

Annual Report 30 June 2017



York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited

ABN 85 099 104 079

Registered Office: 114 Avon Terrace, York, WA, 6302

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Chairman and Manager's Report

On behalf of the Board and staff of the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch, we present the 15th Annual Report.

Since its inception in July 2002 the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch has continued to 'Do Big Things for the York community'. As a proud, local business the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch has been able to provide personalised banking services and support to the community through grants and sponsorships to local volunteer, not-for-profit community, sporting, cultural and educational groups.

To date, the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch has returned to the community via sponsorships, grants and donations a total of \$33,997 and during the financial year to 30 June 2017 a total of just over \$500,000. In 2017 the company did not pay a dividend.

Company Financial Performance

The financial year ended 30 June 2017 continued to present a challenging economic environment in which to operate. However, due to a change to the revenue sharing received from Bendigo full year income increased from \$615,496 to \$653,793. Board and staff continued to focus strongly on controlling expenses and increasing growth resulting a return to profit.

The trend for debt reduction carried over from the 2015/16 financial year into 2016/17. Customers have continued to write down debt and build equity. Increased focus on new lending opportunities has been the goal for the branch and has been rewarded with incremental growth in the lending market.

Total footings at the end of the financial year 30 June 2017 were \$87.089 million. Business was made up of \$53.007 million in deposits, up by \$0.448, and \$19.78 million in lending down by \$1.016 million. Other business, including insurance, credit cards contributed \$14.298 million, up \$6.165 million.

The operating profit before tax for the year was \$14,544 an improvement from a loss of \$14,977 reported from June 30 2016. The after tax profit was \$10,889. The profit reported is after allowing for contributions to the community through sponsorship, marketing and grants amounting to more than \$33,997.

The performance of the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch is mirrored in a number of smaller regional Community Bank® branches in WA. The Board in consultation with the Branch Manager, Graham Edmonds, remains focused on a number of strategies to develop new markets and opportunities within the region, and monitor operating costs.

The growth of the Cunderdin agency has continued to be strong. As of 30 June 2017, there are 213 accounts and \$6.663 million in portfolio business.

The agency operates from an in-store facility at the Cunderdin IGA. The agency is serviced by two IGA Co-Operative staff and supported by York & Districts Community Bank® Branch CRO, Chris Giles. Chris continues to work from the agency once a week. It is anticipated that 2017 will see further growth in the Cunderdin district.

The key focus strategies for the new financial year include: Developing the lending market across the district; building the Rural Bank portfolio and brand; and expanding our business portfolio in the areas of insurance, margin lending, and credit cards to increase income.

Lending

The focus on lending is the priority strategy for the new financial year. The realities of the challenges of the current market are acknowledged by the Board and staff of the branch. As a result, the strategy is to look more broadly for opportunities in the district and to work in partnership with others to achieve growth.

Rural Bank

Tim Paskov from the Rural Bank has worked closely with the staff of the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch to develop the Agribusiness book. The result as of 30 June 2017 was growth of \$1.547 million in lending to \$3.357 million and \$1.39 million in Rural Bank deposits.

In 2017, the Board has continued to actively participate in, and contributed to, the major Bendigo band campaign 'Doing Big Things for WA'. The campaign in conjunction with Seven West Media has contributed significantly to the development of the Bendigo Bank brand. The campaign comprised a series of television and newspaper advertisements promoting the community contributions made by Bendigo Bank's Community Bank® network.

Board of Directors

There has been only one change to the Board of York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited during the 2016/17 financial year.

Rhys Turton tabled his resignation from the Board due to business commitments. Rhys was an active Board member since the branch's inception in 2002. He has made a considerable contribution to the Bendigo Bank Community Bank® network. His enthusiasm, vision and knowledge with be missed by the Directors and staff of York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited.

Sponsorships

The York & Districts Community Bank[®] Branch has continued to support community groups and organisations through grants and sponsorships. The company has \$37,481 set aside in the Community Enterprise Foundation[™] operated by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank. Community grants that qualify under Australian tax law have been paid from these funds.

In the financial year ending 30 June 2017, the branch provided a number of grants and sponsorships. In total approximately 20 local not for profit community groups benefitted.

The most significant community project for 2017 was the continuation of the St John's Ambulance First Aid courses offered to the Year 10 students at the York and Districts High School.

The aims of the programme were to ensure that the youth of York become aware of the safety of one another, and that they be provided with a set of skills to assist in their personal and work lives.

In 2016/17 the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch provided two \$1,000 scholarships for students from York and Districts High School.

Branch Operations

The staff of the York & Districts Community Bank® Branch are committed to continuous improvement in product and sales training.

Insurance remains a major sales focus with several campaigns run throughout the year. York & Districts Community Bank® Branch performed well achieving 80 sales for the year.

York & Districts Community Bank® Branch is proud to service the banking needs of people in the York and Cunderdin communities and the surrounding districts.

The year ahead is seen to be a positive one. Our growth will require the continued commitment and focus of the Board and staff, and support from the community. We encourage all shareholders to assist us so we can 'Do Big Things for York and Districts'. Our aim is to be able to give back to the community. We look forward to delivering a positive result in the new financial year.

Diane Robertson-Smith
Chairman
York & Districts Community
Financial Services Ltd

Graham Edmonds
Manager
York & Districts Community
Bank Branch of Bendigo Bank

Your directors submit the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

Directors

The names and details of the company's directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Diane Robertson Smith

Chair

Occupation: Training Consultant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Currently a principal of Robertson-Smith Consulting. Professional qualifications include Bachelor of Arts and Diploma of Education. 30 years experience as business owner, Specialist facilitator, training and coach in leadership and management development. Has worked with several major mining and manufacturing companies. Previous Board roles include Vice Chair of Port Pirie Regional Hospital Volunteer at Fremantle Sailing Club. Special responsibilities: Chair, Financial Committee, Advertising Committee, Sponsorship and Marketing Committee.

Interest in shares: Nil

Joanne Allen

Secretary

Occupation: Education Assistant/Farmer

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Born and raised in York. Partner in 3rd generation farm. 15 years experience as a

Pharmacy Assistant. Certificate 3 in Education Assistant. Currently employed at York District High School.

Special responsibilities: Company Secretary, Sponsorship and Marketing Committee.

Interest in shares: 2,000

Lindsay Milton McNeil

Director

Occupation: Retired

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Experience as agricultural technical officer, bank officer, agriculture teacher,

 $journalist\ and\ small\ business\ operator.\ Holds\ arts\ degree\ and\ diplomas\ in\ education\ and\ agriculture.$

Special responsibilities: Finance and Audit Committee, Sponsorship and Marketing Committee.

Interest in shares: 6,001

Kenneth Charles Stevenson

Director

Occupation: Agricultural Consultant

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Kenneth is an Agricultural Consultant and Farm Manager. Qualifications include Diploma of Agricultural Science (Dip.AG.Sci), Executive Certificate in Agribusiness (Cont.AG.Bus). Honours in Fellow of the Australian Association of Agricultural Consultants (WA) (FAAAC) and Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (FAICD). Experience includes Director of Stevenson Agriculture Pty Ltd from 2012 to present, Founding Partner of Farmanco Management Consultant 1978 to 2010. Community roles include Director and Chairman of York and District Co-op 1995 - 2010, Fellow and Chairman of Council Guildford Grammar School 2001 - 2009, Chairman of the Board of Management at Muresk Institute Curtain University 1997 - 2005. Director and Chairman of Kondinin Group 2000 - 2010.

Special responsibilities: Finance Committee

Interest in shares: Nil

Mark Gregory Duperouzel

Director

Occupation: Owner and Manager - M.A.L Automotive

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Owner and Manager of M.A.L Automotive for 24 years and counting. Owner and Manager of Avon Mini bus hire. A board member for Western Australia (W.A) Water Ski Association as tournament director, Regional Development Officer for W.A Water Ski Assoc. and board member. Y.DCFS Board member.

Special responsibilities: Nil

Interest in shares: Nil

Directors (continued)

Susan Marie Flynn

Director (Appointed 26 July 2016)

Occupation: Part-time Office Manager / Bookkeeper

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Sue is the Chairperson for St John Ambulance York and Volunteers for St John Ambulance. Part-time Bookkeeper, Dental Assistant for the past 8 years and Secondary School Teacher for 20 years with a Bachelors of Education. Chairperson and Secretary of York Swimming Club, Member of School Boards for Kolbe Catholic Collage, St Marys Merredin, Holy Rosary Derby and St Joseph's school Northam. Co-ordinator of Derby Community Centre, Secretary of Safer WA Derby, Laboratory Technician at Aquinas College and Business Proprietor at Flynn Stockfeed.

Special responsibilities: Nil Interest in shares: Nil

Clayton Scott Smith

Director (Appointed 30 May 2017)

Occupation: Co Director

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Claytons employment history consists of Bank Officer at National Australia Bank (1981 - 1985), Life insurance Agent for National Mutual (1985 - 1992), Director, Financial Planning at KPMG (1992 - 1999). Financial Planner at Plan B (1999 - 2002), Franchisee for Dymocks Hays Street (2002 - 2015) and is currently the owner of Barclay Books (2015 - Present. Clayton has a Diploma of Financials Planning.

Special responsibilities: Nil Interest in shares: Nil

Ashley James Fisher

Director (Resigned 30 Jan 2017)

Occupation: Manager Director - Avon Waste

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Has been employed by Avon Waste since 1995. He has also served a term of 4.5 years as a Shire councillor for York. He is a member of the Waste Management Association of Australia and has recently completed his AICD Directors course.

Special responsibilities: Marketing Committee

Interest in shares: Nil

Rhys Trevor Turton

Director (Resigned 30 May 2017)

Occupation: Farmer

Qualifications, experience and expertise: Graduate member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors - Diploma level.

Company Director expertise of large organisations (plus \$100m turnover / over 100 employees).

Other current directorships: Council of Grain Grower Organisations.

Special responsibilities: Nil Interest in shares: 1,001

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Company Secretary

The company secretary is Joanne Allen. Joanne was appointed to the position of secretary on 18 November 2006 Joanne has 25 years farming experience and 15 years as a pharmacy assistant.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were facilitating Community Bank® services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

| Year ended | Year ended |
|--------------|--------------|
| 30 June 2017 | 30 June 2016 |
| \$ | \$ |
| 10.889 | (12,771) |

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

Events since the end of the financial year

Since the end of the financial year York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited have renewed their Franchise agreement and moved to the new Plain English Agreement.

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Indemnification and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an auditor of the company or a related body corporate.

Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the year were:

| | | Committee Meetings Attended | | | | d |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Board Meeti | ings Attended | Fin | ance | Sponsorshi | p/Marketing |
| | <u>Eligible</u> | <u>Attended</u> | <u>Eligible</u> | <u>Attended</u> | <u>Eligible</u> | <u>Attended</u> |
| Diane Robertson Smith | 10 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Joanne Allen | 10 | 8 | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Lindsay Milton McNeil | 10 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Kenneth Charles Stevenson | 10 | 7 | 1 | 1 | ** | - |
| Mark Duperouzel | 10 | 8 | ~ | - | 2 | 2 |
| Sue Marie Flynn¹ | 10 | 10 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Clayton Scott Smith ² | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Ashley James Fisher ³ | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rhys Trevor Turton⁴ | 9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1 (Appointed 26 July 2016) 2 (Appointed 30 May 2017) | 3 (Resigned 30 4 (Resigned 30 | • | | | | |

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Non audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The board of directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors at York, Western Australia on 8 August 2017.

Diane Robertson Smith, Chair

DMR. Smith



61 Bull Street, Bendigo 3550 PO Box 454, Bendigo 3552 03 5443 0344 afsbendigo.com.au

Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the directors of York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2017, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo Vic 3550

Dated: 8 August 2017

David Hutchings Lead Auditor

York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

| | Notes | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
|---|-------|------------|------------|
| Revenue from ordinary activities | 4 | 653,793 | 615,496 |
| Employee benefits expense | | (389,501) | (393,295) |
| Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising and promotion | | (33,997) | (30,719) |
| Occupancy and associated costs | | (16,979) | (19,689) |
| Systems costs | | (22,307) | (23,547) |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | 5 | (20,260) | (22,966) |
| Finance costs | 5 | (12,210) | (15,851) |
| General administration expenses | | (143,995) | (124,406) |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax | | 14,544 | (14,977) |
| Income tax (expense)/credit | 6 | (3,655) | 2,206 |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax | | 10,889 | (12,771) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the company: | | 10,889 | (12,771) |
| Earnings per share | | ¢ | ¢ |
| Basic earnings per share | 22 | 2.40 | (2.82) |

York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2017

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|
| | Notes | \$ | \$ |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 335,901 | 294,462 |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 50,509 | 55,765 |
| Current tax asset | 11 | - | 9,312 |
| Total Current Assets | | 386,410 | 359,539 |
| Non-Current Assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 9 | 487,190 | 495,230 |
| Intangible assets | 10 | 834 | 10,834 |
| Deferred tax asset | 11 | 11,935 | 12,800 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | | 499,959 | 518,864 |
| Total Assets | | 886,369 | 878,403 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 29,135 | 27,361 |
| Current tax liabilities | 11 | 1,684 | - |
| Borrowings | 13 | 31,980 | 31,980 |
| Provisions | 14 | 38,943 | 23,345 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 101,742 | 82,686 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 13 | 173,457 | 193,107 |
| Provisions | 14 | 6,627 | 8,956 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 180,084 | 202,063 |
| Total Liabilities | | 281,826 | 284,749 |
| Net Assets | | 604,543 | 593,654 |
| Equity | | | |
| Issued capital | 15 | 360,527 | 360,527 |
| Retained earnings | 16 | 244,016 | 233,127 |
| Total Equity | | 604,543 | 593,654 |

York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

| | Issued Capital | Retained Earnings | Total Equity |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2015 | 360,527 | 250,427 | 610,954 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | (12,771) | (12,771) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: | | | |
| Shares issued during period | - | - | ~ |
| Costs of issuing shares | - | - | - |
| Dividends provided for or paid | - | (4,529) | (4,529) |
| Balance at 30 June 2016 | 360,527 | 233,127 | 593,654 |
| Balance at 1 July 2016 | 360,527 | 233,127 | 593,654 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | 10,889 | 10,889 |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: | | | |
| Shares issued during period | - | - | * |
| Costs of issuing shares | - | - | ~ |
| Dividends provided for or paid | - | - | - |
| Balance at 30 June 2017 | 360,527 | 244,016 | 604,543 |

York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited Statement of Cash Flows

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | \$ | \$ |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Receipts from customers | | 703,438 | 674,804 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (638,085) | (652,152) |
| Interest received | | 5,641 | 7,000 |
| Interest paid | | (15,891) | (15,851) |
| Income taxes paid | | 8,206 | 2,544 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 17 | 63,309 | 16,345 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Payments for property, plant and equipment | | (2,220) | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (2,220) | _ |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Repayment of borrowings | | (19,650) | (18,116) |
| Dividends paid | | - | (4,529) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (19,650) | (22,645) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash held | | 41,439 | (6,300) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | | 294,462 | 300,762 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 7(a) | 335,901 | 294,462 |

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Boards and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with IFRS

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. These areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexities, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Application of new and amended accounting standards

There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year.

None of these amendments to accounting standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) materially affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods.

There are also a number of accounting standards and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that become effective in future accounting periods.

The company has elected not to apply any accounting standards or interpretations before their mandatory operative date for the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2016. These future accounting standards and interpretations therefore have no impact on amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period.

Only AASB 16 Leases, effective for the annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2019 is likely to impact the company. This revised standard will require the branch lease to be capitalised.

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank® branch at York, Western Australia.

The branch operates as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the Community Bank® branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank® branch are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Economic dependency - Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (continued)

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for the relevant Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited entity to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank® branch franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank® branch
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

b) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and any specific criteria have been met. Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company – margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services.

The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates. It may also be affected by other factors, such as economic and local conditions, for example, interest rates.

Core banking products

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has identified some Bendigo Bank Group products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days' notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

b) Revenue (continued)

Margin

Margin is arrived at through the following calculation:

- Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
- plus any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited for a deposit,
- minus any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited to fund a loan.

Margin is paid on all core banking products. A funds transfer pricing model is used for the method of calculation of the cost of funds, deposit return and margin.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (i.e. income adjusted for Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's interest expense and interest income return). However, if this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission

Commission is a fee paid for products and services sold. It may be paid on the initial sale or on an ongoing basis. Commission is payable on the sale of an insurance product such as home contents. Examples of products and services on which ongoing commissions are paid include leasing and Sandhurst Trustees Limited products.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank Group entities including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Discretionary financial contributions

In addition to margin, commission and fee income, and separate from the franchise agreement, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has also made discretionary financial payments to the company. These are referred to by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited as a "Market Development Fund" (MDF).

The amount has been based on the volume of business attributed to a branch. The purpose of the discretionary payments is to assist with local market development activities, including community sponsorships and donations. It is for the board to decide how to use the MDF.

The payments from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited are discretionary and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change the amount or stop making them at any time.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may change the form and amount of financial return that the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service. The effect of the change on the revenue earned by the company is entirely dependent on the change.

If Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited makes a change to the margin or commission on core banking products and services, it must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited attributes to the company to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited may make.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

b) Revenue (continued)

Ability to change financial return (continued)

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited must give the company 30 days' notice before it changes the products and services on which margin, commission or fee income is paid, the method of calculation of margin and the amount of margin, commission or fee income.

Monitoring and changing financial return

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited monitors the distribution of financial return between Community Bank® companies and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited on an ongoing basis.

Overall, Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has made it clear that the Community Bank® model is based on the principle of shared reward for shared effort. In particular, in relation to core banking products and services, the aim is to achieve an equal share of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's margin.

c) Income tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Balance Sheet.

f) Trade receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

g) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

| - furniture and fittings | 4 - 40 | years |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|
| - buildings | 40 | years |

h) Intangibles

The franchise fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

The renewal processing fee paid to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited when renewing the franchise agreement has also been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the franchise agreement.

i) Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

j) Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

k) Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

- (i) Loans and receivables
 - Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- (ii) Financial liabilities
 - Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

I) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

n) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

o) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

p) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Note 2. Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the board of directors.

(i) Market risk

The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 2. Financial risk management (continued)

(vi) Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the franchisee over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2017 can be seen in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain tax liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-recouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits.

Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation.

These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty. There is therefore a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the balance sheet and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amount of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in corresponding credit or charge to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The estimation of the useful lives of assets has been based on historical experience and the condition of the asset is assessed at least once per year and considered against the remaining useful life. Adjustments to useful lives are made when considered necessary.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

| Note 4. Revenue from ordinary activities | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|---------|---------|
| The state of the s | \$ | \$ |
| Operating activities: | | |
| - gross margin | 492,779 | 376,671 |
| - services commissions | 58,358 | 113,251 |
| - fee income | 62,015 | 68,869 |
| - market development fund | 35,000 | 50,000 |
| Total revenue from operating activities | 648,152 | 608,791 |
| Non-operating activities: | | |
| - interest received | 5,641 | 6,705 |
| Total revenue from non-operating activities | 5,641 | 6,705 |
| Total revenues from ordinary activities | 653,793 | 615,496 |

| Note 5. Expenses | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Depreciation of non-current assets: - buildings | 9,165 | 12,444 |
| - furniture and fittings | 1,095 | 522 |
| Amortisation of non-current assets: | | |
| - franchise agreement | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| | 20,260 | 22,966 |
| | | |
| Finance costs: | 12,210 | 15,851 |
| - interest paid | | 12,021 |
| Bad debts | 415 | 607 |
| | | |
| Note 6. Income tax expense/(credit) | | |
| The construction of the surrounce // and dit) correction. | | |
| The components of tax expense/(credit) comprise: - Current tax | 2,790 | - |
| - Future income tax benefit attributable to losses | -, | (3,655) |
| - Movement in deferred tax | (2,662) | (614) |
| - Recoupment of prior year tax losses | 3,872 | - |
| Adjustment to deferred tax to reflect change to tax rate in future periods Under/(Over) provision of tax in the prior period | (345) | 465 1,598 |
| - Officery provision of tax in the prior period | 3,655 | (2,206) |
| | 3,033 | (2,2001 |
| The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense/(credit) as follows | | |
| Operating profit/(loss) | 14,544 | (14,977) |
| Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 27.5% (2016: 28.5%) | 4,000 | (4,269) |
| | | |
| Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses | 2,662 | 614 |
| anning americines expenses | 6,662 | (3,655) |
| | | (3,033) |
| Movement in deferred tax | (2,662) | (614) |
| Adjustment to deferred tax to reflect change of tax rate in future periods | - (2 ar) | 465 |
| Under/(Over) provision of income tax in the prior year | (345) | 1,598 |
| | <u>3,655</u> | (2,206) |
| | | |
| Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Cash at bank and on hand | 89,931 | 39,390 |
| Term deposits | 245,970 | 255,072 |
| | 335,901 | 294,462 |
| | | |

| Note 7.(a) Reconciliation to cash flow statement | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| The above figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the statement of cash flows at the end of the financial year as follows: | \$ | \$ |
| Cash at bank and on hand | 89,931 | 39,390 |
| Term deposits | 245,970 | 255,072 |
| | 335,901 | 294,462 |
| Note 8. Trade and other receivables | | |
| Trade receivables | 44,792 | 42,291 |
| Prepayments | 391 | 11,828 |
| Other receivables and accruals | 5,326 | 1,646 |
| | 50,509 | 55,765 |
| Note 9. Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Land and buildings | | |
| Freehold land | | |
| At cost | 219,352 | 219,352 |
| Buildings | | |
| At cost | 381,290 | 381,290 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (115,272) | (106,107) |
| | 266,018 | 275,183 |
| Furniture and fittings | | |
| At cost | 136,137 (134,317) | 133,917 (133,222) |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 1,820 | 695 |
| | 1,020 | 000 |
| Total written down amount | 487,190 | 495,230 |
| Movements in carrying amounts: | | |
| Land | 240.050 | |
| Carrying amount at beginning Reclassification of land portion | 219,352 - | - 219,352 |
| Additions | - | |
| Disposals | - | - |
| Less: depreciation expense | | - |
| Carrying amount at end | 219,352 | 219,352 |

| Note 9. Property, plant and equipment (continued) | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|--------------|------------------|
| Buildings | \$ | \$ |
| Carrying amount at beginning | 275,183 | 506,979 |
| Additions | - | - |
| Disposals Participation of land portion | - | - (219,352) |
| Reclassification of land portion Less: depreciation expense | - (9,165) | (12,444) |
| Carrying amount at end | 266,018 | 275,183 |
| | | |
| Furniture and fittings | COL | 1 717 |
| Carrying amount at beginning Additions | 695 2,220 | 1,217 |
| Disposals | 2,220 | - |
| Less: depreciation expense | (1,095) | (522) |
| Carrying amount at end | 1,820 | 695 |
| | 497 100 | 405.330 |
| Total written down amount | 487.190 | 495,230 |
| Note 10. Intangible assets | | |
| Franchise fee | | |
| At cost | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Less: accumulated amortisation | (49,166) | (39,166) |
| | 834 | 10,834 |
| Total written down amount | 834 | 10,834 |
| | * | |
| Note 11. Tax | | |
| Current: | | |
| Income tax payable/(refundable) | 1,684 | (9,312) |
| Non-Current: | | |
| non-carrent. | | |
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| - accruals | 868 | 842 |
| - employee provisions | 12,532 | 8,883 2 5 2 7 |
| - tax losses carried forward | | 3,527 |
| Deferred tax liability | 13,400 | 13,252 |
| - accruals | 1,465 | 452 |
| | 1,465 | 452 |
| Net deferred tax asset | 11.935 | 12,800 |
| Movement in deferred tax charged to Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive | 865 | (3,804) |
| Income | | |
| | | |

| Note 12. Trade and other payables | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Current: | Ş | Ş |
| Other creditors and accruals | 29,135 | 27,361 |
| Note 13. Borrowings | | |
| Current: | | |
| Bank loans | 31.980 | 31,980 |
| Non-Current: | | |
| Bank loans | <u>173,457</u> | 193,107 |
| Bank loans are repayable monthly with instalments of \$2,665. Interest is recognised at an average rate of 5.69% (2016: 6.81%). The loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets. | | |
| Note 14. Provisions | | |
| Current: | | |
| Provision for annual leave Provision for long service leave | 28,216 10,727 38,943 | 19,337 4,008 23,345 |
| Non-Current: | | |
| Provision for long service leave | 6,627 | 8,956 |
| Note 15. Contributed equity | | |
| 452,909 ordinary shares fully paid (2016: 452,909) Less: equity raising expenses | 452,909 (92,382) | 452,909 (92,382) |
| | 360,527 | 360,527 |

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 15. Contributed equity (continued)

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank® branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if they control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

| Note 16. Retained earnings | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|--------------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at the beginning of the financial year | 233,127 | 250,427 |
| Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax | 10,889 | (12,771) |
| Dividends paid or provided for | - | (4,529) |
| Balance at the end of the financial year | 244,016 | 233,127 |
| Note 17. Statement of cash flows | | |
| Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax to net cash provided by operating activities | | |
| Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax | 10,889 | (12,771) |
| Non cash items: | | |
| - depreciation | 10,260 | 12,966 |
| - amortisation | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| - (increase)/decrease in receivables | 5,256 | (1,611) |
| - (increase)/decrease in other assets | 10,177 | 338 |
| - increase/(decrease) in payables . | 1,774 | 6,156 |
| - increase/(decrease) in provisions | 13,269 | 1,267 |
| - increase(decrease) in tax liabilities | 1,684 | - |
| Net cash flows provided by operating activities | 63,309 | 16,345 |
| Note 18. Auditor's remuneration | | |
| Amounts received or due and receivable by the | | |
| auditor of the company for: | | |
| - audit and review services | 4,200 | 4,100 |
| - non audit services | 1,805 | 1,755 |
| | 6,005 | 5,855 |
| | | |
| Note 19. Director and related party disclosures | | |

The names of directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Diane Robertson Smith

Joanne Allen

Lindsay Milton McNeil

Kenneth Charles Stevenson

Mark Duperouzel

Susan Marie Flynn (Appointed 26 July 2016)

Clayton Scott Smith (Appointed 30 May 2017)

Ashley James Fisher (Resigned 30 Jan 2017)

Rhys Trevor Turton (Resigned 30 May 2017)

No director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the company.

| Note 19. Director and related party disclosures (continued) | | |
|--|----------|---------|
| Directors Shareholdings | 2017 | 2016 |
| Diane Robertson Smith | - | - |
| Joanne Allen | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Lindsay Milton McNeil | 6,001 | 3,001 |
| Kenneth Charles Stevenson | - | 1,001 |
| Mark Duperouzel | - | - |
| Susan Marie Flynn (Appointed 26 July 2016) | - | - |
| Clayton Scott Smith (Appointed 30 May 2017) | - | - |
| Ashley James Fisher (Resigned 30 Jan 2017) | - | - |
| Rhys Trevor Turton (Resigned 30 May 2017) | 1,001 | - |
| There was movement in directors shareholdings during the year. | | |
| Note 20. Dividends paid or provided | 2017 | 2016 |
| a. Dividends paid during the year | \$ | \$ |
| Current year dividend 100% (2016: 100%) franked dividend - Nil cents (2016: 1 cent) per share | | 4,529 |
| The tax rate at which dividends have been franked is nil (2016: 30%). | | |
| b. Franking account balance | | |
| Franking credits available for subsequent reporting periods are: | | |
| - franking account balance as at the end of the financial year | 152,279 | 160,484 |
| franking credits/(debits) that will arise from payment/(refund) of income tax as at the end of the financial year | 1,684 | (9,312) |
| franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the end of the financial year | | _ |
| Franking credits available for future financial reporting periods: | 153,963 | 151,172 |
| franking debits that will arise from payment of dividends proposed or declared before the financial report was authorised for use but not recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period | - | - |
| Net franking credits available | 153,963 | 151,172 |
| * | <u> </u> | |

for the year ended 30 June 2017

| Note 21. Key management personnel disclosures | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----------------------|---------------|
| The directors received remuneration including superannuation, as follows: | \$ | \$ |
| Diane Robertson Smith | 550 | 867 |
| Joanne Allen* | 8,723 | 8,723 |
| Lindsay Milton McNeil | 550 | 317 |
| Kenneth Charles Stevenson | - | 101 |
| Mark Duperouzel | - | 349 |
| Susan Marie Flynn (Appointed 26 July 2016) | - | - |
| Clayton Scott Smith (Appointed 30 May 2017) | - | - |
| Ashley James Fisher (<i>Resigned 30 Jan 2017</i>) | 317 | 317 |
| Rhys Trevor Turton (Resigned 30 May 2017) | 317 | 317 |
| | 9,823 | 10,357 |
| These fees are paid not in relation to performance of the company, but attendance and | | |
| contribution to the meetings and the business of the company, as appropriate. | | |
| * Joanne Allen received remunerations for fulfilling Company Secretarial duties. | | |
| Note 22. Earnings per share | | |
| (a) Profit/(loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company | | |
| used in calculating earnings per share | 10,889 | (12,771 |
| | Number | Number |
| (b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in | | |
| calculating basic earnings per share | 452,909 | 452,909 |
| Note 23. Events occurring after the reporting date | | |
| There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the | financial statements | 5. |
| Note 24. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets | | |
| Containgent habilities and containgent assets | | |
| There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report to affect the | e financial statement | ts. |
| Note 25. Segment reporting | | |
| The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates Community Bank® serv districts, Western Australia pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo and Adelaide Bar | | ounding |
| Note 26. Registered office/Principal place of business | | |
| The entity is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registe business is: | ered office and princ | ipal place of |

Registered Office 114 Avon Terrace York WA 6302 Principal Place of Business 114 Avon Terrace York WA 6302

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Financial instruments

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

The table below reflects the undiscounted contractual settlement terms for all financial instruments, as well as the settlement period for instruments with a fixed period of maturity and interest rate.

| | | | Fixed interest rate maturing in | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------|----------------------|--------|------------------|------|
| Financial instrument | Floating | interest | 1 year | or less | Over 1 to | o 5 years | Over 5 years | | Non interest bearing | | Weighted average | |
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | % | % |
| Financial assets | | · · | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 89,855 | 39,314 | 245,970 | 255,072 | - | - | | | 76 | 76 | 2.01 | 2.23 |
| Receivables | | _ | - | - | - | - | | | 44,792 | 42,291 | N/A | N/A |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest bearing liabilities | | - | 31,980 | 31,980 | 173,457 | 193,107 | | | - | - | 3.17 | 6.81 |

Net Fair Values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the balance sheet. The company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from the interest bearing financial assets and liabilities in place subject to variable interest rates, as outlined above.

Sensitivity Analysis

The company has performed sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in interest rates.

As at 30 June 2017, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Change in profit/(loss) | | |
| Increase in interest rate by 1% | 1,304 | 693 |
| Decrease in interest rate by 1% | (1,304) | (693) |
| | | |
| Change in equity | | |
| Increase in interest rate by 1% | 1,304 | 693 |
| Decrease in interest rate by 1% | (1,304) | (693) |

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of York & Districts Community Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Diane Robertson Smith, Chair

Signed on the 8th of August 2017.

MR-SMITZ.



(Photo: York & Districts Community Financial Services Ltd hands over a cheque for \$2,200 to the York Youthcare Council to help fund the chaplaincy at York District High School)

York & Districts Community Bank® Branch

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Franchisee: York & Districts Community Financial Services Ltd

PO Box 42, York WA 6302

ABN 85 099 104 079

Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited, Bendigo Centre, P O Box 480, Bendigo, VIC 3550

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