

Tumbarumba Financial
Services Limited

ABN 82 121 010 839

2019
Annual Report

Tumbarumba Community Bank Branch

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Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2019

On behalf of the Board of Directors I am pleased to provide an update on the progress of Tumbarumba Community Bank Branch.

The net profit of the company after income tax was \$101,955 (2018 Profit \$74,262).

We anticipated an increase in revenue this financial year due to Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited moving over to the new Funds Transfer Pricing Model with Bendigo Bank. We are pleased to report an increase in revenue of \$39,124 and expenses at a similar level as the previous financial year.

We continue to recognise the initial contribution of our shareholders and are pleased to be able to pay another dividend this financial year that will be franked.

Finally, I would like to thank our Directors and staff for their ongoing commitment to the success of Tumbarumba Community Bank Branch.



Colin Nagle
Chairman

Manager's report

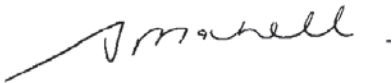
For year ending 30 June 2019

As at 30 June 2019 our total business footings are \$98.274 million. This represents an increase of \$6.227 million in business.

During the financial year, we had an opportunity to re-structure our branch and I am pleased to announce that I have moved into a newly created role of Business Development Manager and Merissa Richmond has moved into the position of Branch Operations Manager.

As the world of banking is changing with fewer customers walking into branches, it is important for us to be driving the business outside of the branch. These new positions allow a greater focus on proactively seeking opportunities to develop our business further.

Finally, I would like to thank our customers, Board and staff for their support.



Samantha Machell
Business Development Manager

Directors' report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2019

The Directors present their report together with the accounts of Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2019.

DIRECTORS

The names of directors at the date of this report are:

Colin James Nagle	Malcolm Antony Marshall	Daniel Murray Martin
Anthony Owen A'Beckett	Lachlan Ian MacKenzie	Julie Maree Giddings
Lloyd Mildren	Bruce Bertram Alleyn	Martin Joseph Sullivan

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principle activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating Community Bank services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the year.

RESULT

The net profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was \$101,955 (2018 profit of \$74,262).

DIRECTOR'S MEETINGS

The company of Directors meetings and number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the company during the financial year are:

Director	Number Attended	Number eligible to attend	Director	Number Attended	Number eligible to attend
Colin Nagle	8	10	Bruce Alleyn	6	10
Anthony A'Beckett	10	10	Martin Sullivan	4	10
Lloyd Mildren	7	10	Daniel Martin	8	10
Julie Giddings	4	10	Dannye Brennan	-	-
Malcolm Marshall	6	10	Jon Burgun	-	-
Lachlan MacKenzie	8	10			

Directors' report (continued)

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the reporting year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company.

DIRECTORS INTERESTS AND BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year no Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the accounts) because of a contract made by the company with the Director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial interest.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on the following page.

Dated at Wagga Wagga this 25th day of September 2019

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:



Colin Nagle
Chairman

Auditor's independence declaration



PARTNERS:	
P.J. King	CA
A.P. Powell	CA
D.R. Uden	CA
R.K. Nicoll	CA
M.A. Smith	CA
D.T. Rosetta	CA

AUDITORS INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2019, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

(a) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and

(b) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

John L. Bush & Campbell
John L Bush & Campbell
Chartered Accountants

DR

David Rosetta
Partner

Wagga Wagga
25 September 2019

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Financial statements

TUMBARUMBA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
Revenues from ordinary activities	2	716,328	677,204
Employee Expenses		(341,752)	(362,547)
Advertising and promotion expense		(69,487)	(49,428)
Borrowing Costs		(10,328)	(8,171)
Occupancy and associated costs		(30,756)	(35,479)
Depreciation and amortisation		(29,583)	(28,421)
Systems costs		(21,763)	(20,203)
Administration expenses		(72,032)	(70,525)
Net Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense		<u>140,627</u>	<u>102,430</u>
Income tax expense relating to ordinary activities	3	(38,672)	(28,168)
Net profit from ordinary activities after related income tax expense		<u>101,955</u>	<u>74,262</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>101,955</u></u>	<u><u>74,262</u></u>
Earnings per share	16	16.3 cents	11.9 cents

The Statement of Comprehensive Income is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the accounts.

Financial statements (continued)

TUMBARUMBA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	5	14,316	36,524
Receivables	6	78,430	60,362
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		<u>92,746</u>	<u>96,886</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Deferred Tax Asset	7	17,345	17,260
Property, plant & equipment	8	360,785	336,947
Intangible Assets	9	37,531	50,962
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		<u>415,661</u>	<u>405,169</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>508,407</u>	<u>502,055</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables	10	28,918	57,895
Provisions	11	17,419	20,970
Borrowings	12	37,485	41,588
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>83,822</u>	<u>120,453</u>
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions	11	30,207	30,486
Borrowings	12	113,510	140,870
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>143,717</u>	<u>171,356</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>227,539</u>	<u>291,809</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>280,868</u>	<u>210,246</u>
EQUITY			
Issued Capital	13	593,875	593,875
Retained Profits	14	(313,007)	(383,629)
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>280,868</u>	<u>210,246</u>

The Statement of Financial Position is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the accounts.

Financial statements (continued)

TUMBARUMBA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Issued Capital	Profits Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2017	593,875		(426,558)	167,317
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	74,262		74,262
Dividends Paid		(31,333)		(31,333)
Transfers		(42,929)	42,929	-
Balance as at 30 June 2018	<u>593,875</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(383,629)</u>	<u>210,246</u>
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	101,955		101,955
Dividends Paid	-	(31,333)		(31,333)
Transfers		(70,622)	70,622	-
Balance as at 30 June 2019	<u>593,875</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(313,007)</u>	<u>280,868</u>

The Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the accounts.

Financial statements (continued)

TUMBARUMBA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR TO 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts in the course of operations		698,260	680,888
Cash payments in the course of operations		(617,681)	(556,841)
Net cash used by operating activities	15(ii)	<u>80,579</u>	<u>124,047</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of plant & equipment		-	16,364
Payments for property, plant & equipment		<u>(39,990)</u>	<u>(36,366)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(39,990)</u>	<u>(20,002)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings		-	17,000
Dividends paid		(31,333)	(31,333)
Repayment of Loans		<u>(31,463)</u>	<u>(50,304)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(62,796)</u>	<u>(64,637)</u>
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		<u>(22,207)</u>	<u>39,408</u>
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		36,524	(2,884)
Cash at the end of the financial year	15(i)	<u><u>14,316</u></u>	<u><u>36,524</u></u>

The Statement of Cash Flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the accounts.

Notes to the financial statements

For year ended 30 June 2019

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant policies that have been adopted in the presentation of these financial statements are:

(a) Basis of Preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001.

(b) Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS.

(c) Historical cost convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost conventions on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

(d) Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company recognises revenue as the amount of the transaction price that is allocated to the performance obligation, excluding any amounts of variable consideration, when the performance obligation has been satisfied. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The Company provides banking services under a franchise agreement. Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company – margin, commission and fee income. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

Margin

Margin is arrived through the following calculation:

- Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits,
- plus any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for a deposit,
- minus any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to fund a loan.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(d) Revenue (Continued)

For those products and services on which margin is paid, the company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (i.e. income adjusted for Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's interest expense and interest income return). However, if this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss. Products and services on which margin is paid include variable rate deposits and variable rate home loans.

Commission

Commission is a fee paid for products and services sold. It may be paid on the initial sale or on an ongoing basis. Commission is payable on the sale of an insurance product such as home and contents. Examples of products and services on which ongoing commissions are paid include leasing and other products.

The Company has considered the treatment of trail commissions in accordance with AASB 15. It was concluded that there is no way to determine, with high probability, the present value of on-going commissions. For these reasons on-going trail commission is recognised when calculated and remitted to the Company.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank Group entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

(e) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable for the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operation cash flows.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(f) Income tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company/consolidated entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(g) Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

(h) Intangibles

The cost of the Company's franchise fee has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

(i) Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(j) Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(k) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- Buildings and improvements	40 years
- Plant and equipment	2.5 - 40 years
- Motor vehicles	5 years

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(l) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

There are no estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(m) Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

(n) Trade receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

(o) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

(p) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

(q) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

(r) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(s) New Accounting standards adopted during the year

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 9 took effect for the company on 1 July 2018, replacing AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. AASB 9 consolidates the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Company.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 15 took effect for the company on 1 July 2018, replacing AASB 118 which details the recognition of revenue. Under the new standard revenue is recognised when specific performance obligations are met. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Company.

(t) Standards and Interpretations issued not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective. These standards have not been applied in the financial report and the Directors do not expect the new standards to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Standard/ Interpretation	Nature of Change	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning	Expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending
AASB 16 Leases	AASB 16 removes the distinction between operating and finance leases, consequently the majority of leases will be recognised on the balance sheet. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to for future rental payments are recognised.	1-Jan-19	30-Jun-20

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
NOTE 2 - REVENUE		
Operating activities		
Services Commissions	716,328	671,362
	<u>716,328</u>	<u>671,362</u>
Non-operating activities		
Sundry income	-	4,170
Profit on sale of asset	-	1,672
	<u>716,328</u>	<u>677,204</u>
NOTE 3 - INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
The prima facie tax or loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled as follows:		
Operating Profit/(Loss)	140,627	102,430
Prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities at 27.5%	38,672	28,168
Add/(less) tax effect of:		
- Restatement of deferred tax asset due to change in tax rate	-	-
Income tax expense	<u>38,672</u>	<u>28,168</u>
NOTE 4 - PROFIT FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax has been determined after:		
(a) Expenses		
Amortisation of intangibles	13,431	13,431
Depreciation of non-current assets	16,152	14,990
Auditors Remuneration	10,500	10,100
NOTE 5 - CASH ASSETS		
Cash at bank	14,316	36,524
	<u>14,316</u>	<u>36,524</u>
NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES		
Trade debtors	78,112	59,737
Sundry Debtors	318	625
	<u>78,430</u>	<u>60,362</u>
NOTE 7 - DEFERRED TAX ASSET		
Future Tax Benefit	<u>17,345</u>	<u>17,260</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2019 \$	2018 \$
NOTE 8 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and equipment - at cost	61,738	55,042
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(48,662)</u>	<u>(48,254)</u>
	13,076	6,788
Land & Buildings - at cost	450,414	417,120
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(119,564)</u>	<u>(109,439)</u>
	330,850	307,681
Motor vehicles - at cost	24,546	24,546
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(7,687)</u>	<u>(2,068)</u>
	16,859	22,478
Total written down amount	<u>360,785</u>	<u>336,947</u>
i) Movements in carrying amounts		
Plant and equipment		
Balance at the beginning of the year	6,788	7,045
Additions	6,696	-
Depreciation	<u>(408)</u>	<u>(257)</u>
Carrying amount at the end of the year	<u>13,076</u>	<u>6,788</u>
Leasehold Improvements		
Balance at the beginning of the year	307,681	305,594
Additions	33,294	11,819
Depreciation	<u>(10,125)</u>	<u>(9,732)</u>
Carrying amount at the end of the year	<u>330,850</u>	<u>307,681</u>
Motor Vehicles		
Balance at the beginning of the year	22,478	17,625
Additions	-	24,545
Disposal	-	(14,692)
Depreciation	<u>(5,619)</u>	<u>(5,000)</u>
Carrying amount at the end of the year	<u>16,859</u>	<u>22,478</u>
NOTE 9 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
Franchise fee - at cost	67,153	67,153
Less: accumulated amortisation	<u>(29,622)</u>	<u>(16,191)</u>
Total written down amount	<u>37,531</u>	<u>50,962</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2019 \$	2018 \$
NOTE 10 - TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade creditors	8,277	6,838
Income tax payable	1,585	31,354
Other creditors & accruals	19,056	19,703
	<u>28,918</u>	<u>57,895</u>
NOTE 11 - PROVISIONS		
Current		
Annual leave	17,419	20,970
Total Current	<u>17,419</u>	<u>20,970</u>
Non Current		
Long service leave	30,207	30,486
Total Non Current	<u>30,207</u>	<u>30,486</u>
Total Provisions	<u>47,626</u>	<u>51,456</u>
NOTE 12 - Borrowings		
Current		
Loan - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd (Franchise Fee)	13,614	13,614
Loan - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd (Property Loan)	18,684	18,684
Equipment Finance	5,179	9,084
Bendigo Bank Credit Card	8	206
Total Current	<u>37,485</u>	<u>41,588</u>
Non Current		
Equipment Finance	-	2,466
Loan - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd (Franchise Fee)	13,614	27,228
Loan - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd (Property Loan)	99,896	111,176
Total Non Current	<u>113,510</u>	<u>140,870</u>
Total Borrowings	<u>150,995</u>	<u>182,458</u>
NOTE 13 - CONTRIBUTED EQUITY		
626,650 Ordinary shares paid at \$1	626,650	626,650
Less: equity raising expenses	(32,775)	(32,775)
	<u>593,875</u>	<u>593,875</u>
NOTE 14 - ACCUMULATED LOSSES		
Opening balance	(383,629)	(426,558)
Net profit from activities after income tax	101,955	74,262
Dividends Paid	(31,333)	(31,333)
	<u>(313,007)</u>	<u>(383,629)</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
NOTE 15 - CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
(i). Reconciliation of Cash		
For the purpose of the statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and at bank.		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statements of Cash		
Flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial		
Cash at bank (Note 5)	14,316	36,524
Total Cash	<u>14,316</u>	<u>36,524</u>
(ii). Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Profit / (loss) for Year:	<u>101,955</u>	<u>74,262</u>
Non cash flows recored in ordinary activities		
Amortisation	13,431	13,431
Profit on sale of asset	-	(1,672)
Depreciation	<u>16,152</u>	<u>14,990</u>
Net cash provided / (used) in operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities during the year		
(Increase) / decrease in receivables	(18,068)	5,356
(Increase)/ Decrease in Future Tax Benefit	(85)	(5,559)
Increase / (decrease) in payables	(28,976)	7,591
Increase / (decrease) in provisions	(3,830)	15,648
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	<u>80,579</u>	<u>124,047</u>
NOTE 16 - EARNINGS PER SHARE		
(a) Profit / (Loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders	<u>101,955</u>	<u>74,262</u>
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	626,650	626,650
NOTE 17 - DIVIDENDS		
Dividends paid for the year were at 5c per share (2018 -5c per share)		

NOTE 18 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

(i) Market risk

The Company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The Company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The Company's franchise agreement limits the Company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

NOTE 18– FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial	Floating	Fixed interest rate maturing in						Non interest bearing	Weighted average Effective Interest rate			
		1 year or less		Over 1 to 5 years		Over 5 years						
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018				2019	2018
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%	
Financial assets												
Cash assets	14,316	36,524	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,430	60,362	N/A	N/A
Financial liabilities												
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,918	57,895	N/A	N/A
Borrowings	123,759	141,616	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,236	40,842	4.8	4.5

NOTE 19– RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions between the company and directors during the year.

The names of the Directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Colin James Nagle	Julie Maree Giddings
Lachlan Ian MacKenzie	Daniel Murray Martin
Anthony Owen A'Beckett	Malcolm Antony Marshall
Bruce Bertram Alleyn	Martin Joseph Sullivan
Dannye Martin Brennan	Lloyd Mildren
Jon Burgun	

NOTE 20 – COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is:
 Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited
 27 The Parade
 Tumbarumba NSW 2653

NOTE 21 - EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

NOTE 22 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

NOTE 23 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates Community Bank services pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank Limited. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being Tumbarumba and surrounding districts of New South Wales.

Directors' declaration

The directors of the company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001:
 - a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the company and economic entity;
2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Colin Nagle
Chairman

Dated at Wagga Wagga this 25th day of September 2019

Independent audit report



PARTNERS:	
P.J. King	CA
A.P. Powell	CA
D.R. Uden	CA
R.K. Nicoll	CA
M.A. Smith	CA
D.T. Rosetta	CA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

TUMBARUMBA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the financial report of Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Regime and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2019, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
AUSTRALIA - NEW ZEALAND

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Standards Legislation

Independent audit report (continued)

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal controls as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

John L. Bush & Campbell

JOHN L BUSH & CAMPBELL
Chartered Accountants

D Rosetta

David Rosetta
Partner

Wagga Wagga
25 September 2019

Tumbarumba Community Bank Branch
27 The Parade, Tumbarumba NSW 2653
Phone: (02) 6948 3399 Fax: (02) 6948 3722

Franchisee: Tumbarumba Financial Services Limited
27 The Parade, Tumbarumba NSW 2653
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