trade receivables	54,175	-	-	-	-	54,175
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**54,175**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**54,175**

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 8. Property, plant and equipment

Branch fit out		
At cost	90,295	83,372
Less accumulated depreciation	(79,401)	(77,298)
	10,894	**6,074**
Property, plant & equipment		
At cost	42,231	32,147
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,113)	(15,144)
	22,118	**17,003**

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	2013 $	2012 $
Motor vehicle		
At cost	34,984	34,984
Less accumulated depreciation	(26,231)	(20,984)
	8,753	**14,000**
Total written down amount	**41,765**	**37,077**
Movements in carrying amounts		
Branch fit out		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6,074	14,414
Additions	6,922	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(2,102)	(8,340)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	**10,894**	**6,074**
Property, plant & equipment		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	17,003	16,137
Additions	10,084	4,830
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(4,969)	(3,964)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	**22,118**	**17,003**
Motor vehicle		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	14,000	19,244
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(5,247)	(5,244)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	**8,753**	**14,000**

Note 9. Intangible assets

	2013 $	2012 $
Franchise fee		
At cost	61,537	50,000
Less accumulated amortisation	(51,154)	(45,000)
	10,383	**5,000**

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 9. Intangible assets (continued)

	2013 $	2012 $
Renewal processing fee		
At cost	46,149	-
Less accumulated amortisation	(4,615)	
	41,534	**-**
Total written down amount	**51,917**	**5,000**
Movements in carrying amounts		
Franchise fee and renewal processing fee		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	5,000	15,000
Additions	57,685	-
Disposals	-	-
Amortisation expense	(10,768)	(10,000)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	**51,917**	**5,000**

Note 10. Trade and other payables

	2013 $	2012 $
Current		
Unsecured liabilities:		
Trade creditors	-	7,767
Other creditors and accruals	21,382	20,319
	21,382	**28,086**

Note 11. Provisions

	2013 $	2012 $
Provision for dividends	165	1,007
Employee benefits	35,846	29,838
	36,011	**30,845**
Movement in employee benefits		
Opening balance	30,845	14,129
Additional provisions recognised	27,689	34,841
Amounts utilised during the year	(22,688)	(18,125)
Closing balance	**35,846**	**30,845**

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 11. Provisions (continued)

Current		
Annual leave	16,884	15,570
Long-service leave	7,881	-
Dividends	165	1,00
	24,930	**16,577**
Non-current		
Long-service leave	11,081	14,268
	11,081	**14,268**
Total provisions	**36,011**	**30,845**

Provision for employee benefits

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 12. Share capital

495,750 Ordinary shares fully paid of $1 each	**495,750**	**495,750**
Movements in share capital		
Fully paid ordinary shares:		
At the beginning of the reporting period	495,750	495,750
Shares issued during the year	-	-
At the end of the reporting period	**495,750**	**495,750**

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholders' meetings each shareholder is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, or on a show of hands.

The company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid. All shares rank equally with regard to the company's residual assets.

Note 12. Share capital (continued)

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Statement of Financial Position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

(i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:

  (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and

  (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and

(ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2013 can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Comprehensive Income. There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

	2013 $	2012 $
Note 13. Accumulated losses		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	(149,257)	(184,722)
Profit after income tax	55,294	65,210
Dividends paid or provided for	(29,745)	(29,745)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	**(123,708)**	**(149,257)**
Note 14. Statement of cash flows		
(a) Cash and cash equivalents balances as shown in the statement of financial position can be reconciled to that shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:		
As per the statement of financial position	**267,452**	**315,059**
(b) Reconciliation of profit after tax to net cash provided from operating activities		
Profit after income tax	55,294	65,210
Non cash items		
- Depreciation	12,319	17,548
- Amortisation	10,768	10,000

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2013 $	2012 $
Note 14. Statement of cash flows (continued)		
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- (Increase) decrease in receivables	4,409	(1,249)
- (Increase) decrease in deferred tax asset	(11,684)	31,375
- Increase (decrease) in payables	(6,704)	(3,900)
- Increase (decrease) in provisions	5,166	16,063
- Increase (decrease) in tax liabilities	(12,738)	5,887
Net cash flows from operating activities	**56,830**	**140,934**

Note 15. Related party transactions

The company's main related parties are as follows:

(a) Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority or responsibility for planning, directing or controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company is considered key management personnel.

(b) Other related parties

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel, individually or collectively with their close family members.

(c) Transactions with key management personnel and related parties

Other than detailed below, no key management personnel or related party has entered into any contracts with the company. No Director fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Director Michelle Baker receives a monthly payment for professional services provided in her role as Company Secretary. The total payments received for the year ended 30 June 2013 was $11,700 (2012:$8,400).

Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited has accepted the Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited's **Community Bank**® Directors Privileges package. The package is available to all Directors who can elect to avail themselves of the benefits based on their personal banking with the branch. There is no requirement to own Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited shares and there is no qualification period to qualify to utilize the benefits. The package mirrors the benefits currently available to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited shareholders. The Directors have estimated the total benefit received from the Directors privilege package to the nil for the year ended 30 June 2013.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Note 15. Related party transactions (continued)

(d) Key management personnel shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited held by each key management personnel of the company during the financial year is as follows:

	2013	2012
Jeffery Perry	1,000	1,000
Robert Armstrong	2,000	2,000
David Aburrow	7,600	7,600
Christine Borger	5,000	5,000
Stephen Aburrow	2,000	2,000
Mathew Ryan	500	500
Tracee Spiby	3,000	3,000
Michelle Baker	-	-
Rhonda Risstrom	-	-

There was no movement in key management personnel shareholdings during the year. Each share held has a paid up value of $1 and is fully paid.

(e) Other key management transactions

There has been no other transactions involving equity instruments other than those described above.

Note 16. Events after the reporting period

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 17. Contingent liabilities and assets

There were no contingent liabilities or assets at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 18. Operating segments

The company operates in the financial services sector where it provides banking services to its clients. The company operates in one geographic area being Rushworth and Stanhope, Victoria. The company has a franchise agreement in place with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited who account for 100% of the revenue (2012: 100%).

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 19. Company details

The registered office and principle place of business is:
23 High Street, Rushworth VIC 3612.

Note 20. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (adjusted for the effects of any dilutive options or preference shares).

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

	2013 $	2012 $
Profit after income tax expense	55,294	65,210
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic and diluted earnings per share	495,750	495,750

Note 21. Dividends paid or provided for on ordinary shares

	2013 $	2012 $
(a) Dividends paid or provided for during the year		
(i) Final unfranked dividend - 6 cents per share (2012: 6 cents)	29,745	29,745
	29,745	**29,745**
(b) Franking account balance		
Franking credits available for subsequent reporting periods are:		
Franking account balance as at the end of the financial year	33,963	-
Franking credits/(debits) that will arise from payment/(refund) of income tax as at the end of the financial year	(6,851)	5,887
Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the end of the financial year	-	-
Franking credits available for future financial reporting periods:	**27,112**	**5,887**
Franking debits that will arise from payment of dividends proposed or declared before the financial report was authorised for use but not recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period	-	-
Net franking credits available	**27,112**	**5,887**

Note 22. Financial risk management

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, account receivables and payables, bank overdraft and loans. The totals for each category of financial instruments measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies are as follows:

	Note	2013 $	2012 $
Financial assets			
Cash & cash equivalents	6	267,452	315,059
Trade and other receivables	7	49,766	54,175
Total financial assets		**317,218**	**369,234**
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	21,382	28,086
Total financial liabilities		**21,382**	**28,086**

Financial risk management policies

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has established an Audit Committee which reports regularly to the Board. The Audit Committee is assisted in the area of risk management by an internal audit function.

Specific financial risk exposure and management

The company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk from their use of financial instruments. There have been no substantive changes in the types of risks the company is exposed to, how the risks arise, or the Board's objectives, policies and processes for managing or measuring the risks from the previous period.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. For the company it arises from receivables and cash assets.

Credit risk is managed through maintaining procedures that ensure, to the extent possible, that clients and counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness and their financial stability is monitored and assessed on a regular basis. Such monitoring is used in assessing receivables for impairment. Credit terms for normal fee income are generally 30 days from the date of invoice. For fees with longer settlements, terms are specified in the individual client contracts.

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying amount and classification of those financial assets as presented in the statement of financial position.

The company's exposure to credit risk is limited to Australia by geographic area. The majority of receivables are due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

None of the assets of the company are past due (2012: nil past due) and based on historic default rates, the company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of assets not past due. The company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and therefore credit risk is considered minimal.

	2013 $	2012 $

Note 22. Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents:

	2013 $	2012 $
A rated	**267,452**	**315,059**

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company ensures it will have enough liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity management is carried out within the guidelines set by the Board.

Typically, the company maintains sufficient cash on hand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis:

	Note	Total $	Within 1 year $	1 to 5 years $	Over 5 years $
30 June 2013					
Financial liabilities due					
Trade and other payables	10	21,382	21,382	–	–
Total expected outflows		**21,382**	**21,382**	**–**	**–**
Financial assets - realisable					
Cash & cash equivalents	6	267,452	267,452	–	–
Trade and other receivables	7	49,766	49,766	–	–
Total anticipated inflows		**317,218**	**317,218**	**–**	**–**
Net (outflow)/inflow financial instruments		**295,836**	**295,836**	**–**	**–**

Note 22. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Note	Total $	Within 1 year $	1 to 5 years $	Over 5 years $
30 June 2012					
Financial liabilities due					
Trade and other payables	10	28,086	28,086	–	–
Total expected outflows		**28,086**	**28,086**	**–**	**–**
Financial assets - realisable					
Cash & cash equivalents	6	315,059	315,059	–	–
Trade and other receivables	7	54,175	54,175	–	–
Total anticipated inflows		**369,234**	**369,234**	**–**	**–**
Net (outflow)/inflow financial instruments		**341,148**	**341,148**	**–**	**–**

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The company reviews the exposure to interest rate risk as part of the regular Board meetings.

The weighted average interest rates of the company's interest-bearing financial assets are as follows:

Financial assets	2013 %	2012 %
Cash and cash equivalents (net of bank overdrafts)	3.04%	2.73%

<u>Sensitivity analysis</u>

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the company's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact on how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

Note 22. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit $	Equity $
Year ended 30 June 2013		
+/- 1% in interest rates (interest income)	**2,675**	**2,675**
Year ended 30 June 2012		
+/- 1% in interest rates (interest income)	**3,151**	**3,151**

The company has no exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency.

(d) Price risk

The company is not exposed to any material price risk.

Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at year end.

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited, the Directors of the company declare that:

1 the financial statements and notes of the company as set out on pages 10 to 33 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:

   (i) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which as stated in accounting policy Note 1(a) to the financial statements constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and

   (ii) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of the performance for the year ended on that date;

2 in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This resolution is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Christine A Borger
Director

Signed at Rushworth on 16 September 2013.

Richmond Sinnott & Delahunty
Chartered Accountants

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Bendigo, Victoria
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF RUSHWORTH & DISTRICT
FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the company at the year's end.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101: Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Richmond Sinnott & Delahunty
ABN 60 616 244 309
Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Partners:
Warren Sinnott, Cara Hall, Brett Andrews, Philip Delahunty, Kathie Teasdale, David Richmond

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

(a) the financial report of Rushworth & District Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

  (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and

  (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and

(b) the financial report also complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

RICHMOND SINNOTT & DELAHUNTY
Chartered Accountants

W. J. SINNOTT
Partner

Dated at Bendigo, 16th September 2013

Rushworth & District **Community Bank**® Branch
23 High Street, Rushworth VIC 3612
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